OMRON

Machine Automation Controller Industrial PC Platform

NJ/NY-series

NC Integrated Controller

User's Manual

NJ501-5300 NY532-5400

CPU Unit





O030-E1-07

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller. ("NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller" is sometimes abbreviated as "NC Integrated Controller".)

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the NC Integrated Controller. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the NC Integrated Controller before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

This manual only describes functions that are added to NJ501-5300 or NY532-5400.

When you use NJ501-5300, also consult manuals for the NJ-series listed in *Related Manuals* on page 24 for functions common to NJ501-□□□□ Series including NJ501-1□□□.

When you use NY532-5400, also consult manuals for the NY-series listed in *Related Manuals* on page 24 for functions common to NY532- $\square\square\square\square$ Series including NY532- $\square\square\square\square$.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- · Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

This manual is also intended for personnel who understand the following contents.

- For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS 3503.
- For NC programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard ISO 6983-1 or Japanese standard JIS 6315.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following products.

- NJ-series NC Integrated Controller NJ501-5300
- NY-series NC Integrated Controller NY532-5400



Version Information

NY532-5400 was discontinued with CNC version 1.02.

Relevant Manuals

The following table lists the relevant manuals for this product. Read all of the manuals that are relevant to your system configuration and application before you use this product.

Most operations are performed from the Sysmac Studio and CNC Operator Automation Software. Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)* for information on the Sysmac Studio, and *CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. O032)* for the CNC Operator.

Relevant Manuals for NJ Series

				1	Mar	nual				
		c inform	ation							
Purpose of use	NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual
Introduction to NJ-series Controllers	0									
Setting devices and hardware										
Using motion control				0						
Using EtherCAT						0				
Using EtherNet/IP							0			
Software settings										
Using motion control				0						
Using EtherCAT		0				0				
Using EtherNet/IP							0			
Using numerical control								0		
Writing the user program										
Using motion control				0	0					
Using EtherCAT		0	0			0				
Using EtherNet/IP							0			
Using numerical control								0	0	
Programming error processing										0
Testing operation and debugging										
Using motion control				0						
Using EtherCAT		0				0				
Using EtherNet/IP							0			
Using numerical control								0		
Learning about error management and corrections*1	Δ	Δ		Δ		Δ	Δ	Δ		0

					Maı	nual				
	Basi	c inform	ation							
Purpose of use	NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual
Maintenance										
Using motion control				0						
Using EtherCAT						0				
Using EtherNet/IP							0			

^{*1.} Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* for error management concepts and an overview of the items subject to errors. Refer to the manuals that are indicated with triangles for details on errors for the corresponding Units.

Relevant Manuals for NY Series



Version Information

NY532-5400 was discontinued with CNC version 1.02.

						Manual						
		Basi	c inform									
Purpose of use	NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual	NY-series Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual	NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Troubleshooting Manual
Introduction to NY-series Panel PCs	0											
Introduction to NY-series Box PCs		0										
Setting devices and hardware												
Using motion control	0	0				0						
Using EtherCAT								0				
Using EtherNet/IP									0			

							Manual						
			Basi	c inform	ation								
	Purpose of use	NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual	NY-series Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual	NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manua	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT Port User's Manual	NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP Port User's Manual	NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller User's Manual	NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual	NY-series Troubleshooting Manual
Making	setup ^{*1}												
	Making initial settings												
	Preparing to use Control- lers												
Software	e settings												
	Using motion control						0						
	Using EtherCAT				0				0				
	Using EtherNet/IP									0			
	Using numerical control										0		
Writing	the user program												
	Using motion control						0	0					
	Using EtherCAT								0				
	Using EtherNet/IP				0	0				0			
	Using numerical control										0	0	
	Programming error processing												0
Testing	operation and debugging												
	Using motion control						0						
	Using EtherCAT				0				0				
	Using EtherNet/IP									0			
	Using numerical control										0		
Learning	g about error management												
	rections ^{*2}										\triangle		0
Mainten													
	Using motion control						0						
	Using EtherCAT	0	0						0				
	Using EtherNet/IP	1							-	0			

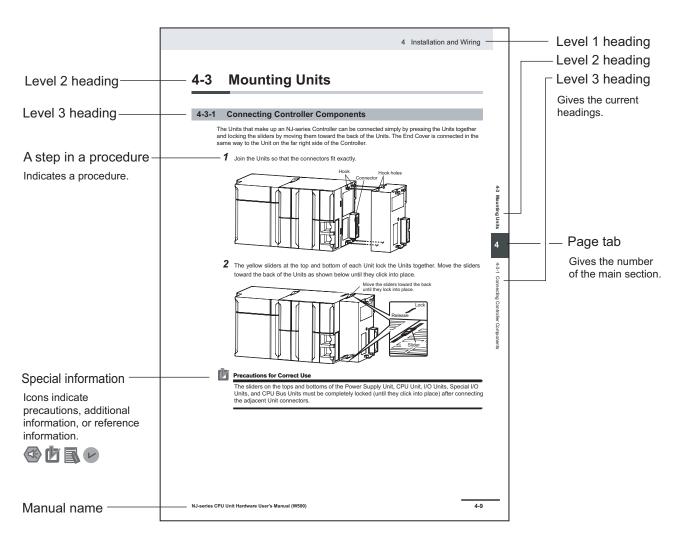
^{*1.} Refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568) for how to set up and how to use the utilities on Windows.

^{*2.} Refer to the NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564) for the error management concepts and an overview of the items subject to errors. However, refer to the manuals that are indicated with triangles for details on errors corresponding to the products with the manuals that are indicated with triangles.

Manual Structure

Page Structure

The following page structure is used in this manual.



Note This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:



Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.



Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



Additional Information

Additional information to read as required.

This information is provided to increase understanding and ease of operation.



Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for NC Integrated Controller with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio and the CNC Operator are given.

Precaution on Terminology

- In this manual, "download" refers to transferring data from the Sysmac Studio to the physical Controller and "upload" refers to transferring data from the physical Controller to the Sysmac Studio. For the Sysmac Studio, "synchronization" is used to both "upload" and "download" data. Here, "synchronize" means to automatically compare the data for the Sysmac Studio on the computer with the data in the physical Controller and transfer the data in the direction that is specified by the user.
- Some of the instructions described in this manual are common to NJ/NY-series as well. Therefore, note the following conditions.
 - a) NJ-series enables you to connect a computer that runs the Support Software directly to the CPU Unit with a USB connection. However, NY-series has no peripheral USB port. For details, refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) or the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558).
 - b) NY-series Controllers have no SD Memory Card slots. Instead, they provide the Virtual SD Memory Card function that uses the Windows shared folder. Therefore, replace the term SD Memory Card with Virtual SD Memory Card.
 - For details on the Virtual SD Memory Card, refer to the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558)* or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568)*.

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Control Functions for CNC Motor and CNC Coordi-

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Safety Precautions

Refer to the following manuals for safety precautions.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Precautions for Safe Use

Refer to the following manuals for precautions for safe use.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Numerical Control

- When you have changed CNC motor compensation table values with CNC Operator, be sure to save the values to the retained memory or to a file and load them when the power is turned ON again.
 - If the CNC motor compensation table values are not saved, the previous condition will be restored when the power is turned ON thus possibly causing the machine to operate unexpectedly.
- When you execute feed hold reset, the tool automatically returns to the feed hold stop position with rapid feed. For this reason ensure that there are no obstacles in the way of the execution of feed hold reset.
- The operation is not restricted by Maximum Velocity and Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration in the Operation Settings of CNC motor when the time-base override method is used.
 Check that VelLimit (Velocity Limit Over) is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds Maximum Velocity.

Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the following manuals for precautions for correct use.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)
- CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032)

Numerical Control

 Use the system-defined variable in the user program to confirm that EtherCAT communications are established before you attempt to execute CNC instructions. CNC instructions are not executed normally if EtherCAT communications are not established.

Regulations and Standards

Refer to the following manuals for regulations and standards.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)

Versions

Hardware revisions and unit versions are used to manage the hardware and software in NJ/NY-series Units and EtherCAT slaves. The hardware revision or unit version is updated each time there is a change in hardware or software specifications. Even when two Units or EtherCAT slaves have the same model number, they will have functional or performance differences if they have different hardware revisions or unit versions.

Refer to the following manuals for versions.

- NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)
- NY-series Industrial Box PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W556)
- NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)



Version Information

NY532-5400 was discontinued with CNC version 1.02.

Related Manuals

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W500	NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NJ-series CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NJ-series system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	W501	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning how to program and set up an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Mainly software information is provided.	The following information is provided on a Controller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. CPU Unit operation CPU Unit features Initial settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	W502	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual	W507	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning about motion control settings and programming concepts.	The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and programming concepts for motion control are described.
NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	W508	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Learning about the specifications of the motion control instructions.	The motion control instructions are described.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherCAT [®] Port User's Manual	W505	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Using the built-in EtherCAT port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is provided. This manual provides an introduction and provides information on the configuration, features, and setup.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual	W506	NX701-□□□□ NX502-□□□□ NX102-□□□□ NX1P2-□□□□ NJ501-□□□□ NJ301-□□□□ NJ101-□□□□	Using the built-in EtherNet/IP port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.

Manual name C	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NJ/NY-series 00)30	NJ501-5300	Performing numerical	Describes the functionality to perform the
NC Integrated Controller		NY532-5400	control with NJ/NY-	numerical control.
User's Manual			series Controllers.	
NJ/NY-series O0:)31	NJ501-5300	Learning about the	The G code/M code instructions are descri-
G code Instructions Reference Man-		NY532-5400	specifications of the G code/M code in-	bed.
ual			structions.	
NJ/NX-series W5	503	NX701-□□□□	Learning about the	Concepts on managing errors that may be
Troubleshooting Manual		NX502-□□□□	errors that may be	detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller and
		NX102-□□□□	detected in an	information on individual errors are descri-
		NX1P2-□□□□	NJ/NX-series Con-	bed.
		NJ501-□□□□	troller.	
		NJ301-□□□□		
		NJ101-□□□□		
Sysmac Studio Version 1 W5 Operation Manual	504	SYSMAC -SE2□□□	Learning about the operating procedures	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.
Operation Manual		-3E2UUU	and functions of the	Systriac Studio.
			Sysmac Studio.	
CNC Operator 00)32	SYSMAC-RTNC0□	Learning an introduc-	An introduction of the CNC Operator, instal-
Operation Manual		□□D	tion of the CNC Op-	lation procedures, basic operations, con-
			erator and how to	nection operations, and operating proce-
			use it.	dures for main functions are described.
NY-series W5	556	NY512-□□□□	Learning the basic	An introduction to the entire NY-series sys-
IPC Machine Controller			specifications of the	tem is provided along with the following in-
Industrial Box PC			NY-series Industrial	formation on the Industrial Box PC.
Hardware User's Manual			Box PCs, including introductory informa-	Features and system configuration Introduction
			tion, designing, in-	Introduction Part names and functions
			stallation, and main-	General specifications
			tenance.	Installation and wiring
			Mainly hardware in-	Maintenance and inspection
			formation is provided.	'
NY-series W5	557	NY532-□□□□	Learning the basic	An introduction to the entire NY-series sys-
IPC Machine Controller			specifications of the	tem is provided along with the following in-
Industrial Panel PC			NY-series Industrial Panel PCs, including	formation on the Industrial Panel PC.
Hardware User's Manual			introductory informa-	Features and system configuration Introduction
			tion, designing, in-	Part names and functions
			stallation, and main-	General specifications
			tenance.	Installation and wiring
			Mainly hardware in-	Maintenance and inspection
NY : 14/5		NV500	formation is provided.	
NY-series W5 IPC Machine Controller	800	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning about initial setting of the NY-ser-	The following information is provided on an introduction to the entire NY-series system.
Industrial Panel PC / Industrial		N1312-000	ies Industrial PCs	Two OS systems
Box PC			and preparations to	Initial settings
Setup User's Manual			use Controllers.	Industrial PC Support Utility
				NYCompolet
				Industrial PC API
				Backup and recovery
NY-series W5	558	NY532-□□□□	Learning how to pro-	The following information is provided on the
IPC Machine Controller		NY512-□□□□	gram and set up the	NY-series Controller functions.
Industrial Danal DC / Industrial			Controller functions	Controller operation
Industrial Panel PC / Industrial			of an NV-series In-	Controller features
Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual			of an NY-series In- dustrial PC.	Controller features Controller settings
Box PC				Controller featuresController settingsProgramming based on IEC 61131-3 lan-

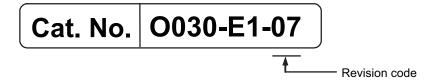
Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NY-series Instructions Reference Man- ual	W560	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NY-series Indus- trial PC.	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described.
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual	W559	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning about motion control settings and programming concepts of an NY-series Industrial PC.	The settings and operation of the Controller and programming concepts for motion control are described.
NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual	W561	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning about the specifications of the motion control instructions of an NY-series Industrial PC.	The motion control instructions are described.
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherCAT® Port User's	W562	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Using the built-in EtherCAT port in an NY-series Industrial PC.	Information on the built-in EtherCAT port is provided. This manual provides an introduction and provides information on the configuration, features, and setup.
Manual NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Built-in EtherNet/IP™ Port User's Manual	W563	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Using the built-in EtherNet/IP port in an NY-series Indus- trial PC.	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.
NY-series Troubleshooting Manual	W564	NY532-□□□□ NY512-□□□□	Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NY-series Industrial PC.	Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NY-series Controller and information on individual errors are described.

Terminology

Term	Description
NJ501-1□□□	Represents NJ501-1300/-1400/-1500.
NJ-series NJ NC Integrated Controller	Represents NJ501-5300. It may also be described as NJ501-5□□□.
NY-series NY NC Integrated Controller	Represents NY532-5400. It may also be described as NY5□□-5400.
Axis Coordinate System	Indicates a rotational coordinate system or orthogonal coordinate system unique to each axis. It is abbreviated as ACS.
Machine Coordinate System	Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system unique to a machine. It is abbreviated as MCS.
User Coordinate System	Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system that the user can define arbitrarily. It is abbreviated as UCS.
Tool Coordinate System	Indicates an orthogonal coordinate system having TCP as the origin. It is abbreviated as TCS.
TCS0	Indicates the default TCS.
(Tool Coordinate System 0)	The origin is TCP0.
TCSi	Indicates the TCS that the robot is currently selecting.
(Tool Coordinate System i)	It represents the TCS whose ToolID is <i>i</i> , where <i>i</i> is a number 1 to 16.
TCP	Indicates the end with which the machine (robot) works.
(Tool Center Point)	Specify this TCP to set positioning in an orthogonal coordinate system.
TCP0 (Tool Center Point 0)	Indicates the default TCP.

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



Revision code	Date	Revised content		
01	October 2017	Original production		
02	October 2017	Corrected mistakes.		
03	July 2018	Made changes accompanying release of version 1.01 of the CNC version.		
		Corrected mistakes.		
04	April 2021	Made changes accompanying release of version 1.02 of the CNC version.		
05	April 2022	Added information to Terms and Conditions Agreement.		
06	June 2022	Corrected mistakes.		
07	October 2024	Made changes accompanying release of version 1.03 of the CNC version.		
		Corrected mistakes.		



Introduction to the CNC Function Module

This section describes the features, system configuration, and application flow for the CNC Function Module.

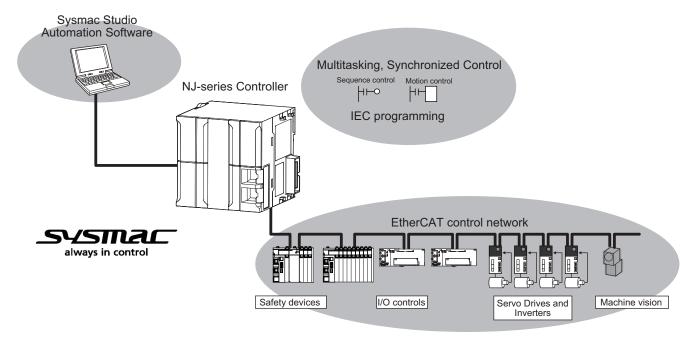
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1-1 Features

The NJ/NY-series are the machine automation controllers of the next generation. They provide various functionality and high-speed performance required for machine control, as well as safety, reliability, and maintainability required as industrial controllers.

In addition to the functionality given by conventional OMRON PLCs, the NJ/NY-series Controllers, as the integrated controllers, are equipped with multiple functionality required for numeric control, and can control input and output devices such as safety, vision, motion devices, and I/O Units synchronously via high-speed EtherCAT.

OMRON offers Sysmac devices that are control devices built with unified communications and user interface specifications. The NJ/NY-series are designed to realize the optimum functionality and operability when they are used with the Sysmac devices such as EhtherCAT slaves and the Sysmac Studio Automation Software. In a system configured with Sysmac devices, you can improve connectivity and operability as the devices share the consistent usability concept.



CNC Function Module

The CNC Function Module is a software function module that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. The CNC Function Module can control CNC coordinate systems via the EtherCAT port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. Up to four CNC coordinate systems can be controlled with the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller, and up to eight with the NY-series NC Integrated Controller.

Cyclic communications are performed with Servo Drives and other devices that are connected to the EtherCAT port to enable high-speed and high-precision numerical control.

NC Program

NC programs for numerical control of the CNC Function Module use languages dedicated to the NC program, represented by G codes. By using NC programs, you can easily machine complex shapes and change machining drawings.

NC programs enable to use the interpolation function that specifies target positions and feed rate, the function of spindle axis that specifies cutting feed rate, and the tool functions such as compensating tool length and radius.

Synchronization with sequence control programs (ladder and ST) is possible by using M codes.

Sequence Control Program

Sequence control programs use CNC instructions to control the CNC Function Module.

In addition to the function block used to start an NC program, the sequence control program has other function blocks used to perform jogging, deceleration stop, and maintenance operation that reads and writes parameters.

Data Transmission Using EtherCAT Communications

This function module can be combined with OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drives with built-in EtherCAT communications to enable exchange of all control information with high-speed data communications.

The various control commands are transmitted via data communications. That means that the Servo-motor's operational performance is maximized without being limited by interface specifications, such as the response frequency of the encoder feedback pulses.

You can use the Servo Drive's various control parameters and monitor data on a host controller to unify management of system information.



Additional Information

What Is EtherCAT?

EtherCAT is an open high-speed industrial network system that conforms to Ethernet (IEEE 802.3). Each node achieves a short communications cycle time by transmitting Ethernet frames at high speed. A mechanism that allows sharing clock information enables high-precision synchronized control with low communications jitter.

1-2 System Configuration

The CNC Function Module receives sensor signal status from devices and control panels. It receives commands from the CNC instructions that are executed in the NC program or sequence control program. It uses both of them to control Servo Drives and Spindle Drives as well as to perform precise numerical control and spindle axis control.

CNC System Configuration

The CNC Function Module uses the EtherCAT network configuration, the Slave Terminal configurations for EtherCAT Coupler Units, Sysmac Studio, and CNC Operator.

EtherCAT Network Configuration

The CNC Function Module controls Servo Drives and the Spindle Drive by using the EtherCAT communications master port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller.

The EtherCAT network configuration is used to perform precise numerical control in a fixed period with very little deviation.

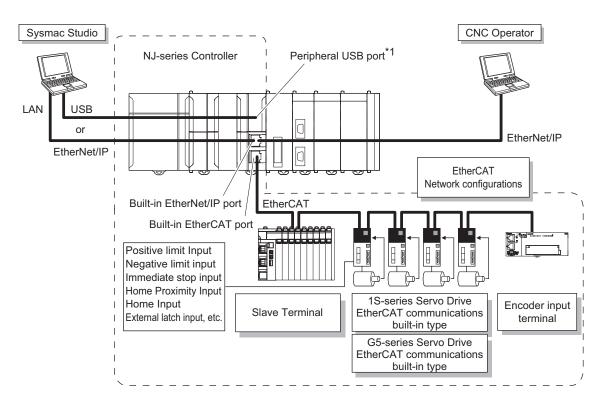
Slave Terminal Configurations of EtherCAT Coupler Units

The CNC Function Module uses the Pulse Encoder Unit and Digital Input Unit that are mounted under an EtherCAT Coupler Unit to load the MPG and jog switch.

You can also use this configuration to perform numerical control for maintenance operation that can be carried out from a user program.

Sysmac Studio

Sysmac Studio is connected to the peripheral USB port on the NC Integrated Controller using a commercially available USB cable. You can also connect it through an Ethernet cable that is connected to the EtherNet/IP port built into the NC Integrated Controller.



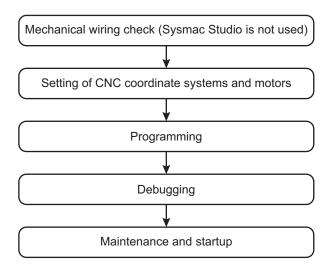
*1. The NY-series NC Integrated Controller is not equipped with peripheral USB ports.

CNC Operator

In this system, NC programs are transferred from CNC Operator that is running on a Windows computer. To establish a connection to a Windows computer, connect an Ethernet cable to the Ethernet/IP port that is built into the NC Integrated Controller. You cannot use a USB cable to establish the connection.

1-3 Basic Flow of Operation

This section describes the basic procedure to perform numerical control using the CNC Function Module.



1-4 Specifications

This section describes the specifications of the CNC Function Module.

1-4-1 General Specifications

General specifications conform to the general specifications of each series of the Controllers. For details, refer to the *NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500)* or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W557)*.

1-4-2 Performance Specifications

The following table describes the performance specifications for each NC Integrated Controller.

	14		Speci	fications	
	Items		NJ501-5300	NY532-5400	
Task period	Primary period	Setting value	500 μs to 4 ms	500 µs to 8 ms	
		Default	1 ms	•	
	CNC Planner Service period	Setting value	500 μs to 16 ms*	1	
		Default	2 ms		
System service moni-	System service execution	Setting value	5% to 50%		
toring settings	time ratio	Default	30%		
	System service execution in-	Setting value	10 ms to 1 s		
	terval	Default	10 ms		
Number of controlled	Maximum number of controlle	d motors*2	32 ^{*3}	32	
motors		Maximum number of motion axes	16	32	
		Maximum number of CNC axes	16	32	
CNC coordinate sys-	Maximum number of CNC coordinate systems Maximum number of composition CNC motors in a CNC coordinate system (excluding spindle axes)		4	8	
tem			8		
	Number of spindle axes in a C	e axes in a CNC coordinate system		1	
Number of simultaneou	s interpolation axes		4		
NC program*4	Program buffer size*5 *6		16 MB	64 MB	
	Maximum number of program	s*5	 Range of prog For Sysmac S For CNC Oper Subprogram Upper limit of Range of prog For Sysmac S 	tudio: 0001 to 02 rator: 0300 to 099 registrations: 512	

	Specifications		
	Items	NJ501-5300	NY532-5400
NC program variables*4	P variable (System global variable)	Long reals 65536 variables	
	Q variable (Coordinate system global variable)	Long reals 8192 variables	
	L variable (Local variable)	Long reals 256 variables	
CNC motor compensation table	Maximum number of CNC motor compensation tables	32	64
	Maximum size of all compensation tables	1 MB	2 MB

^{*1.} They satisfy the following conditions: Primary periodic task ≤ CNC Planner Service period and Integer multiples of primary periodic task.

- *2. It is the total number of motion axes and CNC axes.
- *3. With a combination of a CPU Unit with CNC version 1.03 or higher and Sysmac Studio version 1.60 or higher, up to 32 axes can be controlled. For a CPU Unit with CNC version 1.02 or lower, the number is 16 axes.
- *4. Some parts of the area are reserved by the system.
- *5. This is the number of programs or their capacities that can be loaded into the NC Integrated Controller at the same time
- *6. The program capacity is the maximum size available. As fragmentation will occur, the size that is actually available will be smaller than the maximum size. As a guideline, limit the size to be used to approximately half the capacity.



Precautions for Correct Use

To run the CNC Function Module, approximately 150 μ s must be secured for system service execution time. Adjust the system service execution time ratio, so that the above system service execution time can be secured.

1-4-3 Function Specifications

The following table shows the functions that are supported when the Controller is connected to OM-RON control devices.

		Iter	n	NJ501-5300
Numeri-	CNC coor-	Axis type		Positioning axis, spindle axis
cal con-	dinate sys-	Control	Positioning axis	Position control
trol	tem	modes	Spindle axis	Velocity control
		Positions that can be managed		Absolute position (command), absolute position (feedback), program position, remaining travel distance
		NC pro-	Execute	Executes the NC program.
		gram exe-	Reset	Interrupts the NC program.
		cution	Single block execution	Executes the NC program by block.
			Back trace	Executes back trace of interpolation path.
			Feed hold and feed hold reset	Temporarily stops the NC program, and restarts it.
			Optional stop	Stops the NC program with optional signal.
			Optional block skip	Skips one block of the NC program with optional signal.
			Dry run	Runs from the NC program.
			Machine lock	Locks each axis operation during execution of the NC program.

Ite	em		NJ501-5300
	Auxiliary fund	ction lock	Locks M code output.
	Override		Overrides the feed rate and spindle velocity.
G code	Positioning function	Positioning	Rapid feed of each CNC motor according to the motor setting
		Linear interpolation	Interpolates linearly.
		Circular interpola- tion	Interpolates circularly, helically, spirally, or conically.
		Skip function	Rapid feed until an external signal is input
	Return to ref	erence point	Returns to a specified position on the machine.
	Fixed cycle	Rigid tap	Performs tapping machining.
	Feed func- tion	Exact stop	Temporarily prevents blending of positioning operations before and after an exact stop command.
		Exact stop mode	Mode in which anteroposterior positioning operations are not blended
		Continuous-path mode	Mode in which anteroposterior positioning operations are blended
		Dwell	Waits for the specified period of time.
	Coordinate	Dimension Shift	The coordinate system uses the machine home
	system se-	Cancel	position as the home of the system.
	lection	Zero Shift	The coordinate system has work offset for the Machine Coordinate System.
		Local Coordinate	The coordinate system has additional offset for
		System Set	the Work Coordinate System.
	Auxiliary for	Absolute or rela-	Switches the manipulated variable specification
	coordinate	tive selection	method between absolute and relative ones.
	system	Metric or inch se- lection	Selects metric or inch as the orthogonal axes unit system.
		Scaling	Scales up or down the current coordinates of the orthogonal axes.
		Mirroring	Mirrors the current coordinates against the specified orthogonal axes.
		Rotation	Rotates the current coordinates around the coordinates of the specified orthogonal axis.
	Tool func-	Tool radius compensation	Compensation of the tool edge path according to the tool radius
		Tool offset	Compensation of tool center point path according to the tool length
M code	M code outp	ut and reset	Outputs M codes, and interlocks with sequence control program using reset.
	Spindle ax-	CW, CCW, or OFF	Outputs and stops velocity commands in velocity loop control mode.
		Orientation	Stops spindle axes to the specified phase by setting up feedback loop.
	Subroutine c	 all	Calls a subroutine of the NC program.
NC pro-	Arithmetic ca		Performs a calculation in the NC program.
gramming			
Sidilililili	Branch contr	UI	Branches on conditions in the NC program.

	Iten	n		NJ501-5300
		NC program	variables	Memory area in the NC program used for data processing and so on
			P variable	Global memory area commonly used by CNC coordinate systems
			Q variable	Global memory area unique to each CNC coor dinate system
			L variable	Memory area that can be used as the primary area during execution of the NC program
	Auxiliary	Error reset		Clears errors for CNC coordinate system and CNC motors.
	functions	Immediate s	top	Immediately stops all CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system.
CNC motor	Positions that	t can be mana	aged	Command positions and feedback positions
	Position control	Absolute pos		Positioning to target positions specified by absolute coordinates.
		Relative pos	itioning	Positioning by specifying travel distances from command current positions.
		Cyclic position	oning	Outputs a command position in each control control control of cle of position control mode.
	Spindle	CW rotation,	CCW rotation, or	Outputs and stops velocity commands in velocity
	control	stop		ty control mode.
	Manual op- eration	Powering the	e Servo	The Servo in the Servo Drive is turned ON to enable CNC motor operation.
		Jogging		Jogs a CNC motor at a specified target velocit
	Auxiliary control functions	Homing		Defines home by operating a CNC motor and using limit signals, home proximity signal and home signal.
		Immediate s	top	Stops the CNC motor immediately.
	Compensa- tion table			Compensates the pitch errors for one-dimensional ball screw.
		Cross-axis compensation		Compensates one-dimensional cross-axis.
		Edit of compensation table		Edits (reads and writes) compensation tables from using sequence control program.
	Auxiliary functions	In-position check		You can set an in-position range and in-position check time to confirm when positioning is completed.
		Stop method selection		You can set the stop method to the immediate stop input signal or limit input signal.
		Monitoring	Software limits	Monitors the movement range of a CNC motor
		functions	Following error	Monitors the positional error between the command current value and the feedback current value for a CNC motor.
		Absolute end	coder support	You can use an OMRON G5-series Servo Driver or 1S-series Servomotor with an Absolute Encoder to eliminate the need to perform homing at startup.
		Input signal	logic inversion	You can inverse the logic of immediate stop in put signal, positive limit input signal, negative limit input signal, or home proximity input signal.

	Item	า	NJ501-5300
	External inter	face signals	The Servo Drive input signals given below are used. Home signal, home proximity signal, positive limit signal, negative limit signal, immediate stop signal, and interrupt input signal
Common items	Parameters	Changing CNC coordinate system parameters and CNC motor parameters	References and changes CNC coordinate system parameters and CNC motor parameters from the user program.

1-4-4 NC Program Specifications

Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031)* for NC program specifications.

1	Introduction	to the	CNC Function	Module
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CNC System Configuration and Principles

This section outlines the internal structure of the NC Integrated Controller and describes the configuration and principles of the CNC Function Module.

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2-1 Internal Structure of NC Integrated Controller

This section provides an overview of the internal mechanisms of the NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller.

The NC Integrated Controller has the following software configuration.

The CNC Function Module is a software module that performs numerical control.

Function Module Function Module Modules	CNC Function Module	Motion Control Function Module	EtherCAT Master Function Module	Other Function ^{*1} Modules
---	---------------------	-----------------------------------	------------------------------------	---

PLC Function Module

OS

The PLC Function Module runs on top of the OS. The other Function Modules run on top of the PLC Function Module.

A description of each Function Module is given in the following table.

Function mod- ule name	Abbre- viation	Description
PLC Function	PLC	This module manages overall scheduling, executes the user program, sends
Module		commands to the CNC Function Module, and interfaces with USB*1 and an SD
		Memory Card ^{*2} .
CNC Function Module	CNC	This module performs numerical control according to the commands from CNC instructions that are executed in the user program. It sends data to the EtherCAT Master Function Module.
		The module is primarily used to perform numerical control.
Motion Control Function Module	MC	This module performs motion control according to the commands from motion control instructions that are executed in the user program. It sends data to the EtherCAT Master Function Module. The module is primarily used to perform general motion controls such as conveyance and press, which are different from numerical control.
EtherCAT Meeter	FCAT	
EtherCAT Master Function Module	ECAT	As the EtherCAT master, this module communicates with the EtherCAT slaves.

^{*1.} The NY-series Controllers is not equipped with USB.

^{*2.} On the NY-series Controllers, this module interfaces with "Virtual SD Memory Cards".



Precautions for Correct Use

For information on other Function Modules, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558)*.

^{*1.} For information on other Function Modules, refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) or the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558).

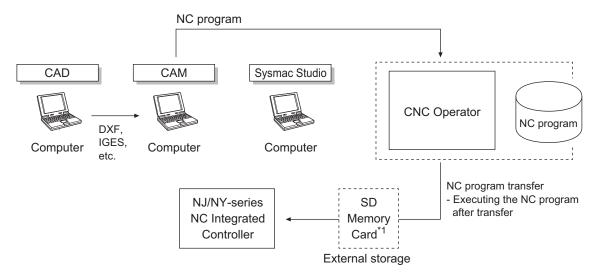
2-2 CNC System Configuration

A CNC system consists of the following two system elements:

- A system for which coordination with CNC Operator is required. Such coordination includes creation, execution, and stop of NC programs (refer to 2-2-1 Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller on page 2-3).
- A system that performs numerical control and controls Servomotors with instructions received from CNC Operator (refer to 2-2-2 Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control on page 2-3).

2-2-1 Configuration of CNC Operator and the NC Integrated Controller

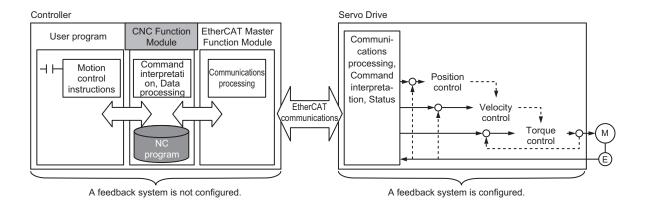
- NC programs are created using CAD/CAM software, or directly created on CNC Operator.
- The created NC program is transferred from CNC Operator to the NC Integrated Controller.
- When executing the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction in the
 user program, according to NC program execution processing by CNC Operator, the NC program
 transferred from CNC Operator is interpreted to perform numerical control.



*1. On the NY-series NC Integrated Controller, this is a Virtual SD Memory Card.

2-2-2 Configuration of NC Integrated Controller and Drive Control

- When the CNC_CoordControl instruction in the user program is executed, the CNC Function Module interprets the NC program.
- The CNC Function Module executes path calculation in a fixed cycle based on the results of the NC program interpretation, and generates and sends the command values to Servo Drives.
- The command values are sent by using PDO communications during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.
- The Servo Drive performs position control, velocity control, and torque control based on the command values received during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.
- The encoder's current value and the Servo Drive status are sent to the NC Integrated Controller during each process data communications cycle of EtherCAT communications.

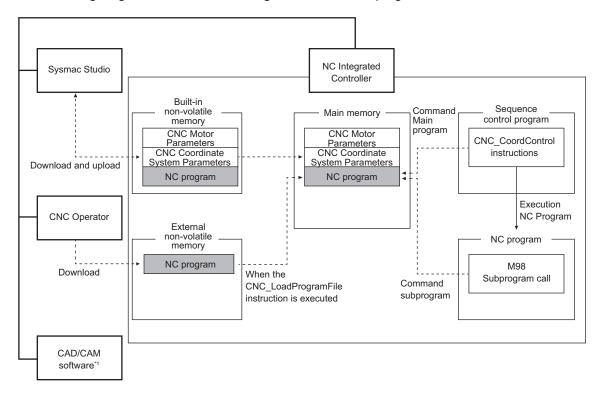


2-2-3 Configuration of NC Program

The NC program is a program used to perform numerical control.

NC Program Configuration

The following diagram describes the configuration of the NC program.



*1. The NC program that was created using CAD/CAM software conforms to the grammar of CNC Function Module when the program is parsed with Sysmac Studio or CNC Operator.



Precautions for Correct Use

If you have transferred the same NC program number more than once, the program transferred last is enabled. Arrange the user program so that duplication of NC program numbers does not occur.

How to Transfer an NC Program

The following three methods are available to transfer an NC program to the NC Integrated Controller.

- Transferring an NC program from Sysmac Studio to the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated
 Controller. The NC program that is transferred to the non-volatile memory of the NC Integrated Controller is read into the main memory when the power is turned ON or the download process is completed. This method is typically used to download subprograms provided by a machining equipment
 manufacturer.
- Using FTP or other protocols or methods to transfer intermediate codes, generated by CNC Operator, from the computer to the SD Memory Card. They are transferred from the SD Memory Card into the main memory by executing the dedicated program read instruction. This method is typically used to change recipes more easily by only operating HMI.
- Transferring the NC program from CNC Operator into the main memory by temporarily using an SD Memory Card



Additional Information

To expand the NC program into the main memory via an SD Memory Card, insert the SD Memory Card in advance.

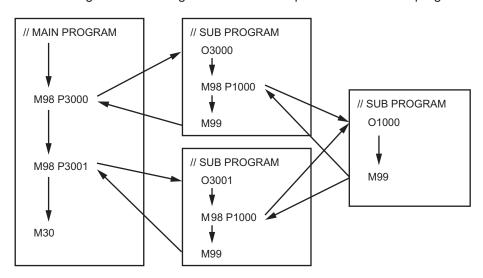
For an NY-series Controller, enable the Virtual SD Memory Card.

Main Program and Subprogram

An NC program executed from CNC instructions of a user program is called the main program. Programs that pick up and summarize similar parts of the main programs, such as machining in the same pattern, are called subprograms.

If the Subprogram Call (M98) instruction is read during execution of the main program, the subprogram is executed. After the execution of the subprogram is completed, the process returns to the main program and executes the remaining part of the main program.

The following shows an image of the relationship between the main program and the subprogram.

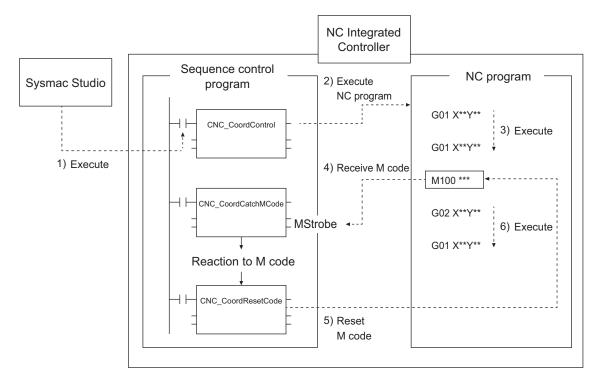


2-3 Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program

The section describes the relationship between the sequence control program and the NC program of the NC Integrated Controller.

2-3-1 Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program

The following diagram describes the relationship between the sequence control program and the NC program.



2-3-2 Start and Stop of NC Program

- The CNC_CoordControl instruction in the sequence control program is executed when the NC program start command is received from CNC Operator, etc.
- The CNC Function Module starts to interpret the NC program after the CNC_CoordControl instruction is executed.
- The CNC Function Module executes path calculation in a fixed cycle based on the results of the NC program interpretation, and generates and sends the command values to Servo Drives.
- The CNC Function Module continues to run the NC program until it executes the End of Program (M30) instruction, or until it receives the reset by the CNC_CoordControl instruction or a program abort by the CNC CoordStop instruction of the sequence control program.

2-3-3 Feed Hold and Feed Hold Reset of NC Program

- When the FeedHold input variable under the ControlInputs in-out variable for the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction is changed to TRUE, the NC program currently under execution is temporarily stopped.
- When the CycleStart input variable under the ControlInputs in-out variable for the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction is changed to TRUE, the NC program execution is resumed.

2-3-4 M-code and M-code Reset of NC Program

- If the CNC Function Module finds an M code during execution of the NC program, the module sends the M code to the sequence control program.
- The sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction to receive the M code.
- The sequence control program executes peripheral controls (conveyance control, valve ON/OFF, etc.) corresponding to the received M code.
- After completing peripheral controls, the sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordReset-MCode (Reset M code) instruction to send M code reset.
- The CNC Function Module, after receiving the M code reset signal, clears the waiting status for a M code reset, and moves on to the next block.

2-4 Configuration of Variables

This section describes variables provided for the NC Integrated Controller that is equipped with the CNC Function Module.

As is the case with standard CPU Units, the NC Integrated Controller has variables used for the sequence control program to access I/O and information inside the CPU Unit.

In addition, the NC Integrated Controller particularly has variable areas called *NC program variables* used for data calculations and other processing in NC program.

In this section, *user-defined variables* and *system-defined variables* refer to variables that can be accessed from the sequence control program. On the other hand, *NC program variables* and *system-defined NC program variables* refer to variables that can be accessed from the NC program.

2-4-1 What is the NC Program Variable?

The *NC program variables* refer to variable areas used for data calculations and other processing in NC program.

There are the system global variables (P variables) that are common to CNC coordinate systems, global variables (Q variables) that are unique to individual CNC coordinate systems, and local variables (L variables) that can be used as the primary area during program execution.

Some NC program variable areas are reserved for system definitions. They are called system-defined NC program variables.

The *NC program variables* are provided as variable areas with which data can be read and written from the NC program. Some of them can be read and written from the sequence control program.

The variables are classified into the following categories.

		Category		Limited to CNC pack- age	Remarks
Variables*1	User-define	ed variables			
	Semi- user-de-	Device variable	EtherCAT slaves device variable		
	fined vari- ables		CJ-series Unit device variable*2		
		Cam data variable			
		CNC motor compensation table variable		Yes	
	System- defined	System-defined variable for PLC Function Module			
	variable	variable Motion control system-defined	MC common varia- ble		
		variable	Axis variable		
			Axes group variable		

		Category		Limited to CNC pack-age	Remarks
		CNC system-de- fined variable	CNC common varia- ble	Yes	
			CNC motor variable	Yes	
			CNC coordinate system variable	Yes	
			NC program varia- ble monitoring	Yes	Among the NC program variables, user areas are monitored
		System-defined vi	ariable for		
		System-defined varianter	ariable for EtherCAT		
NC program vari-	System Glo	bal Variables (P Va	riables)	Yes	P0 to P65535
ables ^{*3}		System-defined variables		Yes	P32768 to P65535
	CNC coord bles)	inate system global	variables (Q varia-	Yes	Q0 to Q8191
		System-defined va	ariables	Yes	Q4096 to Q8191
	Local Varia	bles (L Variables)		Yes	L0 to L255

^{*1.} Can be accessed from the sequence control program.

2-4-2 NC Program Variable Types

System Global Variables (P Variables)

They refer to system global variable areas that are common to CNC coordinate systems. They are used for waiting and data exchange between CNC coordinate systems.

The system global variable is double-precision real type. The CNC Function Module has 65,536 system global variables (P0 to P65535). Among them, P0 to P32767 are used for user areas and P32768 to P65535 are for system-defined areas. User areas can be read and written from the sequence control program as they are displayed by the _CNC_ComNCVar system-defined variable.

In NC program, a number is specified after "P". This number is specified as a constant right after the letter "P". Examples are provided below.

In the system areas of P variables, there is no system-defined NC program variable that is made public to users.

^{*2.} You can use CJ-series Units only with NJ-series CPU Units.

^{*3.} Can be accessed from NC program.

CNC Coordinate System Global Variables (Q variable)

They refer to global variable areas that are unique to each CNC coordinate system. While the same NC program can be executed in multiple CNC coordinate systems, this type of variable enables independent program operation to each CNC coordinate system.

The CNC coordinate system global variable is double-precision real type. For each CNC coordinate system, there are 8,192 CNC coordinate system global variables (Q0 to Q8191). Among them, Q0 to Q4095 are used for user areas, and Q4096 to Q8191 are for system-defined areas. User areas can be read and written from the sequence control program as they are displayed by the _CNC_CoordNCVarX system-defined variable (where X is a CNC coordinate system number).

In NC program, a number is specified after "Q". This number is specified as a constant right after the letter "Q". Examples are provided below.

```
Q17 = 3.14159
Q200 = Q100 + 1
```

The following system-defined NC program variables are declared in the system area of the Q variable. They can be accessed from NC program.

System defined	Remarks	Description
Auxiliary Function Output Reset Re-	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue0	Stores a value specified by Inputs[0] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
turn Value	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue1	Stores a value specified by Inputs[1] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue2	Stores a value specified by Inputs[2] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue3	Stores a value specified by Inputs[3] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue4	Stores a value specified by Inputs[4] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue5	Stores a value specified by Inputs[5] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue6	Stores a value specified by Inputs[6] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
	_CNC_MCodeResetRetValue7	Stores a value specified by Inputs[7] of CNC_CoordResetMCode.
Skip Function	_CNC_CapturedPosition0	Logical motor 0 capture position
(G31) Capture Po-	_CNC_CapturedPosition1	Logical motor 1 capture position
sition	_CNC_CapturedPosition2	Logical motor 2 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition3	Logical motor 3 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition4	Logical motor 4 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition5	Logical motor 5 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition6	Logical motor 6 capture position
	_CNC_CapturedPosition7	Logical motor 7 capture position

Local Variables (L Variables)

They refer to variable areas that can be used as the primary area during execution of an NC program.

The local variable values are saved to the stack when program execution jumps to a subprogram, and restored from the stack when it returns from the subprogram. The local variable values that are changed in an NC program will be cleared when program execution returns from a subprogram. The local variable is double-precision real type. There are 256 local variables (L0 to L255).

In NC program, a number is specified after "L". This number is specified as a constant right after the letter "L". Examples are provided below.

```
L17 = 3.14159
L200 = L100 + 1
```

2-5 Principle of Task Processing

This section provides information on the NC Integrated Controller tasks and how they relate to numerical control.

For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)* or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W559)*.

NC Integrated Controller Tasks and Services

Tasks are the attributes of a user program, etc. that determine execution conditions and the sequence of executions. The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller supports the following tasks. Besides the tasks, three types of services are supported: Tag Data Link Service, System Service, and CNC Planner Service.

Task or service type	Task or service name
Tasks that execute programs at regular intervals	Primary periodic task
	Periodic task (execution priority 16, 17,
	18)
Tasks that execute programs only once when the execution condi-	Event tasks (execution priority 8 and
tions for the tasks are met	48)
Service that plans NC program execution, calculates the interpolation	CNC Planner Service (execution priority
path for a coordinate system, or performs other processing.	6)



Precautions for Correct Use

- · CNC instructions can be used in a primary periodic task.
- If CNC instructions are used in any other tasks, an error will occur when the user program is built using Sysmac Studio.

Basic Operation of Tasks

Overall Task Operation

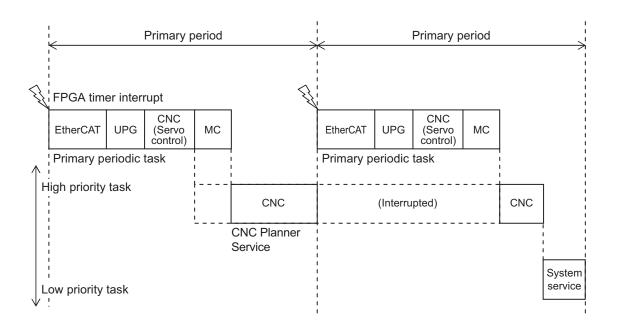
The primary periodic task includes operations such as system common processing, motion control, and the servo processing of the CNC Function Module in addition to I/O refreshing and user program execution.

The CNC instruction included in the sequence control program is executed during the next servo control period after the END instruction is executed for the task.

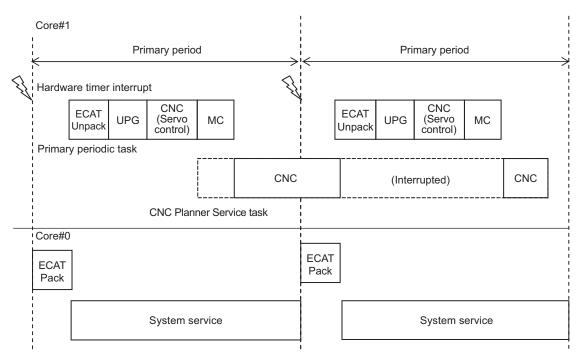
The following diagram shows the operation for NJ501-5300.

The CNC Planner Service (execution priority 6) is executed after execution of the primary periodic task is completed.

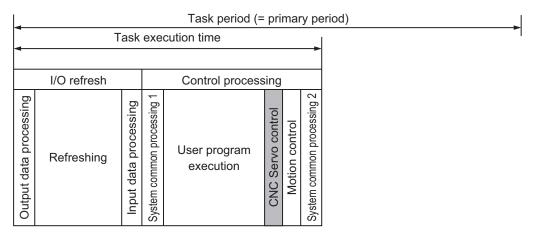
The Priority 16, 17, and 18 periodic tasks have lower execution priorities than the CNC Planner Service task, so they are executed when the CNC Planner Service is not being executed. System services are executed in the unused time between execution of tasks.



The following diagram shows the operation for NY532-5400.



• Operation of the Primary Periodic Task



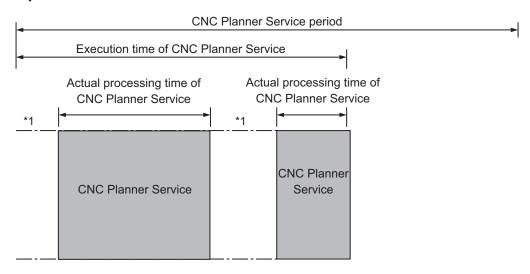
For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)* or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W559)*.

Processing	Processing contents
Output data processing	 Output refresh data is generated for Output Units that execute I/O refreshing. If forced refreshing is set, the forced refreshing values are reflected in the output refresh data.
Refreshing	Data exchange with I/O is executed.
Input data processing	 Whether or not the condition expression for event task execution is met is determined. Input refresh data is loaded from Input Units that have executed I/O refresh. If forced refreshing is set, the forced refreshing value (input) is reflected on the input refresh data that has been loaded.
System common processing 1	Processing for exclusive control of variables in tasks is performed (when accessing tasks are set). • Motion input processing is performed.*1 • Data trace processing (sampling and trigger checking) is performed.
Execution of user program	Programs assigned to tasks are executed in the order that they are assigned.
CNC servo control	Software tasks that are driven at the control period of Servo Drives include: • Encoder conversion • Distribution calculation from interpolated path to motor position • Updating CNC motor compensation tables • Closed loop processing for positions • Equation calculation for CNC motor command travel • Checking CNC motor status and errors: Deviation, command velocity zero, in-position
Motion control	 The motion control commands from the motion control instructions in the user programs in the primary periodic task and the priority-16 periodic task are executed. Motion output processing is performed.*2

Processing	Processing contents
System common processing 2	Processing for exclusive control of variables in tasks is performed (when refreshing tasks are set). • Processing for variables accessed from outside of the Controller is performed to maintain concurrency with task execution (executed for the <i>variable access time</i> that is set in Task Settings). • If there is processing for EtherNet/IP tag data links and refreshing tasks are set for the
	tags (i.e., variables with a Network Publish attribute), variable access processing is performed.

^{*1.} The Servo Drive status, axis current values, and other motion control system-defined variables are updated based on data received from Servo Drives, etc.

Operation of CNC Planner Service



*1. The CPU Unit temporarily interrupts the execution of a task in order to execute a task that has a higher execution priority.

Processing	Processing contents	
CNC Planner Service	Services that are driven at the CNC Planner Service period include: NC program operation planning Interpolation path calculation for the coordinate system CNC motor safety and status check a) Software limit check during execution of the NC program b) Monitoring servo lock, driver errors, and driver warning c) Processing external latch signals for the G31 command	
	Updating the status of coordinate systems	

CNC Planner Service Period

CNC Planner Service is repeated periodically.

Set the CNC Planner Service period to the integral multiple of task period of the primary periodic task.

For example, if the primary period is 1 ms and the CNC Planner Service period is 4 ms, CNC Planner Service is executed once at every fourth execution of the primary periodic task.

CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded

If CNC Planner Service processing is not finished within two periods, a *CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded* error occurs.

^{*2.} Data is sent to the Servo Drives during I/O refreshing in the next primary periodic task.

This is a controller error of observation information level. Operation continues even when this error occurs.

If CNC Planner Service processing is not completed within the period, information is output to the _CNC_ServiceExceeded (CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded Flag) and _CNC_ServiceExceed-Count (CNC Planner Service Exceeded Count) the system-defined variable as well as to the event log.

2-6 Relationship with EtherCAT Communications

The CNC Function Module controls Servo Drives through PDO communications of the EtherCAT Master Function Module in the NC Integrated Controller.

This section describes EtherCAT communications and other items related to the CNC Function Module.

2-6-1 CAN Application Protocol over EtherCAT (CoE)

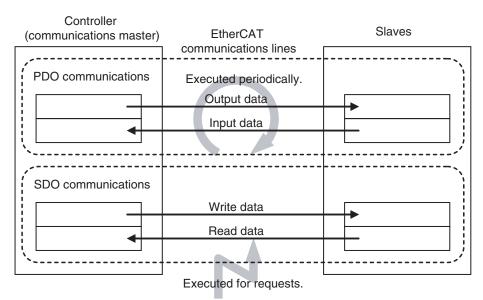
The CNC Function Module exchanges data with the slaves on EtherCAT using the CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE).

With CoE, the parameters and control information held by the slaves are specified according to data specifications of the object dictionary (OD).

There are two methods that can be used to communicate data between the Controller (communications master) and slaves. One is Process Data Objects (PDO) that are used to periodically exchange data in real time. The other is Service Data Objects (SDO) that are used to exchange data when required.

The CNC Function Module uses PDO communications for commands to refresh I/O data, such as data for Servomotor position control, on a fixed control period.

It uses SDO communications for commands to read and write data at specified times, such as when parameter transfer occurs.



2-6-2 Relationship between EtherCAT Master Function Module and CNC Function Module

The NC Integrated Controller can perform sequence control, motion control, and numerical control through connections to EtherCAT slaves.

Sequence Control

- I/O ports for configuration slaves are automatically created when you create the EtherCAT configuration in EtherCAT Tab Page in Sysmac Studio.
- You can use the I/O Map Tab Page in Sysmac Studio to assign device variables.
- · Perform sequence control through instructions other than CNC instructions.

CNC or Numerical Control

- I/O ports for configuration slaves are automatically created when you create the EtherCAT configuration in EtherCAT Tab Page in Sysmac Studio.
- Create CNC motor variables in the CNC Setup View and assign the EtherCAT slaves for which numerical control is performed.
- · Perform numerical control through CNC instructions and the NC program.

Devices that can be assigned to CNC motor variables are EtherCAT slave Servo Drives.



Additional Information

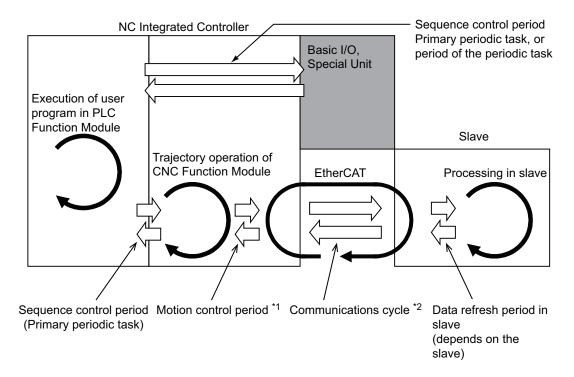
In instructions other than CNC instructions, commands cannot be sent directly from the sequence control program to RxPDO of EtherCAT slaves assigned to CNC motors. On the other hand, the RxPDO data that was not assigned to CNC motors can be changed from the sequence control program.

2-6-3 Relationship between Process Data Communications Cycle and the Control Period for Servo Drive

The PLC Function Module sends numerical control commands to the CNC Function Module when CNC instructions are executed in the user program. The CNC Function Module then performs servo processing based on those commands and sends the results of processing as commands to the EtherCAT's Servo Drive or other devices.

This type of data exchange is updated in the following processing period.

 Primary period = Control period for Servo Drive = Process data communications cycle for EtherCAT communications



- *1. The motion control period equals the primary periodic task period.
- *2. The data communications cycle for EtherCAT communications equals the primary periodic task period.

CNC System	Configuration	and Principles
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Configuring CNC Motors and CNC Coordinate Systems

This section outlines CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems.

3-1	CNC	Motors	3-2
3-2	CNC	Coordinate System	3-3
		Configuration of CNC Coordinate System	
	3-2-2	Types of Coordinate Systems	3-3
		Reference Point	3-5

3-1 CNC Motors

This section describes information on CNC motors that are used in the CNC Function Module.

CNC Motors

In the NC Integrated Controller, a CNC motor is an element that makes up a CNC coordinate system. Typically, CNC motors are assigned one-to-one to logical axes (X, Y, Z, A, B and C axes) of the CNC coordinate system.

It is also possible to assign multiple CNC motors to one logical axis of the CNC coordinate system. The above assignment allows you to easily build a gantry system.

3-2 CNC Coordinate System

This section provides an overview of the CNC coordinate system of the CNC Function Module.

3-2-1 Configuration of CNC Coordinate System

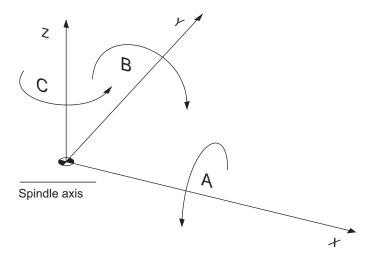
This section explains the configuration of the CNC coordinate system.

CNC Coordinate System

The CNC coordinate system is a control group or object to be controlled mainly by the NC program in the CNC Function Module.

The CNC coordinate system consists of the logical axes and a spindle axis.

In the figure below, the direction of the arrow indicates the positive direction.



Logical Axes

The logical axis refers to the X-axis, Y-axis, and Z-axis consisting of the Cartesian coordinates of the CNC coordinate system, and the A-axis, B-axis, and C-axis that represent the rotational coordinates.

Spindle Axis

A spindle axis is a CNC coordinate system tool. It is a rotational axis that is parallel to the Z-axis of Cartesian coordinates.

3-2-2 Types of Coordinate Systems

In the CNC Function Module, the coordinate values can be specified in the following three types of coordinate systems.

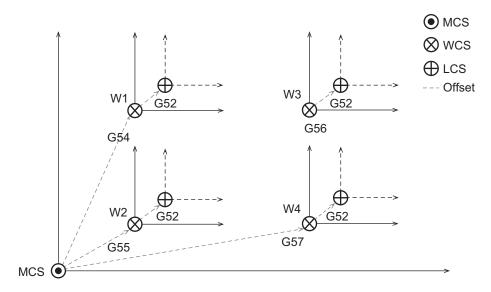
The position of the tool center point is used as a coordinate value.

a. Machine Coordinate System (MCS)

- b. Work Coordinate System (WCS)
- c. Local Coordinate System (LCS)

Relationship between Machine Coordinate System, Work Coordinate System, and Local Coordinate System

The following figure describes the relationship between the Machine Coordinate System, Work Coordinate System, and Local Coordinate System. With reference to the Machine Coordinate System, a Work Coordinate System possesses work offset to the Machine Coordinate System. With reference to a Work Coordinate System, a Local Coordinate System possesses work offset to the Work Coordinate System.



Machine Coordinate System (MCS)

The point unique to a machine, that is, the reference point for the machine is called the home. A coordinate system that references the home as its home position is called the Machine Coordinate System. When homing is completed after power is turned ON, or when communications with the Drive is established while an absolute encoder is used, the Machine Coordinate System is established.

Work Coordinate system (WCS)

The coordinate system used for machining a workpiece is called the Work Coordinate System. Up to six Work Coordinate Systems can be set for one CNC coordinate system.

With reference to the Machine Coordinate System, a Work Coordinate System processes offset to the Machine Coordinate System.

Configure six Work Coordinate Systems in advance as parameters of the CNC coordinate system. Then you can select Work Coordinate Systems to use, by NC program commands G54 to G59.

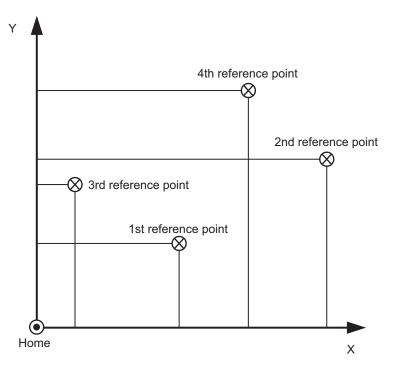
Local Coordinate System (LCS)

The Local Coordinate System is a coordinate system created on the Work Coordinate System to make programming easier. The Local Coordinate System Set (G52) can be used on the Work Coordinate Systems specified by the Coordinate System Selection instructions from G54 to G59.

3-2-3 Reference Point

For a machine tool, specific positions on the machine are defined. These positions are called reference points.

Typically, reference points are used as positions to be referenced when changing tools or for other purposes. Up to four reference point positions can be registered in the CNC coordinate system parameter using the coordinate value of the Machine Coordinate System.



3 Configuring CNC Motors and CNC Coordinate Systems		



CNC Parameters

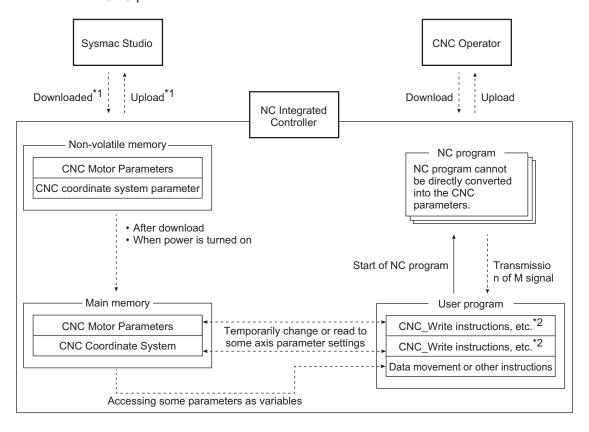
This section describes the parameter settings to be configured in the CNC Function Module.

4-1	Introd	luction	4-2
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	4-2-1	List of CNC Common Parameters	
	4-2-2	CNC Planner Service Settings	
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	4-3-1	List of CNC Coordinate System Parameters	
	4-3-2	CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings	4-8
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	4-3-4	NC Program Default Settings	4-15
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	4-4-11	Gantry Settings	
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4-1 Introduction

With the CNC Function Module of this Controller, you can perform the numerical control of a CNC coordinate system with NC programs. You can also operate CNC motors of the CNC coordinate system with CNC instructions of the sequence control program. The CNC motor parameters and CNC coordinate system parameters are set to determine these operations.

In order to run the NC program for a CNC coordinate system, you must set CNC coordinate system parameters, and CNC motor parameters that compose the CNC coordinate system. If you want to operate the system in units of a CNC motor, you must only set CNC motor parameters. These parameters are called CNC parameters.



- *1. Use the synchronization function of Sysmac Studio to upload and download the project.
- *2. The NC Integrated Controller and Sysmac Studio version 1.20 or higher are required to use CNC instructions such as CNC_Write.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If the CNC parameters are changed by CNC instructions, they are saved to the main memory
 in the NC Integrated Controller. They are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. The parameter settings stored in the non-volatile memory are restored
 when the power is recycled, or when settings are downloaded from Sysmac Studio. You cannot upload these data by using Sysmac Studio.
 - If you need to save settings to the non-volatile memory, use Sysmac Studio to change the parameter settings and then download the settings to the NC Integrated Controller.
- The CNC_Write instruction can change the CNC parameters.
- Some CNC parameter settings are expressed by floating point reals. Precautions for using them are provided. Refer to *A-2 Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data* on page A-7.

Data Flow for CNC Parameters

- Download your CNC Parameter Settings to the NC Integrated Controller using Sysmac Studio to save those settings to the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. When you upload the CNC Parameter Settings to the Sysmac Studio, the CNC Parameter Settings that were saved in the non-volatile memory are uploaded.
- The settings that were saved in the non-volatile memory are applied to the main memory after you download them or when the power is turned ON.
- If there are no problems with the saved settings, the CNC Function Module executes control based on the settings in the main memory.
- The settings of some parameters can be accessed as CNC system-defined variables in the user program.
- You can upload and download CNC parameter settings regardless of the NC Integrated Controller mode or the status of the CNC Function Module.
- When you start the download process, all CNC motors in motion will stop immediately.
 You can also continue sending commands to I/O devices during the download process. Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501) for how to set to stop or continue sending commands to the I/O devices when the download process starts.

Stopping Sending Commands to I/O Devices

During download process, CNC motors enter the Servo OFF state.

Continuing Sending Commands to I/O Devices

During download process, the Servo ON state resulted from the CNC_Power instruction immediately before the download is maintained. The Servo ON state and torque limit are maintained even if the CNC_Power instruction is deleted from the user program after the program is updated by downloading. Depending on the item to download, however, they may not be able to be maintained. Refer to the following table.

Item to download	Behavior of CNC Function Module
Sequence control program	Continues sending commands to I/O devices.
NC program	Stops sending commands to I/O devices.
CNC coordinate system parameters,	Stops sending commands to I/O devices.
CNC motor parameters,	
CNC motor compensation table	
Others	Conforms to the device output hold setting function.

Overwriting CNC Parameters with CNC Instructions

- You can use the CNC instruction CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) to change the settings of some of the CNC parameters in the main memory while the sequence control program is running.
- If the specified set value is outside the value range, the *Error* output variable from the instruction changes to TRUE and the CNC parameter setting is not changed.
- All changes to the parameters for CNC coordinate systems and CNC motors that compose the CNC coordinate system become valid.

Changes of some parameters are applied immediately, and changes of others are applied when an
operation instruction is executed. Refer to the list of each parameter for the application timing of the
parameter.

Relationship between NC Program and CNC Parameters

- You cannot read or change CNC parameters directly from an NC program.
- To change CNC parameters, rewrite the parameters directly from a sequence control program, or
 write a sequence control program with which the parameters can be changed indirectly by using M
 codes.

4-2 CNC Common Parameter Settings

The CNC Common Parameters set the CNC Planner Service period and other settings for the CNC Function Module.

One CNC common parameter is provided for each NC Integrated Controller.

4-2-1 List of CNC Common Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC common parameters for each CNC motor.

			Temporary c	Booding veri	
Classification	Parameter name	Support	Update tim- ing	Applicable in- struction	Reading vari- ables
CNC Planner Service	CNC Planner Service				
Settings	Period				

4-2-2 CNC Planner Service Settings

Select [Configurations and Setup] - [Controller Setup] - [Task Settings] from the Sysmac Studio to set the CNC Planner Service Period.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Planner Service Peri-	Sets the period of Planner	Refer to 1-4-2 Performance Specifica-	2 ms
od^{*1}	Service.	tions on page 1-7.	

^{*1.} Set the CNC Planner Service period to an integer multiple of the task period of the primary periodic task. If the least common multiple of the CNC Planner Service period and a primary task period exceeds 600 ms, you cannot use the two in combination.

4-3 CNC Coordinate System Parameter Settings

The CNC Coordinate System Parameters set composition CNC motor, the maximum feed rate, and configure other settings for the CNC coordinate system controlled by the CNC Function Module. The number of CNC coordinate system parameters provided is the same as the maximum number of controlled CNC coordinate systems for each model. For NJ501-5300, parameters are provided for four CNC coordinate systems. For NY532-5400, parameters are provided for eight coordinate systems. The same parameter settings are applied to all CNC coordinate systems. This section describes the parameters for one CNC coordinate system.

4-3-1 List of CNC Coordinate System Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC coordinate system parameters for each CNC coordinate system.

			Temporary chang	jes	Reading
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	varia- bles
CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings	CNC Coordinate System Number				OK
	CNC Coordinate System Use				OK
	Positioning Axis Assignment				OK
	Spindle Axis Assignment				OK
	Unit of Cartesian Axes				
CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings	Maximum Feedrate	OK	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	Rotary Axis Velocity	OK	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	Dry Run Velocity	ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Immediate Stop Input Stop Method				
	Limit Input Stop Method				
	Feed Hold Acceleration/Deceleration Time	OK	When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write	
	In-position Check Time	OK	When an operation instruction is executed*2	CNC_Write	
	Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control	OK	When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write	
	Lookahead Distance	OK	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable*3	CNC_Write	
	Override Method Selection	OK	Immediate*4	CNC_Write	

			Temporary changes			Reading
Classification	Paramete	er name	Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	varia- bles
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Set- tings	CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Set-	Other than Lookahead Dis- tance	OK	When G500/G501 P0 command is issued*5	CNC_Write	
	tings No.0	Lookahead Distance	ОК	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after <i>G500/G501 P0</i> command was issued*6	CNC_Write	
	CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Set-	Other than Lookahead Dis- tance	ОК	When <i>G500/G501</i> P1 command is issued*5	CNC_Write	
	tings No.1	Lookahead Distance	ОК	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after <i>G500/G501 P1</i> command was issued*6	CNC_Write	
	CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Set-	Other than Lookahead Dis- tance	OK	When G500/G501 P2 command is issued*5	CNC_Write	
	tings No.2	Lookahead Distance	OK	When the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after <i>G500/G501 P2</i> command was issued*6	CNC_Write	
NC Program Default	Acceleration Time	I		*7		
Settings	Deceleration Time			*7		
	Jerk Time			*7		
Tool Compensation Settings	Tool Radius		ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Tool Length		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Overcut Mode		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Circular Feed Rate	Mode	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Work Coordinate System Settings	1st Work Coordina	te System Offset	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	2nd Work Coordina		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	3rd Work Coordina		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	4th Work Coordina	-	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	5th Work Coordina		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	6th Work Coordina		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Reference Point Settings	1st Reference Poir		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	2nd Reference Poi		OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	3rd Reference Point		OK OK	Immediate Immediate	CNC_Write CNC_Write	
	4th Reference Poir	n+	1 / 1/2			

		Temporary changes			Reading
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update timing	Applicable instruction	varia- bles
Spindle Axis Operation Settings	Orientation Position	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Orientation Velocity	ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Orientation Acceleration/Deceleration	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	

^{*1.} This parameter is reflected to the operation when this parameter is changed while **P99** is selected, or when *G500/ G501 P99* command is issued after this parameter was changed.

- *2. This parameter is reflected to the operation at the startup of operation instruction after this parameter was changed while **P99** was selected or after *G500/G501 P99* command was issued.
- *3. This parameter is reflected to the operation when the lookahead function is switched to enable from disable after this parameter was changed while **P99** was selected or after *G500/G501 P99* command was issued.
- *4. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Then, when all axes in the coordinate system are in Servo OFF state, this parameter is reflected to the operation.
- *5. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, you need to specify the relevant parameter set with G500/G501 in order to reflect it to the operation.
- *6. This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when CNC_Write is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, the parameter is reflected to the operation when you switch the lookahead function to enable from disable after you specified the relevant parameter with G500/G501.
- *7. If you issue G500/G501 P99 command, this parameter is applied for the operation.
- *8. M codes can be set individually for each M code address. However, M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, and M99 are fixed.

4-3-2 CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings

These parameters are used to set whether or not to enable the CNC coordinate system. To enable the system, set CNC motors to be assigned.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Coordinate	Set the logical number of the CNC coordinate system.	0 to (Maximum num-	
System Number*1	The numbers set by this parameter will be applied to	ber of CNC coordinate	
·	the numeric values of the _CNC_Coord[0-7] system-	systems)	
	defined variable.		
CNC Coordinate	Set whether to enable or disable the CNC coordinate	0 to 2	
System Use*2	system.		
	0: Undefined CNC coordinate system*3		
	1: Unused CNC coordinate system		
	2: Used CNC coordinate system		

^{*1.} You cannot use the same CNC coordinate system number more than once.

Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE when Execute or Enable changes to FALSE.

If you select **Undefined Coordinate System**, you do not need to delete the program for the unused axes even if one user program is shared among devices that have different axis configurations.

^{*2.} Except for **2: Used CNC Coordinate System**, parameter settings other than the CNC coordinate system number are not required.

^{*3.} When a CNC instruction is executed in an undefined or unused CNC coordinate system, *Busy* (Executing) changes to TRUE.

Composition CNC Motor

Select the CNC motors to be used in the CNC coordinate system. CNC motors used in the CNC coordinate system are called *Composition CNC Motors*. Set the axis of the CNC coordinate system to which each composition CNC motor is assigned.

The axis types are: X/Y/Z-axes that constitute the orthogonal axes and A/B/C-axes that are rotational axes. These axes are called the positioning axes as they determine the position of a tool or work object of a machine tool.

Other than positioning axes, an axis is provided to control rotational speed by installing a cutting tool such as a drill or milling cutter used to machine the object. This axis is called the spindle axis.

The CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis must be different from CNC motors assigned to the positioning axes.



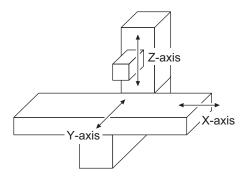
Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the axis assignment for a CNC motor that is set to Positioning Axis Assignment
 or Spindle Axis Assignment, the command unit of the axis to which the CNC motor is assigned may be different. Accordingly, you must review the unit conversion settings for the
 CNC motor.
- Refer to Axis and Motor Command Unit on page 4-13 for information on the axis and motor command unit.
- Refer to 4-4-3 Unit Conversion Settings on page 4-27 for information on the unit conversion settings.

CNC Motors Used to Configure Positioning Axes

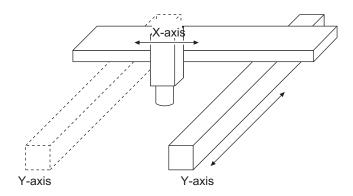
Set the CNC motors to be assigned to the positioning axes. In most cases, one CNC motor is assigned to one positioning axis.

Example 1: Using the X-, Y-, and Z-axes, and assigning a CNC motor to each of the three axes.



However, a one-to-two setting can also be configured for a positioning axis and CNC motors as shown in the following figure.

Example 2: Assigning two CNC motors to the Y-axis to use Gantry Control.





Version Information

Gantry settings were added in the CNC version 1.01 or higher. When you use the gantry control, enable the gantry settings of the CNC motor that is used as a gantry slave axis. For details on the gantry settings, refer to *4-4-11 Gantry Settings* on page 4-36.

If commands are issued or the status is obtained separately for each CNC motor of the CNC coordinate system, the positioning axis composition motor number may be used instead of the CNC motor number in order to increase the reusability of the program.

A composition CNC motor sets the assignment of positioning axis composition motor numbers and the CNC motor numbers belonging to the CNC coordinate system.

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC motors in the order from positioning axis composition motor number P0.

Even when you create two or more CNC coordinate systems, you must set the CNC motors in the order of positioning axis composition motor number P0 for each CNC coordinate system.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Positioning Axis Composition CNC Motor Number	Set CNC motor numbers to use for the positioning axes of the CNC coordinate system.	0 to (Maximum CNC motor number) -1	No assign- ment



Precautions for Correct Use

- The positioning axis composition motor numbers must be filled from the top. For example, you cannot set P2 to *No Assignment* and P3 to *CNC Motor 5* at the same time.
- For a CNC coordinate system which is set to 2: Used CNC coordinate system in CNC Coordinate System Use, you cannnot specify CNC motor numbers that are undefined or unused.
- If CNC Coordinate System Use is set to anything other than 2: Used CNC coordinate system, all composition CNC motors are identified as undefined or unused.
- You cannot use the same CNC motor number more than once.
- CNC motors specified for Spindle Axis Assignment (described later) cannot be set.
- You cannot specify CNC motor numbers that have been set to the composition CNC motors for other CNC coordinate systems.

Example 1: Assigning CNC motor numbers 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8 as positioning CNC motor configurations

Positioning axis composition motor number	CNC motor number
P0	1
P1	3

Positioning axis composition motor number	CNC motor number
P2	5
P3	6
P4	8
P5	(No assignment)
P6	(No assignment)
P7	(No assignment)

Example 2: Assigning CNC motor numbers 7, 2, and 4 as positioning CNC motor configurations

Positioning axis composition motor number	CNC motor number
P0	7
P1	2
P2	4
P3	(No assignment)
P4	(No assignment)
P5	(No assignment)
P6	(No assignment)
P7	(No assignment)

Positioning Axis Assignment

Set which CNC motors that are assigned to positioning axes correspond to the axes in the CNC coordinate system.

Set the positioning axis assignment, for each positioning axis composition motor number.

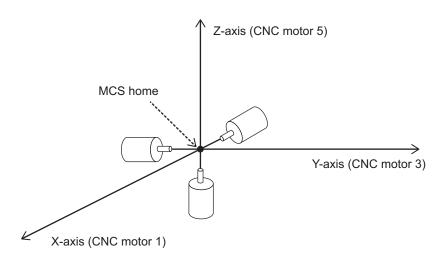
Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default*1
Positioning Axis	Select the positioning axis to which a CNC motor is as-	0 to 5,	P0 0: X-axis
Assignment*2	signed.	200 to 202	P1 1: Y-axis
3	0: X-axis		P2 2: Z-axis
	1: Y-axis		P3 5: C-axis
	2: Z-axis		P4 0: X-axis
	3: A-axis		P5 0: X-axis
	4: B-axis		P6 0: X-axis
	5: C-axis		P7 0: X-axis
	200: X gantry slave axis		
	201: Y gantry slave axis		
	202: Z gantry slave axis		

^{*1.} Settings of positioning axis composition motor numbers to which no CNC motor is assigned are invalid.

For information on the setting of Positioning Axis Assignment for each positioning axis composition motor number, refer to the following example.

Example 1: Assigning CNC motors 1, 3, and 5 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes.

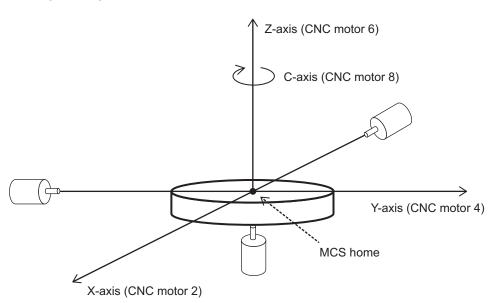
^{*2.} Only two to four types of positioning axes can be set for each CNC coordinate system. However, gantry slave axes are not counted for this assignment restriction.



Positioning axis composition motor*1	Positioning axis assignment
P0 (1)	0: X-axis
P1 (3)	1: Y-axis
P2 (5)	2: Z-axis

^{*1.} The number in the parentheses is a CNC motor number.

Example 2: Assigning CNC motors 2, 4, and 6 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes, and a CNC motor 8 to the C-axis.



Positioning axis composition motor*1	Positioning axis assignment
P0 (2)	0: X-axis
P1 (4)	1: Y-axis
P2 (6)	2: Z-axis
P3 (8)	5: C-axis

^{*1.} The number in the parentheses is a CNC motor number.

Spindle Axis Assignment

Select a CNC motor to assign to the spindle axis. Specify one CNC motor number.

No CNC motor needs to be assigned to the spindle axis for tool machines that do not rotate cutting tools.

Example: If you do not use the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system, specify *No assignment*.

Parameter name	Parameter name Function		Default
Spindle Axis Assign-	Set a CNC motor number to use for the	0 to (Maximum number of	No assign-
ment	spindle axis of the CNC coordinate sys-	CNC motors) - 1	ment
	tem.		



Precautions for Correct Use

- You cannot set CNC motor numbers of undefined or unused CNC motors.
- You cannot set CNC motor numbers that are set to composition CNC motors for other CNC coordinate systems.
- You cannot set CNC motors that are set to positioning axes composition motors.

Axis and Motor Command Unit

The command unit of each axis is shown in the following table. In particular, the unit of position is called the *axis command unit*.

Axis type	Unit of position	•	Unit of velocity		Unit of acceleration and deceleration rates	
	metric	inch	metric	inch	metric	inch
X	mm	inch	mm/min	inch/min	mm/s ²	inch/s ²
Υ						
Z						
Α	degree		degree/min		degree/s ²	
В						
С						
Spindle	rev		rev/min rev/s ²			

The axis command unit for orthogonal axes X, Y, and Z can be selected from metric and inch by using Unit of Cartesian Axes.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Unit of Cartesian Axes	Set the command unit for the X-, Y-, and Z-orthogonal axes and the unit for CNC motors assigned to these axes collectively.	0 or 1	0
	0: Metric (mm) 1: inch (inch)		

The command unit system for composition CNC motors assigned to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes also conform to the Unit of Cartesian Axes settings.

This command unit for the CNC motors is called the motor command unit.

Basically, the axis command unit of the CNC coordinate system is equal to the motor command unit. However, only for the orthogonal axes of the CNC coordinate system, the command unit can be changed between metric and inch by G codes G20 and G21.

As only the axis command unit is changed at this time and the motor command unit retains the Unit of Cartesian Axes settings, the axis command unit is not equal to the motor command unit.

4-3-3 CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings

Set operations of the CNC coordinate system such as the maximum feedrate and immediate stop method. Set them according to the specifications of the device to be controlled.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Maximum Fee- drate	Set the maximum feed rate of a path. Value 0 means there is no limit to the feed rate. If a target speed exceeding the maximum feed rate is specified using a CNC coordinate system operation instruction, the specified maximum feed rate is applied. *1 (Unit: Axis command units/min)	Positive long reals or 0	0
Rotary Axis Ve- locity	Set the speed of feeding the A-, B-, and C-axes using linear interpolation (G01) for a non-dry run. (Unit: degree/min)	Positive long reals	2,160
Dry Run Velocity*2	Specify the speed for a dry run. (Unit: mm, inch, degree/min)	Positive long reals	3,000
Immediate Stop Input Stop Meth- od	Set the stopping method for CNC motors when immediate stop input is enabled in any of the composition CNC motor. Composition CNC motors without any error are immediately stopped. 0: Immediate stop 2: Immediate stop and error counter reset 3: Immediate stop and Servo OFF	0, 2, or 3	0
Limit Input Stop Method	Set the stopping method for CNC motors when positive limit input or negative limit input is enabled in any of the composition CNC motor. Composition CNC motors without any error are immediately stopped. 0: Immediate stop 3: Immediate stop and Servo OFF	0 or 3	0
Feed Hold Acceleration/Deceleration Time	The time taken until operation stops when the override value changes from 100% to 0% at execution of feed hold. This parameter is also used for the acceleration time when override returns to 100% after operation resumes from the feed hold stop. *3 (Unit: ms)	1 to 10,000	1,000
In-position Check Time*4	An error occurs if all positioning axis composition CNC motors in a coordinate system are not in-positioned within this time period at the completion of the travel command while an execution of a CNC instruction. Set this check time in milliseconds. *5 However, the in-position check is not performed for the blending operation. The in-position check is also not performed if 0 is set. (Unit: ms)	0 to 10,000	0
Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control	Set the operation when the software overtravel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is operating. 0: An error occurs. Each CNC motor stops immediately. 1: No error occurs. The command position of the CNC motor is limited by software overtravel limit, and the operation continues without observing the path.	0 or 1	0
Lookahead Dis- tance	Set the lookahead distance. *6 *7 (Unit: CNC Planner Service period (ms))	1 to 4,096	4,096

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Override Method	Select the method of override control.	0 or 1	0
Selection	0: Segment override method		
	1: Time-base override method		

- *1. This parameter limits the specified feed rate. If the feedrate override value is set to 100% or more, the rate to be output is not limited by this parameter.
- *2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum feedrate if the maximum feedrate is not 0.
- *3. If feed hold is executed while Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500) is enabled, operation does not stop according to this parameter. A sudden stop takes place within the range of maximum acceleration/deceleration rate of composition motors.
- *4. Set a value larger than the **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** for the positioning axis composition CNC motor.
 - Example: Suppose that the control cycle time of a primary periodic task is 2 milliseconds, and that the largest **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** of the composition CNC motors is 100 control cycles. Then the in-position check time must be set to a value larger than 200 milliseconds. Cases where the in-position check time is 0 milliseconds or it is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period are excluded.
- *5. The result of an in-position check of the CNC coordinate system is determined by the CNC Planner Service. Actually, therefore, the accuracy of the in-position check time is rounded down to the unit of the CNC Planner Service period. If the in-position check time is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period, it is rounded down to be 0, and the in-position check is not executed.
 - Example: Suppose that the in-position check time is 6 milliseconds and that the CNC Planner Service period is 4 milliseconds. Then normal operation is performed when the in-position check of all the positioning axis composition CNC motors is completed within one CNC Planner Service period (4 milliseconds) from the CNC Planner Service that has actually finished the travel command. An error occurs if the in-position check takes longer than the period.
- *6. While G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable) and G64 (Continuous-path Mode) are both enabled, the CNC Function Module reads the path ahead for the below execution time at maximum and searches for a location where the limitation of position, velocity or acceleration may be exceeded.

Lookahead Distance × CNC Planner Service period (ms)

When the location is found, it decelerates to control the path within the limit range. This change applies retroactively to the path previously calculated, and is completed prior to actual execution.

*7. **Lookahead Distance** is not reflected to the operation if you execute G500 again when G500 was already enabled. If you want to update **Lookahead Distance**, execute G501 once to disable Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration.

4-3-4 NC Program Default Settings

Set the default values for the parameters and modal values that can be changed from the NC program, for each CNC coordinate system.

Default values are restored when modal reset is executed.

If you issue G500/G501 P99 command, the set default values are applied for the operation.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Acceleration Time	Set the default acceleration time.	Positive long reals or 0	100
	(Unit: ms)		
Deceleration Time	Set the default deceleration time.	Positive long reals or 0	100
	(Unit: ms)		
Jerk Time*1	Set the default jerk time.	Positive long reals or 0	0
	(Unit: ms)		

^{*1.} Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031) for Jerk Time.

4-3-5 Tool Compensation Settings

Set parameters relevant to compensation of tool radius and length.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Tool Radi-	Set the tool radius for 2D tool radius compensation.	Positive long	0
us	(Unit: Axis command units)	reals or 0	
Tool	Set the tool length (offset in the Z-axis direction) for tool length compensation.	Negative or	0
Length	(Unit: Axis command units)	positive long	
		reals or 0	
Overcut	Specify the overcut mode for tool radius compensation control.	Enumerator	0
Mode	0: Overcut detection error	0 to 3	
	At the instant when an over-cut is detected, the program operation stops in an error state.		
	1: Overcutting avoidance		
	In an attempt to avoid overcuts, the corrected path between the first and sec-		
	ond intersection points is eliminated. As the result, the entry path and outgoing		
	path at the intersection points are connected directly. This operation mode is		
	normally used for "rough machining" by large tools which cannot go into de-		
	tailed profiles of any components.		
	2: Overcutting ignorance		
	Continues program operation without detecting overcuts. 3: Overcutting test avoidance		
	Attempts to avoid an overcut. If the overcut cannot be avoided, it is ignored to		
	continue program operation.		
Circular	Specify the circular feed rate mode to be applied for tool radius compensation con-	FALSE or	FALSE
Feed Rate	trol.	TRUE	
Mode	FALSE:		
	The tool center moves at the programmed feedrate.		
	The velocity of tool edge along the programmed path becomes lower when tool		
	radius compensation is outside the arc. The velocity becomes higher when tool		
	radius compensation is inside the arc.		
	TRUE:		
	The tool edge along the programmed path moves at the programmed feedrate. The tool center becomes faster when tool radius compensation is outside the		
	arc. It becomes slower when tool radius compensation is inside the arc.		
	are. It becomes slower when tool radius compensation is inside the are.		

4-3-6 Work Coordinate System Offset Settings

Set the offset value for each axis in the first to sixth Work Coordinate Systems.

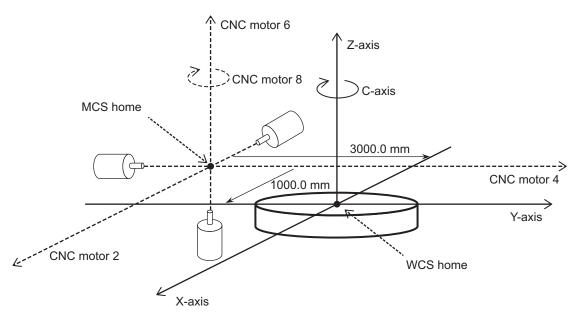
As shown in the table below, you can set a total of six work coordinate system offset values for each of first to sixth Work Coordinate System.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Work Coordinate Sys-	Set the offset of a Work Coordinate System	Negative or positive long re-	0
tem	against the Machine Coordinate System of	als or 0	
Offset X Value*1	each axis.		
Work Coordinate Sys-	(Unit: Axis command units)		
tem			
Offset Y Value*1			
Work Coordinate Sys-			
tem			
Offset Z Value*1			
Work Coordinate Sys-			
tem			
Offset A Value*1			
Work Coordinate Sys-			
tem			
Offset B Value*1			
Work Coordinate Sys-			
tem			
Offset C Value*1			

^{*1.} Values for positioning axes that are not used are invalid.

Example: Assigning CNC motors 2, 4, and 6 respectively to the X-, Y-, and Z-axes Assign CNC motor 8 to the C-axis.

The homes of the Z-axis and C-axis in the Machine Coordinate System are the same as the home of the Work Coordinate System. However, if you want to set the homes of the X-axis and Y-axis in the Work Coordinate System to the center of the circular table, it must be offset against the home in the Machine Coordinate System.



Axis type	Х	Υ	Z	Α	В	С
Work Coordinate System Offset	1000.0	3000.0	0	0	0	0
Value						

4-3-7 Reference Point Settings

The position of each axis that constitutes the reference point can be set.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Reference Point X*1	Set the positions of reference points for each	Negative or positive long re-	0
Reference Point Y*1	axis. (Unit: Axis command units)	als or 0	
Reference Point Z*1	(Onta 7 valo command unito)		
Reference Point A*1			
Reference Point B*1			
Reference Point C*1			

^{*1.} Values for positioning axes that are not used are invalid.

You can set the first to fourth reference points.

However, you do not have to set reference points for unused positioning axes.

Example: Using the X-, Y-, Z-, and C-axes.

Reference point	X-axis	Y-axis	Z-axis	A-axis	B-axis	C-axis
1st Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	
2nd Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	
3rd Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	
4th Reference Point	Supported	Supported	Supported	Unneces-	Unneces-	Supported
				sary	sary	

4-3-8 M Code Settings

Select the output timing of M codes.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
M Code Output Timing	Select the output timing of M codes.	-1 to 2	0
	-1: Do not use		
	0: Synchronous (Wait for M code reset)		
	1: Immediate		
	2: Synchronous (Not wait for M code reset)		

The timing can be set individually for each M code address. However, M0, M1, M2, M30, M98, and M99 are fixed.

M code address	Parameters
0	(No output)
1	(No output)
2	(No output)
3	-1 to 2
	-1 to 2
29	-1 to 2
30	Always 0

M code address	Parameters
31	-1 to 2
	-1 to 2
98	(No output)
99	(No output)
	-1 to 2
191	-1 to 2

The following is an example of controlling M code output timing using an NC program.

(Sample of NC Program)	
N10 G01 X1000	
N20 M10	
N30 G01 X2000	

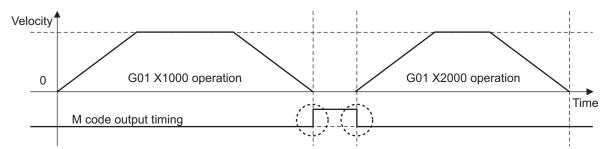


Additional Information

When an M code which is set to **-1: Do not use** is executed in an NC program, no processing is performed (handled as an NOP instruction).

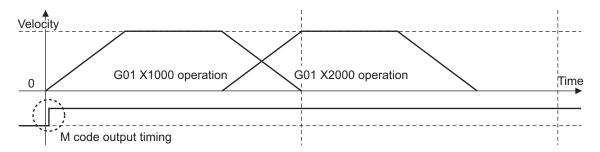
• 0: Synchronous (Wait for M Code Reset)

- The M10 signal is output when the G01 X1000 travel is completed.
- The next axis motion is not executed until the M10 signal is reset by the sequence control program.



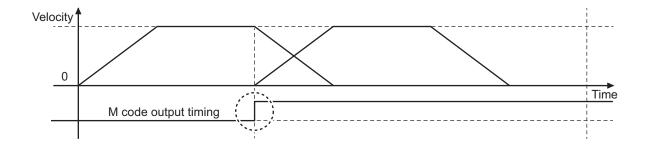
• 1: Immediate

The M10 signal is output at the timing when the line *N20 M10* in the NC program is interpreted. It does not synchronize with the operation.



2: Synchronous (Not Wait for M Code Reset)

The M10 signal is output when the G01 X2000 travel is started.



4-3-9 Spindle Axis Operation Settings

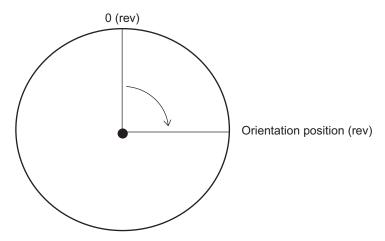
Set orientation operation for the spindle axis assigned to the coordinate system.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Orientation Position	Specify the stop position (rev) within one spindle axis rota-	Long reals	0
	tion at Spindle Orientation (M19).	0 ≤ x < 1	
Orientation Velocity*1	Specify the target velocity (rev/min) in the constant velocity	Single-precision reals	600.0
	section at Spindle Orientation (M19).	Positive number	
Orientation Acceleration/	Specify an acceleration/deceleration rate (rev/s ²) at Spin-	Single-precision reals	0
Deceleration*2	dle Orientation (M19).	Positive number, 0	

^{*1.} Set a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity of the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

Orientation operation is a function to be performed for tool replacement. Orientation operation enables to stop the spindle axis at a specific phase and replace tools.

As shown in the following figure, the orientation position is specified for an offset position within one rotation from position 0.

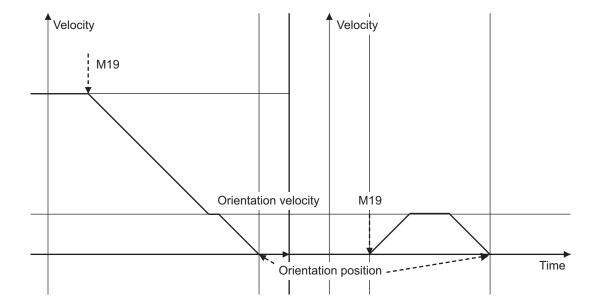


For the orientation velocity, specify a speed in the constant velocity section during orientation operation of the spindle axis.

For the orientation acceleration/deceleration, specify an acceleration/deceleration rate until the orientation velocity or speed 0 is reached.

The figure to the left shows the operation when M19 (Spindle Orientation) is executed during positive rotation (CW) or negative rotation (CCW) of the spindle axis. The figure to the right shows the operation when M19 (Spindle Orientation) is executed when the spindle axis in standby status.

^{*2.} Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration of the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis, if the maximum acceleration is not 0.





Precautions for Correct Use

If M19 is executed during CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis, the spindle axis status switches from open loop to closed loop. This makes the rotation speed temporarily discontinuous. Therefore, you need to reduce the rotation speed of the spindle axis to an adequately low level before executing M19.

4-3-10 CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings

You can switch the operation parameters of CNC coordinate system with the use of *G500/G501* command.

Set operation parameters shown below.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.0	Set the operation parameter for when <i>G500/ G501 P0</i> command is issued.	Refer to _sCNC_ ORD_OPE_SET	-
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.1	Set the operation parameter for when <i>G500/ G501 P1</i> command is issued.		
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.2	Set the operation parameter for when <i>G500/ G501 P2</i> command is issued.		

• _sCNC_COORD_OPE_SETTINGS

Input variable	Meaning	Function*1	Setting range	Default
MaxFeedrate	Maximum Feedrate*1	Setting of the maximum feed rate of a path	Positive long reals or 0	0
RotaryAxisVel	Rotary Axis Velocity*1	Setting of the rotary axis velocity	Positive long reals	2,160
InPosCheck- Time	In-position Check Time*1 *2	Setting of the In-position check time	0 to 10,000	0

Input variable	Meaning	Function*1	Setting range	Default
AccTime	Operation Acceleration Time*3	Operation setting of the acceleration time	Positive long reals or 0	100
DecTime	Operation Deceleration Time*3	Operation setting of the deceleration time	Positive long reals or 0	100
JerkTime	Operation Jerk Time*3	Operation setting of the jerk time	Positive long reals or 0	0
LHDistance	Lookahead Distance*1	Setting of the lookahead distance	1 to 4,096	4,096

^{*1.} Refer to 4-3-3 CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings on page 4-14 for details.

^{*2.} This parameter is also applied to the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction and the CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning) instruction.

^{*3.} This parameter has a recommended usage range. Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031)* for details.

4-4 CNC Motor Parameter Settings

The CNC motor parameters set CNC motor operation such as the maximum velocity, homing, and other settings related to CNC motors controlled by the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC motor parameters provided is the same as the maximum number of controlled CNC motors for each model. For NJ501-5300, the parameters are provided for 16 axes. For NY532-5400, they are provided for 32 axes.

The same parameter settings are applied to each CNC motor. This section describes the parameters for one CNC motor.

4-4-1 List of CNC Motor Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the CNC motor parameters for each CNC motor.

			Temporary ch	anges	Read- ing varia- bles
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update tim- ing	Applicable instruction	
CNC Motor Basic Settings	CNC Motor Number				OK
	CNC Motor Use				OK
	Virtual CNC Motor				OK
	Coordinate System Number				OK
	Axis Assignment Type				
	Input Device/Output Device				
Unit Conversion Settings	Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation				
	Travel Distance Per Work Rotation				
	Work Gear Ratio				
	Motor Gear Ratio				
Operation Settings	Maximum Velocity				
	Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration	ОК	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	Rapid Feed Velocity	OK	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	Rapid Feed Acceleration/Deceleration	ОК	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	In-position Range	OK	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	Number of In-position Continuance Cycles	ОК	Immediate*1	CNC_Write	
	Skip Velocity	ОК	Immediate	CNC_Write	

CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.0 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.0 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.1 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.2 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.2 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.2	Applicable	ing
tended Settings tings No.0 dings No.0 fings No.0 CNC Motor Operation Extended Set- tings No.1 CNC Motor Operation Extended Set- sued*2 CNC Motor Operation Extended Set- CNC Motor Operation Extended Set- OK When G500/	instruction	varia- bles
tings No.1 G501 P1 command is issued*2 CNC Motor Operation Extended Set- OK When G500/	CNC_Write	
·	CNC_Write	
tings No.2 G501 P2 com mand is is- sued*2	CNC_Write	
Other Operation Parameters		
Immediate Stop Input Logic Inversion		
Positive Limit Input Logic Inversion		
Negative Limit Input Logic Inversion		
Home Proximity Input Logic Inversion		
Limit Settings Software Overtravel Limit OK When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write	
Positive Software Overtravel Limit OK When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write	
Negative Software Overtravel Limit OK When an operation instruction is executed	CNC_Write	
Following Error Over Value OK Immediate	CNC_Write	
Following Error Warning Value OK Immediate	CNC_Write	
Position Count Settings Encoder Type		
Servo Drive Types PDS Status Control Method		

			Temporary cha	anges	Read-
Classification	Parameter name	Sup- port	Update tim- ing	Applicable instruction	ing varia- bles
Homing Settings	Homing Operation Mode				
	Home Input Signal				
	Homing Start Direction				
	Home Input Detection Direction				
	Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input				
	Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input				
	Homing Velocity				
	Homing Approach Velocity				
	Homing Acceleration/Deceleration				
	Home Input Mask Distance				
	Home Offset				
	Homing Holding Time				
	Homing Compensation Value				
	Homing Compensation Velocity				
Servo Gain Settings	Position Loop Gain	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
	Velocity Feedforward Gain	OK	Immediate	CNC_Write	
Gantry Settings	Gantry Enable				
	CNC Motor Number for Gantry Master Axis				
	Alignment Velocity				
	Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value				
	Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value				

^{*1.} This parameter is reflected to the operation when this parameter is changed while P99 is selected, or when *G500/ G501 P99* command is issued after this parameter was changed.

4-4-2 CNC Motor Basic Settings

Set whether to use CNC motors, and to use real or virtual CNC motors, as well as the node addresses of the EtherCAT slave devices.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	De- fault
CNC Motor Num-	Set the logical number of the CNC motor. The number specified with this	0 to (Maximum	
ber*1	parameter will be the numeric value in _CNC_Motor[0-15] system-de-	CNC motor num-	
	fined variable.	ber) - 1	
CNC Motor Use*2	Set whether to use the CNC motor.	0 to 2	
	0: Undefined CNC motor		
	1: Unused CNC motor		
	2: Used CNC motor		

^{*2.} This parameter is written to the internal parameter area when the CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) instruction is executed. Even if you already selected the relevant parameter set, you need to specify the relevant parameter set with G500/G501 in order to reflect it to the operation.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	De- fault
Virtual CNC Mo-	Select whether to enable or disable the virtual CNC motor.	0 or 1	1
tor	I/O wiring is not required for virtual CNC motors.		
	0: Disable (Real CNC motor)		
	1: Enable (Virtual CNC motor)		
Coordinate Sys-	Display the number of the assigned CNC coordinate system.	0 to (Maximum	*5
tem Number*3 *4		CNC coordinate	
		system number) -	
		1	
Axis Assignment	Display whether the axis is a positioning axis (orthogonal or rotational) or	0, 1, or 2	
Type*3 *6	the spindle axis, and the purpose of axis use.		
,,	0: Positioning orthogonal axis		
	1: Positioning rotational axis		
	2: Spindle axis		
Input Device/	Specify the node address of the EtherCAT slave device that is assigned	0 to 65,535	
Output Device*7	to the CNC motor.		

^{*1.} You cannot use the same CNC motor number more than once.

- *2. These settings are determined in association with the setting for the CNC Coordinate System Use in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings of the CNC coordinate system parameters. They cannot be set as CNC motor parameters.
- *3. These settings are determined when CNC motors are assigned in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings of the CNC coordinate system parameters. They cannot be set as CNC motor parameters.

 The CNC motor parameter setting screen is shown on the Sysmac Studio, but they cannot be set from the Sysmac
- *4. A CNC motor must be assigned to any CNC coordinate system.
- *5. When you add a CNC motor on Sysmac Studio, the coordinate system number changes to (none) and an error occurs. Assign it to any CNC coordinate system before transferring the parameter to the NC Integrated Controller.
- *6. This parameter is automatically set from Positioning Axis Assignment or Spindle Axis Assignment of the coordinate system to which the CNC motor is assigned.
- *7. This setting is not required when a virtual CNC motor is enabled.



Precautions for Correct Use

When absolute encoders are used, the absolute encoder home offset for each CNC motor is associated with a CNC motor number and saved to the battery-backup memory. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, set the Homing Settings again.

CNC Motor Number

You can set the numbers for CNC motors up to the maximum number of CNC motors.

Items	NJ501-5300	NY532-5400
Settable CNC motor numbers	0 to 15	0 to 31

Virtual CNC Motors

Virtual CNC motors are provided in the CNC Function Module. Set to enable or disable the virtual CNC motors.

If the virtual CNC motors are enabled, the EtherCAT slave Servo Drives and EtherCAT Spindle Drive are not used. By enabling the virtual CNC motors, you can create programs even if you have not yet obtained actual CNC motors and drivers to use when starting up a machine tool.

The virtual CNC motors do not have physical encoders or external I/O signals.

When the virtual CNC motors are enabled, the following points differ from when they are disabled.

- As the feedback current position, the command position that is rounded down to the precision in pulse will be replicated.
- The feedback current velocity is derived from the difference of the feedback current position.
- · External input signals cannot be used.
- If the CNC_Home (Homing) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction is executed, the instruction is processed as a zero position preset regardless of the setting of the Homing Method of the CNC motor parameter.
- Errors do not occur for immediate stop inputs or positive/negative limit inputs because the input signals do not exist for them.

Input Device/Output Device

When the virtual CNC motors are disabled, specify the node address of the EtherCAT slave device that is assigned to the axis.

The node address parameter cannot be selected when the virtual CNC motors are enabled.



Precautions for Correct Use

- OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives and G5-series Servo Drives can be set to specific node addresses by using the node address switches on the front panel. If the node address switches are set to 00, the node address will be determined by the settings set in the EtherCAT Editor of Sysmac Studio.
 - If the node address switches are set to 00 for all connected Servo Drives, errors will not occur even if the Servo Drive's connection position is changed. Set the node addresses on the node address switches to assign specific Servo Drives for each machine control.
- The value set on the Servo Drive's node address switches is loaded only once when the Servo Drive's control power is turned ON.
 - Such changes are enabled only after the power supply is turned ON again.
 - Do not change the setting on the node address switches after the power supply has been turned ON.
- · An error occurs if the same node address is used more than once.

4-4-3 Unit Conversion Settings

Set the units for positions, and determine the electronic gear ratio (unit conversion).

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Command Pulse	Set the number of pulses per motor rotation for commanded positions	1 to 4,294,967,295	10,000
Count Per Motor	according to the encoder resolution.		
Rotation*1	The command value is converted to a number of pulses based on the		
	electronic gear ratio.		

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Travel Distance	Set the work travel distance per work rotation at the commanded posi-	Positive long reals	10.0
Per Work Rota-	tion.		
tion*2 *3	This parameter can only be set when Axis Assignment Type is 0 :		
	Positioning orthogonal axis. The unit used for this parameter is the		
	orthogonal axis command unit set by the CNC Coordinate System Ba-		
	sic Settings to which the CNC motor is assigned.		
Work Gear Ratio*2	Set the gear ratio for the workpiece.*4	1 to 4,294,967,295	1
Motor Gear Ra-	Set the gear ratio of the CNC motor.*4	1 to 4,294,967,295	1
tio*2			

- *1. For example, if the encoder resolution is 10,000 pulses/rotation, specify 10,000.
- *2. There is a condition to be satisfied for these settings. Refer to *Condition for Unit Conversion Settings* on page 4-30 for the condition.
- *3. This parameter can only be set when Axis Assignment Type is **0: Positioning orthogonal axis**. If Axis Assignment. Type is **1: Positioning rotational axis**, the setting is fixed to 360.0 degrees, and if it is **2: Spindle axis**, the setting is fixed to 1.0 rev.
- *4. When you do not use a reducer or other gears, do not change the default value 1.

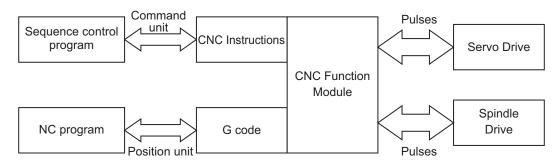


Precautions for Correct Use

When you make a change in the unit conversion settings, there are some differences between the physical position of the machine and the command current position of the CNC Function Module. Therefore, if you made a change in the unit conversion settings, execute the Home instruction to define the home again.

Positions are generally given in pulses between the CNC Function Module and Servo Drives or Spindle Drivers.

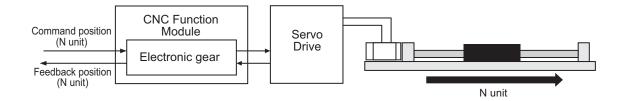
For positions used to control a machine tool, use the motor command units such as millimeter, inch, degree, and revolution for easier understanding of actual operations.



Electronic Gear Ratio (Unit Conversion Formula)

Use the electronic gear to set the relationship between the command unit and pulse unit in the CNC Function Module.

Use Sysmac Studio and set the electronic gear ratio.

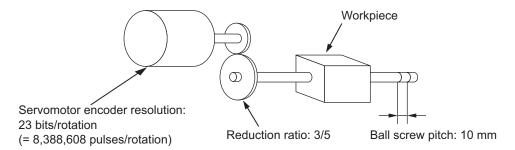


Commanded position value (pulses) = Commanded position (N units) × Electronic gear ratio

Electronic gear ratio = Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation × Motor Gear Ratio

Travel Distance Per Work Rotation × Work Gear Ratio

In this example, an OMRON 1S-series Servomotor with a 23-bit absolute encoder is used. The CNC motor is assigned to the CNC coordinate system as a positioning orthogonal axis, and the metric unit (millimeter) is used as the orthogonal axis command unit of the CNC coordinate system. Mechanically, the reduction ratio of the reducer is 3/5 and the workpiece moves 10 mm for each rotation of the ball screw.



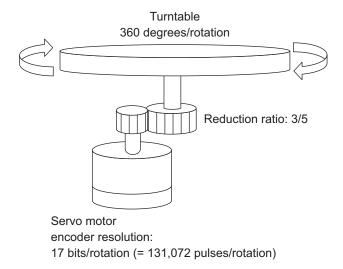
The Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation is set to the resolution of the encoder on the Servomotor.

The Travel Distance Per Work Rotation is set to 10 mm, which is equivalent to the ball screw pitch. A reducer with a reduction ratio of 3/5 is used, so the ball screw turns three times for every five rotations of the Servomotor. For this reduction ratio setting, the work gear ratio is set to 3 and the motor gear ratio is set to 5.

Parameter name	Setting
CNC Coordinate System Number	The number of the CNC coordinate system whose orthogonal axis command unit is 0 : metric .
Axis Assignment Type	0: Positioning orthogonal axis
Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation	8,388,608
Travel Distance Per Work Rotation	10
Work Gear Ratio	3
Motor Gear Ratio	5

In this example, an OMRON G5-series Servomotor with a 17-bit absolute encoder is used as a positioning rotational axis.

Mechanically, the reduction ratio of the reducer is 3/5 and the workpiece moves 360 degrees for every rotation of the turntable.



The Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation is set to the resolution of the encoder on the Servomotor.

The Travel Distance Per Work Rotation is automatically set to 360.

A reducer with a reduction ratio of 3/5 is used, so the turntable (or workpiece) turns three times for every five rotations of the Servomotor. For this reduction ratio setting, the work gear ratio is set to 3 and the motor gear ratio is set to 5.

Parameter name	Setting
Axis Assignment Type	1: Positioning rotational axis
Command Pulse Count Per Motor Rotation	131,072
Travel Distance Per Work Rotation	Always 360
Work Gear Ratio	3
Motor Gear Ratio	5

Condition for Unit Conversion Settings

The unit conversion settings must satisfy the following condition:

• The result of the following calculation must be equal to or between 0.000000001 and 65,535: Travel Distance Per Work Rotation × Work Gear Ratio ÷ Motor Gear Ratio.

4-4-4 Operation Settings

These parameters set items for the operation of CNC motor, such as the maximum velocity and maximum acceleration/deceleration rate. Set them according to the specifications of the device you are controlling.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Maximum Velocity*1 *2	Set the maximum velocity for the CNC motor. *3 Do not set a value that exceeds the maximum speed of the motor that you are using. (Unit: Motor command units/min)	Positive single-precision reals*4	30000.0
Maximum Acceleration/ Deceleration	Set the maximum acceleration rate for a CNC motor operation command. Value 0 means there is no limit to the acceleration rate. (Unit: Motor command units/s²)*5	Positive single-precision reals or 0	0

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Rapid Feed Velocity*6	Set the velocity of the rapid feed command.	Positive single-preci-	30000.0
	(Unit: Motor command units/min)	sion reals	
Rapid Feed Accelera-	Set the acceleration and deceleration rates of the rapid feed	Positive single-preci-	0
tion/Deceleration*7	command.	sion reals or 0	
	(Unit: Motor command units/s²)		
In-position Range*8 *9	Set the in-position width. *10	0 or larger single-pre-	10
	When the value is set to 0, positioning is complete when the	cision real type value	
	position command is completed.		
	(Unit: Motor command units)		
Number of In-position	Set the time for checking completion of positioning in units of	0 to 255	0
Continuance Cycles*11	control periods. (Unit: Control period)		
Skip Velocity	Set the velocity of the rapid feed command in Skip Function	Positive single-preci-	600.0
	(G31). (Unit: Motor command units/min)	sion reals	

- *1. Parameters related to the following velocities must be set to a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity.
 - · Rapid Feed Velocity
 - · Homing Velocity
 - · Homing Approach Velocity
 - Homing Compensation Velocity
 - Skip Velocity
 - · Alignment Velocity
- *2. With CNC version 1.01 or lower, this parameter is also used as the velocity for rapid feed.
- *3. The maximum velocity is used as the command velocity if you specify a velocity command value that is greater than the maximum velocity. This parameter also applies to CNC coordinate system operation.
- *4. The maximum value that can be specified for the maximum velocity is 128,849,018,820 pulses/min, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *5. The limitations set by the **Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration** become valid when acceleration/deceleration rate is enabled by the CNC_MoveJog or CNC_Move instruction, or in NC program operation and Multi-block Acceleration/ Deceleration Enable (G500). This function does not work in Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Disable (G501).
- *6. The rapid feed velocity is changed to the same value as the maximum velocity if you change the maximum velocity using the Sysmac Studio.
- *7. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate.
- *8. The in-position check is processed by the CNC Function Module. Servo Drive functions are not used.
- *9. In-position check does not function when Continuous-path Mode (G64) is enabled.
- *10. The maximum value that you can set for the in-position range is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *11. Set a value less than the **In-position Check Time** of the CNC coordinate system to which the CNC motor is assigned. Example: Suppose that the control period of the primary periodic task is 2 ms and that the in-position check time of the CNC coordinate system is set to 100 ms. Then the **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** must be set to a value less than 50 control periods.



Precautions for Correct Use

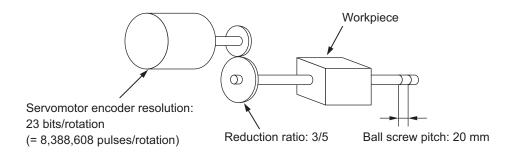
The Maximum Velocity parameter is also used as the speed of the rapid feed command for the CNC coordinate system. Be sure to set a value that is supported by the machine.

Maximum Velocity

The following provides a setting example for the maximum velocity.

Setting Example for the Maximum Velocity

This is an example for orthogonal axis and a Servomotor with a maximum speed of 1,000 r/min.



When calculating from a maximum speed of 1,000 r/min., a reduction ratio of 3/5, and a ball screw pitch of 20 mm, the formula 1,000 r/min \times 3/5 \times 20 mm yields 1,200 mm/min. Accordingly, specify 1200 for the maximum velocity.

The default setting of 30,000 exceeds the maximum speed of the CNC motor, so you must change the setting.

4-4-5 Other Operation Settings

Set the input logic inversion, etc. of each signal.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Drive Error Reset Monitor-	Set the monitor time for a driver error reset. (Unit: ms)	1 to 1000	200
ing Time	After the monitor time has elapsed, reset processing will end even		
	if the drive error is not yet reset.		
Immediate Stop Input Logic	Set whether to reverse the logic of the immediate stop input sig-	FALSE or	FALSE
Inversion	nal.	TRUE	
	FALSE: Do not reverse.		
	TRUE: Reverse.		
Positive Limit Input Logic In-	Set whether to reverse the logic of the positive limit input signal.	FALSE or	FALSE
version	FALSE: Do not reverse.	TRUE	
	TRUE: Reverse.		
Negative Limit Input Logic	Set whether to reverse the logic of the negative limit input signal.	FALSE or	FALSE
Inversion	FALSE: Do not reverse.	TRUE	
	TRUE: Reverse.		
Home Proximity Input Logic	Set whether to reverse the logic of the home proximity input sig-	FALSE or	FALSE
Inversion	nal.	TRUE	
	FALSE: Do not reverse.		
	TRUE: Reverse.		

4-4-6 Limit Settings

Use the following parameters to select functions for limiting the following error and for software limits.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Software Overtravel Lim-	Enable or disable the software overtravel limit. The stop meth-	0 or 1	0
it ^{*1}	od is an immediate stop for the command position (stop using		
	remaining pulses).		
	0: Disabled		
	1: Enable		
Positive Software Over-	Set the software overtravel limit in the positive direction.	Positive single-pre-	10,000
travel Limit*2 *3 *4	(Unit: Motor command units)	cision reals	

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Negative Software Over-	Set the software overtravel limit in the negative direction.	Negative single-	-10,000
travel Limit*2 *4 *5	(Unit: Motor command units)	precision reals	
Following Error Over Val-	Set the excessive following error check value.	Positive long reals	0
ue ^{*6}	Set 0 to disable the excessive following error check. (Unit: Mo-	or 0	
	tor command units)		
Following Error Warning	Set the following error warning check value.	Positive long reals	0
Value ^{*7}	Set 0 to disable the following error warning check. (Unit: motor	or 0	
	command units)		

^{*1.} This function is activated only when the home is defined.

- *2. If the software overtravel limit is disabled, the value does not need to be input.
- *3. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 549755813887.
- *4. When assigned to the spindle axis, the software limit does not work.
- *5. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be equal to or larger than -549755813888.
- *6. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 1099511627775.
- *7. When the Following Error Over Value is not 0, a value that is less than or equal to the Following Error Over Value must be set to this parameter.

4-4-7 Position Count Settings

Set the count mode for the position.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Encoder Type	Set the encoder type. *1 *2	0 to 1	0
	0: Incremental encoder		
	1: Absolute encoder		

^{*1.} If you use any of the following products, set the encoder type to **1: Absolute encoder**.

- When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used
- When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an absolute external scale for fully-closed control is used
- When an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications is used with an absolute external scale
- *2. The settings are as follows when you use an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with an external scale for fully-closed control, or when you use an OMRON 1S-series or G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications.
 - 0: Incremental external scale
 - 1: Absolute external scale

4-4-8 Servo Drive Settings

Set the value that is set on the Servo Drive that is connected.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
PDS Status Control	Set the status to which PDS status changes when Servo is turned OFF	0 or 1	0
Method	by the CNC_Power instruction. *1		
	0: Switched on by Servo OFF		
	1: Ready to switch on by Servo OFF		

^{*1.} If you set this parameter to 1, the Servo Ready (Switched on) status of OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives or G5-series Servo Drives cannot be used. To use the Servo Ready (Switched on) status, set this parameter to 0.

4-4-9 Homing Settings

Set the CNC motor operation to use to determine home.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	De- fault
Homing Operation Mode	Set the homing operation. 0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF 1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON 4: Home proximity input OFF 5: Home proximity input ON 8: Limit input OFF 9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance 11: Limit inputs only 12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time 13: No home proximity input/holding home input 14: Zero position preset	0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, or 11 to 14	14
Home Input Signal	Select the input to use for the home input signal. 0: Use the Z-phase input as home 1: Use external home input*1	0 or 1	0
Homing Start Direction	Set the start direction for when homing is started. 0: Positive direction 2: Negative direction	0 or 2	0
Home Input Detection Direction	Set the home input detection direction of the homing operation. 0: Positive direction 2: Negative direction	0 or 2	0
Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input	Set the stopping method when the positive limit input turns ON during homing. 0: No reverse turn, minor fault stop (Stop according to Limit Input Stop Method parameter.) 1: Reverse turn/immediate stop 2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop	0 to 2	1
Operation Selection at Negative Limit In- put	Set the stopping method when the negative limit input turns ON during homing. 0: No reverse turn/minor fault stop (Stop according to Limit Input Stop Method parameter.) 1: Reverse turn/immediate stop 2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop	0 to 2	1
Homing Velocity*2	Set the homing velocity. (Unit: Motor command units/min)	Positive single- precision reals	600.0
Homing Approach Velocity*3	Set the velocity to use after the home proximity input turns ON. (Unit: Motor command units/min)	Positive single- precision reals	60.0
Homing Accelera- tion/Deceleration*4	Specify the acceleration and deceleration rates for homing. If the homing acceleration/deceleration rate is set to 0, the homing velocity, homing approach velocity or other target velocity is used without any acceleration/deceleration rate. (Unit: Motor command units/s²)	Positive single- precision reals or 0	0
Home Input Mask Distance ^{*5}	Set the home input mask distance to be applied when the homing operation mode is set to the proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance. (Unit: Motor command units)	Positive long reals or 0	10.0
Home Offset*6	Preset the actual position for the value that is set after homing. (Unit: Motor command units)	Single-precision real type nega- tive, positive, or 0	0

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	De- fault
Homing Holding Time	Set the holding time when you set the homing operation mode to the proximity reverse turn/holding time. (Unit: ms)	0 to 10,000	100
Homing Compensa- tion Value*7 *8 *9	Set the homing compensation value that is applied after the home is defined. (Unit: Motor command units)	Negative or positive long reals or 0	0
Homing Compensation Velocity	Set the velocity to use for homing compensation. (Unit: Motor command units/min)	Positive single- precision reals	60

^{*1.} This setting can be used for an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive. The input allocated to latch 1 for the Servo Drive is used as the external home input. In the default setting of the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drives or G5-series Servo Drives, the external latch input 1 is allocated to latch 1.

For details, refer to the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives 1S-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1586), AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576) or the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications Linear Motor Type User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577).

- 2. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum velocity.
- *3. Set a value less than or equal to the homing velocity.
- *4. Set a value less than or equal to the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate if the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate is not 0.
- *5. The settable maximum value is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses when the value is converted into pulses.
- *6. The settable values are -549,755,813,888 to 549,755,813,887 pulses when the value is converted to pulses.
- *7. The settable values are -549,755,813,888 to 549,755,813,887 pulses when the value is converted to pulses.
- *8. These parameters are for homing operation. Refer to Section 8 Homing on page 8-1 for details.
- *9. You cannot map the Z-phase input to a PDO for an OMRON G5-series Linear Motor Type Servo Drive. Therefore, if you set the homing operation mode to **13: No home proximity input/holding home input**, which can use a Z-phase input mapped to a PDO, do not select the Z-phase input for the home input signal.

4-4-10 Servo Gain Settings

Set the servo gain parameters of the CNC motor. The setting values are used to calculate the output command based on the command position and feedback position.

These parameters must be set only when you position the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis with the closed-loop control.



Precautions for Safe Use

- Before adjusting this parameter, adjust the gain on the Spindle Drive to ensure normal operation of the following functions that perform spindle open-loop control.
 - a) CNC_SpindleGo
 - b) Spindle CW (M03)
 - c) Spindle CCW (M04)
- · When adjusting the gain, take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- If oscillation (abnormal noise or vibration) occurs, immediately turn OFF the power to the driver or turn the Servo OFF.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Position Loop Gain	Set the value of Position Loop Gain (K_p).	0 to 3,000	40
	(Unit: 1/s)	Single-precision reals	
Velocity Feedforward Gain	Set the value of Velocity Feedforward Gain (K_vff). (Unit: %)	0 to 100	0
		Single-precision reals	

Refer to 9-2-2 Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control on page 9-6 for details on the meaning of each parameter and how to adjust the parameter.

4-4-11 Gantry Settings

Set the operation of the gantry slave axis that configure the gantry system.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	De- fault
Gantry Enable*1 *2	Specify whether to use the CNC motor as the gantry slave axis.	0/1	0
	O: Not used as the gantry slave axis : Used as the gantry slave axis		
CNC Motor Number for	Specify a CNC motor number of the CNC motor used as the	0 to maximum	0
Gantry Master Axis*3	gantry master axis.	motor number	
Alignment Velocity*4	Set the velocity to use for alignment. (Unit: Motor command	Positive single-	60.0
	units/min)	precision reals	
Position Deviation Be-	Specify a value to check the position deviation over value be-	Positive long re-	0
tween Axes Over Value*5	tween gantry axes.	als or 0	
	Set 0 to disable the check for the position deviation over be-		
	tween gantry axes. (Unit: Motor command units)		
Position Deviation Be-	Specify a value to check the position deviation warning between	Positive long re-	0
tween Axes Warning Val-	gantry axes.	als or 0	
ue ^{*5 *6}	Set 0 to disable the following error warning check. (Unit: motor		
	command units)		

- *1. Any other gantry settings parameters are enabled when 1: Used as the gantry slave axis is selected for this setting.
- *2. The CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis must be assigned to **Auxiliary Axis** under **Positioning Axis Assignment** in the CNC Coordinate System Basic Settings.
- *3. The CNC motor used as the gantry master axis must satisfy the following conditions. If the conditions are not satisfied, the Sysmac Studio will detect a setting error.
 - The motor must be assigned to the same CNC coordinate system where the CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis is assigned.
 - The CNC motor number is smaller than the CNC motor used as the gantry slave axis.
 - · The motor is not used as a gantry master or slave axis of another gantry system.
 - The encoder type and the unit conversion settings are consistent with those for the gantry slave axis.
- *4. The value must be less than or equal to the parameter setting for the maximum velocity.
- *5. The value obtained through a conversion into a pulse value using the unit conversion setting must be less than or equal to 1099511627775.
- *6. When the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value is not 0, a value that is less than or equal to the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value must be set to this parameter.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The gantry master and salve axes must be set the same value specified for Operation Settings and Limit Settings in the CNC motor parameter settings.
- If you set the encoder type to 0: Incremental encoder, you must also set the slave to use an incremental encoder. For an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive, you can set this by the Absolute Encoder Operation Selection parameter.

4-4-12 CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings

The operation parameters of CNC coordinate system can be switched with the use of *G500/G501* command.

Set the operation parameters shown below.

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.0	Set the operation parameter for when <i>G500/G501 P0</i> command is issued.	Refer to _sCNC_MO TINGS.	TOR_OPE_SET-
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.1	Set the operation parameter for when G500/G501 P1 command is issued.		
CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.2	Set the operation parameter for when G500/G501 P2 command is issued.		

sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_SETTINGS

Input variable	Meaning	Function	Setting range	Default
MaxAccDec	Maximum Acceleration/	Setting of the maximum acceler-	Positive single-preci-	0
	Deceleration	ation rate for a CNC motor oper-	sion reals or 0	
		ation command		
RapidVel	Rapid Feed Velocity*1	Setting of the velocity of the rap-	Positive single-preci-	30000.0
		id feed command	sion reals	
RapidAccDec	Rapid Feed Accelera-	Setting of the acceleration/decel-	Positive single-preci-	0
	tion/Deceleration*1	eration rate of the rapid feed	sion reals or 0	
		command		
AbortDec	Reserved.	Reserved.		
(Reserved)				
InPosRange	In-position Range*1 *2	Setting of the in-position width	0 or larger single-pre-	10
			cision real type value	
InPosCycle	Number of In-position	Setting of the time for checking	0 to 255	0
	Continuance Cycles*1 *2	completion of positioning		

^{*1.} Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30 for details.

^{*2.} This parameter is also applied to the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction and the CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning) instruction.

4-5 CNC Motor Compensation Table Parameter Settings

The CNC motor compensation table parameters are provided to set data tables which are used to correct CNC motors controlled in the CNC Function Module.

The number of CNC motor compensation table parameter set is the same as the maximum number of CNC motor compensation tables for each model.

For NJ501-5300, the parameter sets are provided for 32 tables. For NY532-5400, they are provided for 64 tables.

The same parameter settings are applied to each CNC motor compensation table. This section describes the parameters for one table.

List of CNC Motor Compensation Table Parameters

Use Sysmac Studio to set the compensation table parameters for each CNC motor compensation table.

		Temporary changes			Reading	
Classification	Parameter name	Sup-	Update	Applicable in-	varia-	
		port	timing	struction	bles	
CNC Motor Compensation Table	CNC Motor Compen-					
Basic Parameters	sation Table Number					
	Source CNC Motor Number					
	Target CNC Motor Number					
	Compensation Scailing	OK	Immedi- ate	CNC_Write		
	Source Compensation Start Position					
	Source Compensation Section Distance					
	Number of Compensation Table Point Sections					
	Source Reference Position					
	Compensation Output Method					
	Repetition Mode					
	Table Point Interpolation Method					
CNC Motor Compensation Table Data	Source Compensation Point					
	Target Compensation Value	OK	Immedi- ate	Write as a vari- able	OK	

Refer to 5-4 CNC Motor Compensation Table on page 5-22 for information on each setting and how to edit the setting.



CNC Program

This section describes CNC programs.

5-1	Seque	ence Control Program	5-2
5-2	Status	s Transitions	5-3
	5-2-1	Status of the CNC Function Module	
	5-2-2	Statuses of CNC Coordinate System	
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	5-3-2	Mechanism of CNC System-defined Variables	
	5-3-3	Lists of CNC System-defined Variables	
5-4	CNC I	Motor Compensation Table	5-22
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	5-4-2	Edit	5-23
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5-1 Sequence Control Program

CNC instructions are used in a sequence control program to execute CNC functions. These instructions are defined as function blocks (FBs).

The CNC Function Module controls "CNC motors" and "CNC coordinate systems". The "CNC motor" corresponds to "axis" used in the MC Function Module. The "CNC coordinate system" of the CNC Function Module corresponds to an "axes group" used in the MC Function Module.

This section describes an overview of the CNC instructions used in the CNC Function Module, and gives the specifications of the CNC Function Module.

For basic information on the function block (FB), refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* or the *NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W558)*.

For information on MC Function Module programs, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)* or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W559)*.

CNC Instructions

The procedure for executing CNC instructions conforms to that for executing motion control instructions of the MC Function Module. For this reason, user programs can be more easily reused without hardware dependence.

Costs of training and support can also be reduced.

Refer to Section 10 CNC Instructions on page 10-1 for details.

5-2 Status Transitions

The status transitions of CNC coordinate systems caused by the execution of CNC instructions of the CNC Function Module conform to those of the MC Function Module.

The status transitions of CNC instructions are affected by the composition CNC motor status, start and stop of an NC program, and other factors.

This section describes the statuses and status transitions including those of the overall CNC Function Module.

5-2-1 Status of the CNC Function Module

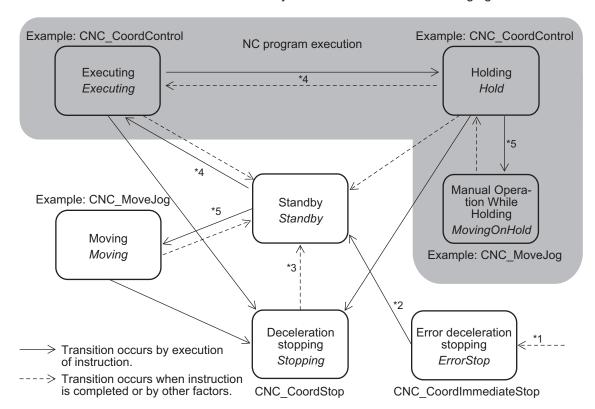
The status of the overall CNC Function Module are described in the following table.

Status name	Definition		
CNC Run	CNC instructions are enabled.		
Mode*1	The CNC instructions in the user program are interpreted to perform numerical control.		
	You can enable CNC Run Mode regardless of the operating mode of the NC Integrated Con-		
	troller.		

^{1.} This status can be monitored with the CNC Common Variable _CNC_COM.Status.RunMode.

5-2-2 Statuses of CNC Coordinate System

The status transitions of a CNC coordinate system are shown in the following figure.



- *1. Transition into this status occurs from any status when an error occurs in the CNC coordinate system.
- *2. Transition into this status occurs when the error is reset by the CNC_CoordReset or ResetCNCError instruction.

- *3. Transition into this status occurs when the *Done* output from the CNC_CoordStop instruction changes to TRUE and the *Execute* input is FALSE.
- *4. Transition into this status occurs according to the status of executing the NC program by the CNC_CoordControl instruction. Refer to *Section 8 Homing* on page 8-1 for details.
- *5. Transition into this status occurs when a certain CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed. Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-14 for details.

Status name	Definition		
Standby	In this status, no CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed. The status where the NC program is executed to a specific block line and stopped at a program point is also included.		
Moving	In this status, a CNC coordinate system motion instruction is running. Transition into the Standby status occurs when the instruction is completed or interrupted.		
Executing	In this status, an NC Program is being executed by the CNC_CoordControl instruction. However, the status where the process stops because of the held NC program is not included.		
Holding	In this status, the NC program is held and being stopped.		
Manual Op- eration While Hold- ing	In this status, the NC program is held and being stopped or a CNC coordinate system operation instruction is being executed. Transition into the Hold status occurs when the instruction is completed or interrupted.		
Deceleration Stopping	In this status, the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction is executing. The includes when <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the coordinate system is stopped due to the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop). In this state, it is not possible to execute a CNC instruction. If one is executed, <i>CommandAborted</i> (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE.		
Error Deceleration Stopping	In this status, an error has occurred in the CNC coordinate system. This included during execution of CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction, and when the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to stop due to an error on the coordinate system. It is not possible to execute CNC coordinate system instruction in this status. If an attempt is made to execute one of them, <i>CommandAborted</i> (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE.		

5-3 CNC System-defined Variables

This section describes variables that belong to the CNC Function Module.

5-3-1 Overview of CNC System-defined Variables

The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller is compliant with the IEC 61131-3 standard. Parameter settings, status information, and other data are handled as variables in the user program in the NJ/NY-series Controller.

Of these, system-defined variables that belong to the CNC Function Module are called *CNC system-defined variables*.

Types of CNC System-defined Variables

The following table lists the types of CNC system-defined variables.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
System-defined	CNC System-de-	CNC Common	Monitor the common status of the CNC Function
Variables	fined Variables	Variables	Module.
		CNC Motor Varia-	Monitor the status of each CNC motor and set-
		bles	tings of part of CNC motor parameters.
		CNC Coordinate	Monitor the status of each CNC coordinate sys-
		System Variables	tem and the setting of part of CNC coordinate
			system parameters.

CNC Common Variables

You can monitor the overall status of the CNC Function Module with the CNC Common Variable. The variable name is *_CNC_COM*.

CNC Motor Variables

Use these variables to handle EtherCAT slaves, Servo Drives (including Spindle Drives) and virtual CNC motors. You can use either the system-defined variables or the variables that are set on Sysmac Studio in the user program.

You can change any of the CNC Motor Variables names that you create on Sysmac Studio.

- Variable names in the system-defined variable: CNC Motor[0] to CNC Motor[31]
- Variable names created using Sysmac Studio: CNC_Motor000 to CNC_Motor031 (default)

CNC Coordinate System Variables

Use these variables to handle a CNC coordinate system composed of multiple CNC motors. You can use either the system-defined variables or the variables that are set on Sysmac Studio in the user program.

You can change any of the CNC Coordinate System Variable names that you create on Sysmac Studio.

- Variable names in the system-defined variable: _CNC_Coord[0] to _CNC_Coord[7]
- Variable names created using Sysmac Studio: CNC Coord000 to CNC Coord007 (default)

Data Types Used for CNC System-defined Variables

The types of CNC system-defined variables are basic data types and derivative data types.

Basic Data Types

Category	Data type	Size	Range of values	Notation
Boolean	BOOL	2*1	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE or TRUE
Integer	UINT	2	0 to +65,535	Binary expression: "2#" is prefixed to the
	UDINT	4	0 to +4,294,967,295	number. *2
				Octal notation: "8#" is prefixed to the
				number. *3
				Decimal notation: "10#" is prefixed to the
				number. *4
				Hexadecimal notation: "16#" is prefixed to
				the number. *5
				If you do not prefix any notation to a num-
				ber, that number is treated as a decimal
				number.
Real num-	LREAL	8	-1.79769313486231e+308 to	Written as (sign) + integer_part + (deci-
bers			-2.22507385850721e-308,	mal_point) + (decimal_part) + (exponent). *6
			0, 2.22507385850721e-308 to	
			1.79769313486231e+308,	You can omit items in parentheses.
			positive infinity, or negative infinity	
Duration*7	TIME	8	T#-9223372036854.775808ms	T#12d3h3s
*8			(T#-106751d_23h_47m_16s_854.775808	T#3s56ms
			ms) to T#+9223372036854.775807ms	TIME#6d_10m
			(T#	TIME#16d_5h_3m_4s
			+106751d_23h_47m_16s_854.775807ms	T#12d3.5h
)	T#10.12s
				T#61m5s (same as T#1h1m5s)
				TIME#25h_3m

- *1. BOOL data is only 1 bit in size but it takes up 2 bytes of memory.
- *2. Example of binary expression: 2#1111_1111, 2#1110_0000
- *3. Example of octal notation: 8#377, 8#340
- *4. Example of decimal notation: -12, 0, 123_456, +986, 10#1234
- *5. Example of hexadecimal notation: 16#FF, 16#ff, 16#E0, 16#e0
- *6. Example: 2, -12.0, 0.0, 0.4560, 3.14159 26, -1.34E-12, -1.34e-12, 1.0E+6, 1.0e+6, 1.234E6, 1.234e6
- *7. Use the NanoSecToTime and TimeToNanoSec instructions for conversion between durations and integer data. For details on instruction specifications, refer to the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)*, or the *NY-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W560)*.
- *8. Variables are compared with nanosecond precision for comparison instructions. To change the precision for comparison, use the TruncTime, TruncDt, or TruncTod instruction. For details on instruction specifications, refer to the *NJ/NX*-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502), or the NY-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W560).

Derivative Data Types

Туре	Description	
Enumerated data	This data type uses one item from a prepared name list as its value.	
type	Variables of this data type starts with "_e".	

Туре	Description
Structure data type	This data type consists of multiple data types placed together into a single layered
	structure.
	Variables with this data type start with "_s".

Attributes of CNC System-defined Variables

The attributes that are shown in the following table are the same for all CNC system-defined variables.

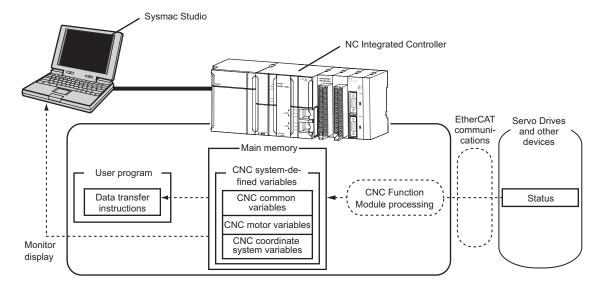
Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables		
Global/local	Global variable		
R/W access	_CNC_ComNCVar, _CNC_CoordNCVarX: Read/Write Other CNC system-defined variables: Read only		
Retain	Non-retain		
Network publish	Publish*1		
Usage in user program	Available		

^{*1.} Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are created when CNC motors or CNC coordinate systems were created on the Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

5-3-2 Mechanism of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC system-defined variables consist of information indicating the status of the CNC Function Module, status information on slave devices connected via EtherCAT communications, and some settings of the CNC motor parameters that are used to perform numerical control.

You can access the CNC system-defined variables as variables in a user program. You can also monitor them from Sysmac Studio.



Update Timing of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC system-defined variables are updated every primary task period.

5-3-3 Lists of CNC System-defined Variables

CNC Common Variable

The variable name _CNC_COM is used for CNC Common Variable. The data type is _sCNC_COM_REF, which is a structure variable.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC Common Variable and provides details on the members.

Var	iable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
CNC_COM		_sCNC_COM_REF	CNC Common Variable	
Status		_sCNC_COM_STA	CNC Common Status	
	RunMode	BOOL	CNC Run	TRUE during CNC Function Module operation.
PF	aultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Common Partial Fault	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC common partial fault.
	Code	WORD	CNC Common Partial Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC common partial fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
MF	aultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Common Minor Fault	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Minor Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC common minor fault.
	Code	WORD	CNC Common Minor Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC common minor fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
Ob	osr	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Common Observation	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Common Observation Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC common observation.
	Code	WORD	CNC Common Observation Code	Contains the code for a CNC common observation. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.

The attributes of the CNC Common Variable are shown in the following table.

Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables		
Global/local	Global variable		
R/W access	Read only		
Retain	Non-retain		
Network publish	Publish		
Usage in user program	Available		

CNC Coordinate System Variables

The variable name _CNC_Coord is used for CNC coordinate system variables. The data type is _sCNC_COORD_REF, which is a structure variable.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC coordinate system variable and provides details on the members.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
IC_Coord[07]	_sCNC_COORD_REF	CNC Coordinate System Variable	
Status	_sCNC_COORD_STA	CNC Coordinate System Status	
Ready	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Ready-to- execute	 TRUE if the composition CNC motor satisfies all of the following conditions: The home is defined for the positioning axis CNC motor. The Servo is locked for the positioning axis CNC motor. The Servo is locked for the spindle axis CNC motor. The CNC coordinate system is in a Standby status.
Standby	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Ready	TRUE when a CNC coordinate system motion instructions and the NC program stop, and when CNC coordinate system operations and the NC program are ready to start. The following CNC coordinate system statuses are mutually exclusive. Only one of them can be TRUE at a time. Standby, Moving, Executing, Hold, MovingOnHold, Stopping, or ErrorStop
Moving	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Moving	TRUE while a CNC operation instruction is executed from a Standby status. This also includes the in-position waiting status.
Executing	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Execution	TRUE during execution of the NC program. This also includes the in-position waiting status, a stop occurs due to dwelling, deceleration due to Hold, and acceleration after resuming operation from Hold.
Hold	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Holding	TRUE when operation stops due to Hold during execution of the NC program. This changes to FALSE when the NC Program is resumed or interrupted.
MovingOnHold	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Operation Holding	TRUE when a CNC coordinate system motion instruction is executed from a status where the NC program has stopped due to Hold. This also includes the in-position waiting status.

Va	ariable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
	Stopping	BOOL	Deceleration Stopping	TRUE until the CNC coordinate system stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. This includes a status where <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the CNC coordinate system stopped for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (CommandAborted is TRUE.)
	ErrorStop	BOOL	Error Deceleration Stopping	TRUE while the CNC coordinate system is stopping or stopped for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fault occurrence (when _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active is TRUE). No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (CommandAborted is TRUE.)
Sp	indle	_sCNC_SPINDLE_STA	Spindle Axis Status	
	Standby	BOOL	Standby	TRUE when the spindle axis stopped and is waiting for start-up from the NC program or a CNC instruction. TRUE also when the spindle axis is not assigned to the CNC coordinate system.
	CW	BOOL	Forward	TRUE when the spindle axis rotates clockwise (CW).
	CCW	BOOL	Reverse	TRUE when the spindle axis rotates counterclockwise (CCW).
	Orientation	BOOL	Orientation	TRUE when the spindle axis is in Spindle Orientation (M19).
	Tapping	BOOL	Tapping	TRUE when the spindle axis is in tapping cycle (G74, G84).
	Moving	BOOL	Spindle Axis Operating	TRUE when the spindle axis is operating, activated by CNC_Move or CNC_Home.
	Stopping	BOOL	Spindle Axis Stopping	TRUE until the CNC coordinate system stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. This includes a status where <i>Execute</i> is TRUE after the CNC coordinate system stopped for the CNC_CoordStop instruction. No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (CommandAborted is TRUE.)

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
ErrorStop	BOOL	Error Stop	TRUE while the CNC coordinate system is stopping or stopped for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fault occurrence (when _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active is TRUE). No CNC coordinate system motion instruction can be executed in this state. (CommandAborted is TRUE.)
Details	_sCNC_COORD_DET	CNC Coordinate System Control Sta- tus	
Idle	BOOL	Standby	TRUE when processing is not currently performed for the command value, except when waiting for in-position state. Processing status include operation at velocity 0, stop processing when an error occurs, and operating status of the CNC coordinate system.
Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when the homes of all the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes are defined.
InPos	BOOL	In-position Completed	TRUE when all the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes satisfy the inposition conditions.
VelLimit	BOOL	Velocity Limit Over	TRUE when <i>VelLimit</i> of any of the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes is TRUE.
Feedrate	_sCNC_FEEDRATE	CNC Coordinate System Interpolation Velocity	
CmdVel	LREAL	Current Command Interpolation Velocity	Contains the current value of the command interpolation velocity for the X-, Y- and Z-axes.
ActVel	LREAL	Feedback Current Interpolation Velocity	Contains the current value of the feed-back interpolation velocity for the X-, Y-, and Z-axes.
AxCmdPos	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Command Position for CNC Coordinate System	
X	LREAL	X-axis Position	Shows the command position (tool cen-
Υ	LREAL	Y-axis Position	ter point) of each axis according to the
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Position	currently valid CNC coordinate system
Α	LREAL	A-axis Position	parameters. *1
В	LREAL	B-axis Position	This also shows a position offset from
С	LREAL	C-axis Position	the center of the tool during tool radius compensation.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
AxProgPos	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Target Position for CNC Coordinate System	
X	LREAL	X-axis Position	Shows the target program position on
Y	LREAL	Y-axis Position	each axis of an NC program execution
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Position	block.
A	LREAL	A-axis Position	Unit: Axis command units
В	LREAL	B-axis Position	
С	LREAL	C-axis Position	
AxDistanceToGo	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Remaining Travel Distance in the CNC Coordinate System	
X	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in X-axis	Shows the remaining travel distance to the target position on each axis of an
Υ	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in Y-axis	NC program execution block. *2 Unit: Axis command units
Z	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in Z-axis	
А	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in A-axis	
В	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in B-axis	
С	LREAL	Remaining Travel Distance in C-axis	
AxActPos	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Feedback Current Position for CNC Co- ordinate System	
X	LREAL	X-axis Position	Shows the feedback current position
Υ	LREAL	Y-axis Position	(tool center point) of each axis according
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Position	to the current CNC coordinate system
А	LREAL	A-axis Position	parameters. *1
В	LREAL	B-axis Position	Unit: Axis command units
С	LREAL	C-axis Position	
AxCmdVel	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Command Current Velocity for CNC Co- ordinate System	
X	LREAL	X-axis Velocity	Shows the current value of the com-
Υ	LREAL	Y-axis Velocity	mand velocity of each axis according to
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Velocity	the current CNC coordinate system pa-
	LREAL	A-axis Velocity	rameters.
A			Unit: Avic command units
В	LREAL	B-axis Velocity	Unit: Axis command units 0 is output if no CNC motor is assigned

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
AxActVel	_sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA	Feedback Current Velocity for CNC Co- ordinate System	
X	LREAL	X-axis Velocity	Shows the current velocity of each axis
Υ	LREAL	Y-axis Velocity	according to the current CNC coordinate
Z	LREAL	Z-axis Velocity	system settings. Unit: Axis command units
Α	LREAL	A-axis Velocity	Offic. Axis command units
В	LREAL	B-axis Velocity	
С	LREAL	C-axis Velocity	
MFaultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault	
Active	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate system minor fault.
Code	WORD	CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC coordinate system minor fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
Obsr	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Coordinate System Observation	
Active	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System Observation Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate system observation.
Code	WORD	CNC Coordinate System Observation Code	Contains the code for CNC coordinate system observation. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
Cfg	_sCNC_COORD_CFG	CNC Coordinate System Basic Pa- rameters	
CoordNo	UINT	CNC Coordinate System Number	Shows the logical number of the CNC coordinate system.
CoordEnable	_eCNC_COORD_USE	Using CNC Coordinate System	Shows whether to use the CNC coordinate system. 0: _cncNoneCoord (Undefined CNC coordinate system) 1: _cncUnusedICoord (Unused CNC coordinate system) 2: _cncUsedCoord (Used CNC coordinate system)
PosMotorNum	PosMotorNum UINT PosAxes _ ARRAY [015] OF _ sCNC_AXIS_ASSIGN		Shows the number of CNC motors that are assigned to positioning axes.
PosAxes			Shows the assignment of CNC motors to respective positioning axes of the CNC coordinate system.
MotorNo	UINT	Positioning Axis Composition CNC Motor Number	Shows the CNC motor numbers that are assigned to positioning axes. 65535: No assignment

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
AxType	_eCNC_AXIS_TYPE	Positioning Axis Composition CNC Motor Assignment Type	Shows the assigned axis type. The value is 0 for no assignmentcncAxisX = 0 _cncAxisY = 1 _cncAxisZ = 2 _cncAxisA = 3 _cncAxisB = 4 _cncAxisC = 5 _cncAxisGantrySlaveX := 200 _cncAxisGantrySlaveY := 201 _cncAxisGantrySlaveZ := 202
SpindleAxes	ARRAY [03] OF _sCNC_AXIS_ASSIGN	Spindle Axis CNC Motor Assignment	Shows the assignment of a CNC motor to the spindle axis of the CNC coordinate system.
MotorNo	UINT	Spindle Axis CNC Motor Number	Shows the number of the CNC motor that is assigned as the spindle axis. 65535: No assignment
AxType	_eCNC_AXIS_TYPE	Spindle Axis CNC Motor Assignment Type	Shows the assigned axis type. The value is 100 for no assignmentcncAxisSpindle = 100

^{*1.} When two or more CNC motors are assigned to the same axis, the value of each current position is calculated on the basis of the current position of CNC motor with the lowest motor number.

The attributes of the CNC coordinate system variables are shown in the following table.

Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish*1
Usage in user program	Available

^{*1.} Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are created when the CNC coordinate system was created on Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

CNC Motor Variables

The variable name _CNC_Motor is used for CNC motor variables. The data type is _sCNC_MOTOR REF, which is a structure.

This section describes the configuration of the CNC motor variables and provides details on the members.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_Motor[031]	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF	CNC Motor Variables	

^{*2.} AxDistanceToGo (Remaining Travel Distance in the CNC Coordinate System) is derived from the difference between AxProgPos (Target Position for CNC Coordinate System) and AxCmdPos (Command Position for CNC Coordinate System). When you execute a G code for converting the coordinate system such as mirroring, rotation, or work offset, the coordinate system to be referenced is different between the target program position on each axis and the commanded position on each axis. Consequently, no correct value will be output from immediately after the coordinate system conversion is executed until the next target program position on each axis is determined.

Variable name		Data type	Meaning	Function
De	tails	_sCNC_MOTOR_DET	CNC Motor Control Status	
	Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when the home is defined. FALSE: Home not defined. TRUE: Home is defined.
	SoftLimitPosi	BOOL	Positive Software Overtravel Limit	TRUE when exceeding the positive software overtravel limit of the commanded position is detected.*1
	SoftLimitNega	BOOL	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	TRUE when exceeding the negative software overtravel limit of the commanded position is detected.*1
	InPos	BOOL	In-position Completed	TRUE when the in-position conditions are satisfied.
				Shows the number of remaining cycles of in-position monitoring. The default is the setting Number of In-position Continuance Cycles. When the following four conditions are satisfied at the same time, in-position monitoring starts and this value is decremented by one every control period. a. The Servo of the CNC motor is being locked. b. The CNC motor commanded velocity is 0. c. No operation and dwell commands are given to the CNC motor. d. The absolute value of difference between the commanded position and current position of the CNC motor is within or below the in-position check range. InPos is TRUE if this value is 0 and conditions (a) to (d) are satisfied.
	VelLimit	BOOL	Velocity Limit Over	TRUE when the command velocity exceeds the maximum velocity. The monitoring is performed only in the servo lock state.*2
Dir		_sCNC_MOTOR_DIR	Command Direction	
	Posi	BOOL	Positive Direction	TRUE when there is a command in the positive direction.
	Nega	BOOL	Negative Direction	TRUE when there is a command in the negative direction.
Dr	/Status	_sCNC_MOTOR_STA_DRV	Servo Drive Status	
[ServoOn	BOOL	Servo ON	TRUE when the Servomotor is powered.
Ī	Ready	BOOL	Servo Ready	TRUE when the Servo is ready*3.
	MainPower	BOOL	Main Power	TRUE when the Servo Drive main power is ON.
	P_OT	BOOL	Positive Limit Input	TRUE when the positive limit input is enabled.

Va	ariable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
	N_OT	BOOL	Negative Limit Input	TRUE when the negative limit input is enabled.
	HomeSw	BOOL	Home Proximity Input	TRUE when the home proximity input is enabled.
	ImdStop	BOOL	Immediate Stop Input	TRUE when the immediate stop input is enabled.
•	Latch1	BOOL	External Latch Input	TRUE when latch input 1 is enabled.
	Latch2	BOOL	External Latch Input	TRUE when latch input 2 is enabled.
	DrvAlarm	BOOL	Driver Error Input	TRUE while there is a Servo Drive error.
	DrvWarning	BOOL	Driver Warning Input	TRUE while there is a driver warning.
	ILA	BOOL	Driver Internal Limiting	TRUE when the Servo Drive limiting function actually limits the axis. This corresponds to one of the following limits in the G5-series Servo Drive.*4 Torque limits, velocity limit, drive prohibit inputs, software limits
Cm	nd	_sCNC_MOTOR_CMD_DA-	CNC Motor Com- mand Value	inputs, software limits
	Pos	LREAL	Command Current Position	Contains the current value of the commanded position. This variable contains the feedback current position while the Servo is OFF. (Unit: Motor command units)*5
	Vel	LREAL	Command Current Velocity	Contains the current value of the commanded velocity. (Unit: Motor command units/min)
	CompPos	LREAL	Current Compensation Position	Contains the current compensation position. (Unit: Motor command units/min)
Act	t	_sCNC_MOTOR_ACT_DA- TA	CNC Motor Current Value	
	Pos	LREAL	Feedback Current Position	Contains the feedback current position. (Unit: Motor command units)
	Vel	LREAL	Feedback Current Velocity	Contains the feedback current position. (Unit: Motor command units/min)
	Trq	LREAL	Feedback Current Torque	Contains the current value of the feed-back torque. (Unit: %) A plus sign is added during travel in the positive direction, and a minus sign during travel in the negative direction.
MF	aultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Minor Fault	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Motor Minor Fault Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC motor minor fault.
	Code	WORD	CNC Motor Minor Fault Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor minor fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.

Variable name		Data type	Meaning	Function
Obsr		_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Observation	
	Active	BOOL	CNC Motor Observation Occurrence	TRUE while there is a CNC motor observation.
	Code	WORD	CNC Motor Observation Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor observation. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
Cf	g	_sCNC_MOTOR_CFG	CNC Motor Basic Settings	Gives the settings of the CNC motor basic parameters.
	MotorNo	UINT	CNC Motor Number	Shows the logical number of the CNC motor.
	MotorEnable	_eCNC_MOTOR_USE	CNC Motor Use	Shows whether to use the CNC motor. 0: _cncNoneMotor (Undefined CNC motor) 1: _cncUnusedMotor (Unused CNC motor) 2: _cncUsedMotor (Used CNC motor)
	Virtual	BOOL	Virtual CNC Motor	Shows whether the CNC motor is virtual.
	CoordNo	UINT	CNC Coordinate System Number to which CNC Motors are Assigned	Shows the logical number of the CNC coordinate system.

- *1. In *Executing*, the CNC motor commanded position does not exceed the software overtravel limit. The path is limited or stopped on the software overtravel limit. However, the *SoftLimitPosi* and *SoftLimitNega* change to TRUE in that status. When it is not *Executing* while the *SoftLimitPosi* and *SoftLimitNega* are TRUE, they change to FALSE.
- *2. This variable is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds the maximum velocity by one pulse or more.
- *3. This variable is TRUE when the PDS state of the Servo Drive is either *Ready to switch on*, *Switched on* or *Operation enabled* and the main circuit power supply (voltage enabled) is ON.

 For details on the PDS status, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)* or *NY-series Industrial Panel PC/Industrial Box PC Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W559)*.
- *4. This variable gives the status of bit 11 (internal limit enabled) in the Status Word (6041 hex) that is mapped to a PDO. The conditions for this variable to change to TRUE depend on the specifications of the Servo Drive. Refer to the manual for the connected Servo Drive for details.
- *5. If the Axis Assignment Type is set to **2: Spindle axis** and open loop control is applied with the following functions, the feedback current position is replicated for the commanded position. For a virtual motor, however, the commanded position is output as is the case when CNC_Move is used for operation.
 - CNC_SpindleGo
 - Spindle CW (M03)
 - Spindle CCW (M04)

The attributes of the CNC motor variable are shown in the following table.

Attribute type	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish ^{*1}
Usage in user program	Available

^{*1.} Variables are published on the network using the names of the system-defined variables. The variable names that are defined when the CNC motors were created on Sysmac Studio are not published on the network.

Relationship between CNC Motor Variables and Enabled Virtual CNC Motors

CNC motor variables are enabled or disabled depending on the virtual CNC motor settings. Disabled members are FALSE or 0.

Va	ariable name	Data type	Meaning	Physical CNC mo- tor	Virtual CNC Mo- tor
NC	_Motor[031]	_sCNC_MOTOR_REF	CNC Motor Variables		
De	etails	_sCNC_MOTOR_DET	CNC Motor Control Status		
	Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	Enabled	Enabled
	SoftLimitPosi	BOOL	Positive Software Overtra- vel Limit	Enabled	Enabled
	SoftLimitNega	BOOL	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	Enabled	Enabled
	InPos	BOOL	In-position Completed	Enabled	Enabled
	InPosTimer	UINT	In-position Check Timer	Enabled	Enabled
	VelLimit	BOOL	Velocity Limit Over	Enabled	Enabled
Di	r	_sCNC_MOTOR_DIR	Command Direction	Enabled	
	Posi	BOOL	Positive Direction	Enabled	Enabled
	Nega	BOOL	Negative Direction	Enabled	Enabled
Dr	vStatus	_sCNC_MO- TOR_STA_DRV	Servo Drive Status		
	ServoOn	BOOL	Servo ON	Enabled	Enabled
	Ready	BOOL	Servo Ready	Enabled	Always TRUE
	MainPower	BOOL	Main Power	Enabled	Always TRUE
	P_OT	BOOL	Positive Limit Input	Enabled	
	N_OT	BOOL	Negative Limit Input	Enabled	
	HomeSw	BOOL	Home Proximity Input	Enabled	
	ImdStop	BOOL	Immediate Stop Input	Enabled	
	Latch1	BOOL	External Latch Input 1	Enabled	
	Latch2	BOOL	External Latch Input 2	Enabled	
	DrvAlarm	BOOL	Driver Error Input	Enabled	
	DrvWarning	BOOL	Driver Warning Input	Enabled	
	ILA	BOOL	Driver Internal Limiting	Enabled	
Cr	nd	_sCNC_MO- TOR_CMD_DATA	CNC Motor Command Value		
	Pos	LREAL	Command Current Position	Enabled	Enabled
	Vel	LREAL	Command Current Velocity	Enabled	Enabled
	CompPos	LREAL	Current Compensation Position	Enabled	Enabled
Ac	ot .	_sCNC_MOTOR_ACT_DA- TA	CNC Motor Current Value		
	Pos	LREAL	Feedback Current Position	Enabled	Enabled
	Vel	LREAL	Feedback Current Velocity	Enabled	Enabled
	Trq	LREAL	Feedback Current Torque	Enabled	

Variable name		Data type	Data type Meaning		Virtual CNC Mo- tor
M	FaultLvl	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Minor Fault		
	Active	BOOL	CNC Motor Minor Fault Occurrence	Enabled	Enabled
	Code	WORD	CNC Motor Minor Fault Code	Enabled	Enabled
Ol	osr	_sCNC_REF_EVENT	CNC Motor Observation		
	Active	BOOL	CNC Motor Observation Occurrence	Enabled	Enabled
	Code	WORD	CNC Motor Observation Code	Enabled	Enabled
Cf	g	_sCNC_MOTOR_CFG	CNC Motor Basic Settings		
	MotorNo	UINT	CNC Motor Number	Enabled	Enabled
	MotorEnable	_eCNC_MOTOR_USE	CNC Motor Use	Enabled	Enabled
	Virtual	BOOL	Virtual CNC Motor	Enabled	Enabled
	CoordNo	UINT	CNC Coordinate System Number to which CNC Motors are Assigned	Enabled	Enabled

Other System-defined Variables for CNC Function Module

This section describes other system-defined variables other than CNC common variables, CNC coordinate system variables, and CNC motor variables.

Variable for Monitoring CNC Planner Service Execution Time

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_ServiceLastEx-	TIME	Previous CNC Planner	Shows the last execution time of the CNC Planner Serv-
ecTime ^{*1}		Service Execution Time	ice.*2
_CNC_ServiceMaxEx-	TIME	Maximum CNC Planner	Contains the maximum value of the task execution
ecTime ^{*1}		Service Execution Time	time.*2
_CNC_ServiceMinEx-	TIME	Minimum CNC Planner	Contains the minimum value of the task execution
ecTime ^{*1}		Service Execution Time	time.*2
_CNC_ServiceExec-	UDINT	CNC Planner Service Ex-	Contains the number of executions of the task.
Count*1		ecution Count	If 4,294,967,295 is exceeded, the value returns to 0 and
			counting is continued.
_CNC_ServiceExceed-	BOOL	CNC Planner Service Pe-	TRUE if the task period was exceeded.
ed*1		riod Exceeded Flag	FALSE if task execution was completed within the task
			period.
_CNC_ServiceExceed-	UDINT	CNC Planner Service Ex-	Stores the number of times that the task period is ex-
Count*1		ceeded Count	ceeded.
			If the current value exceeds 4,294,967,295, the value re-
			turns to 0 and counting continues.

^{*1.} These variables can be reset from the Task Execution Time Monitor on Sysmac Studio. The variables are also reset when NC Integrated Controller Mode is changed.

^{*2.} The TIME data type can express time in units of nanoseconds, however, the effective accuracy of this variable is in units of one microsecond.

The attributes of the variable for Monitoring CNC Planner Service Execution Time are shown in the following table.

Туре	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish
Usage in user program	Available

NC Program Variable Monitoring

These system-defined variables are for monitoring variables used in NC programs. With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control program.

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_ComNCVar	ARRAY[0.32767] OF LREAL	P variable monitor	Displays the areas made public to users (P0 to P32767) for P variables.
_CNC_CoordNCVar0	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Co- ordinate System No.0	Displays the areas made public to users (Q0 to Q4095) for Q variables.
_CNC_CoordNCVar1	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Co- ordinate System No.1	
_CNC_CoordNCVar2	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Co- ordinate System No.2	
_CNC_CoordNCVar3	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Co- ordinate System No.3	
_CNC_CoordNCVar4	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Coordinate System No.4	
_CNC_CoordNCVar5	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Coordinate System No.5	
_CNC_CoordNCVar6	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Coordinate System No.6	
_CNC_CoordNCVar7	ARRAY[04095] OF LREAL	Q Variable Monitor for CNC Coordinate System No.7	

The attributes of the NC program variable monitoring are shown in the following table.

Туре	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	global variable
R/W access	CNC Ver.1.00: Read only
	CNC Ver.1.01 and later: Read/Write
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Publish
Usage in user program	Available



Precautions for Correct Use

- With CNC version 1.00, use this system-defined variable for the purpose of monitoring debugs such as Watch Tab Page and data racing.
- With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control
 program. While the NC program execution is in progress, you need to interlock the NC program and the sequence control program with M codes and control the write timing in order to
 prevent data from writing from both programs at the same time.
- The execution priority differs between the CNC Planner Service where NC programs are
 processed and the primary periodic task where the sequence control program is running. For
 this reason, writing multiple blocks may not be updated at the same timing when they are referenced from the sequence control program. To maintain the concurrency, make sure to interlock the sequence control program with M codes. Refer to 6-1 M Codes on page 6-2 for
 details on the interlock procedure with M codes.



Version Information

With CNC version 1.01 or higher, these variables can be written from the sequence control program. It is useful for writing multi-point data such as a point table from the sequence control program all at once before executing the NC program.

CNC Error Status Variables

Variable name	Data type	Meaning	Function
_CNC_ErrSta	WORD	CNC Function Module	Shows the status of errors that are detected in the CNC
		Error Status	Function Module.
_CNC_ComErrSta	WORD	CNC Common Error	Shows the status of errors that are detected by common
		Status	processing in the CNC Function Module.
_CNC_CoordErrSta	ARRAY [07]	CNC Coordinate Sys-	Shows the status of errors that are detected for each
	OF WORD	tem Error Status	CNC coordinate system. Up to eight coordinate systems
			are displayed.
_CNC_MotorErrSta	ARRAY	CNC Motor Error Sta-	Shows the status of errors that are detected for each
	[031] OF	tus	CNC motor. Up to 32 CNC motors are displayed.
	WORD		

The attributes of the CNC error status variable are shown in the following table.

Туре	Attributes of CNC system-defined variables
Global/local	Global variable
R/W access	Read only
Retain	Non-retain
Network publish	Published
Usage in user program	Available

5-4 CNC Motor Compensation Table

This section describes the CNC motor compensation table.

The CNC Function Module uses the CNC motor compensation table parameter settings that you created using the CNC Motor Compensation Table Editor of Sysmac Studio as CNC motor compensation tables.

The CNC motor compensation table data is handled as data variables for CNC motor compensation table in the NJ/NY-series Controller.

5-4-1 Editing the CNC Motor Compensation Table

The CNC motor compensation table function compensates geometrical inclinations, bends, and deviations of individual machine tools. The CNC motor compensation table can be edited in Sysmac Studio and CNC Operator.

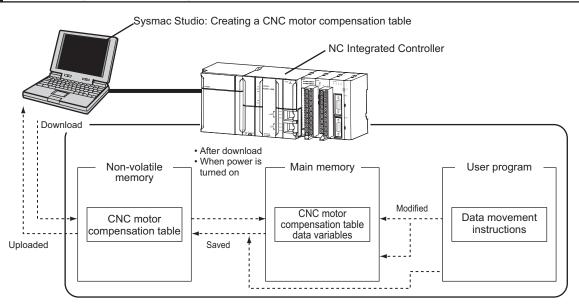
According to a CNC motor compensation table that you created on Sysmac Studio, data variables for CNC motor compensation table are generated. The data variables for CNC motor compensation table only represent data columns of the CNC motor compensation table. The data variables for CNC motor compensation table are global, which can be edited from the sequence control program.

Variable Definition

Configuration element	Description
Variable name	User-defined on Sysmac Studio
Variable type	REAL array type*1
Variable scope	Global
Network publish	Read and write

^{*1.} The array size is variable.

Creating and Saving CNC Motor Compensation Table



5-4-2 Edit

CNC motor compensation table variables that can referenced from the sequence control program are generated. However, the variables only contain data columns and do not include settings such as source motor numbers and target motor numbers.

Typically, geometrical differences are obtained by using an external measuring instrument, and the CNC motor compensation table is output as a file in CSV or another format. For the NJ series, the CSV file is placed on the SD Memory Card. It is placed on the Virtual SD Memory Card for the NY-series. Then the differences are read from the sequence control program, and the file is transferred to CNC motor compensation table data.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Editing the CNC motor compensation table while a CNC motor is running will cause a critical problem. Disable the CNC motor compensation table once if you want to edit it.
- When cycle the power supply, or when data is downloaded from Sysmac Studio, CNC motor compensation table data that you edited by the sequence control program is overwritten by the data stored in the non-volatile memory. You cannot upload these data by using Sysmac Studio.

5-4-3 Enabling/Disabling CNC Motor Compensation Table

When you created a CNC motor compensation table on the Sysmac Studio and transferred it, the table is automatically enabled.

If you want to disable the CNC motor compensation table, rewrite the compensation scale to 0 with the CNC Write instruction. To enable it again, rewrite it to 1 with the CNC Write instruction.

Refer to *5-4-8 Basic Settings* on page 5-26 for information about the compensation scale. Refer to the *Section 13 Common Command Instructions* on page 13-1 for how to use the CNC_Write instruction.

When the compensation scale is rewritten, the compensation value is reflected on the position the slave is commanded in the control period.

For example, if the compensation value is 100 mm, the command position moves 100 mm per control period. It is recommended that you rewrite the scale with values incremented or decremented step-by-step over several periods if the target value is not minute.

5-4-4 Saving

The CNC Function Module does not include a function of automatically saving the CNC motor compensation table.

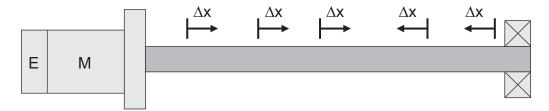
Create a user program that makes a CSV file then saves it to the SD Memory Card, and reads the file from the SD Memory Card when cycling the power supply.

5-4-5 Functions and Purposes of CNC Motor Compensation Table

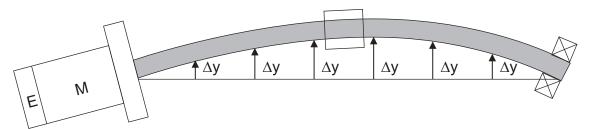
The compensation table function compensates the travel distance of a specific CNC motor or other CNC motors according to the commanded position of the CNC motor.

If there is a position-related error between an actual machine tool and a program, the function compensates the mechanical error as shown in the following figures.

Example of error 1: Shows a mechanical error generated when the rotation of a ball screw assigned to the X-axis is converted into translatory movement.



Example of error 2: Shows a mechanical error caused by a deflection in the Y-axis.



5-4-6 Terminology

Term	Description
CNC motor compen-	A data table on which compensation table points are aligned in equal intervals from the source
sation table	compensation point that is set to current position 0, the initial point. It is represented as a two-di-
	mensional array of the target compensation value and the source compensation point of compen-
	sation table points.
	This is often referred to as Compensation table.
Source CNC motor	A CNC motor of input source for determining the compensation value by the compensation table.

Term	Description
Target CNC motor	A CNC motor to be compensated with the source data and CNC motor compensation table. The source CNC motor can also be the target CNC motor.
Source compensa- tion section	Shows a section in which to perform compensation on the source CNC motor.
Source compensa- tion point	Shows a relative distance from the start position of the source compensation section. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the source CNC motor.
Target compensation value	Shows a compensation value of the target CNC motor position at the source compensation point. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the target CNC motor.
Compensation table point	Data on a set of the source compensation point and target compensation value. This shows the target compensation value of a position on the source CNC motor.
Compensation table point span	Shows an interval between the compensation table points that are adjacent to each other. The compensation table point spans are equally aligned.
Motor current com- pensation position	A value that stores the compensation amount internally for each CNC motor based on the compensation table.
	The value is edited from multiple CNC motor compensation tables when the multiple CNC motor compensation tables are used to compensate a single CNC motor as the target.

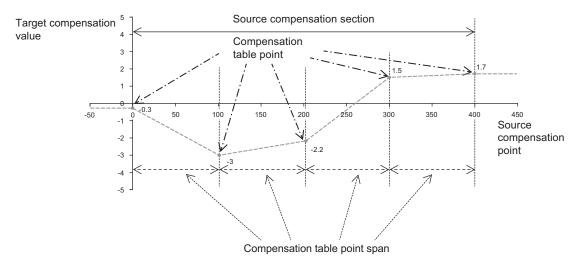
5-4-7 Outline

In the CNC Function Module of CNC motor compensation table points, a compensation table point is the combination of a source compensation point and target compensation value.

The CNC motor compensation table is represented by a data table as shown in the following.

Source compensation point	Target compensation value
0.0	-0.3
100.0	-3.0
200.0	-2.2
300.0	1.5
400.0	1.7

The following graph shows a CNC motor compensation table in which the horizontal axis represents the source compensation point, and the vertical axis the target compensation value.

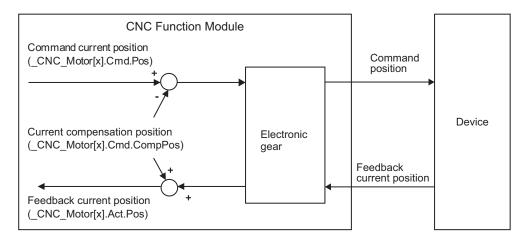


Note When executing "linear interpolation" between compensation table points, they are interpolated with straight lines as shown by dotted lines.

The target compensation value is calculated from the source CNC motor position and compensation table value every control period, and output to the *CNC motor current compensation position* of each CNC motor.

In the control period, the value of feedback position in the CNC motor variable (_CNC_Motor[x].Cmd.Pos) does not make any noticeable changes. To the Servo Drive and Spindle Drive, however, the commanded position is output as a value subtracted by the CNC motor current compensation position.

The value of the feedback position of CNC motor variable (_CNC_Motor[x].Act.Pos) is a value output from the actual Servo Drive and Spindle Drive to which the CNC motor current compensation position is added.



The processing enables you to match the position of CNC motor in the program with that of the actual machine.



Precautions for Correct Use

To calculate the target compensation value, the current position value specified for the source position is used as it is. Accordingly, edit and enable the CNC motor compensation table after home is determined.

5-4-8 Basic Settings

Create a CNC motor compensation table with the CNC Motor Compensation Table Editor of Sysmac Studio.

After you create a CNC motor compensation table, configure the basic settings of the CNC compensation table before inputting a compensation value. This section describes the basic setting items.

Parameter name	Description	Setting range	De- fault
CNC Motor Compensation Table Number	A logical number of a CNC motor compensation table. It must not be duplicated with a number used for another CNC motor compensation table.	0 to (Maximum number of CNC motor compen- sation tables) - 1	
Source CNC Motor Number	A CNC motor of input source for determining the compensation value by the CNC motor compensation table. Only one can be selected.	Number of CNC motors created	

Parameter name	Description	Setting range	De- fault
Target CNC Motor Number	A CNC motor to be compensated with the source data and compensation data table. The source CNC motor can also be the target CNC motor. Only one can be selected.	Number of CNC motors in the same CNC coordinate system.	
Compensation Scailing	Specify a coefficient that multiplies the compensation value calculated in the CNC motor compensation table. Specifying <i>0</i> disables compensation.	0 to 2.0	1.0
Source Compensation Start Position	Shows the absolute start position of a source compensation section. (Unit: Source motor command units)	Positive long reals or 0	0
Source Compensation Section Distance	Shows a relative distance between the source compensation start position and the absolute position at which the source compensation section ends. (Unit: Source motor command units)	Positive long reals or 0	100
Number of Compensation Table Point Sections	Shows the number of source compensation points generated by dividing a source section distance. The number of arrays for the CNC motor compensation table is calculated in the following formula. (Source section distance / Number of compensation table point sections) + 1	1 to 65,534	4
Source Reference Position	Select whether to reference the commanded position or the feedback position for the source CNC motor.	0: Command position 1: Feedback position	0
Compensation Output Method	Select whether to Overwrite or Add the CNC motor current compensation position. Select Overwrite in most cases. However, when compensating a single target CNC motor by using multiple CNC motor compensation tables, you can Select Overwrite for Compensation Output Method of the least compensation table number, and select Add for that of remaining tables, so that multiple compensations are possible.	0: Overwrite 1: Add	0
Repetition Mode	Select a compensation mode for outside of the source compensation section. No repetition Retains the target compensation value of both ends for outside of the source compensation section. *1 Repetition Repeats compensation according to the CNC motor compensation table for each source compensation section distance, for outside of the source compensation section.	0: No repetition 1: Repetition	0
Table Point In- terpolation Method	Select whether to set the interpolation between CNC motor compensation table points to the 1st-order or 3rd-order. If the 1st-order interpolation is selected, liner interpolation applies to CNC motor compensation table data items. This makes the compensation positions continuous, however, the velocities are discontinuous. If the 3rd-order interpolation is selected, the tertiary interpolation applies to CNC motor compensation table data items. This makes the compensation positions continuous and velocity variation smooth. However, this interpolation will take approximately double the calculation time that is required for the Primary interpolation. *1	0: 1st-order interpolation 1: 3rd-order interpolation	0

^{*1.} If **0: No repetition** and **1: 3rd-order interpolation** are set, there are sections where the target compensation value varies before and after the source compensation section to make the velocities continuous.



Precautions for Correct Use

When **Add** is selected for Compensation Output Method, make sure that multiple CNC motor compensation tables are used for a single target CNC motor, and that the CNC motor compensation table number is not the least value.

If Add is selected in other conditions, the compensation value continues to be added every control period. Consequently, the compensation value becomes excessively large and an unintended motion may result.

Setting basic settings determines the size of the CNC motor compensation table array, and the value of source compensation point for each CNC motor compensation table point.

Source compensation point	Target compensation value
0.0	0.0
Source Compensation Section*1	0.0
Source Compensation Section*1	0.0
	0.0
Source Compensation Section Distance	0.0

^{*1.} Source section range = Source compensation section distance / Number of compensation table point sections

Then set the target compensation value in each CNC motor compensation table point.

Parameter name	Description	Setting range	Default
Target Compensation Value	Shows a compensation value of the target CNC motor position at the source compensation point. This is a value set in the motor command unit system of the target CNC motor.	Range of single- precision reals*1	0.0

^{*1. -∞} and +∞ are excluded.

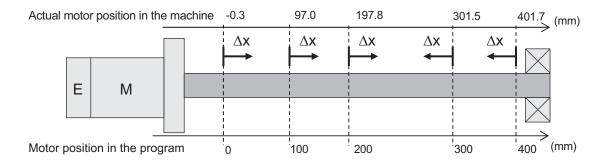
5-4-9 Setting Example

This section describes the method to set the CNC motor compensation table.

Examples of *Ball Screw Pitch Compensation*, *Ball Screw Deflection*, and *Rotary Table Compensation* are provided.

Ball Screw Pitch Compensation

Suppose that you executed the operation command for five points on the X-axis from absolute position 0 mm to 400 mm at 100 mm intervals, and measured X-axis positions of the actual machine tool. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors caused by displacement of the ball screw pitch.



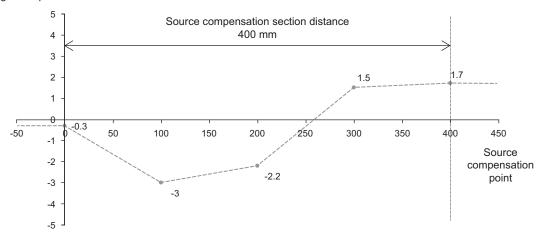
Use the CNC motor compensation table to cancel the error and match the positions in the program with those of the actual machine.

First, input the basic settings.

Setting	Value
Source CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Target CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Source Compensation Start Position	0 (mm)
Source Compensation Section Distance	400 (mm)
Number of Compensation Table Point Sections	4
Source Reference Position	0: Command position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	0: No repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	0: 1st-order interpolation

Then set the displacement of each measurement point (Measured position - Position in the program) for each target compensation value.

Target compensation value



Source compensation point (mm)	Target compensation value (mm)
0.0	-0.3
100.0	-3.0
200.0	-2.2
300.0	1.5
400.0	1.7

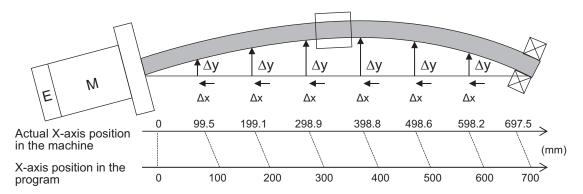
Ball Screw Deflection Compensation

Suppose that CNC motor 0 is assigned to the X-axis, and CNC motor 1 to the Y-axis. The CNC motor in the X-axis direction deflects in the Y-axis direction.

In this case, use two CNC motor compensation tables. The first one compensates the deflection in the X-axis direction. The second one compensates the deflection in the Y-axis direction.

Compensation in the X-axis direction

Suppose that, without moving the Y-axis from 0 mm, you executed the operation command for eight points on the X-axis from absolute position 0 mm to 700 mm at 100 mm intervals, and measured the X-axis position of the actual tool machine at each point. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors caused by displacement of the ball screw pitch.



The following table shows the basic settings of the first CNC motor compensation table (number 0) and CNC motor compensation table data.

The settings must be set in the same way as you did for Ball Screw Pitch Compensation as described in the previous section.

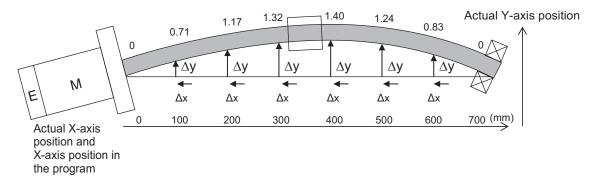
Setting	Value
CNC Motor Compensation Table Number	0
Source CNC Motor Number	0 (CNC_Motor000)
Target CNC Motor Number	0 (CNC_Motor000)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Source Compensation Start Position	0 (mm)
Source Compensation Section Distance	700 (mm)
Number of Compensation Table Point Sections	7
Source Reference Position	0: Command position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	0: No repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	1: 3rd-order interpolation

Source compensation point (mm)	Target compensation value (mm)
0.0	0
100.0	-0.5
200.0	-0.9
300.0	-1.1
400.0	-1.2
500.0	-1.4

Source compensation point (mm)	Target compensation value (mm)
600.0	-1.8
700.0	-2.5

Compensation in the Y-axis direction

Measure eight points with CNC motor compensation table number 0 enabled, and obtain the following errors in the Y-axis direction.



Set the basic settings and compensation table data settings for the second CNC motor compensation table (number 1).

This table differs from the first CNC motor compensation table in the following two points:

- The source CNC motor and the target CNC motor are different.
- The source reference position is set to 1: Feedback position.

Setting	Value
CNC Motor Compensation Table Number	1
Source CNC Motor Number	0 (CNC_Motor000)
Compensation Scailing	1.0
Target CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Source Compensation Start Position	0 (mm)
Source Compensation Section Distance	700 (mm)
Number of Compensation Table Point Sections	7
Source Reference Position	1: Feedback position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	0: No repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	1: 3rd-order interpolation

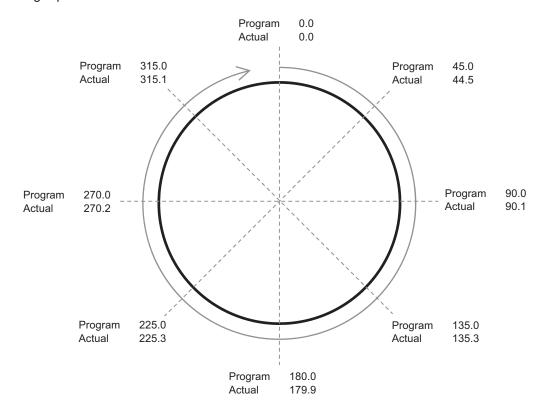
Source Compensation Point (mm)	Target Compensation Value (mm)
0.0	0.0
100.0	0.71
200.0	1.17
300.0	1.32
400.0	1.40
500.0	1.24
600.0	0.83
700.0	0.0

With these settings, the position set to the input source in the second CNC motor compensation table is the X position, a position of the actual machine that was compensated in the first CNC motor compensation table.

When you move the X-axis in the positive direction without moving the Y-axis from 0 mm, the operation actually moves CNC motor 1 on the Y-axis in the negative direction to disable the error.

Rotary Table Compensation

Suppose that you assigned CNC motor 1 to the rotary table of the C-axis, rotated it from 0 degrees at intervals of 45.0 degrees, and measured the actual rotation angle. As a result, you obtained the following reproducible errors.



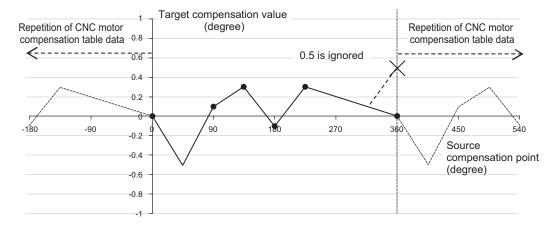
Input the basic settings and the target compensation value of each point.

In this example, the **Repetition** setting is selected as similar errors must be compensated every time the rotary table is rotated.

Setting	Value
CNC Motor Compensation Table Number	0
Source CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Target CNC Motor Number	1 (CNC_Motor001)
Compensation Scaling	1.0
Source Compensation Start Position	0 (degree)
Source Compensation Section Distance	360 (degree)
Number of Compensation Table Point Sections	8
Source Reference Position	0: Command position
Compensation Output Method	0: Overwrite
Repetition Mode	1: Repetition
Table Point Interpolation Method	0: 1st-order interpolation

Source compensation point (degree)	Target compensation value (degree)
0.0	0.0
45.0	-0.5
90.0	0.1
135.0	0.3
180.0	-0.1
225.0	0.3
270.0	0.2
315.0	0.1
360.0	0.5 -> 0.0
	(The setting value is ignored.)

If **1: Repetition** is selected, the target compensation value of the first point is used for that of the last point. The following graph shows the compensation value to be used when 0.5 is set.



5-4-10 CNC Motor Compensation Table Specifications

This section describes specifications of the CNC motor compensation table.

Item	Description
Maximum number of compensation table	65,535
points per CNC motor compensation table	
Upper limit of the size of all CNC motor com-	Maximum size of all compensation tables varies depending on the model.
pensation tables	Refer to 1-4-1 General Specifications on page 1-7 for details.
	Size of a CNC motor compensation table = 100 + CNC motor compensa-
	tion table points x 4 bytes
Upper limit of the number of CNC motor com-	The upper limit of the maximum number of compensation tables varies
pensation tables	depending on the model. Refer to 1-4-1 General Specifications on page
	1-7 for details.
Changing a CNC motor compensation table	CNC motor compensation table data can be edited from a user program.
Saving a CNC motor compensation table	The file read/write instruction enables you to use this function.
Timing to reflect CNC motor compensation ta-	At power ON
bles on main memory	At synchronous download of Sysmac Studio

5 CNC Program



Realization of CNC Machines

This section describes the functions and means of producing CNC machine applications with the aid of sequence control programs, NC programs, and CNC functions.

6-1	M Cod	les	6-2
6-2	Tool F	unctions	6-3
	6-2-1	Method for Realizing Tool Data Management	6-3
	6-2-2	Method for Realizing Tool Change	
6-3	Realiz	ation of the Function of Spindle Axis	6-8
	6-3-1	Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module	
	6-3-2	Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O	
		Control or MC Function Module	6-9
	6-3-3	When No Spindle Axis is Assigned	6-11
6-4	Conne	ect with MPG	6-12

6-1 M Codes

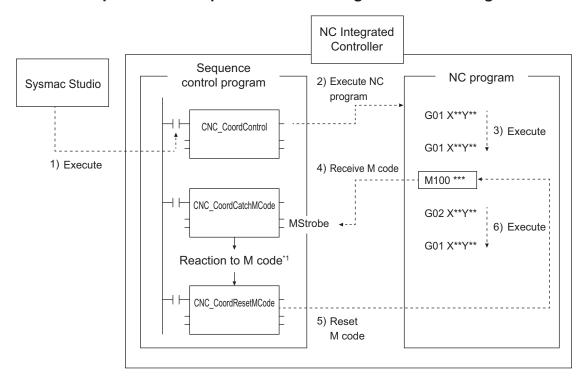
This section describes procedures to interlock the sequence control program with an NC program to construct CNC machine applications, by using M codes.

You can transmit M codes to the sequence control program with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction

Up to 192 (M0 to M191) M codes to output from the NC program can be specified for each CNC coordinate system.

M code numbers (0 to 191) are used to specify the M codes to accept with the CNC_CoordCatchM-Code instruction. A different M code can be programmed for each M code number. The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction can also place multiple instances. Accordingly, there is no limit to the number of M codes that can be output simultaneously. After performing processing according to M codes, such as coolant control and ATC control, the sequence control program executes the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction to send M code reset to the NC program.

Relationship between Sequence Control Program and NC Program



- *1. Processing must be programmed according to M codes. For specific applications, refer to the following examples.
 - Coolant, spindle, and other I/O controls.
 - ATC control and tool data writing. Refer to 6-2 Tool Functions on page 6-3 for details.
 - Writing and reading NC program variable monitor. Refer to *NC Program Variable Monitoring* on page 5-20 for details.

6-2 Tool Functions

This section describes the tool change function and tool data management function.

6-2-1 Method for Realizing Tool Data Management

Tool data includes the tool radius and length used for tool compensation, as well as the usage frequency and time recorded for managing the tool life. This Controller does not have a function that manages the tool data.

Realize the tool data management function with the aid of the sequence control program, which is capable of saving the data to the hold memory inside the program.

Tool data management can be realized, for example, by defining global variables (shown in the following table) and constructing the following logics using the sequence control program and CNC Operator.

Tool Shape Data Management

Procedure to manage tool shape data is as follows.

- 1 Create a CNC Operator screen used to input the **tool length** and **tool radius** for each tool ID.
- **2** Create a logic that initializes the **tool life data**.

Tool Life Data Management

Procedure for managing tool life data is as follows.

- 1 Create a logic that accumulates the usage frequency, usage time, and abrasion of a tool when the tool is used.
- **2** Set the thresholds for the usage frequency, usage time, and abrasion, and create a logic that detects errors.

Example: The following table shows an example of tool data management.

Variable name		Data type	Name	Function
ToolManagementData		Array[N] of User Define Struct	Tool Data	Tool data (for each tool ID)
	ShapeData	User Define Struct	Tool Shape Data	A data group related to tool compensation
	Offset	LREAL	Tool Length	A value used for tool length compensation
	Radius	LREAL	Tool Radius	A value used for tool radius compensation

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
LifecycleData	User Define Struct	Tool Life Data	A data group related to tool life.
UsageCount	UDINT	Usage Frequency	A value indicating the frequency of tool usage
OperationTime	Time	Usage Time	A value indicating the elapsed time of tool usage
LengthWear	LREAL	Abrasion	A value indicating the abrasion of tool length
RadiusWear	LREAL	Abrasion	A value indicating the abrasion of tool radius

6-2-2 Method for Realizing Tool Change

Refer to the description in 6-1 M Codes on page 6-2 for tool change.

The following example shows how to realize tool change.

When the NC program requests that the tool be replaced, the sequence control program executes automatic tool change. After completing the automatic tool change, the sequence control program transmits the information to the NC program.

Prior Conditions

- M code is M06 for tool replacement.
- Use the tool ID as an argument of M code output (ID 0 to 2)

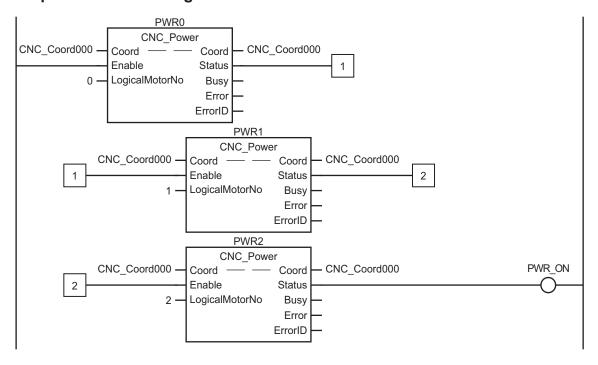
• Example (Replace with Tool ID #1)

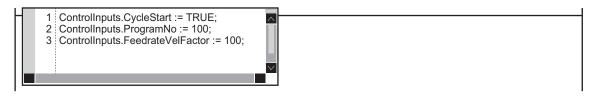
- **1** Output *M06 VA1* from the NC program.
- **2** Receive *M06* with the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction in the sequence control program.
- **3** Check the Tool ID that has been output to MCodeRef.Outputs[0].
- **4** Execute the tool change operation according to the Tool ID.
- **5** Execute the CNC_Write instruction to change the tool length and radius.
- **6** After the tool change is completed, execute the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction and restart the NC program.
- 7 Enable tool radius compensation and tool length compensation from the NC program.

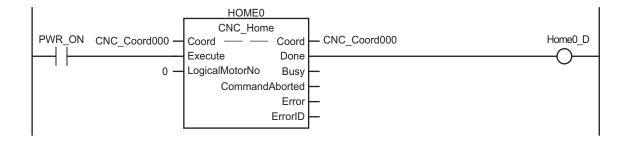
NC Program

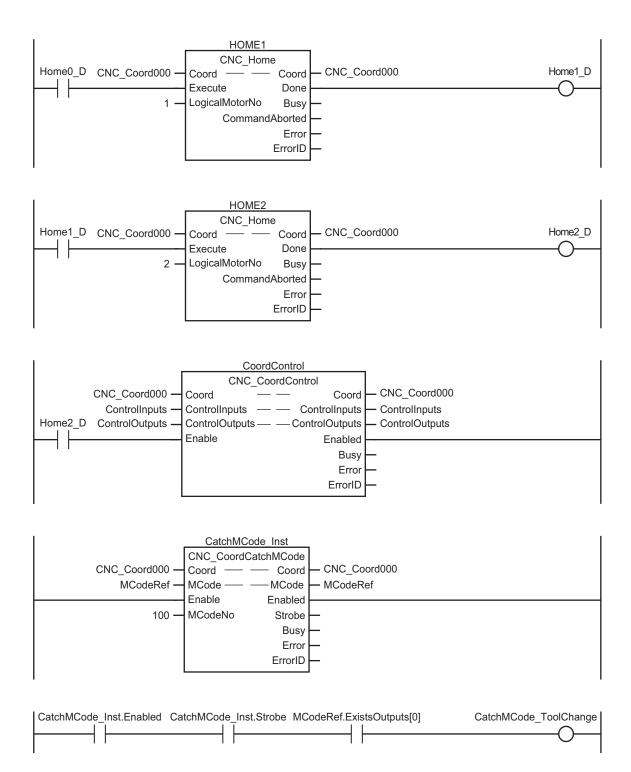
```
G40 X0 Y0
G04 P5000
G43 X10 Z10  // Enables tool length compensation
G04 P5000
G49 X0 Z0
M30
```

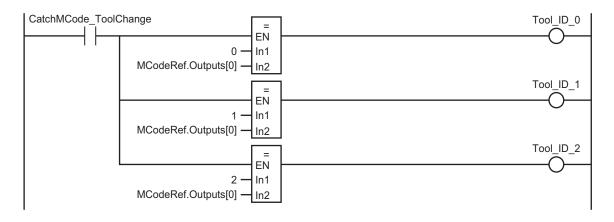
Sequence Control Program

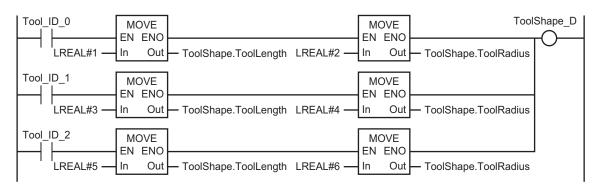


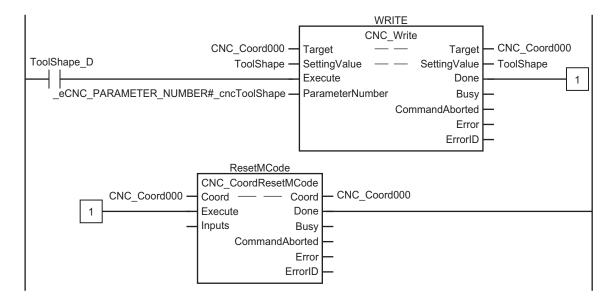












6-3 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis

This section describes the function of spindle axis.

There are two methods to realize the function of spindle axis. One is to use the CNC Function Module, and the other is to use the I/O control or MC Function Module.

Refer to 6-3-3 When No Spindle Axis is Assigned on page 6-11 if **spindle axis assignment** is not required.

6-3-1 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with CNC Function Module

This section describes how to realize the function of spindle axis with the CNC Function Module.

Spindle Axis Assignment

If you control spindle axis with the CNC Function Module, assign a CNC motor to the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system. The spindle axis must conform to CiA402, and support CSV (Cyclic Synchronous Velocity) mode by default.

Positive, Negative, and Stop Operations

While the NC program is running, the spindle axis is automatically controlled from the CNC Function Module.

The user program does not need to receive Positive (M03), Negative (M04), and Stop (M05). If you want to operate the spindle axis in manual mode, use the CNC_SpindleGo instruction.

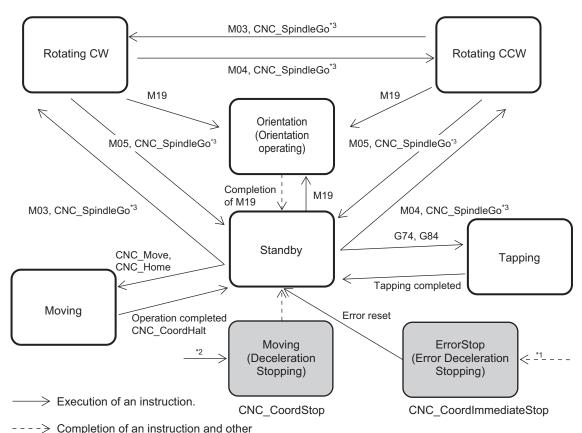
Orientation of Spindle Axis

The orientation of the spindle axis is automatically controlled from the CNC Function Module. The user program does not need to be used to receive Spindle Orientation (M19). Unlike CW and CCW operations, orientation of spindle axis cannot be executed in manual mode.

Spindle Axis States

The status transitions of the spindle axis are shown in the following diagram.

The states correspond to respective variables for CNC_Coord[*]. Status. Spindle of CNC coordinate system variables.



- Transition occurs when the instruction is completed or due to other factors.
- *1. An error stop event occurs.
- *2. A stop event occurs.
- *3. If "Velocity" of CNC_SpindleGo is set to 0, transition takes place in the standby state.

Status	States name	Definition
Standby	Standby	A state where the spindle motor stops.
CW	Rotating in CW direction	Spindle CW (M03), a state where the spindle axis is rotating in the CW direction with CNC_SpindleGo.
CCW	Rotating in CCW direction	Spindle CCW (M04), a state where the spindle axis is rotating in the CCW direction with CNC_SpindleGo.
Orientation	Orientation operating	A state where the spindle axis is positioned to the orientation position with Spindle Orientation (M19).
Tapping	Tapping	A state where the spindle axis is tapping with Left-handed Tapping Cycle (G74) and Tapping Cycle (G84).
Moving	Moved by instruction	A state where the spindle axis is being moved with CNC_Move or CNC_Home
Stopping	Deceleration Stopping	A state until the CNC coordinate system stops for the CNC_CoordStop instruction.
ErrorStop	Error Deceleration Stopping	A state until the CNC coordinate system stops or a state where it stops for the CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction or a CNC coordinate system minor fault.

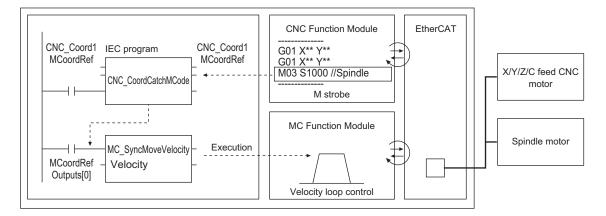
6-3-2 Realization of the Function of Spindle Axis with General-purpose I/O Control or MC Function Module

Besides assigning the spindle axis to a CNC coordinate system, the function of spindle axis can also be realized by using I/O control or the MC Function Module.

This section describes how to determine the function of the spindle axis with the MC Function Module.

Spindle Axis Assignment

The spindle axis is controlled by the axis assigned to the Motion Control Function Module. Spindle axis operation is realized by programming the transmission of commands from the CNC Function Module to the Motion Control Function Module via an M code and the sequence control program.





Precautions for Correct Use

- When an error occurs for the spindle motor, an appropriate remedy must be programmed so that the sequence control program detects errors and stops the operation of the CNC coordinate system.
- In the same way, when an error occurs in the CNC coordinate system, an appropriate remedy
 must be programmed so that the sequence control program detects the error and stops the
 operation of the spindle motor.

Positive, Negative, and Stop Operations

By receiving M03, M04, and M05 using the user program, the following instruction is executed:

- MC SyncMoveVelocity instruction is used for positive/negative operation.
- MC_Stop instruction is used for stop operation.

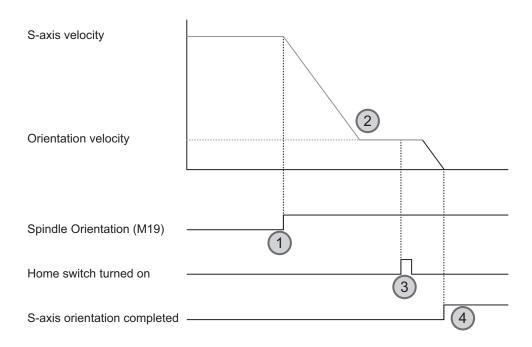
Orientation of Spindle Axis

The sequence control program and MC Function Module are used for the orientation of the spindle axis.

Example

- **1** Receive the M19 (Spindle Orientation) command.
- **2** Gradually reduce the velocity instructed for MC_SyncMoveVelocity instruction to the orientation velocity.
- **3** Detect the Z-phase position with MC_TouchProbe instruction.

4 Consider the Z-phase position and orientation position offset, and perform the positioning to the orientation position with MC_MoveAbsolute instruction.



6-3-3 When No Spindle Axis is Assigned

If no spindle axis is assigned to the CNC coordinate system, CNC instructions and G codes/M codes behave differently.

Behavior of the Spindle Axis Instruction

If you execute the instruction without assigning a spindle axis to the CNC coordinate system, an error occurs due to the instruction.

Behaviors of G codes and M Codes for Spindle Axis

If you execute G codes/M codes without assigning a spindle axis to the CNC coordinate system, they behave differently as shown in the following table.

	G/M code	Difference of behavior
M03	Spindle CW	Converts into general M code
M04	Spindle CCW	Converts into general M code
M05	Spindle OFF	Converts into general M code
M19	Spindle Orientation	Converts into general M code
G74	Left-handed Tapping Cycle	X/Y/Z/A/B/C operation only (Soft tapping)
G84	Tapping Cycle	X/Y/Z/A/B/C operation only (Soft tapping)

6-4 Connect with MPG

Signals from a manual pulse generator (MPG) or other external input devices are handled as device variables in the sequence control program via EtherCAT slaves such as NX units.

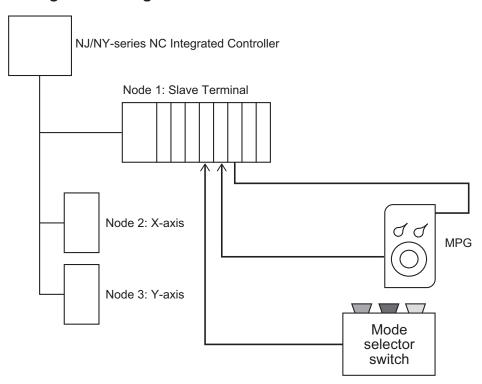
This enables you to connect multiple MPGs without physical limitations, and control the CNC Function Module.

This section provides an example of how to connect an MPG.

Signals from the MPG are received by the NX unit and treated as device variables, and thereby you can control the MPG.

System Configuration

Configuration Diagram



Example of Function List

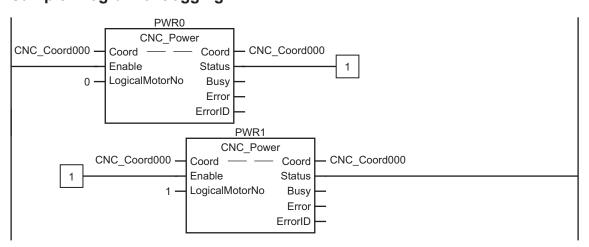
The following table lists the functions of general MPG.

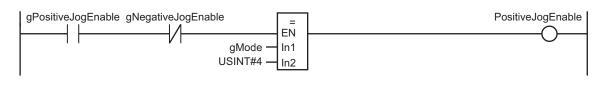
Variables described in the table are the variables used in sample programs of each functions.

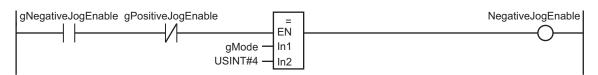
Function name	Function	Variables					
runction name	Function	Device variables	Variable name	Data type			
Mode Selection	Switch for selecting jog operation/MPG mode	Mode selection switch input	gMode 0: Edit mode 1: Auto mode 2: MDI mode 3: MPG mode 4: Jog mode	USINT			
Axis Selection	Switch for selecting the X/Y-axis	Axis selection input	5: Home mode gAxisSelected 0: X, 1: Y	USINT			
Positive/Negative Di- rection Jog Switch	Switch for jog operation of the selected axis	Positive direction jog switch input	gPositiveJogEnable	BOOL			
		Negative direction jog switch input	gNegativeJogEnable	BOOL			
MPG	Operation of the MPG for the selected axis	MPG pulse input	gPulseInput	DINT			
Magnification Ratio Selection	Magnification ratio setting for MPG operation and jog operation	Magnification ratio selection switch input	gRatioSelection 0: 1 time 1: 10 times 2: 100 times	USINT			

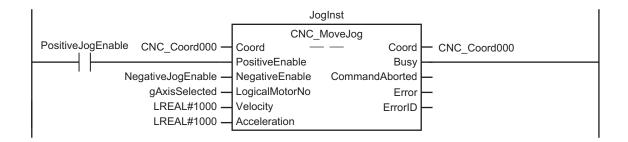
Application of Jogging

• Sample Program of Jogging



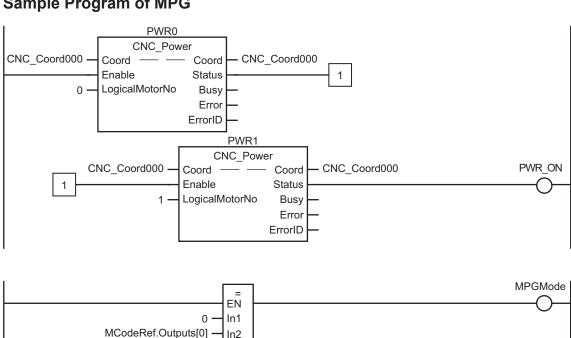


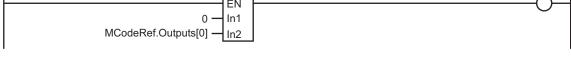




Application of MPG Operations

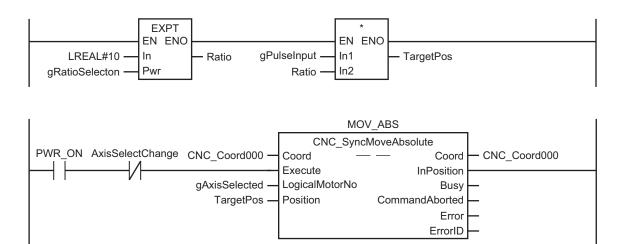
Sample Program of MPG





```
MPGMode
                          MOVE
                         EN ENO
            USINT#255
                         In
                              Out
                                    AxisSelectNow
```

```
CoordHalt
                                            CNC CoordHalt
MPGMode
                       CNC_Coord000
                                                                CNC_Coord000
                                        Coord
                                                        Coord
                  <>
                                        Execute
                                                                                      2
                                                         Done
                 ΕN
                 ln1
                                        Deceleration
                                                         Busy
  gAxisSelected
 AxisSelectNow
                                        Jerk CommandAborted
                                                         Error
                                                       ErrorID
                                                                                  AxisSelectChange
                          MOVE
                          EN ENO
                              Out
         gAxisSelected
                         In
                                     AxisSelectNow
```



6	Realization	of CNC	Machines
•	I VCalization	OI OINO	IVIAULIIIIUS



Manual Operation

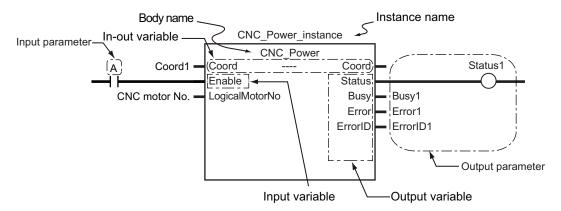
This section describes functions related to manual operation.

7-1	1 Turning ON the Servo					
		ing				
		Jogging Procedure				
		Setting CNC Parameters				
	7-2-3	Input Variable Setting Example				
	7-2-4	Programming Example				

7-1 Turning ON the Servo

You can turn the Servo ON or OFF to enable or disable sending operation commands to the Servo Drive.

Use the CNC instruction CNC_Power (Power Servo).



Specify the motors to operate with the *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System Variable)) and *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) in-out variables.

Change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power to TRUE to turn ON the Servo. Change *Enable* to FALSE to turn OFF the Servo.



Precautions for Correct Use

Manual operation requires CNC coordinate system or CNC motor settings.

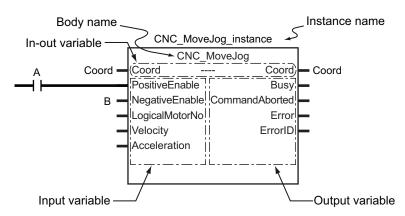


Additional Information

- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when EtherCAT process data communication transitions from the non-established status to the established status.
- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when the *Enable* input variable to the CNC_Power instruction changes to TRUE.

7-2 Jogging

For jogging, use the CNC instruction CNC_MoveJog (Jog).



Specify the axis to jog with the *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System Variable) and *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) in-out variables.

Change the *PositiveEnable* input variable to TRUE to start the axis with the specified positive *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate).

Change *PositiveEnable* to FALSE to decelerate and stop the axis at the specified *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate).

Similarly, if you change the *NegativeEnable* input variable to TRUE, the axis will start in the negative direction. Change it to FALSE to stop the axis.

You can perform jogging even if the home has not yet been defined.

7-2-1 Jogging Procedure

- **1** Adding and Setting a CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motors
 Add and set a CNC coordinate system and CNC motor from Sysmac Studio.
 Refer to Section 4 CNC Parameters on page 4-1 for details.
- 2 Setting the CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motor Parameters
 Set the CNC coordinate system and CNC motor parameters from Sysmac Studio.
 Refer to Section 4 CNC Parameters on page 4-1 for details.
- Writing the User Program
 Create the user program from Sysmac Studio.
- 4 Downloading the CNC Coordinate System Parameters, and CNC Motor Parameters, and User Program

Download the CNC coordinate system and CNC motor parameters you have set, and the user program to the NC Integrated Controller.

Use the Synchronization menu command of the Sysmac Studio to download the project to the NC Integrated Controller.

5 Executing the User Program

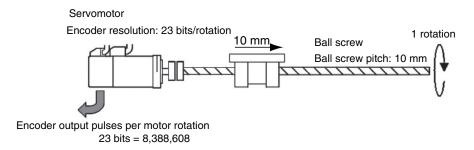
Execute the user program and change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power to TRUE to change the Servo Drive to the Servo ON state.

Set either the *PositiveEnable* or *NegativeEnable* input variable of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction to TRUE to start jogging.

7-2-2 Setting CNC Parameters

Set the following CNC parameters if you want to jog when home is not defined.

The following setting example is for a one-axis device.



Parameter name	Setting
CNC Motor Variable Name	Motor1*1
CNC Motor Number	1* ²
CNC Motor Use	CNC motor in use
Axis Assignment Type	X-axis
Input Device/Output Device	1 ^{*3}
Command Pulse Count per Motor Rotation	8,388,608 ^{*4}
Travel Distance per Work Rotation	10 ^{*4}
Unit of Display	mm
Maximum Velocity	30,000 ^{*5}
Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration	5,000 ^{*6}

^{*1.} If there is more than one axis, a different variable name is set for each CNC motor.

7-2-3 Input Variable Setting Example

This section describes the settings for *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) input variables of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction.

- For example, set Velocity to 6000 to jog at a velocity of 6,000 mm/min.
- Set Acceleration to 500 to accelerate and decelerate at 0.5 m/s².

^{*2.} If there is more than one axis, a different value is set for each CNC motor.

^{*3.} Set the node address to the same value as the node address that is set on the Servo Drive. If there is more than one axis, a different value is set for each CNC motor.

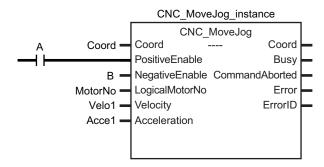
^{*4.} The position command unit is 1 (mm).

^{*5.} The maximum velocity will be 3,000 r/min = 30 m/min = 30,000 mm/min.

^{*6.} The maximum acceleration/deceleration rate is 5000mm/s². The acceleration time to the maximum velocity (3,000 r/min) is 0.1 s.

7-2-4 Programming Example

The following programming example jogs a CNC motor named Motor1 in the positive direction for the value of bit A and in the negative direction for the value of bit B.



At this time, *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical CNC Motor Number) is the logical motor number that indicates Motor1, *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is Velo1, and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is Acce1.

Set the values for each variable in the user program in advance to operate the axis with the example input variable settings.

- Coord = CNC_Coord000
- MotorNo = 0
- Velo1 = 1000
- Acce1 = 500

Refer to CNC MoveJog on page 12-80 for details on the CNC MoveJog (Jog) instruction.

7 Manual Operation

Homing

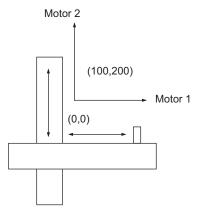
This section describes homing.

8-1	Outli	ine	8-2
		ing Procedure	
		Setting Homing Parameters	
		Monitoring the Homing Operation	
8-3	Hom	ing Operation	8-10
8-4	Hom	ing with an Absolute Encoder	8-11
	8-4-1	Outline of Functions	8-12
	8-4-2	Setting Procedure	8-12

8-1 Outline

To perform positioning to absolute positions in a positioning system, you first need to define the home. For example, if you want to position at (Motor 1, Motor 2) = (100 mm, 200 mm) on the XY stage shown below, you must define the home position (0, 0).

The process of defining home is called homing.



In the CNC Function Module, use the CNC instruction CNC_Home (Home) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) to define home.



Additional Information

- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when EtherCAT process data communication transitions from the non-established status to the established status.
- If a Servo Drive with an absolute encoder is used, home is defined when the *Enable* input variable to the CNC_Power instruction changes to TRUE.
- No NC program can be executed when the home is not defined.
- The software limit function is disabled when the home is not defined.

8-2 Homing Procedure

This section describes the procedure to perform homing.

- 1 Adding and Setting a CNC Coordinate System and CNC Motor
 Add and set a CNC motor and a CNC coordinate system from the Sysmac Studio.
- **2** Setting CNC Motor Parameters
 Set the homing method with the homing parameters.
- **3** Writing the User Program

 Create the user program from Sysmac Studio.
- Downloading the CNC Parameters and the User Program Download the CNC motor parameters and CNC coordinate system parameters you have set, and the user program to the NC Integrated Controller. Use the Synchronization menu command of Sysmac Studio to download the project to the NC Integrated Controller.
- Executing the User Program

 Execute the user program and change the *Enable* input variable for CNC_Power instruction to TRUE to change the Servo Drive to the Servo ON state.

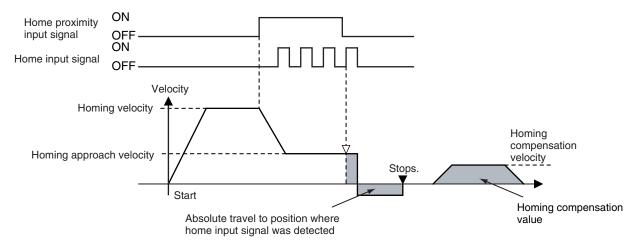
 Homing is performed when the *Execute* input variable of the CNC_Home instruction changes to TRUE.

8-2-1 Setting Homing Parameters

Set the homing parameters to specify the homing procedure. Set the homing parameters from Sysmac Studio.

Setting	Description
Homing Operation Mode	Select a homing method.
Home Input Signal	Select the input to use for the home input signal.
Homing Start Direction	Set the start direction for when homing is started.
Home Input Detection Direction	Set the home input detection direction for homing.
Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input	Set the stopping method when the positive limit input turns ON during homing.
Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input	Set the stopping method when the negative limit input turns ON during homing.
Homing Velocity	Set the homing velocity. (Unit: command units/min)
Homing Approach Velocity	Set the velocity to use after the home proximity input turns ON. (Unit: command units/min)
Homing Acceleration/Decelera-	Specify the acceleration and deceleration rates for homing.
tion	If the homing acceleration is set to 0, the homing velocity is reached without any acceleration.
	(Unit: command units/s ²)
Home Input Mask Distance	Set the home input mask distance to be applied when the homing operation mode is set to the Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance . (Unit: command units)

Setting	Description
Home Offset	Preset the actual position for the value that is set after homing. (Unit: command units)
Homing Holding Time	Set the holding time when you set the homing operation mode to the Proximity reverse turn/holding time. (Unit: ms)
Homing Compensation Value	Set the homing compensation value that is applied after the home is defined. (Unit: command units)
Homing Compensation Velocity	Set the velocity to use for homing compensation. (Unit: command units/min)



The homing parameters are described individually below.

Homing Operation Mode

You can select any of the ten operations to define home.

- · Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF
- · Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON
- · Home proximity input OFF
- · Home proximity input ON
- · Limit input OFF
- · Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance
- · Limit inputs only
- · Proximity reverse turn/holding time
- · No home proximity input/holding home input
- · Zero position preset

The following table shows the homing parameters that are used for each Homing Operation Mode.

(Yes: Parameter is used, No: Parameter is not used.)

	Homing parameters												
Homing Operation Mode	Home Input Signal	Homing Start Direction	Home Input Detection Direction	Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input	Operation Selection at Negative Limit Inpu	Homing Velocity	Homing Approach Velocity	Homing Acceleration/Deceleration	Home Input Mask Distance	Home Offset	Homing Holding Time	Homing Compensation Value	Homing Compensation Velocity
Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Home proximity input OFF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Home proximity input ON	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Limit input OFF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Limit inputs only	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Proximity reverse turn/holding time	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
No home proximity input/holding home input	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Zero position preset	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No

Homing Input Signal

In a homing operation mode that uses the home input signal, select either the Z-phase signal of the Servo Drive or an external home signal as the signal to define the home.



Precautions for Correct Use

This parameter can be used to set a home input signal only when an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive is connected.

Homing Start Direction

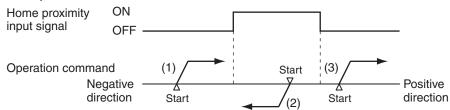
Select the direction (positive or negative) in which the axis starts moving when homing is started. If homing starts while the home proximity signal is ON in a Homing Operation Mode that includes reversal operation for a proximity reverse turn, the axis starts motion in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction (regardless of the setting of the homing start direction).

There are four Homing Operation Modes that include reversal operation for a proximity reverse turn. These are listed below.

- · 0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF
- · 1: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON

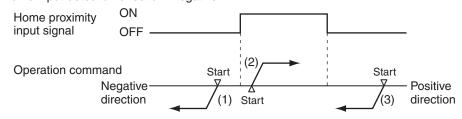
- · 9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance
- · 12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time

Homing start direction: Positive Home input detection direction: Positive



- (1) and (3) : The home proximity signal is OFF, so the axis starts moving in the homing start direction.
- : The home proximity signal is ON, so the axis starts moving in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction.

Homing start direction: Negative Home input detection direction: Negative



- (1) and (3) : The home proximity signal is OFF, so the axis starts moving in the homing start direction.
- : The home proximity signal is ON, so the axis starts moving in the direction opposite to the home input detection direction.

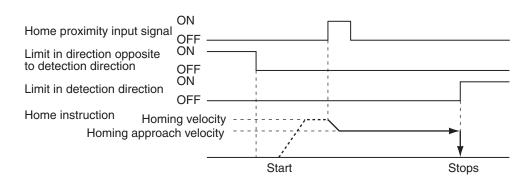
Home Input Detection Direction

Select the direction (positive or negative) in which to detect home.

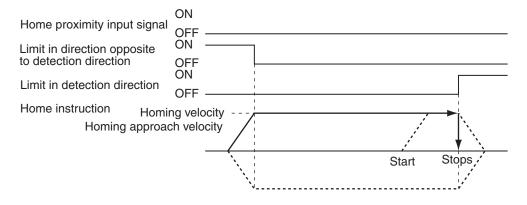
Refer to *Homing Start Direction* on page 8-5 for the relationship between the home detection method and the initial direction when homing starts.

Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input and Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input

- Select the operation when the axis reaches a limit input in the operating direction during homing: reverse the axis and continue with homing, or do not reverse the axis, create an error, and stop the axis. To reverse the axis, also select the stopping method.
- An error occurs and the axis stops if the axis is set to Reverse direction, and the limit signal in the
 home input detection direction turns ON when traveling at the homing approach velocity. However, if
 the Homing Operation Mode is 13 (no home proximity input/holding home input), which does not
 use proximity signals, no error will occur and the axis will not stop.



An error occurs and the axis stops if the axis is set to Reverse direction for the limit input operation
in both directions and home cannot be detected after moving from the limit input opposite to the
home input detection direction to the other limit input.



Homing Velocity

Set the homing velocity in command units/min.

Homing Approach Velocity

Set the velocity after the home proximity input turns ON in command units/min.

Homing Acceleration/Deceleration

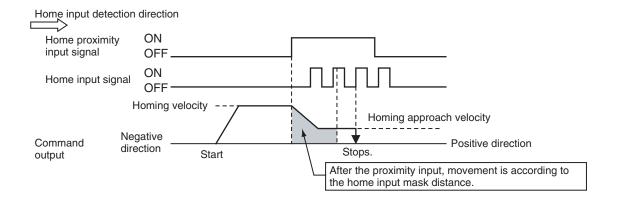
Set the homing acceleration and deceleration rates in command units/s².

If the homing acceleration and deceleration rates is set to 0, the homing velocity and other target velocities are reached without any acceleration.

Home Input Mask Distance

Set the home input mask distance in command units when you set Homing Operation Mode 9 (proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance).

This is the distance that the axis travels after starting deceleration when the home proximity input signal changes from OFF to ON.



Home Offset

When the home is defined and the homing compensation value is set, the current value is preset to the specified value after the homing compensation operation is completed.

This function is used when you set home to any specified value rather than to 0.

For systems with absolute encoders, the absolute encoder home offset value is calculated automatically and saved in the battery-backup memory in the NC Integrated Controller.



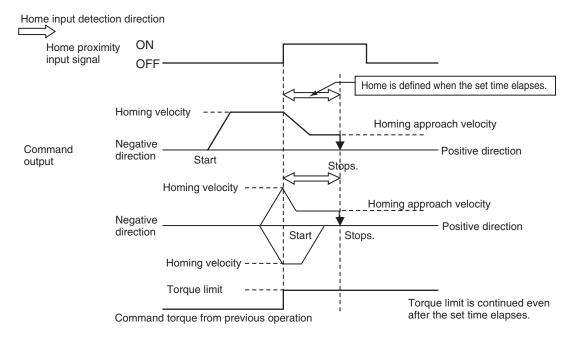
Additional Information

If the target position of the Home Offset overflows or underflows, a *Target Position Setting Out of Range* (56070000 hex) error is output.

Homing Holding Time

Set the holding time in milliseconds when you set Homing Operation Mode **12 (proximity reverse turn/holding time)**.

This is a period of time which elapses from when deceleration is started as the home proximity input signal changes from OFF to ON.



Homing Compensation Value

After home is defined, relative positioning is performed at the set value to adjust the position of home.

This homing compensation is performed at the homing compensation velocity.

Adjusting the workpiece is sometimes difficult after home is defined. The homing compensation can be used to fine-tune the position of home after it is first determined.

This is useful when you cannot easily replace the home proximity sensor or when home has moved after a motor replacement.



Additional Information

If the target position of the homing compensation value overflows or underflows, a *Target Position Setting Out of Range* (56070000 hex) error is output.

Homing Compensation Velocity

If you set a homing compensation value, set the velocity to use for the compensation in command units/min.

8-2-2 Monitoring the Homing Operation

You can read CNC motor variables from the user program to monitor the homing status and the input signal status.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
_CNC_Coord[*].Sta-	BOOL	CNC Coordinate Sys-	TRUE when homing for the CNC_Home or CNC_Home-
tus.Moving		tem Moving	WithParameter instruction is in progress.
_CNC_Motor[*].De-	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when the home is defined.
tails.Homed			FALSE: Home is not defined.
			TRUE: Home is defined.
_CNC_Motor[*].DrvSta-	BOOL	Positive Limit Input	TRUE when the positive limit input is enabled.
tus.P_OT			
_CNC_Motor[*].DrvSta-	BOOL	Negative Limit Input	TRUE when the negative limit input is enabled.
tus.N_OT			
_CNC_Motor[*].DrvSta-	BOOL	Home Proximity Input	TRUE when the home proximity input is enabled.
tus.HomeSw			

8-3 Homing Operation

Select the home definition method based on the configuration of the positioning system and its purpose.

There are ten homing operation modes supported by the CNC Function Module.

You can also fine-tune the home that was once determined with a homing compensation value.



Additional Information

- The most suitable mode depends on the configuration of the positioning system and the application.
 - **Proximity reverse turn /home proximity input OFF** is normally used for a machine that is equipped with home proximity sensor, positive limit input, and negative limit input.
- The in-position check will follow the in-position check settings only for the completion of the home definition and homing compensation motions.

Refer to Section 10 CNC Instructions on page 10-1 for details on homing.

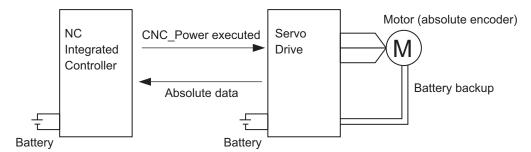
8-4 Homing with an Absolute Encoder

This section describes how to use an OMRON 1S-series Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications.

If you use an absolute encoder, the absolute data can be retained by the battery backup function of the encoder even when the power supply to the NC Integrated Controller is turned OFF.

When you execute the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction or an EtherCAT communication is established, the position is determined by reading the actual position from the absolute encoder.

Unlike the case where an incremental encoder is used, once the home is defined, you do not need to perform the homing operation again.





Precautions for Correct Use

- When using the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller with an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive, connect the NC Integrated Controller battery to the Servo Drive.
- If you use an absolute encoder in combination with the NJ-series NC Integrated Controller and OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, connect each of the NC Integrated Controller battery and the backup battery of the absolute encoder for the Servo Drive.
- Always execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to define home
 when you use the absolute encoder for the first time, after you replace the motor, when you
 use an OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, when the battery in the absolute encoder expires, or
 at any other time when the absolute value data is lost.
- If there is an error for the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, when the power supply to
 the NC Integrated Controller is turned ON, an Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error
 (event code: 17810000 hex) occurs. In this case, you can use the ResetCNCError (Reset
 CNC Error) instruction to reset the error and turn the Servo Drive ON.



Additional Information

If you use an OMRON G5-series Linear Motor Type Servomotor/Servo Drive with built-in Ether-CAT communications, you can set the absolute encoder home position. If you use a Linear Motor Type, observe the followings points when reading this section.

- A Linear Motor Type does not use an encoder. It uses an external scale, which functions in a similar way.
- "Absolute encoder" in this section can be read as an "absolute external scale".
- An absolute external scale does not have the rotation data of an absolute encoder. Any rotation data setting procedures that are required for an absolute encoder are not required. A battery to back up the rotation data is also not required.
- Refer to the *AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications Linear Motor Type User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577)* for the specification of Linear Motor Type.

8-4-1 Outline of Functions

To define the home of an absolute encoder system, absolute encoder offset compensation is performed when the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction is executed or when EtherCAT process data communications changes from non-established to established state.

The home can be defined by performing the homing operation in the same way as for an incremental encoder. After the home has been defined, the difference between the commanded position and the absolute value data read from the absolute encoder is saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory of the NC Integrated Controller as an offset.

When the actual position is preset with the CNC_Home (Home) or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction, the difference between the commanded position and absolute value data after home is defined is also saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** as an offset.

The CNC Function Module saves **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When you replace the NC Integrated Controller or the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, be sure to back up Absolute Encoder Home Offset with the home defined before you start the replacement procedure.
- When absolute encoders are used, the Absolute Encoder Home Offset for each CNC motor is saved to the battery-backup memory along with the CNC motor number. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, set the Homing Settings again.
- By restoring the backup data after the replacement has been completed, you can use the home defined before the replacement was carried out.
- To back up or restore data, use Sysmac Studio. Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1
 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on the operation procedure.

8-4-2 Setting Procedure

This section describes the procedure to set the home of an absolute encoder system.

- Setting the Absolute Encoder Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for the setup procedures.
- Setting the CNC Motor Parameters
 Select 1: Absolute encoder for Encoder Type of Position Count Settings in the CNC motor parameter of the CNC Function Module.
 Refer to 4-4-7 Position Count Settings on page 4-33 for details.
- 3 Executing Homing
 Set the Homing Operation Mode in Homing Settings in the CNC motor parameter of the
 CNC Function Module.

After home is defined, the difference between the command position and the absolute value data read from the absolute encoder is saved to **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** in the battery-backup memory when the power supply is interrupted.

Absolute Encoder Setup

The absolute encoder must be set up when it is used for the first time, when you want to initialize the rotation data to 0, when the absolute encoder is left for an extended period of time without the battery connected, or in other cases.

Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on the setup procedures.



Precautions for Correct Use

After the absolute encoder is set up, the power supply to the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive must be cycled.

When setup processing for the absolute encoder is completed, an Absolute Value Clear Error (A27.1) will occur in the Servo Drive. Cycle the control power supply to the Servo Drive to clear this error and complete the absolute encoder setup procedure.



Control Functions for CNC Motor and CNC Coordinate System Operations

This section describes the control functions for CNC motor and CNC coordinate system operations.

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9-1 CNC Motor Position Control

Position control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to a logical axis. Position control and velocity control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

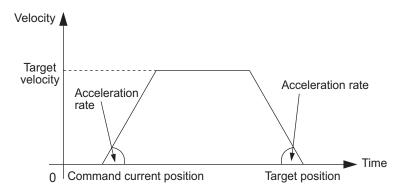
This section describes CNC motor positioning operations.

9-1-1 Outline of Operations

The CNC motor control function of the CNC Function Module supports the PTP operation, manual operations such as jogging, and the homing operation.

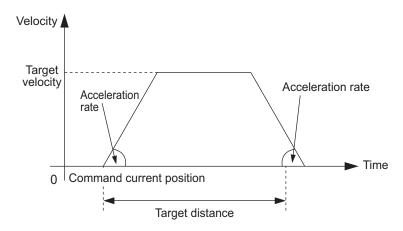
9-1-2 Absolute Positioning

Absolute positioning specifies the absolute coordinates of the target position in relation to home.



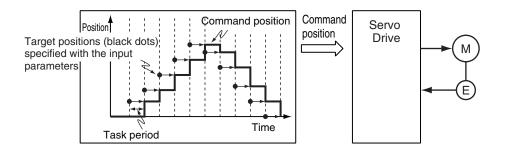
9-1-3 Relative Positioning

Relative positioning specifies the distance from the actual position.



9-1-4 Cyclic Synchronous Positioning

Cyclic synchronous positioning is used to output a target position to a specified CNC coordinate system in each task period. The target position is specified as an absolute position. This function is used to perform MPG feeding and other operations.



9-1-5 Stopping

Functions to stop CNC motor operation include immediate stop input signal and limit input signals connected to the Servo Drive, stop functions of CNC instructions in the user program, and stopping due to errors.

Stopping for Servo Drive Input Signals

CNC motor motion is stopped for the immediate stop input signal or a limit input signal from the Servo Drive.

You can select the stop method with the Sysmac Studio.

Immediate Stop Input

Stop processing in the CNC Function Module is executed according to the state of the Servo Drive input signals.

You can select one of the following stopping methods for the CNC Function Module.

- · Immediate stop
- · Immediate stop and error counter reset
- · Immediate stop and Servo OFF



Precautions for Correct Use

The immediate stop input for the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive also causes an error and executes stop processes in the Servo Drive itself.

Limit Input (Positive Limit Input or Negative Limit Input)

Stop processing in the CNC Function Module is executed according to the state of the Servo Drive input signals.

The CNC motor stop method can be selected from the following based on the **Limit Input Stop Method** of the CNC motor.

- · Immediate stop
- · Immediate Stop and Servo OFF

Other CNC motors of the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

If a limit input signal turns ON, do not execute an instruction for CNC coordinate system command in the same direction as the limit input signal.

Stopping for a CNC Instruction

For information about stopping for a CNC instruction, refer to *CNC_CoordStop* on page 12-68, *CNC_CoordImmediateStop* on page 12-71, and *CNC_CoordHalt* on page 12-74 in *Section 12 CNC Coordinate System Instructions*.

Stopping Due to Errors or Other Problems

Stopping for Errors during CNC Motor Operation

When an error occurs during a CNC motor operation, the motor will stop immediately depending on the error.

Stopping for a Software Limit

When **Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control** is set to **0**: **An error occurs** and the software limit is judged to be exceeded during execution of an NC program, each CNC motor stops immediately.

In other cases, adjust the path or target position so that the software limit is not exceeded.

• Errors That Cause the Servo to Turn OFF

An immediate stop is performed if an error occurs that causes the Servo to turn OFF. The operation of Servo Drive during Servo OFF state depends on the settings in the Servo Drive. While an NC program is running, all other CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system will decelerate to stop at their maximum deceleration rate. In other cases, the other CNC motors are not affected.

Stopping Due to Change in the NC Integrated Controller Mode

All CNC motors will immediately stop if the NC Integrated Controller operating mode changes.

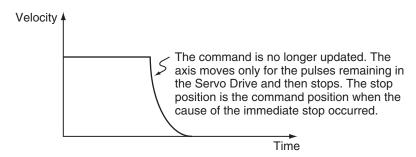


Additional Information

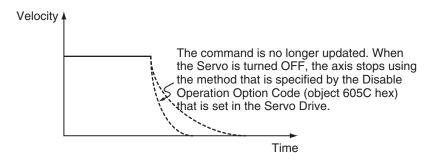
- When RUN mode changes to PROGRAM mode, any CNC instructions that are currently in execution are aborted. CommandAborted output variable from the instructions remains FALSE.
 - The Servo ON/OFF status is maintained after the mode has been switched to the PROGRAM mode
- If the operating mode returns to RUN mode while a immediate stop is in progress after the
 operating mode changes from RUN to PROGRAM mode, the output variables from CNC instructions are cleared. The CommandAborted output variables from the CNC instructions
 therefore remain FALSE.

Stop Method

Immediate Stop



Immediate Stop and Servo OFF



Stop Priorities

The priorities for each stop method are listed in the following table. If a stop with a higher priority stop method occurs while stopping, the stop method will switch to the higher priority method.

Stop method	Priority (higher numbers mean higher priority)
Immediate stop and Servo OFF	3
Immediate stop and error counter reset	2
Immediate stop	1

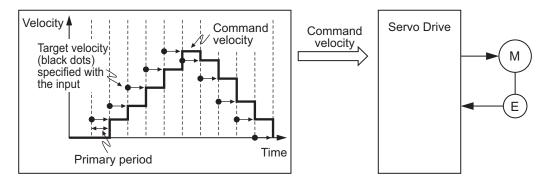
9-2 CNC Motor Velocity Control

Velocity control can be used for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

This section describes the CNC motor velocity control functions.

9-2-1 Cyclic Velocity Control

The control mode of the Servo Drive is set to Velocity Control Mode and a command speed is output every control period.





Additional Information

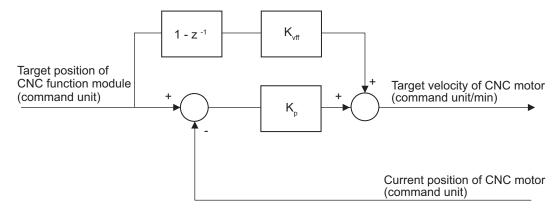
The open loop control is set during velocity control processing.

9-2-2 Position Loop by Cyclic Velocity Control

The CNC Function Module controls the spindle axis using the velocity command. However, the positioning is required for some spindle functions.

Therefore, the CNC Function Module has a position loop for each CNC motor that is assigned to the spindle axis.

To adjust the responsiveness of the position loop, you can set the **Position Loop Gain** (K_p) and **Velocity Feedforward Gain** (K_vff) parameters.





Precautions for Safe Use

- Before adjusting this parameter, use the following methods to control the spindle in open-loop and adjust the gain on the Spindle Drive to ensure normal operation.
 - a) CNC_SpindleGo
 - b) Spindle CW (M03)
 - c) Spindle CCW (M04)
- · When adjusting the gain, take sufficient measures to ensure safety.
- If oscillation (abnormal noise or vibration) occurs, immediately turn OFF the power to the Drive or turn the Servo OFF.

Position Loop Gain

The Position Loop Gain (K_p) parameter gives the main gain for servo loop, and it provides control outputs that are proportional to the position error (i.e. difference between the command position and the current position) of the CNC motor.

Velocity Feedforward Gain

Velocity Feedforward Gain K_vff adds the control amount that is proportional to the command velocity of the CNC motor to the control output. This parameter is used to reduce following errors caused by physical damping effects.

If you need adjustments using this parameter, make sure that both adjustments of Spindle Drive and position loop gain are completed.

Increase the setting value gradually from zero. Overshooting will increase if an excessively large value is set at once.

9-3 Common Functions for CNC Motor Control

This section describes the common functions of CNC motor control.

9-3-1 Positions

Types of Positions

The CNC Function Module uses the following two types of positions.

Type of position	Definition
Command position	This is the command position of the CNC motor.
Feedback current position	This is the feedback position of the CNC motor.

Position Parameters

Parameter name	Function	Setting range	Default
Iln-position Range ^{*1}	Set the in-position width.*2 (Unit: motor command units) When the value is set to 0, positioning is completed when the positioning command is completed.	0 or larger single- precision real value	10
In-position Check Time ^{*3}	While a CNC instruction is executed, an error occurs if CNC motors for all of the positioning axes in the coordinate system are not in-positioned within this time period at the completion of the travel command. Set this check time in milliseconds.*4 However, the in-position check is not performed for the blending operation. The in-position check is also not performed if <i>0</i> is set. (Unit: ms)	0 to 10,000	0
Software Overtravel Limit*5	Set the operation when the software overtravel limit of the CNC motor is reached while the CNC coordinate system is operating. 0: An error occurs. Each CNC motor stops immediately. 1: No error occurs. The commanded position of the CNC motor is limited by software overtravel limit, and the operation continues without observing the path.	0 or 1	0
Positive Software Overtravel Limit	Set the software overtravel limit in the positive direction. (Unit: motor command units)	Positive single- precision reals	10,000
Negative Software Overtravel Limit	Set the software overtravel limit in the negative direction. (Unit: motor command units)	Negative single- precision reals	-10,000
Following Error Over Value	Set the excessive following error check value. Set 0 to disable the excessive following error check. (Unit: motor command units)	Positive single- precision reals or 0	0
Following Error Warning Value	Set the following error warning check value. Set 0 to disable the following error warning check. (Unit: motor command units)	Positive single- precision reals or 0	0

^{*1.} The in-position check is processed by the CNC Function Module. The function in the Servo Drive is not used.

- *2. The maximum value that you can set for the in-position range is 1,099,511,627,775 pulses, a value converted into long reals, then into pulses.
- *3. Set a value larger than the **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** of the positioning axis composition CNC motor.
 - Example: Suppose that the control cycle time of a primary periodic task is 2 milliseconds, and that the largest **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** for the composition CNC motor is 100 control periods. Then the in-position check time must be set to a value larger than 200 milliseconds.
- *4. The result of an in-position check of the CNC coordinate system is determined with the CNC Planner Service. Actually, therefore, the accuracy of the in-position check time is rounded down to the unit of the CNC Planner Service period. If the in-position check time is smaller than the CNC Planner Service period, it becomes 0 after being rounded down and the in-position check is not executed.
 - Example: Suppose that the in-position check time is 6 milliseconds and that the CNC Planner Service period is 4 milliseconds. Then normal operation is performed when the in-position check for all of the positioning axis CNC motors is completed within one period (4 milliseconds) of the CNC Planner Service that has actually finished the travel command. An error occurs if it takes longer than this period.
- *5. This function is enabled only when the home has been determined.

Monitoring Positions

You can read CNC Motor variables in the user program to monitor positions.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
_CNC_Mo-	LREAL	Command Current	This is the current value of the command position.
tor[*].Cmd.Pos		Position	When the Servo is OFF and the mode is not the position con-
			trol mode, the feedback current position is output.
_CNC_Mo-	LREAL	Feedback Current	This is the feedback current position.
tor[*].Act.Pos		Position	

Count Mode

The count mode is the linear mode that has a finite axis feed range.

The linear mode has the following features:

- The linear mode is centered around 0.
- When the CNC motor is assigned to the feed axis, the range is set using a 40-bit signed integer (0x8000000000 to 7FFFFFFFF) after pulse unit conversion has been completed.
- If the CNC motor is assigned to the spindle axis, the range when the value is converted to pulses is 54-bit signed integer (-2⁵³ ≤ Position < +2⁵³ - 1).
- For positioning that specifies target positions, such as relative and absolute positioning, you cannot assign targets that exceed the specified range.
- A Command Position Overflow/Underflow observation will occur if the specified range is exceeded.
 Command position outputs will continue, but the actual position is not updated and is fixed to either the upper limit or the lower limit.
- In a state where the current position is fixed, positioning used to specify the target position can be
 executed when a position within the operating range is specified (CNC_Move, CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute).

Any operation that does not specify the target position can be performed when a direction within the operating range is specified (CNC_MoveJog).

Any command that specifies a direction away from the range will cause an error on execution of the instruction. (CNC_Move, CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute, CNC_MoveJog)

- During home definition, velocity control, and stop operation, the status in which the value of the current position is fixed is not determined as an error.
 (CNC_HomeWithParameter, CNC_Home, CNC_SpindleGo, CNC_CoordHalt, CNC_CoordImmediateStop, CNC CoordStop)
- During multi-axis coordinated control operation (execution control of NC program), the status in
 which the current position is fixed is determined as an error when an instruction is executed regardless of the direction. Note that a spindle axis is not included in axes that perform the coordinated
 operation. (CNC_CoordControl)
- The current position is not updated until a command position overflow or underflow observation status is cleared.

9-3-2 Velocity

Types of Velocities

The CNC Function Module uses the following two types of velocities.

Type of velocity	Definition
Command velocity	This is the velocity that the CNC Function Module outputs to control a CNC motor.
Feedback velocity	This is the velocity calculated in the CNC Function Module based on the feedback position
	that is input from the Servo Drive or counter.

Velocity Unit

A velocity is given in command units/min. The command unit is the value obtained from unit conversion of the position display unit and the electronic gear.

Parameters That Are Related to Velocities

Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30.

Monitoring Velocities

You can read CNC Motor Variables in the user program to monitor velocities.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Function
_CNC_Mo- tor[*].Cmd.Vel	LREAL	Command Cur- rent Velocity	This is the current value of the command velocity. A plus sign is added during travel in the positive direction, and a minus sign is added during travel in the negative direction.
_CNC_Mo- tor[*].Act.Vel	LREAL	Feedback Cur- rent Velocity	This is the feedback current velocity. A plus sign is added during travel in the positive direction, and a minus sign is added during travel in the negative direction.

9-3-3 Acceleration Control

The acceleration and deceleration characteristics at the CNC motor position control are determined by the acceleration/deceleration rate settings.

Acceleration/Deceleration Rate Control

Specify the acceleration/deceleration rate in motor command units/s².

The target velocity does not determine acceleration/deceleration rate. The required acceleration/deceleration time also differs for some target velocities.

The target velocity may not be reached with some combination of specifications for travel distance, target velocity, and acceleration/deceleration rate.

Acceleration Parameters

Refer to 4-4-4 Operation Settings on page 4-30.

9-3-4 Gantry Control

Gantry control is a special control function for the gantry system.

The CNC motor that is set to the slave axis for the gantry axis in the **Gantry Settings** of the CNC motor settings is called a gantry slave axis. In addition, the CNC motor specified at **CNC Motor Number for Gantry Master Axis** is called a gantry master axis.

The gantry slave axis automatically follows the command position of the gantry master axis. This makes it easier to realize the gantry system only by specifying absolute positioning, jog operation and linear interpolation for the gantry master axis.

CNC_Power (Power Servo), CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting), and CNC_Read (Read CNC Setting) are the only CNC instructions that can be issued to the gantry slave axis individually. If you instruct CNC_Move (Positioning), CNC_MoveJog (Jog), CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute (Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Positioning), CNC_Home (Home), or CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) for the gantry slave axis, the *Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified* (56050000 hex) will occur.

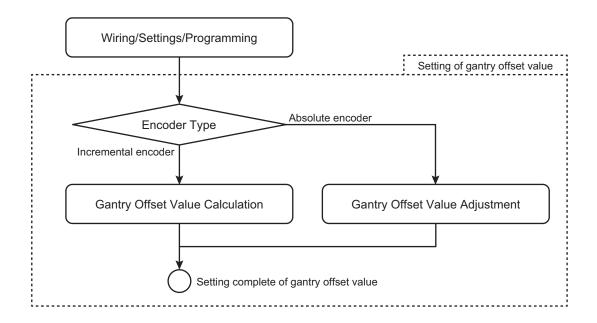
Other than a function that follows a command position, the gantry control also has the following functions to control the gantry system:

- · Gantry offset
- · Gantry homing
- Alignment compensation
- · Gantry monitor function

The initial setup and start for devices that have a gantry system are implemented by the following procedure.

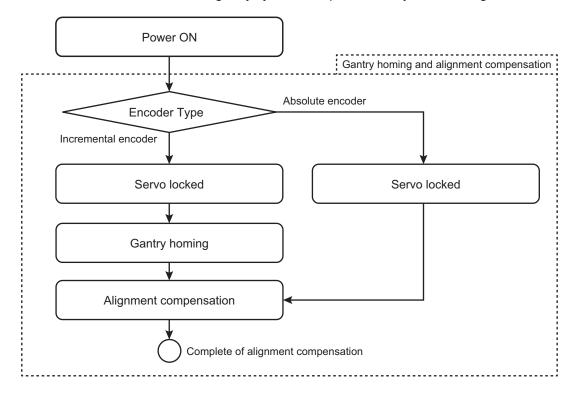
Initial Setup Procedure for Devices That Have a Gantry System

The initial setup for devices that have a gantry system is implemented by the following chart.



Start Procedure for Devices That Have a Gantry System

The start for devices that have a gantry system is implemented by the following chart.

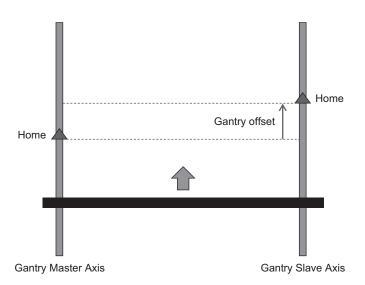


Gantry Offset

A displacement from the home exists between the gantry axes. The value that compensates this displacement is called a gantry offset.

Before starting up the gantry system machine, you need to calculate the gantry offset and adjust the value at first.

The CNC_GantrySkewControl (Gantry Skew Control) instruction is used to calculate and adjust the gantry offset. Refer to CNC_GantrySkewControl on page 12-123 for details.



The CNC Function Module updates the gantry offset value when the CNC_SkewControl execution completes, and it saves the value in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted.



Precautions for Correct Use

The **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** area of each CNC motor is used for the gantry offset. As with the case of the **Absolute Encoder Home Offset**, note the following conditions.

- For the NY-series Controllers, the gantry offset for each CNC motor is saved to the non-volatile memory along with the CNC motor number. If the CNC motor number is changed, the saved offset will be lost. If you change the CNC motor number, calculate the gantry offset again.
- If there is an error for the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, when the power supply to
 the NC Integrated Controller is turned ON, an Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error
 (event code: 17810000 hex) occurs. In this case, note that a read error for the gantry offset
 value also occurs.
- When you replace the NC Integrated Controller or the battery of the NC Integrated Controller, be sure to back up **Absolute Encoder Home Offset** with the gantry home defined before you start the replacement procedure.
 - By restoring the backup data after the replacement has been completed, you can use the home defined before the replacement was carried out.

Gantry Homing

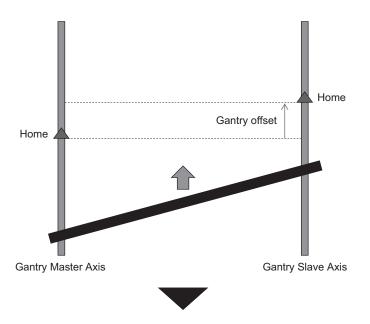
When homing is executed for the gantry master axis with the CNC_Home (Home) instruction or the CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction, homing is executed for the gantry master axis first and then for the gantry slave axis next.

In addition, based on the position of the home of each axis and the gantry offset, the skew between the axes is measured and compensated automatically. This operation is called alignment compensation.

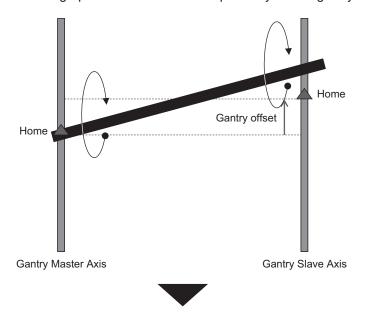
Example of gantry homing

Status 1: Power ON

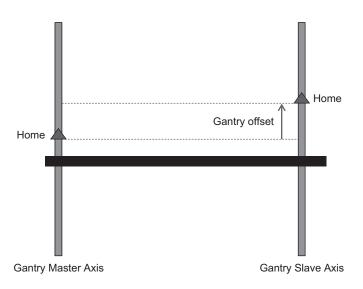
A skew exists between the gantry axes.



Status 2: Homing
Homing operation is executed sequentially for the gantry master axis and the gantry salve axis.



Status 3: Alignment compensation
Alignment compensation executes with the gantry offset.



By performing the gantry homing, the value of *Home Defined* (Homed) system-defined variable changes to TRUE.



Precautions for Correct Use

For the alignment compensation after gantry homing, the gantry offset must be calculated correctly. Always execute gantry homing after the calculation of the gantry offset.



Additional Information

- When 1: Absolute encoder is set for the encoder type of the gantry master and slave axes, the home is defined when communications are established or when the CNC_Power (Power Servo) instruction is executed.
- When the CNC_Home (Home) instruction is used, values specified for the gantry master axis
 are used for the homing parameters of the gantry master axis and values specified for the
 gantry slave axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry slave axis.
- When the CNC_HomeWithParameter (Home with Parameters) instruction is used, values specified for the gantry slave axis are used for the homing parameters of the gantry slave axis.
- **Home Offset** is not used the setting value for the gantry slave axis. Instead, it is preset based on the current position for the gantry master axis.
- By setting Homing Operation Mode for the gantry slave axis to 14: Zero position preset, you
 can use the homing method where the current position for the gantry master axis is preset to
 the gantry slave axis without inputting home signal for the gantry slave axis.
- Gantry homing is not necessary for the gantry system that uses the absolute encoder. Alignment compensation executes automatically when the servo is locked.

Alignment Compensation

When any of the following conditions are met, alignment compensation executes automatically depending on the **Alignment Velocity** in Gantry Settings.

- · Right after the gantry home is defined
- · When the Servo is locked for the CNC motor assigned to the gantry slave axis with its home defined
- When the gantry offset is adjusted with CNC_GantrySkewControl (Gantry skew control)



Precautions for Correct Use

When the absolute encoder is used, the home is defined for the CNC motor since the initial power is ON.

To avoid unexpected behavior of alignment compensation, make sure to check the monitor value of the current position and the actual machine position before the Servo is locked when the initial power is ON.

Gantry Monitor Function

This function automatically monitors the status between the gantry axes. This function is further classified into the following two functions.

Position Deviation between Axes Monitor Function

This function monitors a difference of the feedback position between the gantry axes. This function allows you to stop the gantry axes operation automatically in case the axes have a displacement from each other due to an error with one of the axes or other reasons.

Once the deviation exceeds **Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value** in the gantry slave axis settings, the *Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning* (679A0000 hex) will occur. Furthermore, if the deviation exceeds **Position Deviation between Axes Over Value**, the *Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded* (679B0000 hex) will occur.



Additional Information

The position deviation between axes monitor function is enabled when the gantry slave axis is in the servo lock state.

In the following cases, the gantry home is not defined. Therefore, this function monitors the difference of the current position of each Servo Drive for the master axis and the slave axis.

- · When the gantry home is undefined
- When the gantry homing operation is in progress

Gantry Master Axis Status Monitor Function

This function automatically turns the Servo OFF for the gantry slave axis when a Servo OFF state is detected for the gantry master axis.

Note that the relationship between the master axis and slave axis in the gantry system is switched internally during the homing operation of the gantry slave axis. Therefore, the monitoring target by this function is switched accordingly.

Effects on System-defined Variables

Some of the system-defined variables that are related to the gantry master and slave axes will behave differently from the standard functions.

Details are given below.

CNC Motor Variables

The following statuses affect the CNC motor variables for the gantry master axis.

Variable name	Data type	Name	Changes to the function
_CNC_Motor[031].De-tails.Homed	BOOL	Home Defined	TRUE when Home Defined is specified for the gantry master and slave axes.
_CNC_Motor[031].De-tails.SoftLimitPosi	BOOL	Positive Software Overtravel Limit	TRUE when Positive Software Overtravel Limit is specified for the gantry master or slave axis.
_CNC_Motor[031].De-tails.SoftLimitNega	BOOL	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	TRUE when Negative Software Overtravel Limit is specified for the gantry master or slave axis.
_CNC_Motor[031].De- tails.InPos	BOOL	In-position Completed	TRUE when In-position Completed is specified for the gantry master and slave axes.

NC Program Variables

The following variable affects the NC program variables that are related to the gantry slave axis.

Variable name	Name	Function
_CNC_CapturedPosi- tion@ ^{*1}	Logical Motor @ Cap- ture Position	This function does not work. The capture function for the gantry slave axis does not work. It
		only works for the master axis. *2

^{*1. @} indicates the logical motor number from 0 to 7.

^{*}2. The capture function for the gantry slave axis does not work. No value is assigned to the variable for the capture position.

9-4 CNC Coordinate System Position Control

This section describes the operation of multi-axes coordinated control.

With the CNC Function Module, you can set a CNC coordinate system in advance from Sysmac Studio to perform interpolation control for multiple axes.

9-4-1 Outline of Operations

Multi-axes coordinated control performs a motion with multiple related CNC motors together as a single group to control the path of the target control object such as tool center points.

The CNC Function Module treats all CNC motors that perform coordinated operation as a CNC coordinate system. CNC coordinate system are set from the Sysmac Studio. The NC program is used to control the path of the tool center point in the CNC coordinate system.

In the user program, each of the composition CNC motors for a CNC coordinate system are set to Servo ON status and to complete homing. Then, the CNC instruction to start the NC program and path operation is executed. If any error occurs on any CNC motor in the CNC coordinate system, all other CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.



Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot execute NC programs to a coordinate system if a CNC motor that composes the coordinate system is manually operated. In the same way, the manual operation cannot be executed during execution of the NC program except for the Hold (Holding) status.

Resetting CNC Coordinate System Errors

If an error occurs in a CNC coordinate system, you can use the CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instruction to remove the error once you have eliminated the cause.

9-4-2 Preparatory Function (G code)

Refer to the NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031).

9-5 Common Functions for CNC Coordinate System Position Control

For information about position, feedrate, acceleration time, deceleration time, and override, refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. O031)*.

9-6 Other Functions

This section describes other functions of the CNC Function Module.

9-6-1 Latching

Latching is used to control positioning based on the position where a trigger signal occurs, such as a signal from a sensor input. The position of the CNC motor is recorded (i.e., latched) when the trigger signal occurs.

Latching is required for G31 (Skip Function).

9-6-2 Software Limit

The positive and negative software limit parameters are provided for each CNC motor.

When **Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control** is set to **0**: **An error occurs** and the software limit is judged to be exceeded during execution of an NC program, each CNC motor stops immediately. In other cases, the path or target position is adjusted so that the software limit is not exceeded. The software limit is valid only when the home is defined. The software limit is invalid during homing.

9-6-3 In-position Check

In-position Check for CNC Motors

For the in-position range, specify the maximum position error value so that the CNC motor can be assumed in the in-position status when any command operations are not executed.

For the **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles**, specify the number of consecutive repetitions during which the in-position status must be true so that the CNC motor can be assumed in the in-position status.

If the **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** is greater than 0, the in-position status must continue to be true for the period specified by the additional number of consecutive check times.

The NC Integrated Controller checks these conditions in each primary period for all the active CNC motors. If any of these additional checks detects that any of these conditions is not true, the count must be started again from zero.



Additional Information

- The following five conditions must be satisfied in order that the CNC motor is assumed to be in the in-position status:
 - a) The CNC motor is in a closed-loop control state.
 - b) The command velocity of the CNC motor is set to 0.
 - The CNC motor is not running or dwell processing is not executed for the specified period of time.
 - d) The magnitude of the error is less than or equal to the in-position range.
- e) The above four conditions are satisfied in the consecutive primary period (i.e., the Number of In-position Continuance Cycles + 1).
- When the Number of In-position Continuance Cycles is set to the default value, if the inposition conditions (closed-loop, commanded velocity zero, and error less than or equal to
 the in-position range) are satisfied at the first check, the InPos (in-position completion) CNC
 motor variable is set.

In-position Check for CNC Coordinate Systems

When the in-position check time of the CNC coordinate system parameters is set to a positive value and blending is disabled between programs, this Controller is specified to check the in-position conditions before all axes on the coordinate system start the next motions by the NC program. In this case, specify the in-position check timeout time to the in-position check time.

The timeout time is indicated by the number of CNC Planner Service periods (CNC Planner Service Period + 1 servo cycle).

If all axes in the coordinate system are not set in the in-position status within this time before the start of the next travel, the NC Program Execution Error (67990000 hex) occurs and the program stops.

When the in-position check time of CNC coordinate system parameter is set to 0 and blending is disabled, this Controller instantaneously stops the command position before the next travel is started. However, this does not mean that the actual position of any axis reaches the end point.

When all the CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system are judged to be in the in-position status, the in-position status bit of the CNC coordinate system is set. After the in-position check is completed, a dwell time wait operation is inserted before the next programmed travel is executed.

9 Control Functions for CNC Motor and CNC Coordinate System Operations



CNC Instructions

This section describes CNC instructions.

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10-1 Overview of CNC Instructions

This section provides an overview of CNC instructions.

10-1-1 Types of CNC Instructions

The following table shows the types and descriptions of CNC instructions.

Туре	Category	Functional group	Outline
Common commands	Common administration instructions	Parameters	These instructions are used to control the common statuses of the CNC Function Module, and to manipulate or monitor various data items.
CNC coordinate system com-	CNC coordinate system motion instructions	CNC coordinate system control	These instructions perform coordinated motion of the CNC coordinate system.
mands	CNC coordinate system administration instructions	Auxiliary functions for CNC coordinate system control	These instructions are used to control or monitor the CNC coordinate system status.

10-1-2 State Transitions

State transitions are defined for the CNC coordinate system and instruction execution.

10-1-3 Execution and Status of CNC Instructions

Variables that start instruction execution or that indicate the execution status are defined as common rules for the instructions.

There are two input variables that start instruction execution: Execute and Enable.

The output variables that indicate the execution status of an instruction include *Busy*, *Done*, *CommandAborted*, and *Error*.

10-1-4 Error Processing

You execute CNC instructions to implement numerical control with the CNC Function Module.

When CNC instructions are executed, input parameters and instruction processing are checked for errors

If an error occurs in an instruction, the *Error* output variable from the instruction changes to TRUE and an error code is output to *ErrorID* (Error Code) output variable.

There are two ways that you can use to program processing of errors for CNC instructions.

Error Processing for Individual Instructions

You can use the *Error* (Error) and *ErrorID* (Error Code) output variables from the instruction to process errors that occur for each instruction.

Error Processing for Different Types of Errors

You can use the error status that is provided by the CNC system-defined variables to process each type of error separately.

10-1-5 Changing Input Variables during Execution of CNC Instruction (Restarting Instructions)

If the input variable *Execute* of the same instruction instance is changed to TRUE again while the CNC instruction is under execution, an error occurs.

10-1-6 Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Unlike the Motion Control Function Module, CNC instructions do not have functions for buffer modes. Whether the multi-execution of instructions is supported in the CNC Function Module depends on by the current status of CNC coordinate system and the instruction to execute. Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-14 for details.

10-2 Basic Information on CNC Instructions

This section describes the basic specifications and restrictions for programming with CNC instructions for the CNC Function Module built into the NC Integrated Controller.

10-2-1 CNC Instruction Names

All the CNC instructions for the CNC Function Module begin with "CNC_".

10-2-2 Languages for CNC Instructions

The CNC instructions of the CNC Function Module can be used in the programming languages shown below.

- · Ladder diagram (LD)
- Structured text (ST)

10-2-3 CNC Instruction Locations

This section describes what task a CNC instruction can be assigned to, and the relationship between the location of the task in a program and the resultant operation.

Task Types

CNC instructions can be used in the primary periodic task. If you use CNC instructions in any other task, an error will occur when you build the program.

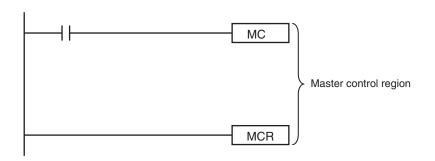
Task Type	Applicable
Primary periodic task	Yes
Periodic task (execution priority: 16)	No
Periodic task (execution priority: 17)	No
Periodic task (execution priority: 18)	No
Event task (execution priority: 8)	No
Event task (execution priority: 48)	No

In Function Block Definitions

You can also use CNC instructions in the function block definitions that user creates.

Master Control Regions

The area in a ladder diagram between the Master Control Start instruction (MC) and the Master Control End instruction (MCR) is the master control region.



If a CNC instruction is located in the master control region, and the MC input condition is FALSE, the following will occur.

- We the CNC instruction is directly input from the left bus bar to the *Enable* or *Execute* input variable of the CNC instruction, the instruction operates with these input variables as FALSE.
- The values of the output parameters are updated as normal even when the *Enable* or *Execute* input variables to the CNC instructions are FALSE.



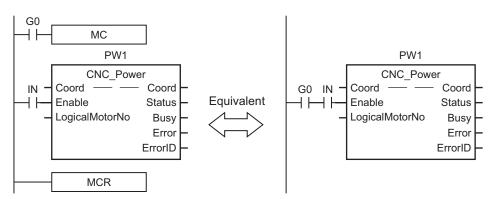
Precautions for Correct Use

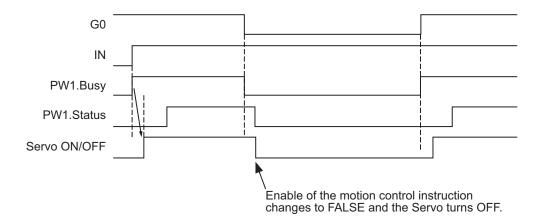
You cannot use master control for Structured Text Language and inline ST inside a ladder diagram.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* for information on the master control and the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)* for information on the MC and MCR instructions.

Enable-type CNC Instructions

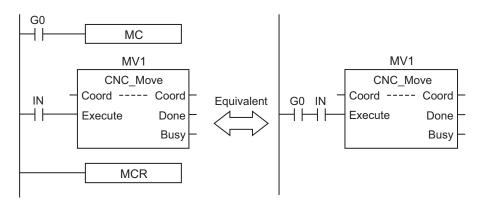
- Instructions located in master control regions are equivalent to the programming shown on the right in the following figure.
- · When G0 is TRUE, the CNC Power is executed normally.
- When G0 is FALSE, the CNC_Power is executed as if the *Enable* input variable was FALSE.

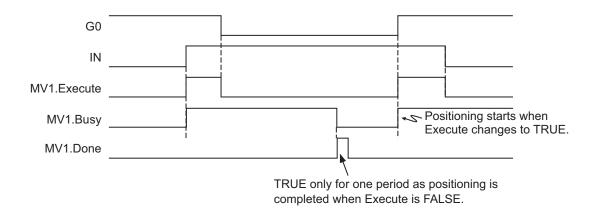




Execute-type CNC Instructions

- Instructions located in master control regions are equivalent to the programming shown on the right in the following figure.
- When G0 is TRUE, the CNC_Move is executed normally.
- When G0 is FALSE, the CNC_Move is executed as if the Execute input variable was FALSE.
- Instructions executed when G0 is TRUE continue operation until completion, even if G0 changes to FALSE during operation. The values of output parameters are also updated in the normal way.





CNC Instructions in ST Statement Instructions

This section describes the operation of CNC instructions when they are located in ST statement instructions, such as IF, CASE, WHILE, or REPEAT instructions.

When the evaluation result for the condition expression of an ST statement instruction is FALSE, the CNC instructions within the structure are not executed. Also, the values of the output variables are not updated.

If execution of an execute-type instruction is started and then the evaluation result changes to FALSE, processing is continued until it is completed. In that case, however, the values of the output variables are not updated.



Precautions for Correct Use

The execution status of an execute-type instruction in an ST statement instructions will not be clear if the evaluation result of the condition expression changes to FALSE during execution of the instruction, therefore, we do not recommend using execution-type instructions in ST statement instructions.

If they must be used, be careful of the operation.

Treatment of REAL and LREAL Data

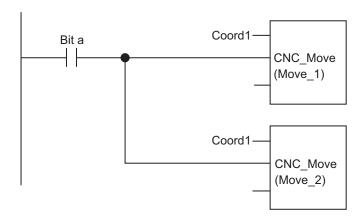
REAL and LREAL are floating-point decimal data types.

Refer to the NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W508) or NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W561).

10-2-4 Simultaneous Execution of CNC Instructions

This section describes operations to execute multiple CNC instructions for the same CNC coordinate system in the same task period.

- In the following programming, instruction instances Move_1 and Move_2 start in the same task period when Bit a turns ON.
- Instructions in a program are executed from the top. Therefore Move_1 is started first, and then Move_2 is started before Move_1 is finished.
- This is considered as the multi-execution of CNC instructions. In this example, **Move_2** is executed multiple times in relation to **Move_1**.



10-2-5 Online Editing of CNC Instructions

You can perform the following online editing operations for CNC instructions from the Sysmac Studio.

	Online editing operations
Deleting CNC instructions	
Adding CNC instructions	

Adding input variables, output variables, and in-out variables to CNC instructions

Changing input variables, output variables, and in-out variables for CNC instructions

Deleting input variables, output variables, and in-out variables for CNC instructions

10-2-6 Changes the Operation Mode of the NC Integrated Controller

The NJ/NY-series NC Integrated Controller has two operation modes: PROGRAM mode and RUN mode.

This section describes the operation of the CNC Function Module when the operating mode changes.

Changes from RUN Mode to PROGRAM Mode

- The CNC instruction that is under execution will be aborted.
 The CommandAborted (Command Aborted) output variable remains FALSE, but the operation is the same as when CommandAborted (Command Aborted) is TRUE.
- If the axis is moving, it will perform an immediate stop.
 The Servo ON/OFF status will continue.

Changes from PROGRAM Mode to RUN Mode

- The output variables of the CNC instructions are cleared.
- The axis performs an immediate stop when the mode changes from RUN mode to PROGRAM mode.

If the operating mode is changed back to RUN mode while the axis performs an immediate stop, the output variables from the CNC instruction are cleared. Therefore, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) of the CNC instruction that was under execution remains FALSE.



Variables and Instructions

This section describes the variables and instructions for the CNC Function Module.

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11-1 Variables

There are two types of variables for the CNC Function Module.

The first type is system-defined variables, which you use to monitor the CNC coordinate system status and some of the parameter settings. System-defined variables that are used by the CNC Function Module are called CNC system-defined variables.

The second type is variables that are used to input arguments to CNC instructions and to output execution status from CNC instructions. Some input variables to CNC instruction are enumerated variables. With enumerated variables, selections are made from a set of enumerators.

This section describes the variable types, the valid ranges of CNC instruction input variables, and the enumerated variables. Refer to 5-3 CNC System-defined Variables on page 5-5 for details.

11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions

The following tables list the input variables and the valid ranges for CNC instructions, and the valid ranges of enumerations.

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	Other input variables are input when Execute changes to TRUE. To update the input value, change the value, and Execute changes to TRUE again. The output variables are valid as long as Execute remains TRUE even after the instruction is completed. Then, all output variables except for Error and ErrorID are disabled when Execute changes to FALSE. If Execute changes to FALSE before the instruction is completed, output variables are enabled for at least one period.
Enable	Enable	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	FALSE	The instruction function is enabled when this variable is TRUE, and disabled when it changes to FALSE. While <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, the other input variables are input every period. If <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE, all output variables except for <i>Error</i> and <i>ErrorID</i> are disabled.

Valid Range of Input Variables

This section describes the valid ranges of input variables to CNC instructions. Refer to individual instruction descriptions for the valid ranges for each instruction.

BOOL Input Variables

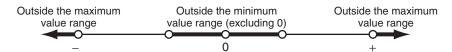
Any value other than FALSE is treated as TRUE. For this reason, out-of-range errors do not occur.

Enumerated (ENUM) Input Variables

Values that are outside of the valid range will result in an error.

Input Variables Given as Full Range, Positive Number, or Negative Number

Operation when an input variable is set inside or outside the valid range is described in the following table.



Name	Meaning	Valid range	Outside maxi- mum value range	Outside the minimum value range (excluding 0)
Velocity	Target Velocity	0, (-1 ≤ and ≤ -Maximum velocity) or (1 ≤ and ≤ Maximum velocity)*1	Positive numbers: Fixed to the maximum velocity. Negative numbers: Fixed to the -maximum velocity.	Positive numbers: 1 pulse/s Negative numbers: -1 pulse/s* ²
Acceleration	Acceleration/ Deceleration Rate	0 or (0.004 ≤ and ≤ Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration)*3	Maximum Acceleration/ Deceleration*4	Positive numbers: Fixed to 0.004pulse/s ² *5 Negative numbers: Error
Position (Feed axis specification)	Command Position (ABS specification)	(0xFFFFFF8000000000) ≤ and < (0x0000007FFFFFFFF + 1)*6	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not oc- cur.
	Travel Distance (INC specification)	(0xFFFFFF0000000001) ≤ and ≤ (0x000000FFFFFFFFFF)	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not oc- cur.
Position (Spindle specification)	Command Position (ABS specification)	-2 ⁵³ ≤ and < 2 ⁵³ - 1 ^{*7}	Error	Values outside of the mini- mum value range do not oc- cur.
	Travel Distance (INC specification)	(0xFFFFFF0000000001) ≤ and ≤ (0x000000FFFFFFFFFF)	Error	Values outside of the minimum value range do not occur.

^{*1.} The upper limit of the Maximum Velocity in the CNC motor parameter is 128,849,018,820 pulses/min.

^{*2.} If a negative number or 0 is specified when a negative number or 0 is not included in the valid range, an error occurs.

^{*3.} The upper limit of the **Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration** in the CNC motor parameter is 3,200,000,000,000 pulses/s.

^{*4.} If the acceleration/deceleration time is less than 125 μs, it is always fixed at 125 μs.

Calculated as follows: Acceleration/deceleration time = (| Target velocity - Current command velocity |) / Acceleration/deceleration rate

^{*5.} If the acceleration/deceleration time is greater than 250 s, it will always be fixed at 250 s.

^{*6.} Position must be an absolute value in pulses and within a signed 40-bit range.

^{*7.} Position must be an absolute value in pulses and within a signed 54-bit range. Additionally, one travel distance must be less than a signed 40-bit.

Enumerations

This is a list of ENUM data used by input variables to CNC instructions.

An enumeration input variable is not actually set to the number, but to the enumerator.

Data type	Valid range	Description	Variable of appro- priate instruction (Variable name)
_eCNC_PA-		Specifies the parameter to write.	ParameterNumber
RAME-	_cncRotaryVel := 0	0: Rotary Axis Velocity	(Parameter Num-
TER_NUMBER	_cncDryRunVel := 1	1: Dry Run Velocity	ber)
	_cncFeedholdTime := 2	2: Feed Hold Acceleration Deceleration	
		Time	
	_cncInPosTime := 3	3: In-position Check Time	
	_cncSwLmtCtrl := 4	4: Software Overtravel Limit Operation Control	
	_cncToolShape := 5	5: Tool Shape Data	
	_cncToolRadiusCompCtrl := 6	6: Tool Radius Compensation Control	
	_cncSpindleOrientation := 7	7: Spindle Axis Orientation Operation	
	_cncSingleBlockOption := 8	8: Single Block Execution Option	
	cncWorkOffset1 := 20	20: 1st Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncWorkOffset2 := 21	21: 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncWorkOffset3 := 22	22: 3rd Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncWorkOffset4 := 23	23: 4th Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncWorkOffset5 := 24	24: 5th Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncWorkOffset6 := 25	25: 6th Work Coordinate System Offset	
	cncRefPoint1 := 30	30: 1st Reference Point	
	 _cncRefPoint2:= 31	31: 2nd Reference Point	
	_cncRefPoint3 := 32	32: 3rd Reference Point	
	_cncRefPoint4 := 33	33: 4th Reference Point	
	_cncFELmt := 50	50: Following Error Over Value	
	_cncChkFELmt := 51	51: Following Error Warning Value	
	_cncSwLmt := 52	52: Software Overtravel Limit	
	_cncPosiSwLmt := 53	53: Positive Software Overtravel Limit	
	_cncNegaSwLmt := 54	54: Negative Software Overtravel Limit	
	_cncInPosCycle := 55	55: Number of In-position Continuance Cycles	
	_cncInPosRange := 56	56: In-position Range	
	_cncRapidFeedAcc := 57	57: Rapid Feed Acceleration/Deceleration	
	_cncSkipVel := 58	58: Skip Velocity	
	_cncPIDCtr := 59	59: PID Control	
	_cncCompScaling := 100	100: Compensation Scaling	
_eCNC_MOVE		Selects the travel method.	MoveMode
_MODE	_cncAbsolute := 0	0: Absolute positioning	(Travel Mode)
	_cncRelative := 1	1: Relative positioning	

Data type	Valid range	Description	Variable of appropriate instruction (Variable name)
_eCNC_SWLM		Enable or disable the software overtravel	
T_MODE		limit.	
	_cncNonSwLmt := 0	0: Disable software limits.	
	_cncCmdImmediateStop := 1	1: Enable software limits and perform im-	
		mediate stop for command position. (stop using remaining pulses)	
_eCNC_SWLM		Set the operation when the software over-	
T CONTROL		travel limit of the CNC motor is reached	
_		while the CNC coordinate system is oper-	
		ating.	
	_cncSwLmtOTErr := 0	0: Error	
	_cncSwLmtTrajSaturation := 1	1: No error	
		(Path saturation)	
_eCNC_HOM- ING_MODE		Specify the new setting of the Homing Operation Mode.	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHomeSwOff := 0	0: Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input OFF	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHomeSwOn := 1	Proximity reverse turn/home proximity input ON	
	_cncHomeSwOff := 4	4: Home proximity input OFF	
	_ _cncHomeSwOn := 5	5: Home proximity input ON	
	_cncLimitInputOff := 8	8: Limit input OFF	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHomeMask := 9	9: Proximity reverse turn/home input mask distance	
	_cncLimitInputOnly := 11	11: Limit inputs only	
	_cncHomeSwTurnHoldingTime := 12	12: Proximity reverse turn/holding time	
	_cncNoHomeSwHoldingHomeIn- put := 13	13: No home proximity input/holding home input	
	_cncHomePreset := 14	14: Zero position preset	
_eCNC_HOME		Select the input to use for the home input	
_INPUT		signal.	
	_cncZPhase := 0	0: Use the Z-phase input as home	
	_cncExternalSignal := 1	1: Use external home input	
_eCNC_LIM-		Set the stopping method when the limit in-	
IT_RE-		put turns ON during homing.	
VERSE_MODE	_cncErrorStop := 0	0: No reverse turn/minor fault stop	
	_cncRevImmediateStop := 1	1: Reverse turn/immediate stop	
	_cncRevDecelerationStop := 2	2: Reverse turn/deceleration stop	
_eCNC_DI-		Specifies the direction of motion.	
RECTION	_cncPositiveDirection := 0	0: Positive direction	
	_cncShortestWay := 1	1: Shortest way	
	_cncNegativeDirection := 2	2: Negative direction	
	_cncCurrentDirection := 3	3: Current direction	
	_cncNoDirection := 4	4: No direction specification	

Data type	Valid range	e Description	
_eCNC_OVER-		Specifies the Overcut Mode.	
CUT_MODE	_cncOvercutErr := 0	0: Overcut detection error	
	_cncOvercutAvoid := 1	1: Overcutting avoidance	
	_cncOvercutIgnore := 2	2: Overcutting ignorance	
	_cncOvercutTestAvoid := 3	3: Overcutting test avoidance	
_eCNC_DE-		Specifies the program deletion option.	DeletePrg
LETE_PRG	_cncNotDelPrg := 0	0: Do not delete.	(Program Deletion
	_cncDelLoadedPrg := 1	1: Delete all the loaded program.	Option)
_eCNC_SIN-		Specifies the Single block execution op-	
GLE_BLOCK_		tion.	
OPTION	_cncSingleBlockOptionDisable := 0	0: Disabled Single block execution option.	
	_cncSingleBlockOptionEnable := 1	1: Enabled Single block execution option.	
_eCNC_SKEW		Specifies the operating mode of the gantry	SkewMode
_MODE		skew control.	(Skew Control
	_cncCalcOffset := 0	0: Calculates the gantry offset value.	Mode)
	_cncAlignOffset := 1	1: Changes the gantry offset value and	
		adjusts the slave axis position.	
	_cncWriteOffset := 2	2: Changes the gantry offset value.	
	_cncReadOffset := 3	3: Reads the gantry offset value that is	
		currently valid.	

11-1-2 Output Variables for CNC Instructions

The following table lists the output variables for CNC instructions.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when the instruction is completed. At this time, output variables <i>Error</i> , and CommandAborted are FALSE. Done will be TRUE for at least one period if the input variable Execute is FALSE when the instruction is completed. If Execute is TRUE, Done remains TRUE until Execute changes to FALSE.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when an instruction is acknowledged.
Enabled	Enabled	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when busy.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
CommandAborted	Command Aborted	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when an instruction could not be executed or when it was aborted during execution. If an error occurs in the target CNC coordinate system, the instruction cannot be executed. Also, the instruction cannot be executed while the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to a stop. The instruction is aborted when another instruction is executed, or if an error other than for this instruction occurs. At this time, the <i>Done</i> and <i>Error</i> output variables are set to FALSE. If the instruction is aborted while the input variable <i>Execute</i> is FALSE, <i>CommandAborted</i> will be TRUE for at least one period. If <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> is TRUE, <i>CommandAborted</i> remains TRUE until <i>Execute</i> or <i>Enable</i> changes to FALSE.
Error	Error	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	TRUE when there is an error caused by a mistake in an input variable or instruction processing.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD		Contains the error code when an error occurs. 16#0000 indicates normal operation.

11-1-3 In-Out Variables for CNC Instructions

The following table lists the in-out variables for CNC instructions.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordi- nate System	_sCNC_COORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
GantryOffset	Gantry Offset	LREAL	*1	Input: Specify a gantry offset value to change. It is used when the skew control mode is _cncAlignOffset or _cncWriteOffset.*1 Output: When the execution of an instruction is completed, the currently valid gantry offset value is stored.

^{*1.} When the skew control mode is either *_cncAlignOffset* or *_cncWriteOffset*, the valid range is same as that for travel distance, which is between 0xFFFFF0000000001 and 0x000000FFFFFFFFF after it is converted into pulses.

11-2 List of CNC Instructions

CNC instructions are classified into the following two types.

Туре	Outline
Common commands	Common instructions of CNC Function Module
CNC coordinate system com-	Instructions for CNC Function Module to control and monitor the CNC coor-
mands	dinate system.

11-2-1 Common Commands

This section describes the common instructions for the CNC Function Module.

In the Classification column, "Administration" indicates a non-motion system instruction, and "Motion" indicates a motion system instruction.

Instruction	Instruction name	Outline	Classification
CNC_Write	Write CNC Setting	Overwrites CNC parameters.	Administration
CNC_Read	Read CNC Setting	Reads CNC parameters.	Administration
CNC_LoadProg-	Load NC Program	The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction loads an	Administration
ramFile		NC program from an external non-volatile memory	
		into the main memory.	

11-2-2 CNC Coordinate System Commands

This section describes instructions to perform multi-axis coordinated control for the CNC Function Module.

In the Classification column, "Administration" indicates a non-motion system instruction, and "Motion" indicates a motion system instruction.

Instruction	Instruction name	Outline	Classifica- tion
CNC_CoordControl CNC Coordinate Execu		Executes the NC program, and starts controlling the specified	Administra-
	System NC Control	CNC coordinate system.	tion
CNC_CoordCatchM-	Catch M Code	Receives the M code output from the NC program using the	Administra-
Code		sequence control program.	tion
CNC_CoordResetM-	Reset M Code	Resets the M code output from the NC program.	Administra-
Code			tion
CNC_CoordReset	CNC Coordinate	The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error detected in	Administra-
	System Error Reset	the specified CNC coordinate system.	tion
CNC_CoordStop	CNC Coordinate	The CNC_CoordStop instruction decelerates all the currently	Motion
	System Stop	running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system	
		to a stop.	
CNC_CoordImme-	CNC Coordinate	The CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction immediately stops	Motion
diateStop	System Immediate	all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC co-	
	Stop	ordinate system.	
CNC_CoordHalt	CNC Coordinate	Stops the currently running CNC motors assigned to the posi-	Motion
	System Halt	tioning axes in the specified CNC coordinate system.	
CNC_Power	Power Servo	Switches the driver status to the Run Enable status.	Administra-
			tion
CNC_MoveJog	Jog	Performs jogging according to the specified target velocity.	Motion

Instruction	Instruction name	Outline	Classifica- tion
CNC_Home	Home	The CNC_Home instruction operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.	Motion
CNC_HomeWith- Parameter	Homing with Pa- rameters	Sets the homing parameter and operates the Servomotor to determine home. It uses the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.	Motion
CNC_Move	Positioning	Performs absolute positioning or relative positioning.	Motion
CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute	Cyclic Synchronous Absolute Position- ing	Outputs the specified target position cyclically.	Motion
CNC_SpindleGo	Spindle Control	Starts running the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.	Motion
CNC_GantrySkew- Control	Gantry Skew Control	Controls the skew of the gantry axes.	Motion

11-3 PDO Mapping

You need to map the objects required for the CNC functions you will use on process data communica-

The PDO map lists all of the objects that are registered in advance.

11-3-1 Required Objects

There are objects that are required for positioning axes and objects required for spindle axis of CNC motor type.

If even one of the required objects is not set, a *Required Process Data Object Not Set* error (error code: 3780 hex) occurs.

Positioning Axis

The following object settings must be set to use instructions of the CNC Function Module for the positioning axis:

Input/output	Function	Process data
Output	Control word	6040 hex
	Target position	607A hex
Input	Status word	6041 hex
	Current position	6064 hex

Spindle Axis

The following object settings must be set to use instructions of the CNC Function Module for the spindle axis:

Input/output	Function	Process data
Output	Control word	6040 hex
	Target velocity	60FF hex
Input	Status word	6041 hex
	Current position	6064 hex

11-3-2 Objects Required for Specific Instructions

There are objects that you must set to use specific instructions for the CNC motor.

There are settings required for the CNC motors that is assigned for each positioning axes and spindle axis.

If an object that is required for each instruction is not set, a *Process Data Object Setting Missing* error (error code: 3781 hex) occurs.

CNC Motor

There are instructions that require the object setting to operate the CNC motor.

Refer to the following table and set the required objects.

Any instructions that are not listed in the following table only require to set required objects for the CNC motor operation.

Output Settings

	Function name
Instruction name/G code name	Touch Probe Function 60B8 hex
CNC_Home, CNC_HomeWithParameter, CNC_GantrySkewControl*1	Conditionally required*2
G31	Required

^{*1.} When **Gantry Offset Value Calculation** is specified for the skew control mode, same restrictions as those for CNC Home apply.

Input Settings

	Function name				
Instruction name/G code name	Touch probe status 60B9 hex	Touch probe pos1 pos value 60BA hex	Touch probe pos2 pos value 60BC hex		
CNC_Home,	Conditionally re-	Conditionally re-	Conditionally required*2		
CNC_HomeWithParameter,	quired*2	quired*2			
CNC_GantrySkewControl*1					
G31	Required		Required		

^{*1.} When **Gantry Offset Value Calculation** is specified for the skew control mode, same restrictions as those for CNC_Home apply.

^{*2.} Setting is required, excluding homing operation mode, 11, 12, and 14.

^{*2.} Setting is required, excluding homing operation mode, 11, 12, and 14.



CNC Coordinate System Instructions

This section describes the instructions for the CNC Function Module to perform the control of the CNC coordinate system or the CNC motors.

CNC_CoordControl	12-2
CNC_CoordCatchMCode	12-44
CNC_CoordResetMCode	12-60
CNC_CoordReset	12-64
CNC_CoordStop	12-68
CNC_CoordImmediateStop	12-71
CNC_CoordHalt	12-74
CNC_Power	12-77
CNC_MoveJog	12-80
CNC_Home	12-87
CNC_HomeWithParameter	12-91
CNC_Move	12-94
CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute	12-103
CNC_SpindleGo	12-108
CNC GantrySkewControl	12-123

CNC_CoordControl

Executes the NC program, and starts controlling the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordControl	CNC Coordinate System NC Control	FB	CNC_CoordControl_instance CNC_CoordControl Coord Coord ControlInputs ControlInputs ControlOutputs ControlOutputs Enable Enabled Busy Error ErrorID	CNC_CoordControl_instance(Coord := parameter, ControlInputs := parameter, ControlOutputs := parameter, Enable := parameter, Enabled => parameter, Busy => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Enable	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	While this variable is TRUE, the command is
			TRUE		executed.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Enabled	Enable	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the CNC coordinate system is being controlled.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Enabled	When the instruction is started.	After one period when <i>Enable</i> is FALSE. When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
Busy	When <i>Enable</i> changes to TRUE.	When Enable changes to FALSE. When Error changes to TRUE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
Controllnputs	Numerical Control Input	_sCNC_CTR_IN- PUTS_REF		Specifies the interface from the PLC to the NC. Create a user-defined variable with a data type of _sCNC_CTR_INPUTS_REF.
ControlOutputs	Numerical Control Output	_sCNC_CTR_OUT- PUTS_REF		Specifies the interface from the NC to the PLC. Create a user-defined variable with a data type of _sCNC_CTR_OUTPUTS_REF.

• _sCNC_CTR_INPUTS_REF

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
CycleStart	Cycle Start	BOOL	FALSE or	Starts the execution of the NC program when this var-
			TRUE	iable changes to TRUE. *1
SingleBlock	Single Block Valid	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Executes the NC program on a block-by-block basis if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of
				the NC program starts. *2 *3
MachineLock	Machine Lock Valid	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Executes the NC program in MachineLock if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. *2
DryRun	Dry Run Val- id	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Executes the NC program in DryRun if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. *2
AuxiliaryLock	M Code Lock Valid	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Executes the NC program in AuxiliaryLock if this variable changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts. *2
FeedHold	Feed Hold	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Interrupts the NC program when this variable changes to TRUE. *1
Reset	Reset	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Interrupts the NC program that is currently being executed, and initializes its status when this variable changes to TRUE. *1
BackTrace	Back Trace Enabled	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Traces the NC program in Hold backward when this variable changes to TRUE and CycleStart (Cycle Start) is started. *3
OptionalInputs	Optional Input	ARRAY [031] OF BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Inputs an optional signal to the NC program. 0 bit: Signal for Optional Stop (M01) 1 to 31 bit: Signal for Option block skip
ProgramNo	NC Program Number	UINT	1 to 9999	Specifies the NC program number. *2

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
FeedrateVelFactor	Feedrate Override Factor	LREAL	0 to 500	Specifies the feedrate override factor. The valid range of the override factor is 0.01 to 500.00. Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01. This variable is 0 only when 0 is specified. The unit is (%).
FeedrateVelFactorCh- angeRate	Feedrate Override Change Rate	LREAL	0 to 500	Specifies the feedrate override change rate. The valid range of the override change rate is 0.01 to 500.00. Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01. This variable is 0 only when 0 is specified. The unit is (%/s).
SpindleVelFactor	Spindle Velocity Override Factor	LREAL	0 to 500	Specifies the spindle velocity override factor. The valid range of the override factor is 0.01 to 500.00. Values of 500.00 or more are treated as 500 and values less than 0.01 (including negative values) are treated as 0.01. This variable is 0 only when 0 is specified. The unit is (%).

^{*1.} The inputs to send a command for CNC Coordinate System NC Control are CycleStart, Reset, and FeedHold. If these variables are input simultaneously, the priority order conforms to Reset > FeedHold > CycleStart.

• _sCNC_CTR_OUTPUTS_REF

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
CycleStartReady	Cycle Start	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the NC program is
	Ready			ready to accept cycle start.
ManualIntervention-	Manual Inter-	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the NC program is
Ready	vention Ready			ready to accept the manual interven-
				tion.
BackTraceReady	Back Trace	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the NC program is
	Ready			ready to accept the back trace.
ProgramEnd	Program Com-	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the NC program termi-
	pleted			nates normally, or FALSE when the
				NC program starts.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	Refer to 15-3 Error	Contains the error code when an er-
			Lists on page	ror occurs.
			15-12.	A value of 16#0000 indicates normal
				execution.
ExecutingStatus	NC Program	ENUM	0: _cncStandby	Outputs the execution status of the
	Execution Sta-	_eCNC_EXE-	1: _cncExecuting	NC program.
	tus	CUTING_STATE	2: _cncHold	

^{*2.} SingleBlock, MachineLock, AuxiliaryLock, DryRun, and ProgramNo are CycleStart input options in Standby. The NC program runs in accordance with these options while Operating.

^{*3.} SingleBlock and BackTrace are CycleStart input options in Hold.

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
CurrentProgramNo	Executing Pro-	UINT	0 to 9,999	Outputs the program number of the
	gram Number			program that is currently being exe-
				cuted. Default: 0*1
CurrentBlockNo	Executing	UDINT	0 to 4,294,967,295	Outputs the block number of the
	Block Number			block that is currently being read
				ahead. Default: 0*1
CurrentLookahead-	Look-ahead	UDINT	0 to 4,294,967,295	Outputs the block number of the
BlockNo	Block Number			block that is currently being read
				ahead. Default: 0*1
ModalStatus	Modal Status	_sCNC_MO-		Outputs the status of the modal that
		DAL_REF		is currently being read ahead. *1

^{*1.} The value is initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed.

The previous value is retained when the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop and the value is initialized when the NC program is executed by the reset execution or Cycle Start.

• _sCNC_MODAL_REF

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
NonModal	NonModal State	DWORD	0 to FFFFFFF	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1
	State			Default: 0
				Bit0: G04
				Bit1: G28
				Bit2: G30
				Bit3: G31
				Bit4: G52
				Bit5: G53
Motion	Motion	USINT	0 to 3	Outputs the G code modal status that is
				currently being executed. *1
				Default: 1
				0: G00
				1: G01
				2: G02
				3: G03
Plane	Plane	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status that is
				currently being executed. *1
				Default: 0
				0: G17
				1: G18
				2: G19
Distance	Distance	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is
				currently being executed. *1
				Default: 0
				0: G90
				1: G91

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Unit	Unit	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is
				currently being executed. *1 The default value follows the Unit of Cartesian Axes of the CNC coordinate system parameter. 0: G20 1: G21
ToolRadius	Tool Radius	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status that is
	Compensation			currently being executed. *1 Default: 0 0: G40 1: G41 2: G42
ToolLengthOffset	Tool Length	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status that is
	Compensation			currently being executed. *1 Default: 2 0: G43 1: G44 2: G49
CannedCycle	Fixed Cycle	USINT	0 to 2	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 1 0: G74 1: G80 2: G84
ReturnLevel	Return Point Specification	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 0 0: G98 1: G99
Scaling	Scaling	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 0 0: G50 1: G51
CsSelection	Coordinate System Selec- tion	USINT	0 to 6	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 0 0: Work coordinate system disable 1: G54 2: G55 3: G56 4: G57 5: G58 6: G59
PathControl	Path Control	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 1 0: G61 1: G64

Variable	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Rotation	Rotation	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is
				currently being executed. *1 Default: 1 0: G68 1: G69
Mirroring	Mirroring	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 0 0: G50.1 1: G51.1
MultiBlockAcc	Multi-block Acceleration/ Deceleration	USINT	0 or 1	Outputs the G code modal status that is currently being executed. Default: 0 0: G500 1: G501
S	S Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the S code that is currently being executed. *2 Default: 0
F	F Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the F code that is currently being executed. *1 Default: 0
Та	Ta Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the Ta code that is currently being executed. *1 The default value is the Acceleration Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters.
Td	Td Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the Td code that is currently being executed. *1 The default value is the Deceleration Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters.
Ts	Ts Code	LREAL	0 min.	Outputs the Ts code of the modal that is currently being executed. *1 The default value is the Jerk Time of the CNC coordinate system parameters.

The value is retained, not initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. If the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop, the value is initialized when the spindle axis assignment is performed. The value is retained when the spindle axis assignment is not performed.



Precautions for Correct Use

Each actual structure includes Reserved areas. Do not create a sequence control program that refers to Reserved areas.

The value is initialized when the NC program terminates normally or when the reset is executed. The previous value is retained when the NC program is aborted by CNC_CoordStop or Error Stop and the value is initialized when the NC program is executed by the reset execution or Cycle Start.

Functions

This instruction updates the values of *ControlInputs* (Numerical Control Inputs) and *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) in-out variables that are used to control NC programs in the CNC coordinate system.

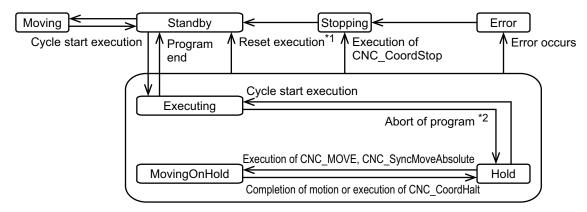
When *Enabled* is TRUE, the values of *ControlInputs* (Numerical Control Inputs) and *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs) are updated with this instruction.

The instruction can execute the NC program loaded into the NC program buffer.

To load data in the NC program buffer, download the NC program created with Sysmac Studio in advance, or load the NC program saved in the SD Memory Card using the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction.

Only one NC program can be executed simultaneously in a CNC coordinate system.

The figure below shows the relationships between this instruction's operations and the CNC coordinate system status.



- *1. Except MovingOnHold status and when G74, G84, or M19 is executing. If *Reset* is TRUE when G74, G84, or M19 is completed, the program is reset at that timing.
- *2. Program abort refers to any one of the following states.
 - FeedHold execution*3
 - M00 or M01 execution
 - · 1-row execution completion by single block
 - · Back trace completion
- *3. Except when G74, G84, or M19 is executing. If *FeedHold* (Feed Hold) is TRUE when G74, G84, or M19 is completed, the program is set to Feed Hold at that timing.
- When CycleStart (Cycle Start) is TRUE while Standby and CycleStartReady (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE, the status transitions to Executing, which starts executing the NC program based on ProgramNo (Program Number). However, the transition is not performed when Reset or FeedHold is TRUE.
- When Execute NC program is completed or Reset is changed to TRUE, the status transitions to Standby.
- When *FeedHold* (Feed Hold) is changed to TRUE during the execution of NC program or when another program is interrupted due to an event, the status transitions to Hold.
- When the status is Hold and *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) is TRUE, the manual intervention is available. Refer to the explanation of *Manual Intervention* on page 12-11 for details.
- When the Hold and *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) is TRUE, BackTrace is available. Refer to the explanation of *Back Trace of NC Program* on page 12-13 for details.

• When *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is TRUE while the status is Hold and *CycleStartReady* (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE, the status transitions to Executing again, which restarts Execute NC program.



Additional Information

- The execution of NC Program is available when CycleStartReady (Cycle Start Ready) is TRUE. All the following conditions must be satisfied.
 - a) All the positioning axes and the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system are set to Servo ON.
 - b) All the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system have the home defined. (Excluding the spindle)
 - c) The CNC coordinate system is in Standby or Hold, and axes other than the spindle axis are stopped.
- When the status transitions to Executing, operation starts after in-position check was completed.
- When deceleration stop is set by FeedHold, only all the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system decelerate to a stop. If the multi-block acceleration/deceleration is disabled, deceleration stop are performed based on the feed hold acceleration/deceleration time of the CNC coordinate system parameter. If the multi-block acceleration/deceleration is disabled, deceleration stop are performed based on the maximum acceleration/deceleration rate of each CNC motor parameter.
- When immediate stop is set by Reset, only all the positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately. When immediate stop is set by CNC_CoordStop or error detection, all the positioning axes and spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system stop immediately.

Override

This is a function to change the override of the feedrate or spindle velocity in the execution of an NC program.

Changing the override value changes the velocity during the execution of an NC program.

For feedrate override, the override change rate during moving can be controlled by modifying the feedrate override change rate. Setting the feedrate override change rate to a positive value changes the override gradually to the target feedrate override value. Setting the feedrate override change rate to 0 changes the override immediately to the target override value.

When the instruction is not operating at feedrate, the override immediately changes to the target override value regardless of the feedrate override change rate.

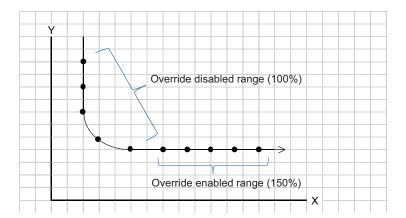
Select a feedrate override method from the two methods described below by using **Override Method Selection** of the CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings.

Segment Override Method

The override is applied to the segmented time when the linear interpolation operation or the circular interpolation operation is dissolved into small segments.

However, when you use G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable), a delay time occurs between the change of the override value and the reflection to the actual operation.

Use the time-base override method to reflect the override value immediately.





Precautions for Correct Use

- The feedrate override is an override value for the feed rate (F). Therefore, for example, the feedrate override does not operate for the G code instructions such as G00 that operates at a rapid feedrate.
- When the feedrate override value is changed during Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500), the changed value does not apply to the operations that have been read ahead at the time of change. When the override value is changed, the value applies to the operations that have not been read ahead.
- The override value is disabled for the tapping operation (G74, G84) and the tapping operation is performed at an override value of 100%.



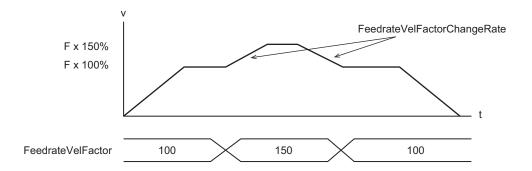
Additional Information

- The valid range of *FeedrateVelFactor* (Feedrate Override Factor) in the segment override method is 0 to 500%.
- The segment override method works on the linear interpolation operation and circular interpolation operation.
- When you use G501 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Disable), the override is reflected to the next interpolation operation that execute path calculation.
- When you use G500 (Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable), a delay time occurs between the change of the override value and the reflection to the actual operation.
 This delay time is calculated with the following formula.
 - Override delay time (ms) = Lookahead distance × CNC Planner Service period (ms)
- Both of the override methods do not work on the CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis. Also, the override does not work during the tapping operation.

Time-base Override Method

The time-base override method calculates the override when the target position which is dissolved into small segments is output at the primary control period.

This is applied by changing the internal elapsed time which is supplied to the calculation equation for the command value of the CNC motor according to the override value.





Precautions for Correct Use

- The operation is not restricted by Maximum Velocity and Maximum Acceleration/
 Deceleration in the Operation Settings of CNC motor when the override is used.
 VelLimit (Velocity Limit Over) is TRUE when the command velocity exceeds Maximum Velocity.
- The override value is disabled for the tapping operation (G74, G84) and the tapping operation is performed at an override value of 100%.



Additional Information

- The valid range of Feedrate VelFactor (Feedrate Override Factor) in the time-base override method is 0 to 200%.
 - If a value larger than 200% is specified, it is handled as 200%.
- The velocity is proportional to the override value and the acceleration/deceleration rate is proportional to the square of the override value.
- The time-base override method works on the following operations.
 - a) Linear interpolation operation and circular interpolation operation
 - b) Rapid feed operation by G00
 - c) Manual operation by the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction or the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction
 - d) Stopping operation with the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction
 - e) Feed hold operation (with the lookahead enabled)
 - f) Reset operation
 - g) Error stop
 - However, regarding the stopping operation, the stop position does not change even if the override value is changed.
- Both of the override methods do not work on the CW or CCW rotation of the spindle axis. Also, the override does not work during the tapping operation.

Manual Intervention

If *FeedHold* changes to TRUE during execution of an NC program, the NC program decelerates to a stop. When the deceleration stop is completed, the status changes to Hold.

In the Hold status, you can execute some of the other CNC instructions. This is called a manual intervention

Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-14 for the instructions that enable the manual intervention.

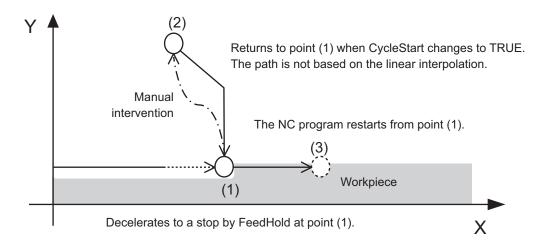
Manual intervention is a function used to temporarily stop the NC program for troubleshooting purposes when machine troubles occurred during the processing operation by NC program.

Also, troubleshooting is performed, and continuation is executed by CycleStart. Continuation refers to restarting the execution of the NC program after the CNC coordinate system returned to the position at which the CNC coordinate system stopped by FeedHold.

Executing continuation performs first to return to the position at which the CNC coordinate system stopped by FeedHold when *CycleStart* (Cycle Start) is changed to TRUE after manual intervention was completed. It then restarts the execution of the NC program. The return operation is performed independently for each CNC motor, therefore, the tool is positioned in the CNC coordinate system based on a non-linear interpolation manner.

The return operation depends on the CNC version, as below.

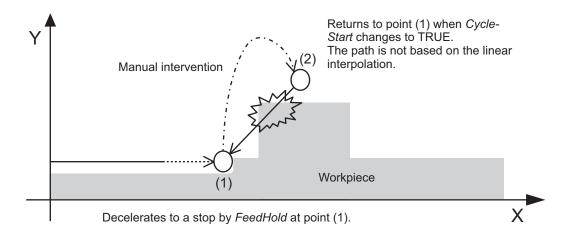
- With CNC version 1.02 or higher, the command velocity operates at the rapid feed velocity of each CNC motor.
- With CNC version 1.01 or lower, the command velocity operates at the maximum velocity of each CNC motor





Precautions for Safe Use

Be sure to correctly perform manual intervention depending on the working direction and workpiece shape. Otherwise, the workpiece, machine, or tools may be damaged.





Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the manual intervention, all of the following conditions must be satisfied.

- During Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500)
- The feed hold is stopped while G01, G02, or G03 is being executed.
 Additionally, the above conditions are satisfied when ManualInterventionReady (Manual Intervention Ready) of ControlOutputs (Numerical Control Outputs) is TRUE.

The manual intervention program is interlocked using *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready).

When the CNC instruction for the manual intervention is started if *ManualInterventionReady* (Manual Intervention Ready) is FALSE, the CNC instruction changes to *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted).

Back Trace of NC Program

If FeedHold changes to TRUE during execution of an NC program, the NC program decelerates to a stop. When the deceleration stop is completed, the status transitions to the Hold (Holding) status. If BackTrace (Back Trace) changes to TRUE and CycleStart (Cycle Start) changes from FALSE to TRUE in the Hold (Holding) status, the back trace can be executed. The back trace function executes the NC program in backward direction from the stop position. The status transitions to Executing while the back trace is being executed.

However, back trace cannot be executed for the G00 (Positioning) operation of the NC program. When the NC program contains the G00 operation, it stops before the G00 operation.

If the back trace is executed in a status in which the operation is performed using an instruction that enables the manual intervention after the Hold (Holding) status, the back trace execution is disabled. BackTrace is available only for operations of the positioning axis. It is not available for operations of the spindle axis.

The G or M code that is previous executed is not re-executed; therefore, ModalStatus holds the status that is set at BackTrace execution, and read-ahead processing is stopped.

However, only CurrentBlockNo is updated (rewound).

When the NC program returns to the point at which BackTrace was re-executed by CycleStart after BackTrace was executed once, the update of ModalStatus restarts.



Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the backtrace, all of the following conditions must be satisfied.

- During Multi-block Acceleration/Deceleration Enable (G500)
- The feedhold is stopped while G01, G02, or G03 is being executed.
- The manual intervention is never executed in the Hold status.
 Additionally, when BackTraceReady (Back Trace Ready) of ControlOutputs (Numerical Control Outputs) is TRUE, the above conditions are satisfied.

The back trace execution program is interlocked using *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready). If the back trace is executed when *BackTraceReady* (Back Trace Ready) is FALSE, the execution is disabled.

The execution of back trace is not applied to the single block execution.

Test of NC Program

Created NC program may be checked whether it can operate the machine as intended by executing the NC program before machining workpieces.

You can check the program either by actually operating the machine or, or by displaying the current position without operating the machine.

Dry Run

This is a test run to operate the machine with workpieces removed to check tool operations.

The machine runs at the dry run velocity specified using the relevant CNC coordinate system parameter regardless of the velocity specified by the NC program.

If *DryRun* (Dry Run Enable) changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts, the dry run is executed.

Machine Lock

This is a test run to check the changes shown on the position indicator without operating the machine. If *MachineLock* (Machine Lock Enable) changes to TRUE when the execution of the NC program starts, the machine lock is executed. The NC program is executed as specified and the position indicator changes, however, the axes do not move.

When the status transitions to the Standby status, the machine lock is released, and then the position indicator returns to the machine position.

MachineLock applies to all of positioning axes and the spindle axis in the CNC coordinate system. When the machine lock is specified while the spindle axis performs the CW/CCW operation and the cycle start is executed, the spindle axis status is maintained, but the output is cut (a speed of 0 is output). Additionally, when the status of the CNC coordinate system transitions from Executing to Standby during machine lock, the status of the spindle axis transitions to Standby.

M Code Lock

This function is used to lock M codes for test running.

If *AuxiliaryLock* (M Code Lock Valid) changes to TRUE when the execution of an NC program starts, the M code lock is executed. The M code does not run.

Optional Input

This function outputs an optional input signal to the NC program.

This signal can be detected as an input signal in the NC program by setting each bit of *OptionalInputs* (Optional Input) to TRUE.

Bit 0 of Optional Input is an input signal for Optional Stop (M01) that stops the NC program by detecting the input signal.

Bits 1 to 31 of Optional Input are input signals for a command (/N*1) that skips one block of the NC program by detecting the input signal.

*1. N is a constant between 1 to 31.

Single Block

When the NC program is started while *SingleBlock* (Single Block) changes to TRUE, step execution is performed.

A row in which a block number (N^{**}) is not described is not recognized as one block in the parsed NC program. The program is executed until the next block number is found.

The NC program loaded from Sysmac Studio cannot be applied to single block execution. However, the single block execution of the NC program loaded from Sysmac Studio can be performed by rewriting the setting value of the single block execution option.

To rewrite the setting value of the single block execution option, use the CNC_Write instruction. Specify _cncSingleBlockOption := 8 for ParameterNumber (Parameter Number) and set _cncSingleBlockOptionEnable := 1 to SettingValue (Setting Value).

Modal Status

The valid modal status during execution of the NC program is output to *ModalStatus* (Modal Status) of *ControlOutputs* (Numerical Control Outputs).

ModalStatus is maintained even while Standby is set by FeedHold.

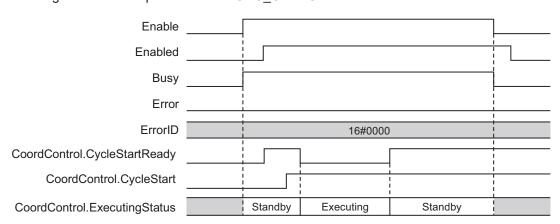
ModalStatus is reset at the timing shown below.

- · Reset (Reset) is executed.
- · CycleStart is executed in the Standby (Standby) status.
- The program that is currently executing changes to the end of program (M02/M30/M99).

When the program is stopped by CNC_CoordStop or CNC_ImmedieateStop or when the program is stopped as an error is detected during operation, ModalStatus is not reset.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC CoordControl instruction is shown below.



While Enabled is TRUE, CoordControl is updated.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Only one instance can enable this instruction in the CNC coordinate system.

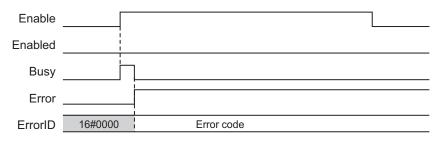
When this instruction already has an instance enabled in the CNC coordinate system, if an attempt is made to enable this instruction of another instance in the same CNC coordinate system, the instruction is enabled for the subsequent instance.

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming about the NC program execution control method.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor configuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC Positioning axis composition CNC motor		Positioning axis as- signment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor	
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor 3	

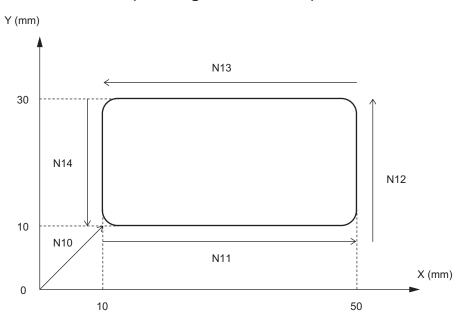
Operation Example

Use the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction to execute the following NC program that has been loaded using the CNC_LoadProgramFile (Load NC Program) instruction.

NC Program

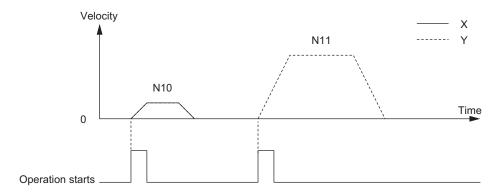
```
// File name: NCProg1.txt
// Program number: 300
N00 G17 G91 F500
N10 G00 X10 Y10
N11 G01 X40
N12 Y20
N13 X-40
N14 Y-20
N15 M30
```

Operation Pattern 1 (NC Program Execution)



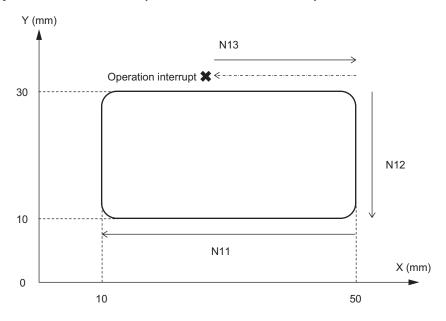
1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch When you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates in accordance with the NC program.

Operation Pattern 2 (Single Block Execution)



- **1** Turning ON the Single Block Enable Switch Turn ON the single block enable switch.
- **2** Turning ON the Operation Start Switch
 Every time you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates block by block in accordance with the NC program.

Operation Pattern 3 (Back Trace Execution)



- Turning ON the Operation Start Switch When you turn ON the operation start switch, CNC coordinate system 0 operates in accordance with the NC program.
- **2** Turning ON the Operation Interrupt Switch
 When you turn ON the operation interrupt switch, the executing NC program pauses.
- Turning ON the Back Trace Enable Switch When you turn ON the operation start switch in the back trace enable switch ON status, CNC coordinate system 0 rewinds the NC program to run operations.

Operation Pattern 4 (Dry Run Execution)

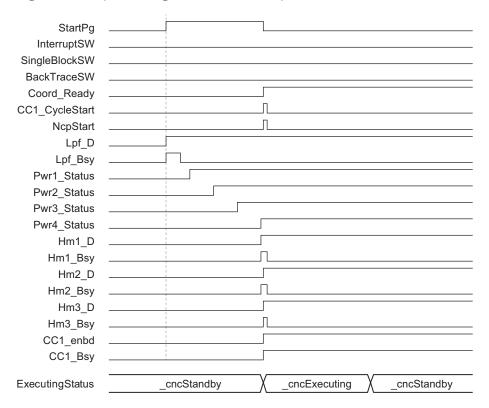
- **1** Turning ON the Dry Run Enable Switch Turn ON the dry run enable switch.
- Turning ON the Operation Start Switch When you turn ON the operation start switch, the machine lock and auxiliary function lock are enabled, and then CNC coordinate system 0 runs the NC program in the dry run mode. At this time, the command position moves, but the feedback position does not change from the machine position. The velocity also becomes the dry run velocity and the auxiliary function output does not operate.

Ladder Diagram

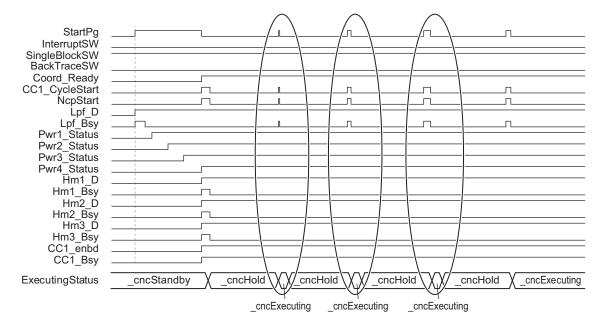
Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communications are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion in the NC program. TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is executed.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting completion. Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch. When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
SingleBlockSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the single block enable switch. When this variable is TRUE, the single block execution is enabled.
BackTraceSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the back trace enable switch. When this variable is TRUE, the back trace is enabled.
DryRunSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the dry run enable switch. When this variable is TRUE, the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock are enabled.

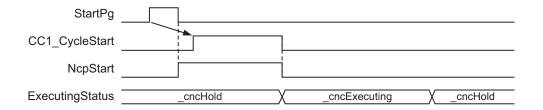
• Timing Chart 1 (NC Program Execution)



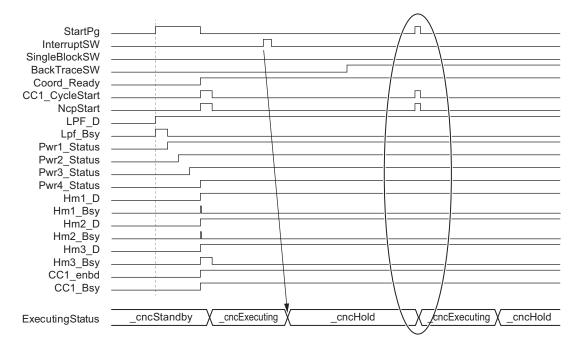
• Timing Chart 2 (Single Block Execution)



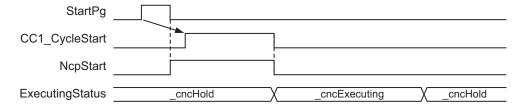
The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.



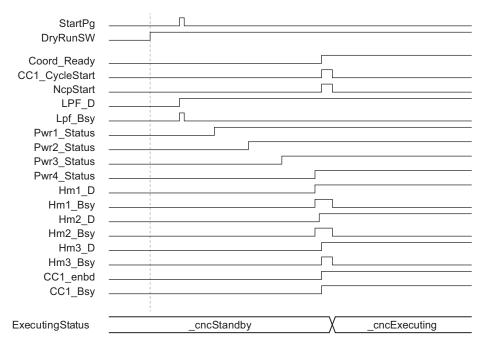
• Timing Chart 3 (Back Trace Execution)



The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.







Sample Programming (NC Program Execution/Single Block Execution/Back Trace Execution)

When contact StartPg is TRUE, the first pressing process of the operation start switch is executed.

```
StartPg StartPgWork StartPgWork

StartPgWork
```

When contact StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.

```
StartPgWork _Card1Ready _Card1Access Card_OK Card_OK Lpf_D
```

After checking that an SD Memory Card is inserted, start the Load NC Program to load the NC program.

```
LPF
Card_OK
                                                                                              Lpf_D
                                  CNC_LoadProgramFile
                                                      Done
                              Execute
      STRING#'NCProg1.txt' -
                              FileName
                                                             - Lpf_Bsy
                                                      Busy
             cncNotDelPrg -
                              DeletePrg
                                           CommandAborted
                                                             Lpf Ca
                                                      Error
                                                             Lpf Err
                                                     ErrorID
                                                             — Lpf_ErrID
```

If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

```
__CNC_COM.Obsr.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR1
                                                        CNC Power
Lpf D
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                                            CNC Coord000 Pwr1 Status
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
      CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready
                                        UINT#0
                                                                    Busy
                                                                            Pwr1_Bsy
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr1_Err
                                                                            Pwr1_ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR2
                                                        CNC_Power
Pwr1_Status
                                 CNC_Coord000
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr2_Status
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                        UINT#1
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                    Busy
                                                                            Pwr2 Bsy
      CNC_Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                            Pwr2_Err
                                                                    Error
                                                                  ErrorID
                                                                            Pwr2_ErrID
```

When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR3
                                                        CNC Power
Pwr2 Status
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr3_Status
                                 CNC_Coord000
                                                   Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                   Enable
                                                                   Status
      CNC_Motor002.DrvStatus.Readv
                                                                            Pwr3_Bsy
                                        UINT#2
                                                   LogicalMotorNo
                                                                    Busy
                                                                    Error
                                                                           - Pwr3 Err
                                                                            Pwr3 ErrID
                                                                   ErrorID
```

When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR4
                                                        CNC Power
Pwr3 Status
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                                            CNC Coord000 Pwr4_Status
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                    Busy
                                                                            Pwr4 Bsy
      CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready
                                      UINT#100
                                                                            Pwr4 Err
                                                                    Error
                                                                  ErrorID
                                                                            Pwr4 ErrID
```

When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.

```
HM1
                                   CNC_Home
Pwr4_Status CNC_Coord000
                                                       CNC Coord000
                                                                                                Hm<sub>1</sub>D
                                              Coord
                             Execute
                                               Done
                   UINT#0
                              LogicalMotorNo
                                                       Hm1 Bsy
                                               Busy
                                                       Hm1 Ca
                                    CommandAborted
                                                       Hm1 Err
                                               Error
                                                       Hm1_ErrID
                                              ErrorID
```

After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

```
HM2
                                                     CNC Home
Pwr2 Status
                                                                                            Hm2 D
                               CNC_Coord000
                                                                        CNC Coord000
                                               Coord
                                                                Coord
                                                Execute
                                                                Done
                                     UINT#1 -
                                               LogicalMotorNo
                                                                 Busy
                                                                        Hm2_Bsy
                                                                        - Hm2_Ca
                                                     CommandAborted
                                                                       - Hm2_Err
                                                                 Error
                                                                       - Hm2_ErrID
                                                               ErrorID
```

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

```
НМ3
                                                       CNC Home
Pwr3 Status
                                                                                                Hm3 D
                Hm<sub>2</sub> D
                                                                           CNC_Coord000
                                CNC Coord000
                                                  Coord
                                                                  Coord
                                                 Execute
                                                                   Done
                                       UINT#2 -
                                                 LogicalMotorNo
                                                                           Hm3_Bsy
                                                                   Busy
                                                                           Hm3_Ca
                                                        CommandAborted
                                                                           Hm3_Err
                                                                           Hm3_ErrID
                                                                 ErrorID
```

If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultH-andler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

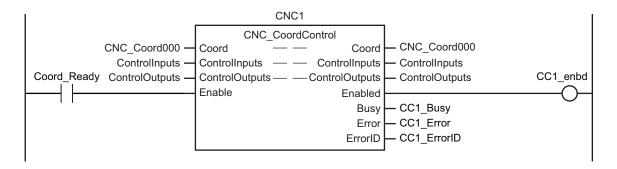
```
CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord_Ready changes to TRUE.

```
CNC_Coord000.Status.Ready Hm3_D Coord_Ready

Coord_Ready CC1_Err
```

When Coord_Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadProgramFile (L
oad NC Program) instruction
ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#300;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#300.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program
NcpStart := TRUE;
```

When contact StartPg is TRUE, check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

```
InitFlg StartPg
                     StartPgWork
                                                                                                    NcpStart
                                                                                                       (S)
                                                                                                     StartPg
NcpStart ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady
                                                                                             CC1_CycleStart
CC1 CycleStart
                                                                                      ControlInputs.CycleStart
                                                       NcpStart
                                                                                     ControlInputs.CycleStart
                                               EQ
                                              FΝ
             ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus -
                                              ln1
                                                                                             CC1_CycleStart
eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncExecuting -
                                                                                                       (R)
                                                                                                    NcpStart
```

When contact InterruptSW is TRUE, stop the execution of the NC program.

When contact BackTraceSW is TRUE, enable the back trace.

```
BackTraceSW ControlOutputs.BackTraceReady ControlInputs.BackTrace
```

When contact SingleBlockSW is TRUE, enable the single block execution.

```
| SingleBlockSW | ControlInputs.SingleBlock |
```

Sample Programming (Dry Run Execution)

When contact StartPg is TRUE, the first pressing process of the operation start switch is executed.

```
StartPg StartPgWork StartPgWork
```

When contact StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.

After checking that an SD Memory Card is inserted, start the Load NC Program to load the NC program.

```
LPF
Card_OK
                                  CNC_LoadProgramFile
                              Execute
      STRING#'NCProg1.txt' -
                                                              Lpf Bsy
                              FileName
                                                       Busy
             cncNotDelPrg -
                              DeletePrg
                                           CommandAborted
                                                              - Lpf Ca
                                                              - Lpf_Err
                                                       Error
                                                              Lpf_ErrID
                                                     ErrorID
```

If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

```
FHandler

_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR1
                                                        CNC Power
Lpf_D
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                                            CNC Coord000 Pwr1_Status
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                            Pwr1_Bsy
                                        UINT#0
                                                                    Busy
      CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                            Pwr1_Err
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr1_ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR2
                                                        CNC_Power
Pwr1 Status
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr2_Status
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                   Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                   Enable
                                                                   Status
      CNC_Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready
                                        UINT#1
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                    Busy
                                                                            Pwr2 Bsy
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr2 Err
                                                                  ErrorID
                                                                            Pwr2 ErrID
```

When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR3
                                                        CNC Power
Pwr2 Status
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr3_Status
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                                                            Pwr3_Bsy
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                    Busy
                                        UINT#2
      CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                            Pwr3_Err
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr3_ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR4
                                                        CNC_Power
Pwr3_Status
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr4_Status
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                                   Status
                                                  Enable
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                            Pwr4_Bsy
                                      UINT#100
                                                                    Busy
      CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr4 Err
                                                                            Pwr4 ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.

```
HM1
                                   CNC_Home
Pwr4_Status CNC_Coord000
                                                       CNC Coord000
                                                                                                Hm<sub>1</sub>D
                                              Coord
                             Execute
                                               Done
                   UINT#0
                              LogicalMotorNo
                                                       Hm1 Bsy
                                               Busy
                                                       Hm1 Ca
                                    CommandAborted
                                                       Hm1 Err
                                               Error
                                                       Hm1_ErrID
                                              ErrorID
```

After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

```
HM2
                                                     CNC Home
Pwr2 Status
                                                                                            Hm2 D
                              CNC_Coord000
                                                                        CNC Coord000
                                               Coord
                                                                Coord
                                                Execute
                                                                Done
                                     UINT#1 -
                                               LogicalMotorNo
                                                                 Busy
                                                                        Hm2_Bsy
                                                                        - Hm2_Ca
                                                     CommandAborted
                                                                       - Hm2_Err
                                                                 Error
                                                                       - Hm2_ErrID
                                                               ErrorID
```

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

```
НМ3
                                                       CNC Home
Pwr3 Status
                                                                                                Hm3 D
                Hm<sub>2</sub> D
                                                                           CNC_Coord000
                                CNC Coord000
                                                  Coord
                                                                  Coord
                                                 Execute
                                                                   Done
                                       UINT#2 -
                                                 LogicalMotorNo
                                                                           Hm3_Bsy
                                                                   Busy
                                                                           Hm3_Ca
                                                        CommandAborted
                                                                           Hm3_Err
                                                                           Hm3_ErrID
                                                                 ErrorID
```

If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultH-andler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

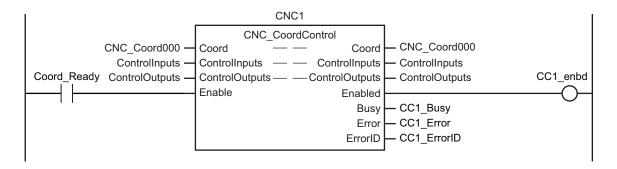
```
CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.

```
CNC_Coord000.Status.Ready Hm3_D Coord_Ready

Coord_Ready CC1_Err
```

When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.



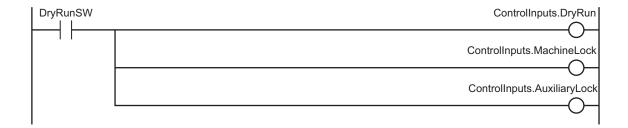
When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadProgramFile (L
oad NC Program) instruction.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#300;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#300.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program
NcpStart := TRUE;
```

When contact StartPg is TRUE, check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

```
InitFlg StartPg
                     StartPgWork
                                                                                                    NcpStart
                                                                                                       (S)
                                                                                                     StartPg
NcpStart ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady
                                                                                              CC1_CycleStart
CC1 CycleStart
                                                                                      ControlInputs.CycleStart
                                                       NcpStart
                                                                                      ControlInputs.CycleStart
                                               EQ
                                               FΝ
             ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus -
                                              ln1
                                                                                             CC1_CycleStart
_eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting -
                                                                                                       (R)
                                                                                                    NcpStart
```

When contact DryRunSW is TRUE, enable the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock.

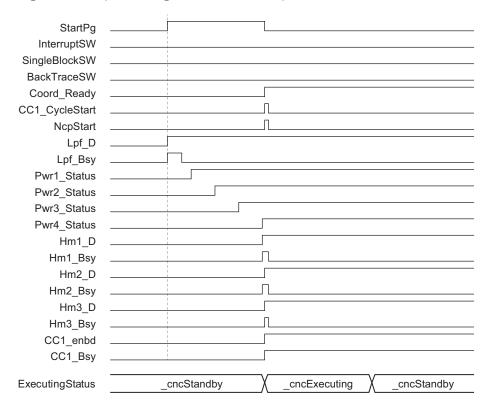


Structured Text (ST)

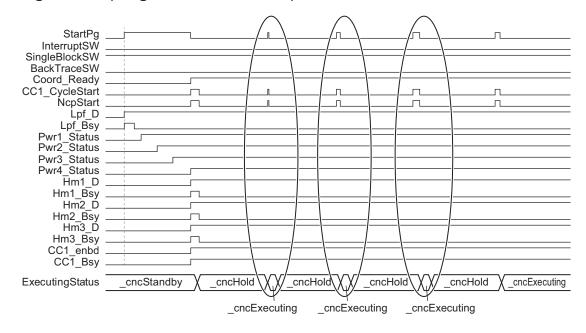
Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communications are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion in the NC program. TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is executed.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting completion. Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch. When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
SingleBlockSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the single block enable switch. When this variable is TRUE, the single block execution is enabled.
BackTraceSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the back trace enable switch. When this variable is TRUE, the back trace is enabled.
DryRunSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the dry run enable switch. When this variable is TRUE, the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function lock are enabled.

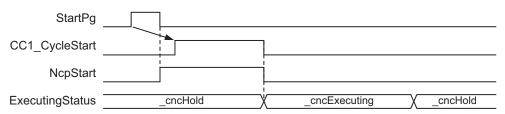
• Timing Chart 1 (NC Program Execution)



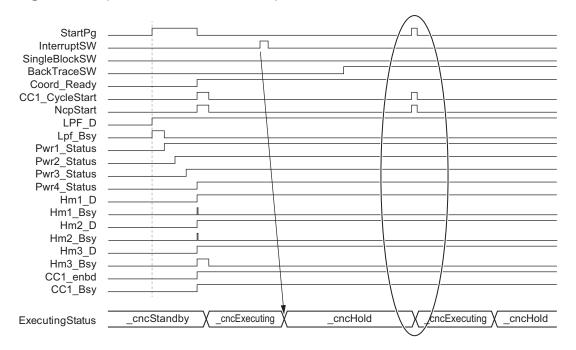
• Timing Chart 2 (Single Block Execution)



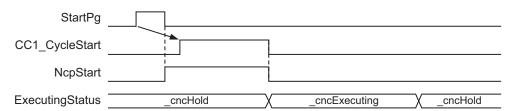
The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.



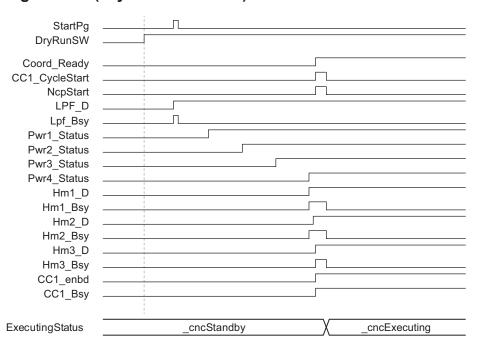
• Timing Chart 3 (Back Trace Execution)



The details of the circle marked portions are shown below.



Timing Chart 4 (Dry Run Execution)



Sample Programming (NC Program Execution/Single Block Execution/Back Trace Execution)

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, execute the first pressing process of the operation start
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (StartPgWork = FALSE) THEN
   StartPgWork := TRUE;
END IF;
// When StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.
IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) THEN
    IF ( Card1Access = FALSE) AND ( Card1Ready = TRUE) THEN
        LPF Ex := TRUE;
    END IF;
END IF;
// If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, execu
te the error handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF ( CNC COM.Obsr.Active = TRUE) THEN
    FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the serv
o ready status and set the X-axis to the ON status.
IF (LPF Dn = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
        Pwr1 En := TRUE;
   ELSE
        Pwr1 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwrl Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Pwr2 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr2 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr3 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr3 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
```

```
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Pwr4 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr4 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute h
oming of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4_Status = TRUE) THEN
   Hm1 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm1 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm2 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm2 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm3 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error ha
ndler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active = TRUE) THEN
   FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, Coord Ready changes to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D = TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Coord Ready := TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
   Coord Ready := FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready = TRUE) THEN
   CC1 En := TRUE;
   CC1 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set.
IF(CC1 enbd = TRUE)AND( InitFlg = FALSE) THEN
    // CNC CoordControl parameter
    // Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC_LoadProgramFile
```

```
(Load NC Program) instruction.
    ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#300;
    ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#300.0;
    ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
    ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
    // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
    InitFlg := TRUE;
    // Start the NC program
    NcpStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
IF (InitFlg = TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady = TRUE) AND
    (NcpStart = TRUE) THEN CC1 CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart = TRUE) THEN
    ControlInputs.CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1_CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = eCNC EXECUTING STATE# cncExecuting) THEN
   NcpStart := FALSE;
   CC1 CycleStart := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.CycleStart := FALSE;
END IF;
// Pressing the operation start switch again re-executes the NC program.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) THEN
   StartPg := FALSE;
    IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) AND (InitFlg = TRUE) THEN
        NcpStart := TRUE;
    END IF;
END IF;
// When InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
IF (InterruptSW = TRUE) THEN
   ControlInputs.FeedHold := TRUE;
    // Check that the NC program stops and set the FeedHold flag to OFF.
    IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncHold) THEN
        ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
        InterruptSW := FALSE;
    END IF;
END IF;
```

```
// When BackTraceSW is TRUE, determine whether the back trace can be used. When the
back trace can be used, enable the back trace.
IF (BackTraceSW = TRUE) THEN
    IF (ControlOutputs.BackTraceReady = TRUE) THEN
        ControlInputs.BackTrace := TRUE;
    END IF;
ELSE
   ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
END IF;
// When SingleBlockSW is TRUE, enable the single block execution.
IF (SingleBlockSW = TRUE) THEN
   ControlInputs.SingleBlock := TRUE;
ELSE
   ControlInputs.SingleBlock := FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC_Power of X-axis
PWR1(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr1_En,
    ogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
    Status => Pwr1 Status,
   Busy => Pwr1_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr1 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr1_ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr2 En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
    Status => Pwr2 Status,
   Busy => Pwr2_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Enable := Pwr3 En,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
    Status => Pwr3_Status,
   Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr3 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
```

);

```
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
    Enable := Pwr4 En,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#100,
    Status => Pwr4 Status,
    Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1 (
 Coord := CNC Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm1 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0 ,
 Done => Hm1 D,
 Busy => Hm1 Bsy,
 CommandAborted => Hm1 Ca,
 Error => Hm1 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm1_ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
 Coord := CNC_Coord000 ,
 Execute := Hm2 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
  Done => Hm2 D,
 Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
 CommandAborted => Hm2 Ca,
 Error => Hm2 Err,
 ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
 Coord := CNC_Coord000,
 Execute := Hm3 Ex,
 LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
 Done => Hm3 D,
 Busy => Hm3 Bsy,
 CommandAborted => Hm3_Ca,
 Error => Hm3 Err,
  ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
// CNC_CoordControl
CC1(
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
    ControlInputs := ControlInputs,
```

```
ControlOutputs := ControlOutputs,
    Enable := CC1 En,
    Enabled => CC1 enbd,
    Busy => CC1 Bsy,
    Error => CC1 Err,
    ErrorID => CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC LoadProgramFile
LPF(
Execute := LPF Ex,
    FileName := STRING#'NCProg1.txt',
    DeletePrg := eCNC DELETE PRG# cncNotDelPrg,
    Done => LPF D,
    Busy => LPF Bsy,
    CommandAborted => LPF Ca,
    Error => LPF Err,
    ErrorID => LPF ErrID
);
```

Sample Programming (Dry Run Execution)

```
// When StartPq is TRUE, execute the first pressing process of the operation start
switch.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (StartPgWork = FALSE) THEN
   StartPgWork := TRUE;
END IF;
// When StartPgWork is TRUE, check that an SD Memory Card is inserted.
IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) THEN
    IF ( Card1Access = FALSE) AND ( Card1Ready = TRUE) THEN
       LPF Ex := TRUE;
    END IF;
END IF;
// If a monitoring information error occurs during loading of the NC program, execu
te the error handler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF ( CNC COM.Obsr.Active = TRUE) THEN
   FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the Load NC Program is completed, check that the Servo Drive is in the serv
o ready status and set the X-axis to the ON status.
IF (LPF Dn = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
        Pwr1 En := TRUE;
   ELSE
        Pwr1 En := FALSE;
END_IF;
```

```
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr2 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   Pwr2 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Pwr3 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   Pwr3 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Pwr4 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr4_En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute h
oming of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status = TRUE) THEN
   Hm1 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm1 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm2 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm2 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm3_Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error ha
ndler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active = TRUE) THEN
    FaultHandler();
END IF;
```

```
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D = TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Coord Ready := TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
    Coord Ready := FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord_Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready = TRUE) THEN
   CC1 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   CC1 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set.
IF(CC1 enbd = TRUE) AND (InitFlg = FALSE) THEN
    // CNC_CoordControl parameter
    // Specify the NC program (No.300) that was loaded with the CNC LoadProgramFile
 (Load NC Program) instruction.
    ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#300;
    ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#300.0;
    ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
    ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
    // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
    InitFlg := TRUE;
    // Start the NC program
   NcpStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg = TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady = TRUE) AND (NcpStart = TRU
   CC1 CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1_CycleStart = TRUE) THEN
       ControlInputs.CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1_CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
    NcpStart := FALSE;
   CC1 CycleStart := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.CycleStart := FALSE;
```

```
END IF;
// Pressing the operation start switch again re-executes the NC program.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) THEN
   StartPg := FALSE;
   IF (StartPgWork = TRUE) AND (InitFlg = TRUE)THEN
        NcpStart := TRUE;
   END IF;
END IF;
// When DryRunSW is TRUE, enable the dry run, machine lock, and auxiliary function
lock.
IF (DryRunSW = TRUE) THEN
   ControlInputs.DryRun := TRUE;
   ontrolInputs.MachineLock := TRUE;
   ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := TRUE;
ELSE
   ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
   ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr1_En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
   Status => Pwrl Status,
   Busy => Pwr1_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr1_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr2 En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
   Status => Pwr2 Status,
   Busy => Pwr2 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
// CNC_Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr3 En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
```

```
Status => Pwr3 Status,
    Busy => Pwr3_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr3 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr4 En,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#100,
    Status => Pwr4 Status,
   Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := Hm1 Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
    Done => Hm1_D,
    Busy => Hm1 Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm1 Ca,
    Error => Hm1_Err,
    ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := Hm2 Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
    Done => Hm2_D,
    Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm2 Ca,
    Error => Hm2_Err,
   ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
нмз (
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := Hm3 Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
    Done => Hm3_D,
    Busy => Hm3_Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm3 Ca,
    Error => Hm3_Err,
    ErrorID => Hm3_ErrID
```

```
);
// CNC_CoordControl
CC1(
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
    ControlInputs := ControlInputs,
    ControlOutputs := ControlOutputs,
    Enable := CC1 En,
    Enabled => CC1_enbd,
    Busy => CC1_Bsy,
    Error => CC1_Err,
    ErrorID => CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC_LoadProgramFile
LPF(
    Execute := LPF_Ex,
    FileName := STRING#'NCProg1.txt',
    DeletePrg := _eCNC_DELETE_PRG#_cncNotDelPrg,
    Done => LPF_D,
    Busy => LPF Bsy,
    CommandAborted => LPF_Ca,
    Error => LPF_Err,
    ErrorID => LPF ErrID
);
```

CNC_CoordCatchMCode

The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction receives the M code output from the NC program using the sequence control program.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordCatchM-Code	Catch M Code	FB	CNC_CoordCatchMCode_instance CNC_CoordCatchMCode Coord Coord MCode MCode Enable Enabled MCodeNo Strobe Busy Error ErrorID	CNC_CoordCatchMCode_instance(Coord := parameter, MCode := parameter, Enable := parameter, MCodeNo := parameter, Enabled => parameter, Strobe => parameter, Busy => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorlD => parameter,);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Enable	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	While this variable is TRUE, the command is
			TRUE		executed.
MCodeNo	M Code	UINT	0 to 191	0	Specify an M code number to be received.
	Number				This value is applied only when <i>Enable</i>
					changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Enabled	Enable	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the CNC coordinate system is being controlled.
			TRUE	
Strobe	Strobe	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the M code output specified in an M code is re-
			TRUE	ceived from the CNC coordinate system.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Enabled	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When Enable changes to FALSE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
Strobe	When the M code output specified in an M code is	When the M code output is reset by CNC_CoordRe-
	received from the CNC coordinate system.	setMCode.
Busy	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When Enable changes to FALSE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
MCode	M Code Attached Information	_sMCODE_REF		Outputs the information attached to the M code output. *1

^{*1.} Create a user-defined variable of the _sMCODE_REF type.

_sMCODE_REF

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
ExistsOutputs	Attached Information Output Existence	ARRAY[07] OF BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	Outputs whether <i>Outputs</i> exists or not when an M code is received. The element numbers (07) in the array correspond to the arguments (VAVH) in the M code. 0=VA, 1=VB, 2=VC, 3=VD, 4=VE, 5=VF, 6=VG, 7=VH
Outputs	Attached Infor- mation Output	ARRAY[07] OF LREAL		Outputs the <i>Outputs</i> when an M code is received. The element numbers in the array correspond to the arguments (VAVH) in the M code. 0=VA, 1=VB, 2=VC, 3=VD, 4=VE, 5=VF, 6=VG, 7=VH

Functions

The CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction receives the M code output of the NC program as an interface to execute the M codes provided by the sequence control program from the NC program. This instruction receives (*Strobe* changes to TRUE) the M code output of the CNC coordinate system specified using *Coord* (CNC Coordinate System) in accordance with *MCodeNo* (M Code Number). When the M code output is received, information about whether there is the argument specified in MCode is output to *ExistsOutputs* using the sequence control program, and if the argument exists, its value is output to *Outputs*.

The *ExistsOutputs* and *Outputs* argument values are retained until the M code output is received again using the instance of the same CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction.

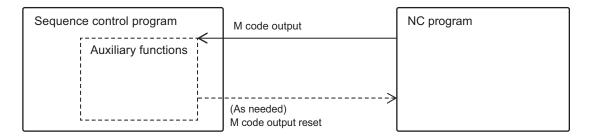
If the M code is set to 0 (synchronization) or the M code output has an argument, this instruction continues to wait for block stepping of the NC program until the M code output is reset.

Instruction Details

This instruction realizes to acknowledge the calls for the auxiliary functions from the NC program in the sequence control program.

For example, the auxiliary functions of the processing machine include ATC control, coolant ON/OFF, and spindle control.

These auxiliary functions depend on the processing machine, and they can be deployed using various commands of the NJ/NY-series.



Up to 192 of M codes outputs output from the NC program can be specified for each CNC coordinate system.

M code numbers (0 to 191) are used to specify the M codes outputs accepted by the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction. A different auxiliary function can be programmed for each M code number of the auxiliary functions.

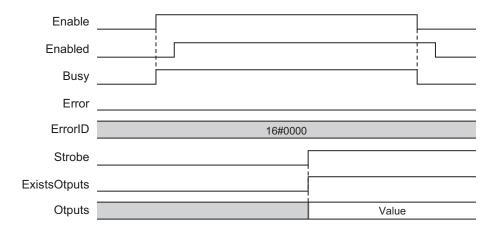
Also, you can pass up to eight arguments to each M code output that is to be output from the NC program. This can be used when setting the parameter specified from an NC program to the M codes, for example, when specifying a tool number for the tool exchange auxiliary function.

When the M code output is enabled in the NC program, its argument that is specified for M code output is output to *ExistsOutputs* (Argument Existence/Non-existence) and *Outputs* (Argument Value).

If the argument is specified using an NC program to enable the M code output, the NC program must retain the argument value until the argument value is loaded by the sequence control program. Therefore, the NC program continues to wait for a reset from the sequence control program. In the sequence control program, be sure to execute the CNC_CoordResetMCode (Reset M Code) instruction after receiving an M code output that is specified for the argument.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_CoordCatchMCode instruction is shown below.



While Enabled is TRUE, Strobe is updated.

ExistsOutputs and *Outputs* are updated at the timing when *Strobe* is updated from FALSE to TRUE. *ExistsOutputs* and *Outputs* are not updated at other timings.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

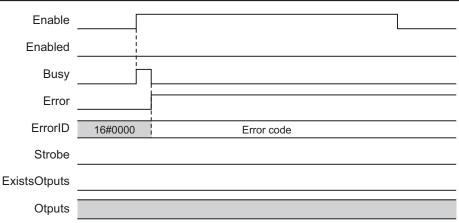
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction operates independently for each instruction, therefore it is not affected by the restriction of CNC instruction multi-execution processing.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming to receive the auxiliary function output and perform the reset.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor configuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis composition CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor 3

M code settings

M code number	Setting value
M101	0: Synchronous (Wait for M code reset)

Operation Example

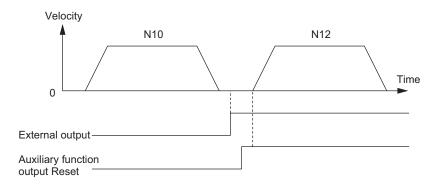
Set 101 for MCodeNo (M Code Number) using the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction and run the sequence control program that turns ON the external output using the N11 block of the NC program shown below.

After the external output turned ON, the execution of the NC program is continued using the CNC_Co-ordResetMCode (Reset M Code) instruction.

NC Program

N10 G91 F1000 G01 X10 N11 M101 N12 X20 M30

Operation Patterns



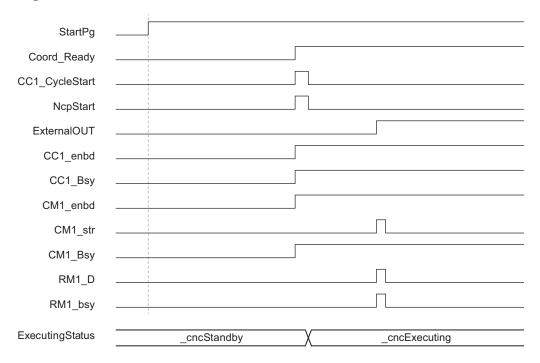
Turning ON the Operation Start Switch When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 10.00 mm in the positive direction and the external output turns ON. After that, CNC motor 1 is positioned to 20.00 mm in the positive direction.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communications are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program. This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is executed.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting completion. Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
ExternalOUT	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the external output.

Timing Chart



Sample Programming

When contact StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR1
                                                       CNC Power
StartPg
                                                                          CNC_Coord000 Pwr1_Status
                                CNC Coord000
                                                 Coord
                                                                  Coord
                                                 Enable
                                                                  Status
                                       UINT#0
                                                 LogicalMotorNo
                                                                   Busy
                                                                          Pwr1_Bsy
     CNC_Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                          Pwr1 Err
                                                                   Error
                                                                 ErrorID
                                                                          Pwr1_ErrID
```

When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR2
                                                        CNC Power
                                                                           - CNC_Coord000 Pwr2_Status
Pwr1 Status
                                CNC Coord000
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                  Status
                                                                           Pwr2_Bsy
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
      CNC_Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready
                                        UINT#1
                                                                    Busy
                                                                           Pwr2_Err
                                                                    Error
                                                                           Pwr2_ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR3
                                                        CNC Power
Pwr2 Status
                                 CNC Coord000
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr3_Status
                                                  Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                        UINT#2
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                            Pwr3 Bsy
                                                                    Busy
      CNC_Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                            Pwr3_Err
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr3_ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR4
                                                        CNC Power
                                                                            CNC_Coord000 Pwr4_Status
Pwr3 Status
                                 CNC_Coord000
                                                   Coord
                                                                   Coord
                                                  Enable
                                                                   Status
                                      UINT#100
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                    Busy
                                                                            Pwr4_Bsy
      CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                    Error
                                                                            Pwr4_Err
                                                                   ErrorID
                                                                            Pwr4_ErrID
```

When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.

```
HM1
                                  CNC_Home
Pwr4_Status CNC_Coord000
                                                                                           Hm1 D
                                                     CNC_Coord000
                            Coord
                                             Coord
                            Execute
                                             Done
                  UINT#0 -
                            LogicalMotorNo
                                                     Hm1_Bsy
                                             Busy
                                                     Hm1_Ca
                                  CommandAborted
                                                     Hm1_Err
                                             Error
                                                     Hm1_ErrID
                                            ErrorID
```

After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

```
HM2
                                                     CNC Home
Pwr2 Status
               Hm1_D
                                                                        CNC_Coord000
                                                                                           Hm2 D
                              CNC Coord000
                                               Coord
                                                               Coord
                                                                Done
                                               Execute
                                     UINT#1
                                               LogicalMotorNo
                                                                        Hm2 Bsy
                                                                Busy
                                                                       Hm2 Ca
                                                     CommandAborted
                                                                       Hm2 Err
                                                                Error
                                                                        Hm2 ErrID
                                                              ErrorID
```

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

```
НМ3
                                                        CNC Home
Pwr3 Status
                Hm2 D
                                                                                                Hm3<sub>D</sub>
                                                                           CNC Coord000
                                CNC_Coord000
                                                  Coord
                                                                  Coord
                                                  Execute
                                                                   Done
                                                                           Hm3_Bsy
                                       UINT#2
                                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                                   Busy
                                                                           Hm3 Ca
                                                        CommandAborted
                                                                           - Hm3 Err
                                                                   Error
                                                                           Hm3_ErrID
                                                                  ErrorID
```

If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultH-andler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

```
CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.

```
CNC_Coord000.Status.Ready Hm3_D Coord_Ready

Coord_Ready CC1_Err
```

When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.

```
CC1
                                      CNC_CoordControl
            CNC Coord000
                                                                  CNC_Coord000
                             Coord
                                                         Coord
              ControlInputs
                             Controllnputs — — Controllnputs
                                                                 - ControlInputs
Coord_Ready ControlOutputs
                             ControlOutputs — ControlOutputs
                                                                                           CC1_enbd
                                                                  ControlOutputs
                             Enable
                                                       Enabled
                                                          Busy
                                                                  CC1 Busy
                                                          Error
                                                                 CC1 Error
                                                        ErrorID
                                                                  CC1_ErrorID
```

When the execution control of the NC program is started, start the auxiliary function output received.

```
CM1
                          CNC CoordCatchMCode
                                                 CNC Coord000
         CNC Coord000
                         Coord
                                         Coord
CC1 enbd
                                                                                      CM1 enbd
                MCode
                                        MCode
                                                 MCode
                         MCode
                          Enable
                                       Enabled
              UINT#101 -
                         MCodeNo
                                         Strobe
                                                 CM1_str
                                                 CM1 Bsy
                                          Busy
                                                 CM1_Err
                                          Error
                                                 CM1_ErrID
                                        ErrorID
```

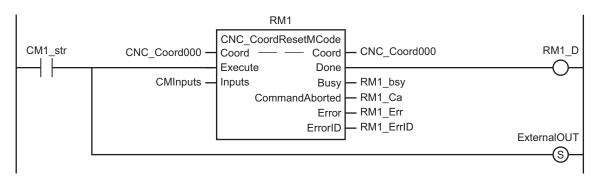
When the auxiliary function output received is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No.1) that was created on the Sysmac Studio.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#1;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program
NcpStart := TRUE;
```

Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

When the auxiliary function output is received, turn ON the external output and start the auxiliary function output reset.

Continue the NC program after the auxiliary function output of the NC program is reset.

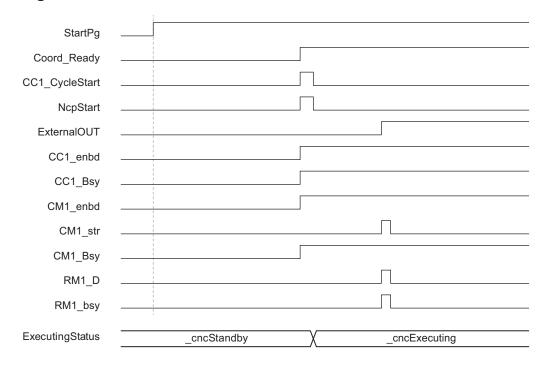


Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communications are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion status of the NC program. This variable changes to TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is executed.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting completion. Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
ExternalOUT	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the external output.

Timing Chart



Sample Programming

```
ELSE
   Pwr1 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr1 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr2 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   Pwr2 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Pwr3 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   Pwr3 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Pwr4 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   Pwr4_En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute h
oming of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status = TRUE) THEN
   Hm1_Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm1 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm2 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm2 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm3 Ex := TRUE;
END_IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error ha
ndler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
```

```
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active = TRUE) THEN
    FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D = TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Coord Ready := TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
    Coord Ready := FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
// Also, start the auxiliary function output received to receive the auxiliary func
tion output from the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready = TRUE) THEN
   CC1 En := TRUE;
    CM1 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    CC1 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set.
IF (CM1 enbd = TRUE) AND (InitFlg = FALSE) THEN
    // CNC CoordControl parameter
    // Specify the NC program (No.1) that was created on the Sysmac Studio.
    ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#1;
    ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
    ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
    ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
    \ensuremath{//} Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
    InitFlg := TRUE;
    // Start the NC program
    NcpStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
program.
IF (InitFlg = TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady = TRUE) AND (NcpStart = TRU
E) THEN
    CC1 CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart = TRUE) THEN
```

```
ControlInputs.CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
   NcpStart := FALSE;
   CC1 CycleStart := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.CycleStart := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the auxiliary function output is received, turn ON the external output and
start the auxiliary function output reset.
// After the auxiliary function output of the NC program is reset, continue the NC
program.
IF CM1 str = TRUE THEN
   ExternalOUT := TRUE;
   RM1 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the NC program is restarted.
IF RM1 D = TRUE THEN
   RM1 Ex := FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr1 En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
   Status => Pwr1 Status,
   Busy => Pwr1 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr1_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr1 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr2 En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
   Status => Pwr2_Status,
   Busy => Pwr2 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2_ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
```

```
Enable := Pwr3 En,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
    Status => Pwr3 Status,
    Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr3 ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
    Enable := Pwr4 En,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#100,
    Status => Pwr4 Status,
    Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
   Error => Pwr4 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of X-axis
HM1 (
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
    Execute := Hm1_Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
    Done => Hm1 D,
    Busy => Hm1_Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm1 Ca,
    Error => Hm1_Err,
   ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
   Coord := CNC_Coord000 ,
    Execute := Hm2_Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo :=UINT#1 ,
    Done \Rightarrow Hm2 D,
    Busy => Hm2_Bsy,
    CommandAborted=> Hm2 Ca,
    Error => Hm2_Err,
    ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC_Home of Z-axis
HM3 (
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
    Execute := Hm3_Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
    Done \Rightarrow Hm3 D,
    Busy => Hm3_Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm3_Ca,
```

```
Error => Hm3 Err,
    ErrorID => Hm3_ErrID
);
// CNC_CoordControl
CC1(
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
    ControlInputs := ControlInputs,
    ControlOutputs := ControlOutputs,
    Enable := CC1 En,
    Enabled => CC1 enbd,
    Busy => CC1_Bsy,
    Error => CC1 Err,
    ErrorID => CC1_ErrID
);
// CNC CoordCatchMCode
CM1 (
    Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    MCode := MCode,
    Enable := CM1_En,
    MCodeNo := UINT#101,
    Enabled => CM1 enbd,
    Strobe => CM1_str,
    Busy => CM1 Bsy,
    Error => CM1_Err,
    ErrorID => CM1 ErrID
);
// CNC CoordResetMCode
RM1 (
    Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := RM1 Ex,
    Inputs := CMInputs,
    Done => RM1_D,
    Busy => RM1 bsy,
    CommandAborted => RM1_Ca,
    Error => RM1 Err,
    ErrorID => RM1 ErrID
);
```

CNC_CoordResetMCode

The CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction resets the M code output from the NC program.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordResetM-Code	Reset M Code	FB	CNC_CoordResetMCode_instance CNC_CoordResetMCode Coord Coord Execute Done Inputs Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_CoordResetMCode_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, Inputs := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
Inputs	Reset Input	ARRAY [07] OF LREAL		0	Outputs the <i>Inputs</i> when the auxiliary function is reset. The element numbers in the array correspond to the auxiliary function output reset return value of the auxiliary function output.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			TRUE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
CommandA-	Command	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
borted	Aborted		TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Variable	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When the M code is reset.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
CommandA-	When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
borted		After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate	_sCNC_CO-		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	System	ORD_REF		

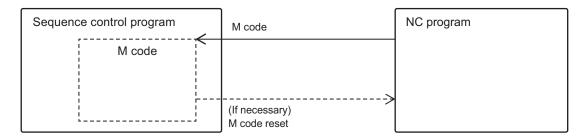
Functions

The CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction resets the M code output of the NC program.

You can specify the CNC coordinate system to reset M code by specifying the CNC coordinate system.

Instruction Details

The M code outputs are enabled (TRUE) in the NC program, and this instruction resets (FALSE) the M code outputs that accepted TRUE for IO refresh of the task for the sequence control program to be executed.



The result of the reset execution is applied to *Strobe* of the CNC_CoordCatchMCode (Catch M Code) instruction in the next and subsequent cycles. (When this reset instruction is executed at the beginning of the sequence control program, the following sequence control program accepts M codes if this occurred in the same scan.)

If an M code output with arguments is reset, the values (8 pieces of LREAL data) can be passed from the sequence control program to NC program.

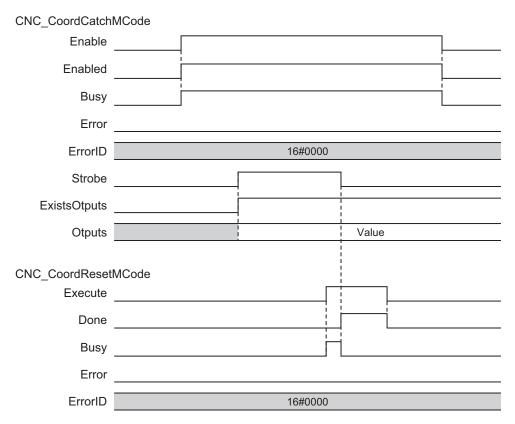
The NC Program stores the received values to NC program system variable _CNC_MCodeResetRetValueX (where X is a digit from 0 to 7). For example, an NC program is written as follows,

P0 = _CNC_MCodeResetRetValue0

You can load the inputs[0] value of CNC_CoordResetMCode, executed lastly for the same CNC coordinate system, to P0.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the execution of the CNC_CoordResetMCode instruction is shown below.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

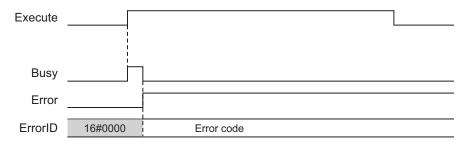
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_CoordReset

The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordReset	CNC Coordinate System Error Reset	FB	CNC_CoordReset_instance CNC_CoordReset Coord Coord Execute Done Busy Failure Error ErrorID	CNC_CoordReset_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, Failure => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute
			TRUE		changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			TRUE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
Failure	Failure End	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction was not executed correctly.
			TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When the M code is reset.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Failure	 When this instruction is executed while the CNC coordinate system decelerated to a stop due to an error. When this instruction is executed while a CNC coordinate system error occurred due to a CNC common error. 	 When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

This instruction clears an error that is detected in the CNC coordinate system specified in *Coord* (CNC coordinate system) when *Execute* changes to TRUE.

You can clear minor faults detected in the CNC coordinate system, monitoring information errors and drive errors.

- Error clear processing is performed regardless of whether the CNC motor is set to the Servo ON or Servo OFF status.
- If a driver error occurs on the CNC motor, driver error reset processing is executed first, and then error reset processing is executed.
- Driver error reset processing continues until the driver error is cleared or during the period specified in **Driver Error Reset Monitoring Time** of the CNC motor parameter.
 - Driver error reset processing is simultaneously performed for the CNC motors in the CNC coordinate system.
- Errors that are detected at the timing when Execute changes to TRUE will be reset.
- · Errors that are detected during reset processing will not be reset.
- If an attempt is made to execute this instruction while the CNC coordinate system is decelerated to
 a stop due to an error, the instruction is not executed, and Failure (Failure End) changes to TRUE.
 This processing is performed to prevent error reset processing from being started before the target
 CNC motor stops.

Also, CNC common errors cannot be reset by executing this instruction, therefore, *Failure* (Failure End) changes to TRUE.

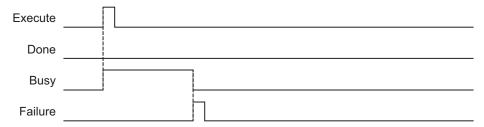


Precautions for Correct Use

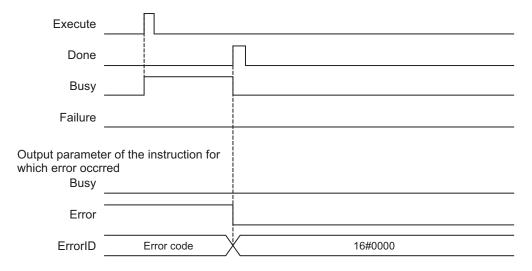
- Error reset processing initiated by this instruction may span multiple control cycles.
- If the CNC motor is active even when this instruction has been executed, the *Failure* (Failure End) output variable of this instruction changes to TRUE.
- Eliminate the cause of the error, and execute retry processing until Done changes to TRUE.
- Before eliminating the cause of the error, always check that each CNC motor stopped completely.
- When using this instruction for the OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, perform exclusive processing to prevent the ResetECError (Reset EtherCAT Error) instruction from being executed simultaneously.

Aborting the Instruction

The instruction is aborted if it is not possible to clear errors that occur when the CNC coordinate system is decelerating to a stop for an error or errors that occur during CNC coordinate system errors resulting from CNC common errors.

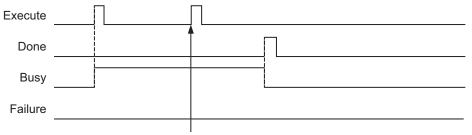


Timing Chart



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If the instruction is re-executed by changing Execute to TRUE again, the re-executed instruction is ignored and error clear processing is continued.



The command to re-execute the instruction is not recognized, and the current processing continues.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

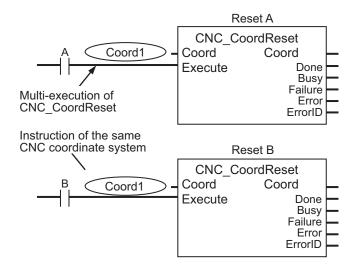
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Execution of Other Instructions during Instruction Execution

If another instance of the CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instruction is executed for the same CNC coordinate system, both instructions are executed.

If a slave error occurs, processing may wait until the **Drive Error Reset Monitoring Time** for the CNC motor parameters expires.

The elapsed time is also counted for each instruction instance.



CNC_CoordStop

The CNC_CoordStop instruction performs an immediate stop for all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordStop	CNC Coordinate System Stop	FB	CNC_CoordStop_instance CNC_CoordStop Coord Coord Execute Done Deceleration Busy Jerk CommandAborted Error ErrorID	Deceleration := parameter, Jerk := parameter, Done => parameter

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute
			TRUE		changes to TRUE.
Deceleration	Deceleration	ARRAY[02]	0	0	Specifies the deceleration rate.
(Reserved)	Rate	OF LREAL			The unit is command units/s ² .
Jerk	Jerk	LREAL	0	0	Specify jerk.
(Reserved)					The unit is command units/s ³ .

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			TRUE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
CommandA-	Command	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
borted	Aborted		TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE	
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.	
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.	
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.	
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.	
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.	
CommandA-	When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.	
borted	When this instruction is executed while there is	After one period when Execute is FALSE.	
	an error.		
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.	
	or input parameters for the instruction.		

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate	_sCNC_CO-		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	System	ORD_REF		

Functions

- This function performs an immediate stop for all the currently operating CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- CommandAborted (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE for the instruction that is currently in operation when this instruction is executed.
- When Execute changes to TRUE, the operation of stopping starts.



Precautions for Correct Use

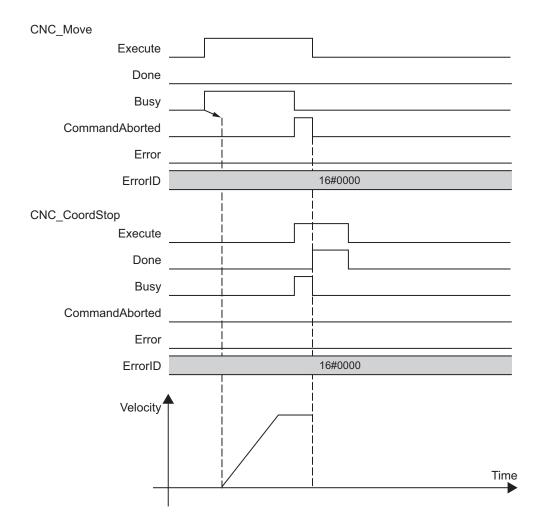
If you want to stop the operation of the CNC motor when *ErrorStop* (Error Deceleration Stopping) is TRUE for the CNC coordinate system, use the CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction.

In-position Check

An in-position check is not performed when stopping for this instruction.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when a velocity of 0 is reached.
 The following timing chart shows operations to stop the CNC motor during positioning.
 CommandAborted (Command Aborted) for the positioning instruction that is currently in operation will change to TRUE when this instruction is executed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_CoordImmediateStop

The CNC_CoordImmediateStop instruction immediately stops all the currently running CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordImmediate- Stop	CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop	FB	CNC_CoordImmediateStop_instance CNC_CoordImmediateStop Coord Coord Execute Done Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_CoordImmediateStop_in- stance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute
			TRUE		changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When the immediate stop is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE. When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

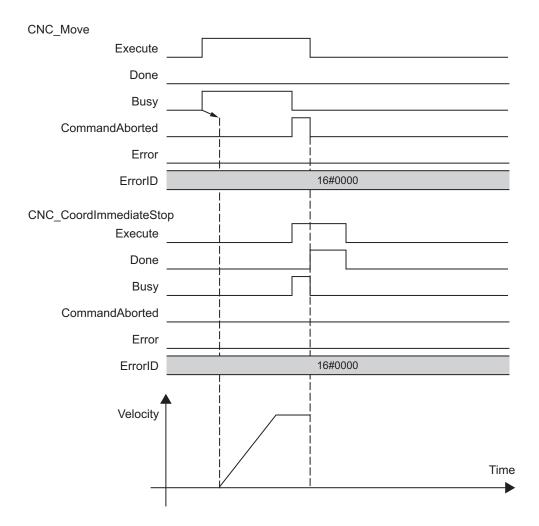
Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

- This instruction can be executed for the CNC coordinate system that is in motion.
- When this instruction is executed, all the composition CNC motor stops immediately according to the setting of the **Immediate Stop Method** of CNC coordinate system parameter. *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE for the instruction that is currently in operation.
- When this instruction is executed, ErrorStop (Error Deceleration Stopping) changes to TRUE in the CNC coordinate system, and the Immediate Stop Instruction Executed error (560C0000 hex) occurs.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when processing of this instruction is completed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_CoordHalt

The CNC_CoordHalt instruction stops the currently running CNC motor assigned to the positioning axis in the specified CNC coordinate system.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_CoordHalt	CNC Coordinate System Halt	FB	CNC_CoordHalt_instance CNC_CoordHalt Coord Coord Execute Done Deceleration Busy Jerk CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_CoordHalt_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, Deceleration := parameter, Jerk := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
Deceleration (Reserved)	Deceleration Rate	ARRAY[01] OF LREAL	0	0	Specifies the deceleration rate of the CNC motor in the CNC coordinate system. The unit is command units/s².
Jerk (Reserved)	Jerk	LREAL	0	0	Specify jerk. The unit is command units/s ³ .

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			TRUE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
CommandA-	Command	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
borted	Aborted		TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
CommandA-	When this instruction is aborted due to an error.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
borted	When this instruction is executed while there is	After one period when Execute is FALSE.
	an error.	
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate	_sCNC_CO-		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
	System	ORD_REF		

Functions

- This function immediately stops the currently operating CNC motors in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- When this instruction starts, the instructions that are currently being executed are aborted by CommandAborted (Command Aborted).
- When Execute changes to TRUE, the stop processing starts.
- The in-position check is not performed when the CNC motor is stopped by this instruction.
- When this instruction starts, the CNC coordinate system is not changed to the Stopping (Deceleration Stopping) status. The CNC coordinate system transitions to Standby or Hold (Holding).
 This instruction is mainly used to abort CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute from Hold (Holding) during manual intervention.
- If this instruction is executed while the CNC coordinate system is set to the Executing status, a multi-execution error occurs.

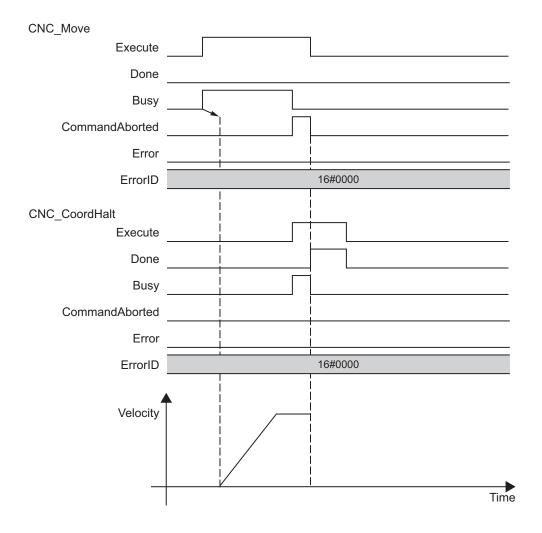


Precautions for Correct Use

When stopping all the CNC motor configurations including the spindle axis, use the CNC_Co-ordStop instruction.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when a velocity of 0 is reached.
 The following timing chart shows operations to stop the CNC motor during positioning.
 CommandAborted (Command Aborted) for the positioning instruction that is currently in operation will change to TRUE when this instruction is executed.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_Power

The CNC_Power instruction makes a Servo Drive ready to operate.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Power	Power Ser- vo	FB	CNC_Power_instance CNC_Power Coord Coord Enable Status LogicalMotorNo Busy Error ErrorID	CNC_Power_instance(Coord := parameter, Enable := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, Status => parameter, Busy => parameter,
				Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Enable	Enable	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The device is ready for operation when Enable is TRUE, and not ready when it is FALSE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logical CNC motor number - 1), 100	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the positioning logical CNC motor number. When it is assigned to the spindle axis, specify 100.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Status	Servo ON	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the device is ready for operation.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Status	When the specified CNC motor is ready for opera-	When operation ready status for the specified CNC
	tion.	motor is cleared.
Busy	When Enable changes to TRUE.	When Enable changes to FALSE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

When Enable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor specified in LogicalMotorNo is made ready to operate

You can control the CNC motor when it is ready to operate.

 When Enable changes to FALSE, the ready status is cleared for the CNC motor specified by LogicalMotorNo.

You cannot control the CNC motor after the ready status is cleared because it will not acknowledge operation commands. Also, an error occurs if a motion command is executed for a CNC motor for which the ready status is cleared.

You can execute the CNC_Power (Power Servo) and CNC_CoordReset (CNC Coordinate System Error Reset) instructions even for CNC motor that are not ready.

- You can use this instruction to disable the operation of CNC motors while they are in motion. In this case, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) will change to TRUE. Output of the operation command will stop and the CNC motor will no longer be ready for operation.
- If home is not defined for a Servomotor with an absolute encoder, compensation is performed using
 the Absolute Encoder Home Offset to define home when the CNC motor is ready to operate.
 Home is also defined when I/O refresh communications with the I/O device assigned to the CNC
 motor change from a non-established to an established state.

Relation to CPU Unit Operating Modes

If a CNC motor is placed in ready status during RUN mode, ready status will continue even if the operating mode changes to PROGRAM mode.

Deleting Instruction with Online Editing

If a CNC motor is placed in ready status, ready status will continue even if the instruction is deleted during online editing.

Timing Chart

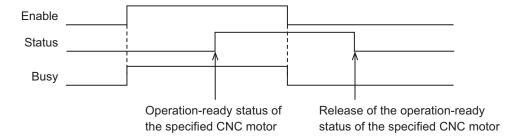
- When Enable changes to TRUE, Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE to indicate that the instruction was acknowledged.
 - After the CNC motor becomes ready for operation, Status (Servo ON) changes to TRUE.
- When Enable changes to FALSE, Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE.
 Status (Servo ON) changes to FALSE when ready status is cleared.
 Status (Servo ON) outputs the CNC motor ready status regardless of whether Enable is TRUE or FALSE.



Precautions for Correct Use

Status (Servo ON) will not change to TRUE until Enable changes to TRUE and the processing is finished at the CNC motor.

Make sure that Status (Servo ON) changes to TRUE before moving the CNC motor.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

You cannot re-execute CNC instructions with enable-type inputs.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.



Precautions for Correct Use

Do not create a program that starts the CNC_Power instruction of another instance for the CNC motor for which the CNC_Power instruction is currently being executed. Basically, assign a CNC_Power instruction to each CNC motor.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_MoveJog

The CNC_MoveJog instruction jogs a CNC coordinate system according to the specified target velocity.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_MoveJog	Jog	FB	CNC_MoveJog_instance CNC_MoveJog Coord Coord PositiveEnable Busy NegativeEnable CommandAborted LogicalMotorNo Error Velocity ErrorID Acceleration	CNC_MoveJog_instance(Coord := parameter, PositiveEnable := parameter, NegativeEnable := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, Velocity := parameter, Acceleration := parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
PositiveEna- ble	Positive Di- rection Ena- ble	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	When this variable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor starts moving in the positive direction. When it changes to FALSE, the CNC motor stops moving.
NegativeEn- able	Negative Di- rection Ena- ble	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	When this variable changes to TRUE, the CNC motor starts moving in the positive direction. When it changes to FALSE, the CNC motor stops moving.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logical CNC motor number - 1)	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the positioning logical CNC motor number.
Velocity	Target Veloc- ity	LREAL	Positive number, 0	0	Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min.
Acceleration	Acceleration/ Deceleration Rate	LREAL	Positive number, 0	0	Specify the acceleration/deceleration rate. The unit is command units/s ² .

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Busy	When <i>PositiveEnable</i> or <i>NegativeEnable</i> changes to TRUE.	 When the CNC motor stops. When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When PositiveEnable changes to FALSE if PositiveEnable is TRUE. When NegativeEnable changes to FALSE if NegativeEnable is TRUE. After one period when PositiveEnable and NegativeEnable are both FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

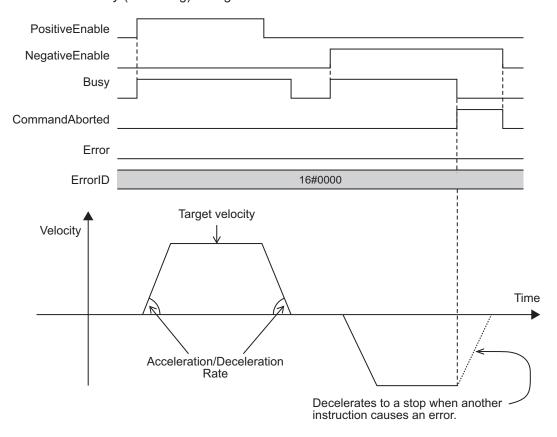
Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

- The CNC_MoveJog instruction performs jogging according to the specified Velocity (Target Velocity).
- To jog in the positive direction, change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) to TRUE. To jog in the negative direction, change *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE.
- If *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) and *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) are changed to TRUE at the same time, *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) takes priority. As a result, the CNC motor will jog in the positive direction.
- If the command velocity of the CNC_MoveJog (Jog) instruction exceeds the **Maximum Velocity** that is set in the CNC motor parameters, the **Maximum Velocity** is used.
- This instruction can be executed even if home is not defined.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE as soon as PositiveEnable (Positive Direction Enable) or NegativeEnable (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE.
- The axis starts deceleration as soon as PositiveEnable (Positive Direction Enable) or NegativeEnable (Negative Direction Enable) changes to FALSE and Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE when the axis stops completely.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.



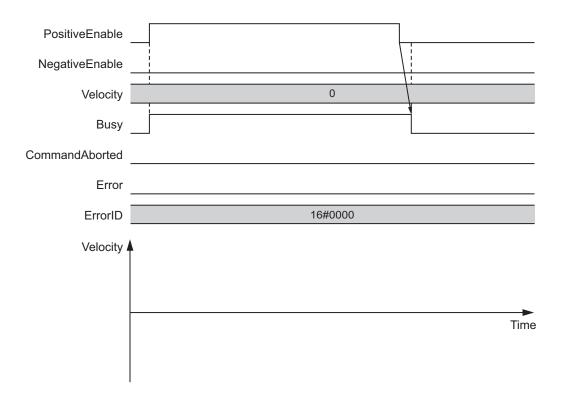
You can specify *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) as the input variables.

The *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) input variables are updated operations only when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) rises. Therefore, the velocity will not change even if *Velocity* (Target Velocity) changes while *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) remains TRUE.

Timing Chart When Target Velocity Is 0

When the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is *0* and you start jogging the motor, the CNC motor does not move, however, the CNC coordinate system changes to Moving status.

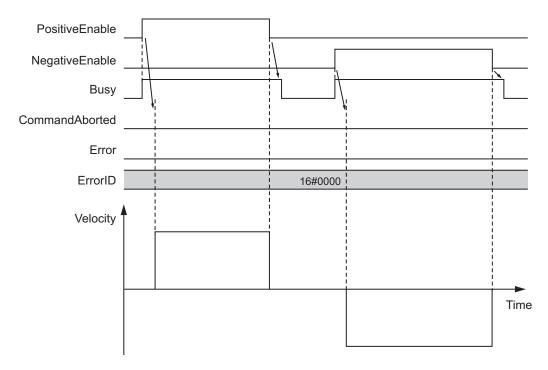
The following timing chart shows an example when the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) is 0 and you start jogging the CNC motor.



Timing Chart When Acceleration/Deceleration Rate Is 0

When the *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is 0 and you start jogging the motor, the motor will reach the target velocity without accelerating or decelerating.

The timing chart below shows an example when the *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) are 0.



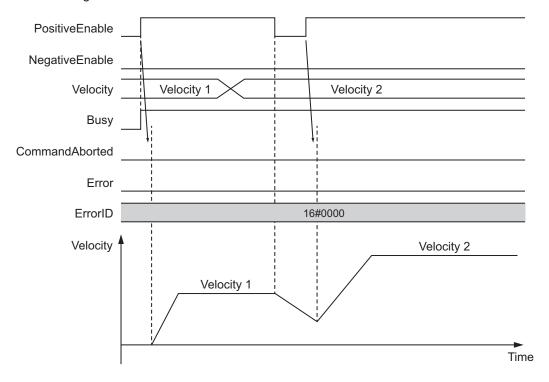
Re-execution of CNC Instructions

Restarting with Enable in the Same Direction

If you change *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) or *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE when it is FALSE and the axis is decelerating, the axis will begin to accelerate/decelerate towards the target velocity.

If you change the *Velocity* (Target Velocity) or *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) at this time, the new value of the input parameter is used in operation. The axis is not stopped, and *Busy* (Executing) does not change to FALSE.

The following example shows operation when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) changes to TRUE during deceleration.

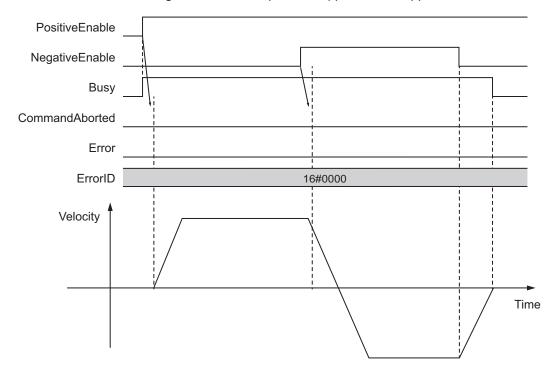


Restarting with *Enable* in the Opposite Direction

If you change *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) to TRUE when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) is TRUE and the axis is jogging in the positive direction, the axis will reverse its direction and start jogging in the negative direction. When this happens, you can jog the axis with the input variables for when *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE.

The input variables are *Velocity* (Target Velocity) and *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate). The deceleration rate before the axis direction is reversed and the acceleration rate after it is reversed follow the input variables for when *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE. When *NegativeEnable* (Negative Direction Enable) is TRUE and the axis is jogging in the negative direction, the same operation occurs when *PositiveEnable* (Positive Direction Enable) changes to TRUE.

If NegativeEnable (Negative Direction Enable) changes to TRUE while PositiveEnable (Positive Direction Enable) is TRUE, the axis starts jogging in the negative direction. In this case, the axis will not jog in the positive direction even if NegativeEnable (Negative Direction Enable) changes to FALSE. To jog the axis in the positive direction, change PositiveEnable (Positive Direction Enable) to FALSE, and then back to TRUE again. The same operation applies to the opposite case.



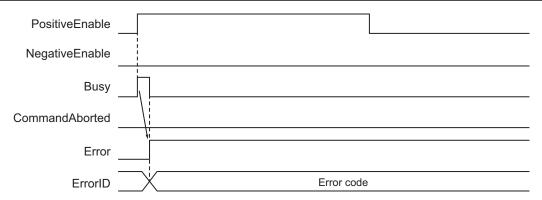
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_Home

The CNC_Home instruction operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Home	Home	FB	CNC_Home_instance CNC_Home Coord Coord Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_Home_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logical CNC motor number - 1), 100	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the positioning logical CNC motor number.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE. When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W508) or NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W561).

The following describes differences from the MC_Home specifications.

Homing Acceleration / Deceleration

You can specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate as a homing parameter.

The homing acceleration rate and homing deceleration rate cannot be specified individually

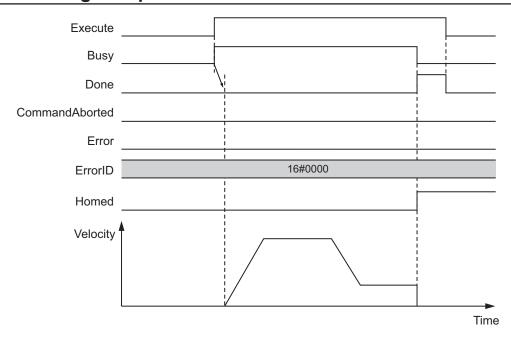
Homing Jerk

You cannot specify the Homing Jerk.

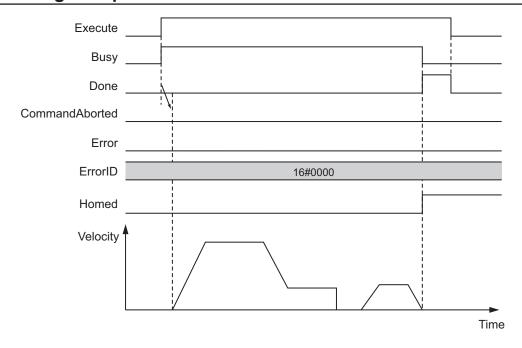
Timing Chart

A timing chart for the operation of the CNC_Home instruction is shown below.

No Homing Compensation



Homing Compensation



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_HomeWithParameter

The CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction sets the homing parameter and operates the Servomotor to determine home using the limit signals, home proximity signal, and home signal.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_HomeWithParameter	Home with Parameters	FB	CNC_HomeWithParameter_instance CNC_HomeWithParameter Coord Coord HomingParameter HomingParameter Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_HomeWithParameter_in- stance(Coord := parameter, HomingParameter := parameter, Execute := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logical CNC motor number - 1), 100	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the positioning logical CNC motor number.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	 When Done changes to TRUE. When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.
HomingParame- ter	Homing Parame- ter	_sCNC_HOM- ING_REF		Specifies a homing parameter.

Functions

Refer to the description of MC_Home in the NJ/NX-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W508) or NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W561).

The following describes differences from the MC_HomeWithParameter specifications.

Homing Acceleration/Deceleration

You can specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate as a homing parameter. _sCNC_HOMING_REF.Acc is used to specify the homing acceleration/deceleration rate. There is no parameter that is equivalent to the Homing Deceleration (_sHOMING_REF.Dec).

Homing Jerk

You cannot specify the Homing Jerk.

There is no parameter that is equivalent to the Homing Jerk (_sHOMING_REF.Jerk).

Timing Chart

The timing chart is the same as that for the CNC_Home instruction. Refer to *Timing Chart* on page 12-88 of the CNC_Home instruction.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_Move

The CNC_Move instruction performs absolute positioning or relative positioning.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Move	Positioning	FB	CNC_Move_instance CNC_Move Coord Coord Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy Position CommandAborted Velocity Error Acceleration ErrorID Jerk MoveMode	CNC_Move_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, Position := parameter, Velocity := parameter, Acceleration := parameter, Jerk := parameter, MoveMode := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logical CNC motor num- ber - 1)	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the positioning logical CNC motor number. When it is assigned to the spindle axis, specify 100.
Position	Target Position	LREAL	Negative number, positive number, or 0	0	Specify the target position. The unit is command units.
Velocity	Target Veloc- ity	LREAL	Positive number, 0	0	Specify the target velocity. The unit is command units/min.
Acceleration	Acceleration/ Deceleration Rate	LREAL	Positive number, 0	0	Specify the acceleration/deceleration rate. The unit is command units/s².
Jerk (Reserved)	Jerk	LREAL	0	0	Specify jerk. The unit is command units/s ³ .
MoveMode	Travel Mode	_eCNC_MO VE_MODE	0: _cncAbsolute 1: _cncRelative	0	Select the travel method 0: Absolute positioning 1: Relative positioning

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When positioning is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When Done changes to TRUE. When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

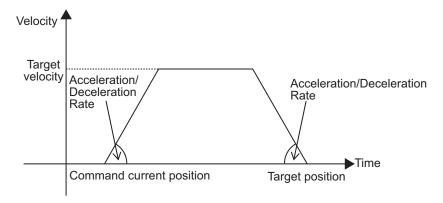
Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

- This instruction performs absolute positioning or relative positioning for the CNC motor.
- When Execute changes to TRUE, the operation of absolute positioning starts.
- This instruction can be executed when the CNC coordinate system status is *Standby* (Stopping) or *Hold* (Holding). However, if the spindle axis is specified, this instruction can only be executed in *Standby*.
- · This instruction can be executed even if home is not defined.

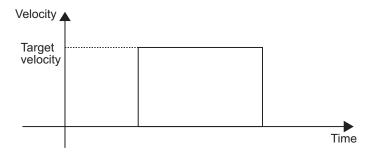
You can specify Velocity (Target Velocity) and Acceleration (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) as input variables.

The following chart shows an operation example of absolute positioning.



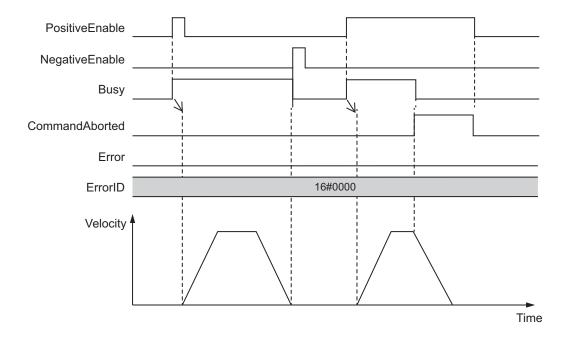
When *Acceleration* (Acceleration/Deceleration Rate) is 0, this instruction can be executed. The CNC motor can reach the target velocity without acceleration or deceleration.

The following chart shows an operation example of an absolute positioning when the acceleration/deceleration rate is 0.



Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- When the CNC motor reaches the target position specified in *Position* (Target Position) and positioning is completed, *Done* changes to TRUE.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

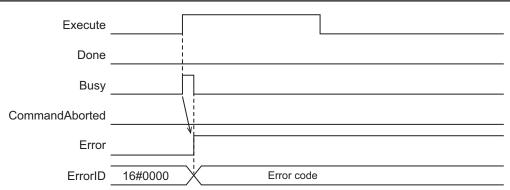
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming about absolute positioning.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor configuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis composition CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

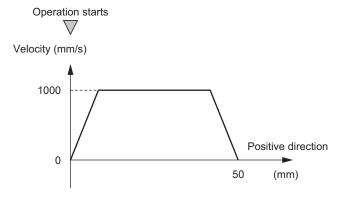
Spindle axis use CNC motor

CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor	
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor 3	

Operation Example

MoveMode (Travel Mode) of the CNC_Move (Positioning) instruction is set to **Absolute positioning** to move to the target position.

Operation Patterns



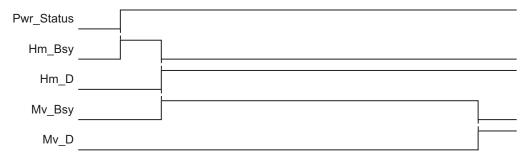
1 Turning ON the Operation Start Switch
When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 50.00 mm in the positive direction.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
CNC_Mo- tor000.MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL	FALSE	TRUE when a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and Ether-CAT process data communications are established.

Timing Chart

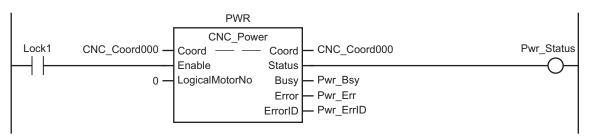


Sample Programming

When contact StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status.

```
StartPg CNC_Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready Lock1
```

When the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status, turn ON the Servo.



If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis, the error handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

```
CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the Servo is ON, the Home instruction is executed.

```
НМ
                                 CNC_Home
Pwr_Status CNC_Coord000
                                                                                          Hm D
                                                    CNC Coord000
                            Coord
                                           Coord
                           Execute
                                            Done
                                                    Hm Bsy
                           LogicalMotorNo
                                            Busy
                                                   - Hm Ca
                                 CommandAborted
                                                   - Hm_Err
                                            Error
                                           ErrorID
                                                   - Hm_ErrID
```

After the home is defined, start the absolute positioning.

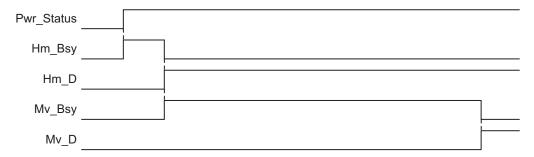
```
CNC Move
Hm_D
                                                                     CNC_Coord000
                 CNC_Coord000
                                  Coord
                                                             Coord
                                  Execute
                                                             Done
                             0
                                  LogicalMotorNo
                                                             Busy
                                                                     Mv_Bsy
                                  Position
                                                   CommandAborted
                                                                     Mv_Ca
                     LREAL#50 ·
                                  Velocity
                                                                     Mv_Err
                   LREAL#1000 -
                                                              Error
                                  Acceleration
                    LREAL#100 -
                                                            ErrorID
                                                                     Mv_ErrID
                                  MoveMode
eCNC_MOVE_MODE#_cncAbsolute
```

Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
	_		
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO-		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
	TOR_REF		
CNC_Mo-	BOOL	FALSE	TRUE when a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0.
tor000.MFaultLvI.Active			
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch.
			The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and Ether-
			CAT process data communications are established.

Timing Chart



Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg changes to TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready s
tatus and turn ON the Servo.
// If the Servo is not ready, turn OFF the Servo.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr_En := FALSE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis, the e
rror handler for the device (FaultHandler) is executed.
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF CNC Motor000.MFaultLvl.Active = TRUE THEN
    FaultHandler();
END IF;
\ensuremath{//} When the Servo is ON, the Home instruction is executed.
IF Pwr Status = TRUE THEN
    Hm Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home is defined, start the absolute positioning.
IF Hm D = TRUE THEN
    Mv Ex := TRUE;
END_IF;
//CNC Power
PWR (
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
    Enable := Pwr En,
    LogicalMotorNo := 0,
    Status => Pwr Status,
    Busy => Pwr_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr ErrID
```

```
);
//CNC_Home
HM (
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
   Execute := Hm_Ex,
   LogicalMotorNo := 0,
    Done => Hm_D,
   Busy => Hm_Bsy,
   CommandAborted => Hm_Ca,
    Error => Hm_Err,
   ErrorID => Hm_ErrID
);
//CNC_Move
MV (
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := Mv_Ex,
   LogicalMotorNo := 0,
    Position := LREAL#50,
   Velocity := LREAL#1000,
   Acceleration := LREAL#100,
    Jerk := LREAL#0,
   MoveMode := _eCNC_MOVE_MODE#_cncAbsolute,
    Done => Mv_D,
    Busy => Mv_Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Mv Ca,
    Error => Mv Err,
    ErrorID => Mv_ErrID
);
```

CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute

The CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute outputs the specified target position cyclically.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute	Cyclic Syn- chronous Absolute Positioning	FB	CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute_instance CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute Coord Coord Execute InPosition LogicalMotorNo Busy Position CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_SyncMoveAbsolute_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, Position := parameter, InPosition => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute
			TRUE		changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo-	Logical CNC	UINT	0 to (Maxi-	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number.
torNo	Motor Num-		mum posi-		When the CNC motor is assigned to the po-
	ber		tioning logi-		sitioning axis, specify the positioning logical
			cal CNC mo-		CNC motor number.
			tor number -		
			1)		
Position	Target Posi-	LREAL	Negative	0	Specifies the Target position.
	tion		number, pos-		The unit is command units.
			itive number,		
			or 0		

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
InPosition	In-position	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the feedback current positions for all composition axes are within the in-position range of their target positions.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1 Contains the error code when an error occurs.	
			A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.	

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

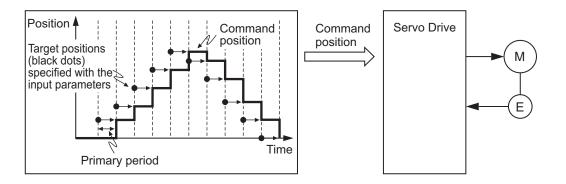
Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
InPosition	When the feedback current positions for all composition axes are within the in-position range of their target positions.	 When the feedback current position has been placed out of the in-position range. When <i>Execute</i> is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

- This instruction outputs the target position from the user program every task period to the Servo Driver or other device in Cyclic Synchronous Position (CSP) Control Mode.
 - The target positions are given as absolute positions.
- The upper limit of the velocity is the value that is set in the Maximum Velocity CNC motor parameter.
 - The maximum acceleration and deceleration are not used.
- If this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task, the target position that is specified in the input parameters is output to the Servo Drive in the next task period.
 - The following timing charts show an example of the operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



In-position Check

If *Position* (Target Position) is not changed, *InPosition* changes to TRUE when the difference between the target position and the feedback position is within the range that is set for the **In-position Range** CNC motor parameter.

Even if the target position is changed while *InPosition* is TRUE, it will remain TRUE for the remainder of the period and change to FALSE the next period.

The setting of the CNC motor parameter, **Number of In-position Continuance Cycles** is disabled.

Stop Processing

This section describes the methods that are used to stop operations of the CNC coordinate system. To stop operations, use the CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction, CNC_Coord-Stop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction, or CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction. Executing any of these instructions changes *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) of this instruction to TRUE.

- Stopping with the CNC_CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction
 An immediate stop is performed. The CNC coordinate system does not transition to the Stopping status.
- Stopping with the CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop) instruction An immediate stop is performed.
- Stopping with the CNC_CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction
 An immediate stop is performed in accordance with the setting of the Immediate Stop Method parameter of each CNC coordinate system.

Stopping Due to Error

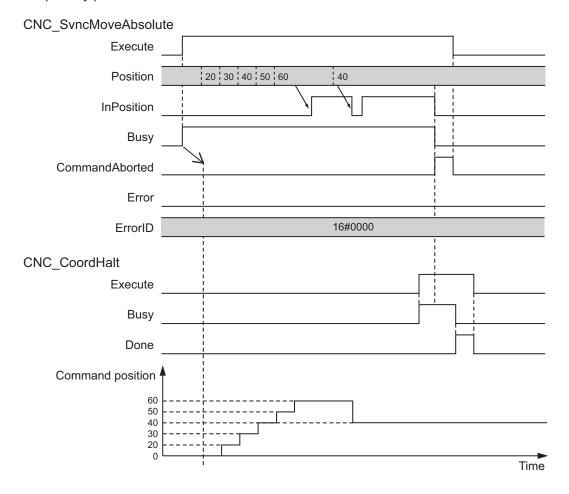
If an error that causes the CNC motor to stop occurs, an immediate stop is performed regardless of any settings.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- InPosition (In-position) changes to TRUE when the feedback current positions for all composition
 axes are within the in-position range from Position (Target Positions).

- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) and *InPosition* (In-position) change to FALSE.
- The CNC CoordHalt (CNC Coordinate System Halt) instruction is used to stop this instruction.

The following timing charts show an example of an operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_SpindleGo

The CNC_SpindleGo instruction controls the normal rotation, reverse rotation, and stop for the CNC motor assigned to the spindle axis.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_SpindleGo	Spindle Control	FB	CNC_SpindleGo_instance CNC_SpindleGo Coord Coord Execute Done Velocity Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_SpindleGo_instance(Coord := parameter, Execute := parameter, Velocity := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute
			TRUE		changes to TRUE.
Velocity	Target Veloc-	LREAL	Negative	0	Specify the target velocity.
	ity		number, pos-		The unit is command units/min.
			itive number,		
			or 0		

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			TRUE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
CommandA-	Command	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
borted	Aborted		TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Functions

- This instruction outputs the target velocity specified from the user program to the spindle axis in the specified CNC coordinate system.
- This instruction is completed when the command is reported to the spindle axis.
- If Execute (Start Up) changes to TRUE when the spindle axis does not exist in the specified CNC coordinate system, only Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE.
 When Execute (Start Up) changes to FALSE, Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE.

Target Velocity

The Velocity (Target Velocity) input variable can be set to LREAL data in reference to 0.

The axis moves in the positive direction for a positive value and in the negative direction for a negative value.

If 0 is set, the command velocity is 0. However, the spindle axis maintains Moving (Spindle Moving). You can set *Velocity* (Target Velocity) from the user program.

When the target velocity different from the current velocity is specified and *Execute* (Start Up) is turned ON again, the new target velocity is applied.

Stop Processing

This section describes the control mode and command velocity used to stop axis operations.

Stopping with the CNC CoordImmediateStop (CNC Coordinate System Immediate Stop) instruction

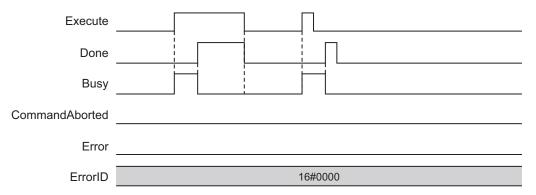
Set the command velocity to 0.

- Stopping by setting the velocity of the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction to 0. Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by a minor fault level error Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by a major fault level error and a partial fault level error Set the command velocity to 0.
- Stopping by Servo OFF
 Set the command velocity to 0 using the specified method.
- Stopping by changing the operating mode of the NC Integrated Controller to the PROGRAM mode Set the command velocity to 0 using the specified method.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- Done (Done) changes to TRUE when a command is acknowledged.
 If another instruction aborts this instruction, CommandAborted (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and Busy (Executing) and Done (Done) change to FALSE.
- To stop the spindle axis, set *Velocity* (Target Velocity) of the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction to 0, and re-execute.

The following timing chart shows an example of an operation for when this instruction is executed in the primary periodic task.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

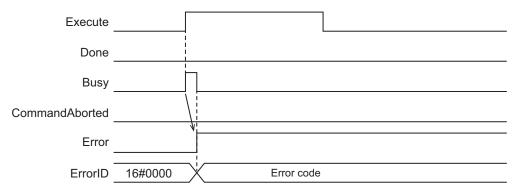
Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and Error will change to TRUE.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

Sample Programming

This section shows sample programming to control the spindle.

Parameter Settings

The minimum settings required for this sample programming are given below.

CNC Coordinate System Settings

Logical CNC motor configuration

CNC coordinate system	Logical CNC motor configuration
CNC coordinate system 0	3

Positioning axis configuration

CNC coordinate system	Positioning axis CNC motor number	Positioning axis composition CNC motor	Positioning axis assignment
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P0	CNC motor 0	X-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P1	CNC motor 1	Y-axis
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor P2	CNC motor 2	Z-axis

Spindle axis use CNC motor

CNC coordinate system	Spindle axis use CNC motor
CNC coordinate system 0	CNC motor 3

M code settings

M code number	Setting value
M03	1 (Immediate)

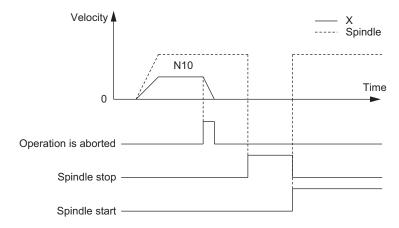
Operation Example

The spindle axis in feed hold is stopped or restarted with the CNC_SpindleGo (Spindle Control) instruction.

NC Program

N10 M03 S100 N20 G91 G01 X100 F50 N21 M30

Operation Patterns



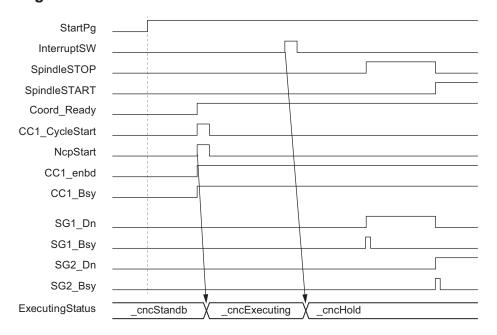
- **1** Turning ON the Operation Start Switch
 When you turn ON the operation start switch at the home, CNC motor 0 assigned to the X-axis is positioned to 100.00 mm in the positive direction.
- **2** Turning ON the Operation Interrupt Switch
 When you turn ON the operation interrupt switch, the executing NC program pauses.
- 3 Turning ON the Spindle Stop Switch When you turn ON the spindle stop switch, CNC motor 3 assigned to the spindle axis stops the rotation.
- **4** Turning ON the Spindle Start Switch
 When you turn ON the spindle start switch, CNC motor 3 assigned to the spindle axis starts the rotation. At this time, the spindle stop switch turns OFF.

Ladder Diagram

Main Variables

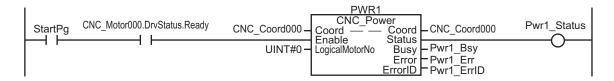
Name	Data type	Default	Comment	
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.	
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.	
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communications are established.	
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion in the NC program. TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.	
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is executed.	
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting completion. Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.	
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch. When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.	
SpindleSTOP	BOOL	FALSE		
SpindleSTART	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle start switch. When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis starts.	

Timing Chart



• Sample Programming

When contact StartPg changes to TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.



When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.

When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.

```
CNC Power
              CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                                                  Pwr3_Status
Pwr2 Status
                                                                                  CNC_Coord000
                                           CNC_Coord000
                                                            Coord
                                                                          Coord
                                                                          Status
                                                            Enable
                                                                                  Pwr3 Bsy
                                                 UINT#2
                                                                           Busy
                                                            LogicalMotorNo
                                                                           Erro
                                                                                  Pwr3_Err
                                                                         ErrorID
                                                                                  Pwr3_ErrID
```

When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.

```
PWR4
                 CNC_Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready
                                                                                                               Pwr4 Status
Pwr3 Status
                                                                                             CNC Coord000
                                                 CNC Coord000
                                                                                   Coord
Status
                                                                    Coord
                                                                    Fnable
                                                                                             -Pwr4_Bsy
                                                      UINT#100
                                                                                     Busy
Error
                                                                    LogicalMotorNo
                                                                                             Pwr4 Err
                                                                                   ErrorID -
                                                                                             Pwr4<sup>ErrID</sup>
```

When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute homing of the X-axis.

```
HM1

Pwr4_Status CNC_Coord000 - Coord CNC_Home Coord Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID - Hm1_Err ErrorID
```

After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.

```
HM2
                                                                CNC Home
                                                                                                                 Hm2 D
Pwr2 Status
                                   CNC_Coord000
                                                        Coord
                                                                                     _CNC_Coord000
                  Hm<sub>1</sub> D
                                                                             Coord
                                                        Execute
                                                                              Done
                                                                                     _Hm2 Bsy
                                            UINT#1
                                                                    No Busy
CommandAborted
                                                        LogicalMotorNo
                                                                                    Hm2_Err
Hm2_Err
Hm2_Err
                                                                            Error
ErrorID
                                                                                      Hm2_ErrID
```

After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.

```
Pwr3_Status Hm2_D CNC_Coord000 - CNC
```

If a minor fault level error occurs in CNC coordinate system 0, the error handler for the device (FaultH-andler) is executed.

Program the FaultHandler according to the device.

```
CNC_Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active FaultHandler input output
```

When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.

```
CNC_Coord000.Status.Ready Hm3_D Coord_Ready

Coord_Ready CC1_Err
```

When Coord_Ready changes to TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.

```
CC1
                                            CNC CoordControl
                CNC Coord000 -
                                                                    Coord
                                                                           CNC Coord000
                                  Coord
                                                             ControlInputs
                  ControlInputs ·
                                  Controllnputs
                                                                            - ControlInputs
                                                                                                      CC1 enbd
Coord Ready
                                                           ControlOutputs
                ControlOutputs :
                                  ControlOutputs
                                                                           ControlOutputs
                                                                  Enabled Busy - CC1_Bsy
                                  Enable
                                                                            ·CC1_Err
·CC1_ErrID
                                                                     Frror
                                                                   ErrorID F
```

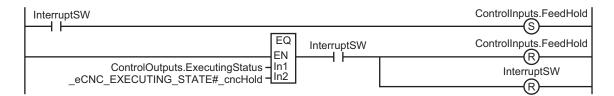
When the execution control of the NC program is started, set the parameters of the CNC_CoordControl (CNC Coordinate System NC Control) instruction.

```
// CNC_CoordControl parameter
// Specify the NC program (No.1) that was created on the Sysmac Studio.
ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#1;
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
// Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
InitFlg := TRUE;
// Start the NC program
NcpStart:=TRUE;
```

Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC program.

```
NcpStart
              ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady
                                                                                            CC1_CycleStart
                                                     InitFlg
  1 H
                                                                                                  (S)
                                                                                        ControlInputs.CycleStart
 CC1_CycleStart
       Η̈́Η
                                                                                                  (S)
                                                    EQ
                                                         NcpStart
                                                                                        ControlInputs.CycleStart
                                                   ΕN
                                                                                                  (R)
                   ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus
                                                                                            CC1 CycleStart
     _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting - In2
                                                                                                  (R)
                                                                                               NcpStart
                                                                                                  R)
```

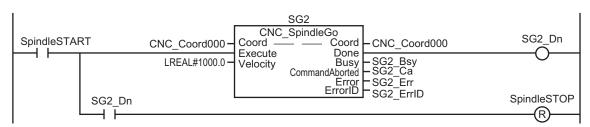
When contact InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program stops.



When contact SpindleSTOP is TRUE, start the spindle control to stop the rotation of the spindle axis.

```
SpindleSTOP CNC_Coord000 - Coord Done Velocity CommandAborted Error ErrorID - SG1_Err
```

When contact SpindleSTART is TRUE, start the spindle control to start the rotation of the spindle axis.

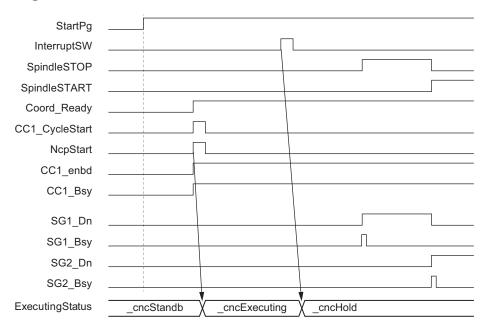


Structured Text (ST)

Main Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
CNC_Coord000	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		CNC coordinate system variable of CNC coordinate system 0.
CNC_Motor000	_sCNC_MO- TOR_REF		CNC motor variable of CNC motor 0.
StartPg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation start switch. The Servo is turned ON when this variable is TRUE and EtherCAT process data communications are established.
Coord_Ready	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the execution ready completion in the NC program. TRUE when the NC program execution conditions are satisfied.
NcpStart	BOOL	FALSE	When this variable is TRUE and the cycle start ready is completed, the NC program is executed.
InitFlg	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the input parameter setting completion. Input parameters are set when this variable is FALSE. When the input parameter setting is completed, this variable changes to TRUE.
InterruptSW	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the operation interrupt switch. When this variable is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
SpindleSTOP	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle stop switch. When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis stops.
SpindleSTART	BOOL	FALSE	Indicates the spindle start switch. When this variable is TRUE, the rotation of the spindle axis starts.

Timing Chart



Sample Programming

```
// When StartPg is TRUE, check that the Servo Drive is in the servo ready status an
d set the X-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (StartPg = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor000.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr1 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr1 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the X-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Y-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwrl Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor001.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr2 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr2 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the Y-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the Z-axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor002.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
    Pwr3 En := TRUE;
ELSE
    Pwr3 En := FALSE;
END_IF;
// When the Z-axis is in the Servo ON status, check that the Servo Drive is in the
servo ready status and set the spindle axis to the Servo ON status.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (CNC Motor003.DrvStatus.Ready = TRUE) THEN
```

```
Pwr4 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   Pwr4 En := FALSE;
END IF;
// When the positioning axis and spindle axis are in the Servo ON status, execute h
oming of the X-axis.
IF (Pwr4 Status = TRUE) THEN
   Hm1 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the X-axis is defined, execute homing of the Y-axis.
IF (Pwr2 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm1 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm2 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// After the home of the Y-axis is defined, execute homing of the Z-axis.
IF (Pwr3 Status = TRUE) AND (Hm2 D = TRUE) THEN
   Hm3 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// If a minor fault level error occurs in coordinate system 0, execute the error ha
ndler for the device (FaultHandler).
// Program the FaultHandler according to the device.
IF (CNC Coord000.MFaultLvl.Active = TRUE) THEN
    FaultHandler();
END IF;
// When the NC program execution ready is completed, change Coord_Ready to TRUE.
IF (Hm3 D = TRUE) AND (CNC Coord000.Status.Ready = TRUE) THEN
   Coord Ready := TRUE;
ELSIF(CC1 Err = TRUE) THEN
    Coord Ready := FALSE;
END IF;
// When Coord Ready is TRUE, start the execution control of the NC program.
IF (Coord Ready = TRUE) THEN
   CC1 En := TRUE;
ELSE
   CC1_En := FALSE;
END IF;
// Processing when input parameters are not set.
IF (InitFlg = FALSE) AND (CC1 enbd = TRUE) THEN
    // CNC CoordControl parameter
    // Specify the NC program (No.1) that was created on the Sysmac Studio.
    ControlInputs.ProgramNo := UINT#1;
```

```
ControlInputs.FeedrateVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
    ControlInputs.SpindleVelFactor := LREAL#100.0;
    ControlInputs.AuxiliaryLock := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.BackTrace := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.DryRun := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.FeedHold := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.MachineLock := FALSE;
    // Change InitFlag to TRUE after setting the input parameters.
    InitFlg := TRUE;
    // Start the NC program
    NcpStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the cycle start ready is completed and start the execution of the NC
IF (InitFlg = TRUE) AND (ControlOutputs.CycleStartReady = TRUE) AND (NcpStart = TRU
E) THEN
    CC1 CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
IF( CC1 CycleStart = TRUE) THEN
    ControlInputs.CycleStart := TRUE;
END IF;
// When the NC program is executed, change CC1 CycleStart and NcpStart to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = _eCNC_EXECUTING_STATE#_cncExecuting) THEN
   NcpStart := FALSE;
    CC1 CycleStart := FALSE;
    ControlInputs.CycleStart := FALSE;
END IF;
\ensuremath{//} When InterruptSW is TRUE, the execution of the NC program pauses.
IF (InterruptSW = TRUE) THEN
    ControlInputs.FeedHold := TRUE;
END IF;
// When pausing of the NC program is completed, change InterruptSW to FALSE.
IF (ControlOutputs.ExecutingStatus = cncHold) THEN
    InterruptSW := FALSE;
END_IF;
// When SpindleSTOP is TRUE, stop the rotation of the spindle axis.
IF SpindleSTOP = TRUE THEN
    SG1 Ex := TRUE;
ELSE
    SG1 Ex := FALSE;
END IF;
```

```
\ensuremath{//} When SpindleSTART is TRUE, start the rotation of the spindle axis.
IF SpindleSTART = TRUE THEN
    SG2 Ex := TRUE;
END IF;
// Check that the Spindle Control instruction is completed.
IF SG2 Dn = TRUE THEN
    SpindleSTOP := FALSE;
END IF;
// CNC Power of X-axis
PWR1(
   Coord := CNC Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr1_En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
    Status => Pwr1 Status,
   Busy => Pwr1_Bsy,
    Error => Pwr1 Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr1_ErrID
);
// CNC Power of Y-axis
PWR2(
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
   Enable := Pwr2 En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
    Status => Pwr2 Status,
    Busy => Pwr2_Bsy,
   Error => Pwr2_Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr2 ErrID
);
// CNC_Power of Z-axis
PWR3(
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Enable := Pwr3_En,
   LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
    Status => Pwr3_Status,
    Busy => Pwr3 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr3 Err,
   ErrorID => Pwr3_ErrID
);
// CNC Power of spindle axis
PWR4(
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Enable := Pwr4 En,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#100,
    Status => Pwr4_Status,
```

```
Busy => Pwr4 Bsy,
    Error => Pwr4_Err,
    ErrorID => Pwr4 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of X-axis
HM1 (
    Coord := CNC Coord000,
    Execute := Hm1_Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#0,
    Done => Hm1 D,
    Busy => Hm1 Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm1 Ca,
    Error => Hm1 Err,
    ErrorID => Hm1 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Y-axis
HM2 (
    Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := Hm2 Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#1,
    Done \Rightarrow Hm2 D,
    Busy => Hm2 Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm2 Ca,
    Error => Hm2_Err,
    ErrorID => Hm2 ErrID
);
// CNC Home of Z-axis
HM3 (
    Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    Execute := Hm3 Ex,
    LogicalMotorNo := UINT#2,
    Done => Hm3_D,
    Busy => Hm3 Bsy,
    CommandAborted => Hm3 Ca,
    Error => Hm3_Err,
    ErrorID => Hm3 ErrID
);
// CNC CoordControl
CC1(
    Coord := CNC_Coord000,
    ControlInputs := ControlInputs,
    ControlOutputs := ControlOutputs,
    Enable := CC1 En,
    Enabled => CC1 enbd,
    Busy => CC1_Bsy,
    Error => CC1_Err,
```

```
ErrorID => CC1 ErrID
);
// CNC_SpindleGo (for the spindle axis stop)
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
   Execute := SG1 Ex,
   Velocity := LREAL#0.0,
   Done => SG1_Dn,
   Busy => SG1 Bsy,
   CommandAborted => SG1 Ca,
   Error => SG1_Err,
   ErrorID => SG1_ErrID
);
// CNC_SpindleGo (for the spindle axis stop)
   Coord := CNC_Coord000,
   Execute := SG2 Ex,
   Velocity := LREAL#100.0,
   Done => SG2_Dn,
   Busy => SG2 Bsy,
   CommandAborted => SG2_Ca,
   Error => SG2_Err,
   ErrorID => SG2 ErrID
);
```

CNC_GantrySkewControl

The CNC_GantrySkewControl instruction controls the skew of the gantry axes.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_GantrySkewControl	Gantry Skew Con- trol	FB	CNC_GantrySkewControl_instance CNC_GantrySkewControl Coord Coord OffsetValue OffsetValue Execute Done LogicalMotorNo Busy SkewMode CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_GantrySkewControl_instance(Coord := parameter, OffsetValue := parameter, Execute := parameter, LogicalMotorNo := parameter, SkewMode := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
LogicalMo- torNo	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber	UINT	0 to (Maximum positioning logical CNC motor number - 1)	0	Specify the logical CNC motor number. When the CNC motor is assigned to the positioning axis, specify the positioning logical CNC motor number.
SkewMode	Skew Control Mode	_eCNC_SKE W_MODE	0: _cncCalcOffset 1: _cncAlignOffset 2: _cncWriteOffset 3: _cncReadOffset	0	Specifies the operating mode of the gantry skew controlcncCalcOffset: Calculates the gantry offset valuecncAlignOffset: Changes the gantry offset value and adjusts the slave axis positioncncWriteOffset: Changes the gantry offset valuecncReadOffset: Reads the gantry offset value that is currently valid.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If a motor that is not assigned to the gantry master axis is specified for the *LogicalMotorNo* (Logical Motor Number) input variable, the *Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified* (56050000 hex) error is output.
- If the SkewMode (Skew Control Mode) input variable is either 1: _cncAlignOffset or 2: _cncWriteOffset, check if the OffsetValue (Offset Value) in-out variable is appropriate when this instruction is executed.

If the value is invalid, the *Offset Value Setting Out of Range* (562B0000 hex) error is output. The value is not checked when *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode) is set to **0**: _cncCalcOffset or **3**: _cncReadOffset.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
	<u> </u>			
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA-	Command	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
borted	Aborted		TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When CommandAborted changes to TRUE. When Error changes to TRUE.
CommandA- borted	 When you start this instruction during CNC_CoordStop instruction execution. When this instruction is aborted because another motion control instruction was multi-executed (Aborting). When this instruction is aborted due to an error. When this instruction is executed while there is an error. 	 When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE. After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions or input parameters for the instruction.	When the error is cleared.

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Coord	CNC Coordinate System	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF		Specifies the CNC coordinate system.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
OffsetValue	Offset Value	LREAL		Input: Specify a gantry offset value to change. It is used when the skew control mode is 1: _cncAlignOffset or 2: _cncWriteOffset. Output: When the execution of an instruction is completed, the currently valid gantry offset value is stored.

Functions

A displacement from the home exists between the gantry axes. The value that compensates this displacement is called a gantry offset.

Before starting up the gantry system machine, you need to calculate the gantry offset and adjust the value at first.

This instruction is used to calculate and adjust the gantry offset.

This instruction allows you to switch the operation according to your purposes with *SkewMode* (Skew Control Mode).



Additional Information

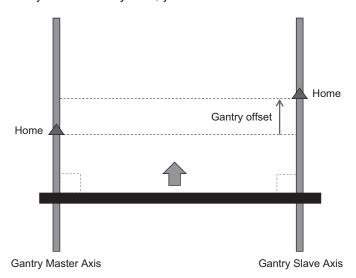
The CNC Function Module saves the gantry offset value changed by this instruction in the battery-backup memory inside the NC Integrated Controller when the power supply is interrupted. For the NY-series Controllers, it is saved to the non-volatile memory.

_cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)

This mode is used to perform homing operation for the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis in sequence and calculate the offset value between the gantry axes.

This is a general method for calculating the gantry offset value if the gantry system uses an incremental encoder.

When you start the system, you must use this mode first and calculate the gantry offset.



- To perform homing operation for the calculation of the gantry offset, use the homing settings that is set in the each CNC motor settings for the gantry master and slave axes.
- Before executing this instruction, make sure that the gantry axes are positioned in parallel as shown in the figure.
 - If you execute the instruction while the axes are skewed, the gantry offset value will not be calculated correctly.
- When this instruction completes successfully, the gantry offset value is stored in *OffsetValue* (Offset Value) in-out variable.
- When this instruction completes successfully, homes are defined for the gantry master and slave axes. In addition, the current position of the gantry slave axis will be preset so that it is placed at the same current position as the gantry master axis.

_cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)

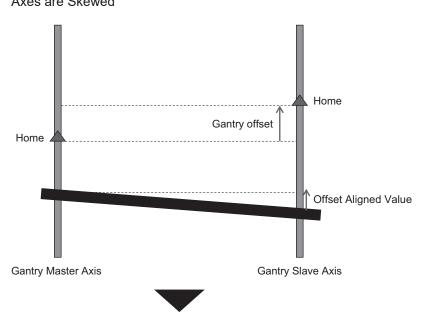
This mode is used to change the specified value to the currently valid gantry offset value and move the gantry slave axis depending on the distance relative to the offset value change.

_cncAlignOffset is used for fine-tuning the position after the calculation of the gantry offset value by measuring the parallelism between the axes. This is also used for setting an offset value without using the gantry offset value calculation mode for the gantry system that uses the absolute encoder.

- Set the OffsetValue (Offset Value) in-out variable according to the following formula:
 OffsetValue (Offset Value) := currently valid offset value + offset aligned value
- Use Alignment Velocity for the velocity of adjustment operation.

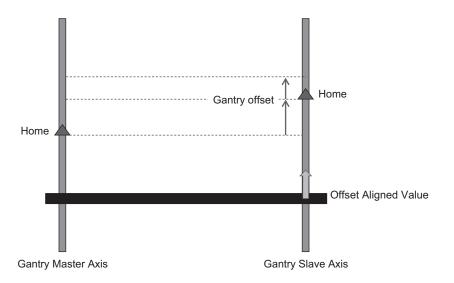
Example of Offset Value Adjustment

Status 1: Before adjustment Axes are Skewed



Status 2: After adjustment

Axes are positioned in parallel after they adjust the offset



_cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)

This mode is used to change the currently valid gantry offset value to the specified value.

The difference from _cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment) is that minor adjustment is not performed after the value is changed.

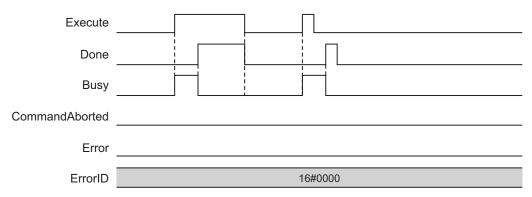
In addition, this mode can be executed in the servo unlock state.

_cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)

This mode is used to read the currently valid gantry offset value. In addition, this mode can be executed in the servo unlock state.

Timing Chart

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE at the same time as Execute changes to TRUE.
- Done (Done) changes to TRUE when the skew control completes.
- If another instruction aborts this instruction, *CommandAborted* (Command Aborted) changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) and *Done* (Done) change to FALSE.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction cannot be re-executed. A *CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled* error (56030000 hex) occurs if re-execution is attempted.

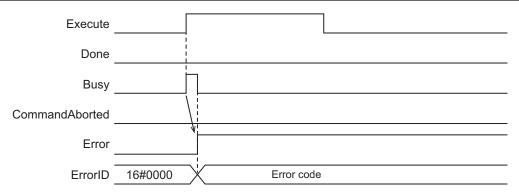
Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If this instruction cannot be executed, an error occurs, and *Error* will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.



Common Command Instructions

This section describes the instructions that are used for both CNC motors and CNC coordinate systems.

CNC_Write	13-2
CNC_Read	13-11
CNC LoadProgramFile	13-16

CNC_Write

The CNC_Write instruction overwrites CNC parameters.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Write	Write CNC Setting	FB	CNC_Write_instance CNC_Write Target Target SettingValue SettingValue Execute Done ParameterNumber Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_Write_instance(Target := parameter, SettingValue := parameter, Execute := parameter, ParameterNumber := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);



Precautions for Correct Use

The values that are written by this instruction are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. Any written values are lost when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, when settings are downloaded, or when the CNC Function Module is restarted. They return to the values that were set from the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Sysmac Studio and transfer the parameters to save them to the non-volatile memory.

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when
					Execute changes to TRUE.
Parameter-	Parameter	_eCNC_PA-		0*1	Specify the parameter to write.
Number	Number	RAME-	0: _cncRotaryVel		0: Rotary Axis Velocity
		TER_NUM- BER	1: _cncDryRunVel		1: Dry Run Velocity
			2: _cncFeedholdTime		2: Feed Hold Acceleration/Deceleration Time
			3: _cncInPosTime	3: In-position Check Time	
			4: _cncSwLmtCtrl	4: Software Overtravel Limit Oper tion Control	
			5: _cncToolShape		5: Tool Shape Data
			6: _cncToolRadiusCompCtrl		6: Tool Radius Compensation Control
			7: _cncSpindleOrientation		7: Spindle Axis Orientation Operation
			8: _cncSingleBlockOption		8: Single Block Execution Option*2
			9: _cncLHDistance		9: Lookahead Distance

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
			11: _cncMaxFeedrate		11: Maximum Feedrate
		15: _cncOverrideModeSe-			15: Override Method Selection
			lect		
			20: _cncWorkOffset1		20: 1st Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			21: _cncWorkOffset2		21: 2nd Work Coordinate System
			20. analMarkOffaat2		Offset
			22: _cncWorkOffset3		22: 3rd Work Coordinate System Offset
			23: _cncWorkOffset4		23: 4th Work Coordinate System
			23CHCVVOIROHSet4		Offset
			24: _cncWorkOffset5		24: 5th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			25: _cncWorkOffset6		25: 6th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			30: _cncRefPoint1		30: 1st Reference Point
			31: _cncRefPoint2		31: 2nd Reference Point
			32: _cncRefPoint3		32: 3rd Reference Point
			33: _cncRefPoint4		33: 4th Reference Point
			1000: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1000: CNC Coordinate System Ex-
			tings0		tended Operation Settings No.0
			1001: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1001: CNC Coordinate System Ex-
			tings1		tended Operation Settings No.1
			1002: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1002: CNC Coordinate System Ex-
			tings2		tended Operation Settings No.2
			50: _cncFELmt		50: Following Error Over Value
			51: _cncChkFELmt		51: Following Error Warning Value 52: Software Overtravel Limit
			52: _cncSwLmt		53: Positive Software Overtravel
			53: _cncPosiSwLmt		Limit
			54: _cncNegaSwLmt		54: Negative Software Overtravel Limit
			55: _cncInPosCycle		55: Number of In-position Continuance Cycles
			56: _cnclnPosRange		56: In-position Range
			57: _cncRapidFeedAcc		57: Rapid Feed Acceleration/Decel-
					eration
			58: _cncSkipVel		58: Skip Velocity
			59: _cncPIDCtr		59: PID Control
			62: _cncRapidFeedVel		62: Rapid Feed Velocity
			63: _cncMotorMaxAcc		63: Maximum Acceleration/Deceler-
					ation
			2000: _cncMotorOpeSet-		2000: CNC Motor Operation Extend-
			tings0		ed Settings No.0
			2001: _cncMotorOpeSet-		2001: CNC Motor Operation Extend-
			tings1		ed Settings No.1
			2002: _cncMotorOpeSet-		2002: CNC Motor Operation Extend-
			tings2		ed Settings No.2
			100: _cncCompScaling		100: Compensation Scaling

^{*1.} The default value for an enumeration variable is actually not the number, but the enumerator.

^{*2.} The single block execution option is a parameter that can only be changed with CNC_Write.

• Parameter Data Types and Setting Ranges

The table below shows the valid range of each parameter.

However, this valid range is available for this instruction, and it varies depending on the value of the correlative parameter.

Parameter	Data type	Valid range	Comments
NC Coordinate System Pa			
Rotary Axis Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
Dry Run Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
Feed Hold Accelera- tion/Deceleration Time	UDINT	1 to 10,000 (ms)	
In-position Check Time	UINT	0 to 10,000 (ms)	
Software Overtravel Limit Operation Con- trol	_eCNC_SWLMT_CO NTROL	_cncSwLmtOTErr := 0 _cncSwLmtTrajSatura- tion := 1	0: Error 1: No error (Path saturation)
Tool Shape Data	_sCNC_TOOL_SHAP	Refer to _sCNC_TOOL_SH	HAPE on page 13-6
Tool Radius Compensation Control	_sCNC_TOOL_RADI- US_COMP	Refer to _sCNC_TOOL_RA	ADIUS_COMP on page 13-6
Spindle Axis Orienta- tion Operation	_sSPINDLE_ORIEN- TATION	Refer to _sSPINDLE_ORIE	ENTATION on page 13-6
Single Block Execution Option	_eCNC_SIN- GLE_BLOCK_OP- TION	_cncSingleBlockOption- Disable = 0 _cncSingleBlockOptio- nEnable = 1	O: The single block execution option is disabled. 1: The single block execution option is enabled.
Lookahead Distance	UDINT	1 to 4,096	
Maximum Feedrate	LREAL	0 min.	
Override Method Selection	_eCNC_OVER- RIDE_MODE_SE- LECT	_cncSegmentOverride := 0 _cncTimebaseOverride := 1	Segment override method Time-base override method
1st Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA	Refer to _sCNC_COORD	AX_DATA on page 13-6
2nd Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
3rd Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
4th Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
5th Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
6th Work Coordinate System Offset	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
1st Reference Point	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
2nd Reference Point	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
3rd Reference Point	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		

			l	-
	Parameter	Data type	Valid range	Comments
	4th Reference Point	_sCNC_CO- ORD_AX_DATA		
	CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.0	_sCNC_CO- ORD_OPE_SET- TINGS	Rerfer to _sCNC_COORD_	OPE_SETTINGS on page 13-7
	CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.1	_sCNC_CO- ORD_OPE_SET- TINGS		
	CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.2	_sCNC_CO- ORD_OPE_SET- TINGS		
CN	IC Motor Parameters			
	Following Error Over Value	LREAL	0.0 min.	
	Following Error Warn- ing Value	LREAL	0.0 min.	
	Software Overtravel Limit	_eCNC_SWLMT_MO DE	_cncNonSwLmt := 0 _cncCmdImmediate- Stop := 1	Disable software limits. I: Immediate stop for command position (stop using remaining pulses)
	Positive Software Overtravel Limit	LREAL	Positive number	
	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	LREAL	Negative number	
	Number of In-position Continuance Cycles	UINT	0 to 255	
	In-position Range	LREAL	0.0 min.	
	Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration	LREAL	0 min.	
	Skip Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
	PID Control	_sCNC_PID_CON- TROL	Refer to _sCNC_PID_CON	TROL on page 13-6
	Rapid Feed Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	
	Maximum Accelera- tion/Deceleration	LREAL	0 min.	
	CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.0	_sCNC_MO- TOR_OPE_SET- TINGS	Refer to _sCNC_MOTOR_0	OPE_SETTINGS on page 13-7
	CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.1	_sCNC_MO- TOR_OPE_SET- TINGS		
	CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.2	_sCNC_MO- TOR_OPE_SET- TINGS		
CN	IC Motor Compensation	Table Parameters		
	Compensation Scailing	LREAL	0 to 2.0	

• _sCNC_COORD_AX_DATA

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
X	X-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	X-axis value
Υ	Y-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	Y-axis value
Z	Z-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	Z-axis value
Α	A-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	A-axis value
В	B-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	B-axis value
С	C-axis Position	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	C-axis value

• _sCNC_TOOL_SHAPE

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
ToolRadius	Tool Radius	LREAL	0.0 min.	Tool radius to be compensated
ToolLength	Tool Length	LREAL	Positive, negative, 0	Tool length to be compensated

• _sCNC_TOOL_RADIUS_COMP

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
OvercutMode	Overcut Mode	_eCNC_OVER- CUT_MODE	_cncOvercutErr := 0 _cncOvercutAvoid := 1 _cncOvercutIgnore := 2 _cncOvercutTestAvoid := 3	Overcut mode setting
ArcFeedrate- Mode	Circular Feed Rate Mode	BOOL	TRUE or FALSE	Feedrate compensation setting for circular interpolation with compensation

• _sSPINDLE_ORIENTATION

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
OrientationPos	Orientation Position	LREAL	0 ≤ x < 1	Orientation position setting
OrientationVel	Orientation Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	Orientation velocity setting
OrientationAcc	Orientation Acceleration/Deceler-	LREAL	0.0 min.	Orientation acceleration/deceleration
	ation			setting

• _sCNC_PID_CONTROL

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
Кр	Position Loop Gain	REAL	0 to 3000	Position loop gain setting
Kvff	Velocity Feedforward Gain	REAL	0 to 100	Velocity feedforward setting
Ki	Integral Gain	REAL	0	Integral gain setting (Reserved)
Kvfb	Velocity Feedback Gain	REAL	0	Velocity feedback gain setting (Reserved)
Kvifb	Velocity Feedback Gain (before integrator)	REAL	0	Velocity feedback gain (before integrator) setting (Reserved)
Kviff	Velocity Feedforward Gain (before integrator)	REAL	0	Velocity feedforward gain (before integrator) setting (Reserved)
Kaff	Acceleration Feedforward Gain	REAL	0	Acceleration feedforward gain setting (Reserved)

• _sCNC_COORD_OPE_SETTINGS

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
MaxFeedrate	Maximum Feedrate	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the maximum feed rate of a
				path
RotaryAxisVel	Rotary Axis Velocity	LREAL	Positive number	Setting of the rotary axis velocity
InPosCheckTime	In-position Check Time	UINT	0 to 10,000	Setting of the in-position check time
AccTime	Operation Acceleration Time	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the acceleration time
DecTime	Operation Deceleration Time	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the deceleration time
JerkTime	Operation Jerk Time	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the jerk time
LHDistance	Lookahead Distance	UDINT	1 to 4,096	Setting of the lookahead distance

• _sCNC_MOTOR_OPE_SETTINGS

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Function
MaxAccDec	Maximum Acceleration/ Deceleration	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the maximum acceleration rate for a CNC motor operation command
RapidVel	Rapid Feed Velocity	LREAL	Positive num- ber	Setting of the velocity of the rapid feed command
RapidAccDec	Rapid Feed Acceleration/ Deceleration	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the acceleration/deceleration rate of the rapid feed command
AbortDec (Reserved)	Reserved.	LREAL	0	Reserved.
InPosRange	In-position Range	LREAL	0 min.	Setting of the in-position width
InPosCycle	Number of In-position Continuance Cycles	UINT	0 to 255	Setting of the time for checking completion of positioning

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
			TRUE	
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
			TRUE	
CommandA-	Command	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
borted	Aborted		TRUE	
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or	TRUE while there is an error.
			TRUE	
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs.
				A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
CommandA-	When another instruction causes an error and	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
borted	aborts this instruction.	After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Target	Write Target	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF, _sCNC_MO- TOR_REF, AR- RAY[0N] OF REAL		Specify the CNC motor, CNC coordinate system, or CNC compensation table data variable for which to write a parameter. N in the array variable is set automatically by the Sysmac Studio. Specify the CNC motor compensation table data variable created with the CNC motor compensation table editor of Sysmac Studio.
SettingValue	Setting Value	*1		Specify the value to write. The valid range follows the CNC parameter that is specified by <i>ParameterNumber</i> (Parameter Number). It is set to 0 by default.

^{*1.} Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

In-Out Variable Update Timing

Name	Write timing
SettingValue	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.

Functions

The CNC_Write instruction writes the *SettingValue* (Setting Value) to the CNC parameter specified by *Target* (Write Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) when *Execute* changes to TRUE. To specify the change target, combine the *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) with the *Target* (Write Target).

If the combination you specified is invalid, it causes the CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range error (560F0000 hex).



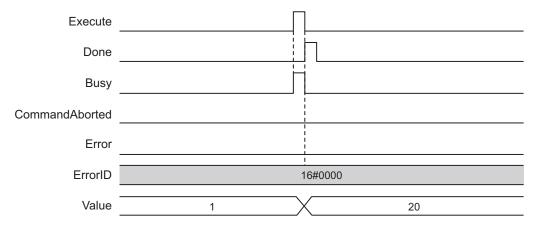
Precautions for Correct Use

The values that are written by this instruction are not saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller. Any written values are lost when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF, when settings are downloaded, or when the CNC Function Module is restarted. They return to the values that were set from the Sysmac Studio.

Use the Sysmac Studio and transfer the parameters to save them to the non-volatile memory.

Timing Chart

A timing chart is shown below when data 20 is written to _cnclnPosRange (In-position Range) in the CNC motor parameter settings.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If *Execute* for the same instance of this instruction changes to TRUE while *Busy* (Executing) is TRUE, the instruction is re-executed.

At this time, the instruction overwrites the previous values of the Target (Write Target),

ParameterNumber (Parameter Number), and SettingValue (Setting Value) with the values that are specified when Execute rises.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

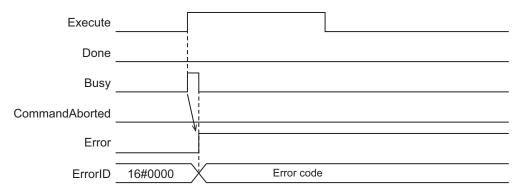
Refer to A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed. The previous values are retained.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_Read

The CNC_Read instruction reads CNC parameters.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_Read	Read CNC Setting	FB	CNC_Read_instance CNC_Read Target Target SettingValue SettingValue Execute Done ParameterNumber Busy CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_Read_instance(Target := parameter, SettingValue := parameter, Execute := parameter, ParameterNumber := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when
					Execute changes to TRUE.
Parameter	Parameter	_eCNC_PA-		0*2	Specify the parameter to read.
Number	Number	RAME-	0: _cncRotaryVel		0: Rotary Axis Velocity
		TER_NUM- BER*1	1: _cncDryRunVel		1: Dry Run Velocity
			2: _cncFeedholdTime		2: Feed Hold Acceleration/Deceleration Time
			3: _cnclnPosTime		3: In-position Check Time
			4: _cncSwLmtCtrl		4: Software Overtravel Limit Opera-
					tion Control
			5: _cncToolShape		5: Tool Shape Data
			6: _cncToolRadiusCompCtrl		6: Tool Radius Compensation Control
			7: _cncSpindleOrientation		7: Spindle Axis Orientation Operation
			8: _cncSingleBlockOption		8: Single Block Execution Option
			9: _cncLHDistance		9: Lookahead Distance
			11: _cncMaxFeedrate		11: Maximum Feedrate
			15: _cncOverrideModeSe- lect		15: Override Method Selection
			20: _cncWorkOffset1		20: 1st Work Coordinate System Offset
			21: _cncWorkOffset2		21: 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
		-	22: _cncWorkOffset3		22: 3rd Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			23: _cncWorkOffset4		23: 4th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			24: _cncWorkOffset5		24: 5th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			25: _cncWorkOffset6		25: 6th Work Coordinate System
					Offset
			30: _cncRefPoint1		30: 1st Reference Point
			31: _cncRefPoint2		31: 2nd Reference Point
			32: _cncRefPoint3		32: 3rd Reference Point
			33: _cncRefPoint4		33: 4th Reference Point
			1000: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1000: CNC Coordinate System Ex-
			tings0		tended Operation Settings No.0
			1001: _cncCoordOpeSet- tings1		1001: CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings No.1
			1002: _cncCoordOpeSet-		1002: CNC Coordinate System Ex-
			tings2		tended Operation Settings No.2
			50: _cncFELmt		50: Following Error Over Value
			51: cncChkFELmt		51: Following Error Warning Value
			52: cncSwLmt		52: Software Overtravel Limit
			53: _cncPosiSwLmt		53: Positive Software Overtravel
			_		Limit
			54: _cncNegaSwLmt		54: Negative Software Overtravel
					Limit
			55: _cncInPosCycle		55: Number of In-position Continu-
					ance Cycles
			56: _cncInPosRange		56: In-position Range
			57: _cncRapidFeedAcc		57: Rapid Feed Acceleration/Decel-
					eration
			58: _cncSkipVel		58: Skip Velocity
			59: _cncPIDCtr		59: PID Control
			62: _cncRapidFeedVel		62: Rapid Feed Velocity
			63: _cncMotorMaxAcc		63: Maximum Acceleration/Deceler-
			2000: oneMaterOneSet		ation
			2000: _cncMotorOpeSet- tings0		2000: CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings No.0
			2001: _cncMotorOpeSet-		2001: CNC Motor Operation Extend-
			tings1		ed Settings No.1
			2002: cncMotorOpeSet-		2002: CNC Motor Operation Extend-
			tings2		ed Settings No.2
			100: _cncCompScaling		100: Compensation Scaling

^{*1.} Refer to the CNC_Write instruction for _eCNC_PARAMETER_NUMBER.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.

^{*2.} The default value for an enumeration variable is actually not the number, but the enumerator.

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Busy	When <i>Execute</i> changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
CommandA-	When another instruction causes an error and	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
borted	aborts this instruction.	After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

In-Out Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Target	Read Target	_sCNC_CO- ORD_REF, _sCNC_MO- TOR_REF, AR- RAY[0N] OF REAL		Specify a CNC motor, CNC coordinate system, or CNC motor compensation table data variable from which to read a parameter. N in the array variable is set automatically by the Sysmac Studio. Specify the CNC motor compensation table data variable created with the CNC motor compensation table editor of Sysmac Studio.
SettingValue	Setting Value	*1		Stores the read values. The valid range follows the CNC parameter that is specified by <i>ParameterNumber</i> (Parameter Number).

^{*1.} Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

• In-Out Variable Update Timing

Name	Write timing	
SettingValue	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.	

Functions

The CNC_Read instruction reads the CNC parameter specified by *Target* (Read Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) to the *SettingValue* (Setting Value) when *Execute* changes to TRUE.



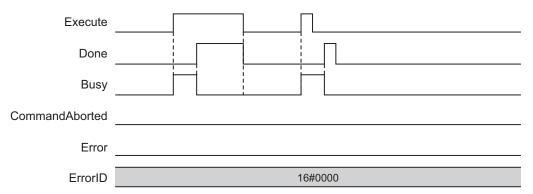
Precautions for Correct Use

The parameter values that can be read by this instruction are not those saved in the non-volatile memory in the NC Integrated Controller but those that is enabled at the timing when this instruction was executed.

For example, if you wrote parameters with the CNC_Write (Write CNC Setting) instruction, the written parameters are read.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for execution of the CNC_Read (Read CNC Setting) instruction is shown below.



Re-execution of CNC Instructions

If *Execute* for the same instance of this instruction changes to TRUE while *Busy* (Executing) is TRUE, the instruction is re-executed.

The CNC_Read instruction reads the parameter specified by *Target* (Read Target) and *ParameterNumber* (Parameter Number) when the last *Execute* changes to TRUE.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

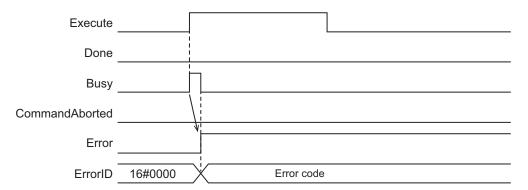
Refer to *A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported* on page A-14 for details on multi-execution of CNC instructions.

Error

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by *ErrorID* (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

CNC_LoadProgramFile

The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction loads an NC program from an external non-volatile memory into the main memory.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
CNC_LoadProgramFile	NC program load	FB	CNC_LoadProgramFile_instance CNC_LoadProgramFile Execute Done FileName Busy DeletePrg CommandAborted Error ErrorID	CNC_LoadProgramFile_instance(Execute := parameter, FileName := parameter, DeletePrg := parameter, Done => parameter, Busy => parameter, CommandAborted => parameter, Error => parameter, ErrorID => parameter);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute changes to TRUE.
FileName	File Name	STRING	*1		File name to be loaded
DeletePrg	Program Deletion Option	_eCNC_DE- LETE_PRG	_cncNotDelPrg (0) _cncDelLoa- dedPrg (1)	_cncNotDelPrg (0)	Specify whether to delete the NC program loaded by this instructioncncNotDelPrg: Do not delete NC program _cncDelLoadedPrg: Delete all the loaded NC programs

^{*1.} Up to 66 bytes (65 bytes + NULL).

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
CommandA- borted	Command Aborted	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is aborted.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Output Variable Update Timing

Name	Timing for changing to TRUE	Timing for changing to FALSE
Done	When this instruction is completed.	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
		After one period when <i>Execute</i> is FALSE.
Busy	When Execute changes to TRUE.	When <i>Done</i> changes to TRUE.
		When CommandAborted changes to TRUE.
		When <i>Error</i> changes to TRUE.
CommandA-	When another instruction causes an error and	When Execute is TRUE and changes to FALSE.
borted	aborts this instruction.	After one period when Execute is FALSE.
Error	When there is an error in the execution conditions	When the error is cleared.
	or input parameters for the instruction.	

Functions

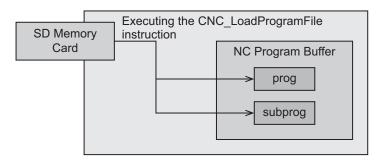
In order to execute an NC program, it must be loaded into the NC program buffer.

This instruction loads the NC program stored in the file (on the SD Memory Card) specified by *FileName*, in the NC program buffer.

Two types of NC program buffers are provided: prog for main programs, and subprog for sub programs. Specify the NC program buffer used to load the NC program in the program file. Up to 512 programs can be loaded into each of the buffers.

NC programs are identified according to the program numbers. If you load a program that has the same program number, the program will be overwritten. The program number must be specified in the program file.

When loading programs, make sure that the NC programs in all the CNC coordinate systems are stopped. Otherwise, a *CNC Multi-execution Disabled* error (56040000 hex) will occur when the programs are loaded during execution of NC program.



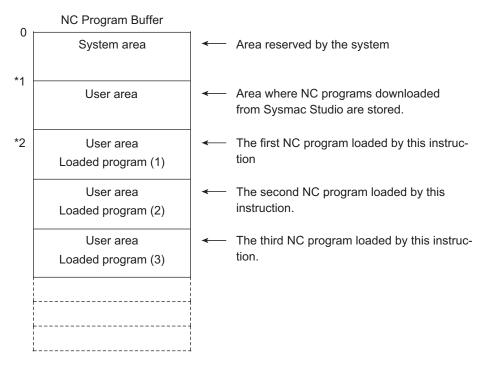
Pro- gram area	Maximum number of pro- grams that can be regis- tered	Range of progr	ram num-	Program capacity
Main program	512 programs (Total number including the programs downloaded from	Sysmac Studio	No.0001 to 0299	In the total number of main and sub programs, the NJ5 series has a capacity of 16 MB, and the
	Sysmac Studio)	CNC_loadProg- ramFile	No.0300 to 0999	NY5 series has a capacity of 64 MB. The system area also uses this area.
Sub pro- gram	512 programs (Total number including the	Sysmac Studio	No.1000 to 2999	
	programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio)	CNC_loadProg- ramFile	No.3000 to 9999	

NC Program Buffer Configuration and Program Deletion

The CNC Function Module provides a program buffer. Main and sub programs are stored in the same buffer.

NC programs are placed in the following sequence from the head address of the buffer: first the system area reserved for the system and next the area that contains the NC programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio.

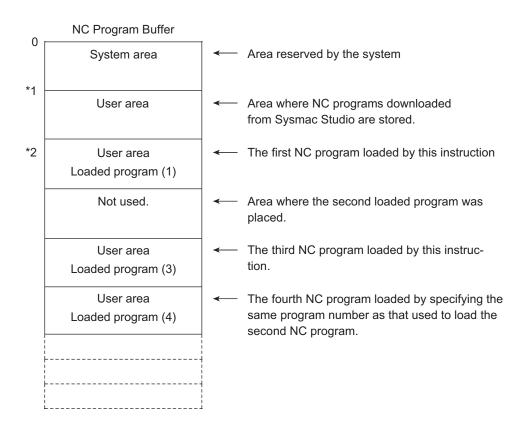
The NC programs loaded by this instruction are placed in the areas following the NC program area downloaded from Sysmac Studio in the order in which they are loaded.



- *1. The available size of the system area is approximately 1 MB.
- *2. The available size of the device manufacturer's area varies depending on the size of the NC programs downloaded from Sysmac Studio.

When a program that has the same program number is loaded, it will be placed at the bottom of the area.

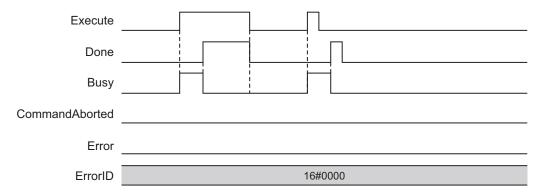
An area in which an overwritten NC program exists is not reused and it becomes free space. Therefore, if NC programs are repeatedly loaded using this instruction, the NC program buffer runs out, and a *Load NC Program Size Over* error (56230000 hex) is output.



To solve buffer shortage, specify *DeletePrg* (Program Deletion Option) to _cncDelLoadedPrg(1): Delete all the loaded NC programs, and execute this instruction at the timing of a setup change. After the loaded NC programs are deleted by this instruction, a new program is loaded. Even if this *DeletePrg* (Program Deletion Option) instruction is executed, the NC programs placed in the system area and the NC programs loaded from Sysmac Studio are not deleted.

Timing Chart

A timing chart for the execution of the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is shown below.



Related System-defined Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_Card1Ready	SD Memory Card Ready Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether or not the SD Memory Card is physically inserted and whether the mount process is completed successfully, and thus it is now accessible by instructions and communication commands. TRUE: The card can be used. FALSE: The card cannot be used.
_Card1Protect	SD Memory Card Write Pro- tected Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether or not the SD Memory Card, which has been mounted and is ready, is write-protected. TRUE: Writing is not possible. FALSE: Writing is possible.
_Card1Err	SD Memory Card Error Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether or not an out-of-specification SD Memory Card (e.g. SDHC card) is mounted, or whether or not the card has a format error (the format is not FAT16 or the system file is damaged). TRUE: Writing is not possible. FALSE: Writing is possible.
_Card1Access	SD Memory Card Access Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed. TRUE: The card is accessed. FALSE: The card is not accessed.
_Card1Power- Fail	SD Memory Card Power In- terruption Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates whether an error occurred during processing when power was interrupted while the SD Memory Card was accessed. This flag is not cleared automatically. TRUE: An error occurred. FALSE: No error occurred.

Precautions for Correct Use

- This instruction continues the processing to the end even when Execute changes to FALSE and execution time exceeds the task period. Whether the process has terminated successfully can be checked by confirming that the Done value has changed to TRUE.
- If the size of the specified file is larger than that of the CNC program buffer, an error occurs.
- Do not access the same file simultaneously with this instruction and SD Memory Card instruction. In the user program, perform exclusive control between this instruction and SD Memory Card instruction.
- The root directory in a file name indicates the first layer of the SD Memory Card.
- For an NC program file to be loaded with this instruction, specify the file (extension: pmc) that is created after the NC program was parsed by CNC Operator. If parse processing is not performed, an NC program file cannot be loaded properly or does not run normally.
- In the following cases, Error changes to TRUE:
 - a) The SD Memory Card is not ready for use.
 - b) The file specified by FileName does not exist.
 - c) The FileName value is not valid as a file name.
 - d) The FileName value exceeds the number of bytes that can use for a file name.
 - e) An error occurred while the SD Memory Card was being accessed, and the card is not accessible.
 - f) An attempt was made to load main and sub programs over the respective maximum numbers of programs that can be registered.

- g) An attempt was made to load programs over the specified program buffer size.
- h) This instruction was started while any CNC coordinate system was Executing or Hold.
- i) A failure such as a syntax error was detected in the loaded NC program.
- j) One row in the loaded NC program exceeds 1,020 bytes.
- k) Multiple instances of this instruction were executed multiply.

Re-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction does not detect re-execution.

When a CNC instruction is restarted, the system continues the currently executed NC program without a new input value. Also, output variables is not changed due to re-execution.

Multi-execution of CNC Instructions

This instruction does not support the multi-execution function.

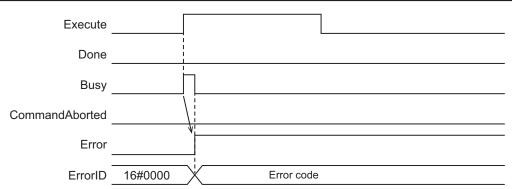
Therefore, more than one instance cannot be executed multiply. If multiple instances are executed, it causes a *Too Many Files Open* error (56200000 hex).

Error

If an error occurs during instruction execution, *Error* will change to TRUE and the parameter is not changed.

You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output by ErrorID (Error Code).

Timing Chart When Error Occurs



Error Code

Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1 for errors that occur in instructions.

13	Common	Command	Instructions
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System Control Instructions

This section describes instructions that are used for system control.

ResetCNCError	14-2
GetCNCFrror	14-4

ResetCNCError

The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
ResetCNCError	CNC Error	FB	ResetCNCError_instance	ResetCNCError_instance(
	Reset		ResetCNCError	Execute := parameter,
			Execute Done	Done => parameter,
			Busy	Busy => parameter,
			Failure -	Failure => parameter,
			Error =	Error => parameter,
			L EITOID F	ErrorID => parameter
);

Variables

Input Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Default	Description
Execute	Execute	BOOL	FALSE or	FALSE	The instruction is executed when Execute
			TRUE		changes to TRUE.

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Done	Done	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is completed.
Busy	Executing	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction is acknowledged.
Failure	Failure End	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE when the instruction was not executed correctly.
Error	Error	BOOL	FALSE or TRUE	TRUE while there is an error.
ErrorID	Error Code	WORD	*1	Contains the error code when an error occurs. A value of 16#0000 indicates normal execution.

^{*1.} Refer to Section 15 Troubleshooting on page 15-1.

Functions

The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

If the reset fails, Failure (Failure End) changes to TRUE.

The ResetCNCError instruction applies to all the CNC coordinate systems even if the program that ResetCNCError instruction is executed is written in any task.

Related System-defined Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_CNC_ErrSta	CNC Error Status	WORD	Contains the error status of the CNC Function Module.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Errors are not necessarily reset immediately after the execution of this instruction. Check the GetCNCError instruction to confirm whether the error is reset.
- When you use this instruction for the OMRON G5-series Servo Drive, perform exclusive control to prevent the ResetECError instruction from being executed simultaneously.
 If this instruction is executed simultaneously with ResetECError instruction, the G5-series Servo Drive may not be able to accept subsequent SDOs.

Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming of the ResetMCError instruction described in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)*.

GetCNCError

The GetCNCError instruction obtains the highest level status (partial fault or minor fault) and highest level event code of the current Controller errors in the CNC Function Module.

Instruction	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
GetCNCError	Get CNC Error Status	FUN	- (@)GetCNCError EN Level Code	Out := GetCNCError(Level, Code);

Variables

Output Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Valid range	Description
Out	Error Flag	BOOL	*1	TRUE: Controller error exists.
				FALSE: No Controller error
Level	Highest Lev-	UINT	0, 2, and 3	The highest level status of the current Controller er-
	el Status			rors that exist in the CNC Function Module
				0: No Controller error
				2: Partial fault level
				3: Minor fault level
Code	Highest Lev-	DWORD	16#00000000,	The highest level event code of the current Control-
	el Event		16#00070000 to	ler errors that exist in the CNC Function Module
	Code		16#FFFFFFF	16#0000_0000: No Controller error
				16#0007_0000 to 16#FFFF_FFFF: Event code

^{*1.} Depends on the data type of the variable specified.

Functions

This instruction obtains *Level* (Highest Level Status) and *Code* (Highest Level Event Code) of the current Controller errors that exist in the CNC Function Module.

If there are no current Controller errors, the Out (Error Flag) value changes to FALSE.

If there are two or more Controller errors of the highest level event code, *Code* takes as its value the event code of the Controller error that occurred first.

Related System-defined Variables

Name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_CNC_ErrSta	CNC Error Status	WORD	Contains the error status of the CNC Function Module.

Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming of the ResetMCError instruction described in the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)*.

14 Sys	stem	Control	Instructions
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Troubleshooting

This section describes errors (events) that may occur in the CNC Function Module and measures used to correct those errors.

15-1 Errors	Related to the CNC Function Module	15-2
15-1-1	Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module	15-2
15-1-2	Types	15-2
15-1-3	Event Levels	
15-1-4	Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module	15-3
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15-2-1	How to Check Errors	15-9
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15-1 Errors Related to the CNC Function Module

This section describes the errors that are related to the CNC Function Module.



Additional Information

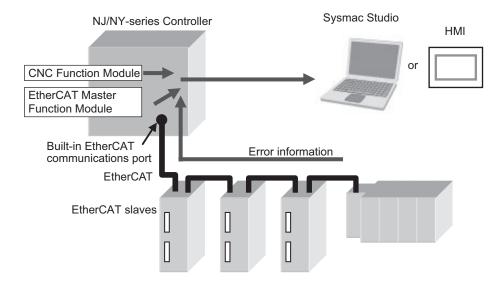
Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* for the NJ-series trouble-shooting.

Refer to the NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564) for the NY-series troubleshooting.

15-1-1 Error Locations Related to the CNC Function Module

In addition to errors that occur in the CNC Function Module, there are errors caused by EtherCAT communication that is used for connection with the Servo Drive.

- · Inside of CNC Function Module
- · EtherCAT Master Function Module
- · Built-in EtherCAT communications port hardware
- · EtherCAT slaves



You can check the sources and causes of the errors in the system-defined variables or from the Sysmac Studio or an HMI.



Precautions for Correct Use

Refer to the appendices of the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564)* for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

15-1-2 Types

The following three sources of errors in the CNC Function Module exist.

Classification	Description	
CNC common errors	If an error is detected in the common part of the CNC Function Module, the relevant bit of	
	_CNC_ComErrSta (CNC common error status) is set to TRUE.	
CNC motor errors	If an error is detected in the CNC motor, the relevant bit of _CNC_MotorErrSta (CNC motor error	
	status) is set to TRUE. *1	
CNC coordinate sys-	If an error is detected in the CNC coordinate system, the relevant bit of _CNC_CoordErrSta (CNC	
tem errors	coordinate system error status) is set to TRUE.	

^{*1.} If a CNC motor error over the minor fault level is detected, the CNC coordinate system, which includes the CNC motor with the error detected in the composition CNC motor, also cannot be operated.



Additional Information

If an error is detected in a CNC instruction, it causes an error for which the error source is PLC Function Module and the source details is Instruction.

15-1-3 Event Levels

The following table shows the event levels concerning the CNC Function Module.

Event level	Operation
Major Fault	All NJ/NY-series Controller control operations stop for errors in this event level.
Partial fault	All control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ/NY-series Controller stop for errors in this event level.
	If this error occurs in the CNC Function Module, the relevant CNC motor or CNC coordinate system stops.
Minor fault	Some of the control operations for one of the function modules in the NJ/NY-series Controller stop for errors in this event level.
	If this error occurs in the CNC Function Module, the relevant CNC motor or CNC coordinate system stops.
Observation	Errors in the observation level do not affect NJ/NY-series Controller control operations. Observations are reported in order to prevent them from developing into errors at the minor fault level or higher.
Information	The user is notified of information, excluding errors.

15-1-4 Errors for each Source in CNC Function Module

The following tables list the errors in each event level that can occur for each source.

CNC Common Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC common part for each level.

Level	Error name		
Major fault	CNC Parameter Setting Invalid		
Partial fault	CNC Parameter Setting Error		
	Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error		
	CNC Motor Compensation Table Read Error		
	Required Process Data Object Not Set		
	CNC Initialization Error		
	CNC Control Period Exceeded		

Level	Error name
Minor fault	Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specification
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled
	Parameter Selection Out of Range
	CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Setting Value Out of Range
	CNC Parameter Setting Read/Write Target Out of Range
	Illegal NC Program
	Illegal CNC Motor Specification
	Illegal CNC Motor Compensation Table Specification
	NC Program Capacity Exceeded
Observation	SD Memory Card Access Failure
	File Does Not Exist
	Illegal Load NC Program Number Specification
	Too Many Files Open
	File or Directory Name Is Too Long
	SD Memory Card Access Failed
	Load NC Program Capacity Exceeded
	Number of NC Program Exceeded
	Illegal Load NC Program
	CNC Planner Service Period Exceeded
Information	CNC Function System Information

CNC Motor Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC motor for each level.

Level	Error name
Major fault	None
Partial fault	None

Lovel	Entor name				
Level	Error name				
Minor fault	• Immediate Stop Input				
	Positive Limit Input Detected				
	Negative Limit Input Detected				
	Positive Software Limit Exceeded				
	Negative Software Limit Exceeded				
	In-position Check Time Exceeded				
	Following Error Limit Exceeded				
	Illegal Following Error				
	Absolute Encoder Current Position Calculation Failed				
	Servo Main Circuit Power OFF				
	Slave Error Detected				
	Slave Disconnection during Servo ON				
	EtherCAT Slave Communications Error				
	Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Homing Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Directions				
	Home Proximity/Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detecte				
	Home Proximity/Homing Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Home Input/Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Home Input/Homing Direction Limit Input Detected				
	Invalid Home Input Mask Distance				
	No Home Input				
	No Home Proximity Input				
	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded				
Observation	Following Error Warning				
	Command Position Overflow				
	Command Position Underflow				
	Actual Position Overflow				
	Actual Position Underflow				
	Slave Observation Detected				
	Software Limit Path Limited				
	Velocity Control Command Value Saturated				
	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning				
Information	Slave Error Code Report				

CNC Coordinate System Errors

The table below shows errors detected in the CNC coordinate system for each level.

Level	Error name
Major fault	None
Partial fault	None

Level	Error name
Minor fault	Process Data Object Setting Missing
	Deceleration Setting Out of Range
	Jerk Setting Out of Range
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled
	CNC Multi-execution Disabled
	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Number Specified
	Logical CNC Motor Number Out of Range
	Target Position Setting Out of Range
	Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF
	Target Velocity Setting Out of Range
	Acceleration/Deceleration Setting Out of Range
	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range
	Immediate Stop Instruction Executed
	Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home
	Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range
	M Code Number Out of Range
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (CNC Coordinate System Specification)
	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (Logical CNC Motor Number)
	Cycle Start Multi-execution Disabled
	Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF
	Illegal NC Program Number Specification
	Illegal Back Trace Specification
	Target Position Positive Software Limit Exceeded
	Target Position Negative Software Limit Exceeded
	Command Position Overflow/Underflow
	Positive Limit Input
	Negative Limit Input
	Home Undefined during Coordinated Motion
	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded
	Cycle Start Specified during Negative Software Limit Exceeded
	Cycle Start Specified during Command Position Overflow/Underflow
	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Limit Input
	Cycle Start Specified during Negative Limit Input
	NC Program Execution Error
	CNC Coordinate System Composition CNC Motor Error
	CNC Common Error Occurrence
	Servo Main Circuits OFF
	Skew Control Mode Out of Range
	Offset Value Setting Out of Range
Observation	None
Information	None

15-1-5 EtherCAT Communication, EtherCAT Slave, and NX Unit Errors

The following errors occur in the CNC Function Module due to an EtherCAT communication, EtherCAT slave, or NX unit error.

Error name	Event code	Cause	Operation at error detection
EtherCAT	87800000	An error occurred in a communication	SERVO OFF is performed for the CNC motor
Slave Commu-	hex	with the EtherCAT slave or NX unit as-	with the error detected, and an operation oth-
nications Error		signed to the CNC motor of the CNC	er than error reset is rejected. *2
		Function Module. *1	

Error name	Event code	Cause	Operation at error detection
Slave Error De-	77860000	The EtherCAT slave or NX unit assigned	SERVO OFF is performed for the CNC motor
tected	hex	to the CNC motor of the CNC Function	with the error detected, and an operation oth-
		Module has detected an error.	er than error reset is rejected.

^{*1.} When an error occurs in communications with an EtherCAT slave, an error also occurs in the EtherCAT Master Function Module.

While multiple devices are assigned to a single CNC motor, if a communication error occurs in even one device, the CNC motor results in a communication error.

*2. If a slave communication error occurs, the CNC motor is placed in the home undefined state.

15-1-6 Servo Drive Errors

This section describes error occurrence notifications in the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive.

There is a time lag between the timing when the CNC Function Module detects a Servo Drive error and the timing when the error code is acquired from the Servo Drive.

Therefore, the CNC Function Module notifies Servo Drive error detection and error code in different events.

Error Notification

If the CNC Function Module detects a Servo Drive error, it causes minor fault level, *Slave Error Detection* (77860000 hex).

At this point, the MC Function Module performs the error operation (i.e., it turns OFF the Servo).

Error Code Notification

When the Servo Drive reports the error code, the MC Function Module generates a *Slave Error Code Report* information event (97800000 hex).

The error code (the main part of the error display number) from the Servo Drive is included in the lower two digits of the attached information of the *Slave Error Code Report* event.

For example, if the attached information is displayed as FF13, the error with display number 13 (Main Circuit Power Supply Undervoltage) occurred in the Servo Drive.



Precautions for Correct Use

You must change the settings to receive notification of the *Slave Error Code Report* event. Map object 603F hex (Error Code) in the PDO Edit Pane.

15-1-7 NX Unit Errors

If an error occurs in the OMRON NX series position interface unit, the error detection and error code are notified in the same way as for the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive or G5-series Servo Drive. However, NX-series Position Interface Units do not have an object that corresponds to object 603F hex (Error Code), so 0000 hex is given for the *Slave Error Code Report* (97800000 hex) in the attached information.

Refer to the *NX-series Position Interface Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W524)* and *NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Units User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)* for details on the errors detected in the NX-series position interface unit.

15-2 Troubleshooting

This section describes how to check and reset an error detected in the CNC Function Module.

The detected CNC Function Module error is retained until the controller is turned off or reset.

To reset a Controller error, it is necessary to eliminate the cause of the error. The same error will occur again if you reset the error, but do not eliminate the cause of the error.

15-2-1 How to Check Errors

An error detected in the CNC Function Module can be checked using the following methods.

- Controller body's LED
- · Sysmac Studio troubleshooting function
- · HMI troubleshooter
- · CNC Operator troubleshooter
- · Error status acquirement instruction
- · System-defined variable

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564)* for details on how to check errors using the controller body's LED, Sysmac Studio troubleshooting function, HMI troubleshooter, error status acquirement instruction, or system-defined variable.

Refer to the CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032) for details on how to check errors using the CNC Operator troubleshooter.

Instructions to Get Error Detected in the CNC Function Module

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be acquired using the following instructions.

Refer to the explanation of each instruction for details.

Instruction name	Instruction	Function
Get CNC Error Sta-	GetCNCError	The GetCNCError instruction obtains the highest level status (partial fault or minor
tus		fault) and highest level event code of the current Controller errors that exist in the
		CNC Function Module.

System-Defined Variables Related to the Error Detected in the CNC Function Module

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be checked using the following systemdefined variables.

Refer to the explanation of each variable for details.

Name	Variable	Function
CNC Function Module Er-	_CNC_ErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are detected in the CNC
ror Status		Function Module.

Name	Variable	Function
CNC Common Error Status	_CNC_ComErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are detected by common processing in the CNC Function Module.
CNC Coordinate System Error Status	_CNC_CoordErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are detected for each CNC coordinate system. Up to eight coordinate systems are displayed.
CNC Motor Error Status	_CNC_MotorErrSta	Shows the status of errors that are detected for each CNC motor. Up to 32 CNC motors are displayed.
CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence	_CNC_COM.PFaultLvl.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC common partial fault.
CNC Common Partial Fault Code	_CNC_COM.PFaultLvl.Code	Contains the code for a CNC common partial fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Common Minor Fault Occurrence	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC common minor fault.
CNC Common Minor Fault Code	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Code	Contains the code for a CNC common minor fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Common Observa- tion Occurrence	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC common observation.
CNC Common Observa- tion Code	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Code	Contains the code for a CNC common observation. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate system minor fault.
CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Code	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Code	Contains the code for a CNC coordinate system minor fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Coordinate System Observation Occurrence	_CNC_Coord[*].Obsr.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC coordinate system observation.
CNC Coordinate System Observation Code	_CNC_Coord[*].Obsr.Code	Contains the code for CNC coordinate system observation. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Motor Minor Fault Occurrence	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC motor minor fault.
CNC Motor Minor Fault Code	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor minor fault. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.
CNC Motor Observation Occurrence	_CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Active	TRUE while there is a CNC motor observation.
CNC Motor Observation Code	_CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Code	Contains the code for a CNC motor observation. This is the same value as the upper four digits of the event code.

15-2-2 How to Reset Error

An error detected in the CNC Function Module can be reset using the following methods.

- Commands from Sysmac Studio
- Commands from an HMI
- Commands from CNC Operator

· Commands from the user program

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564)* for details on the commands from Sysmac Studio, HMI, and user program.

The error (event) detected in the CNC Function Module can be reset using the following instructions. Refer to the explanation of each instruction for details.

Instruction name	Instruction	Function
CNC Error Reset	ResetCNCError	The ResetCNCError instruction resets Controller errors in the CNC
		Function Module.
CNC Coordinate System Er-	CNC_CoordReset	The CNC_CoordReset instruction clears the error detected in the
ror Reset		specified CNC coordinate system.

Refer to the CNC Operator Operation Manual (Cat. No. 0032) for details on how to check errors using the CNC Operator troubleshooter.

15-3 Error Lists

This section shows lists of errors (events) that may occur in the CNC Function Module.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* for all the NJ-series event codes. Refer to the *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564)* for all the NY-series event codes.

Replacing the Event Explanation in Use of the NY-Series Controller

To describe the events displayed by Sysmac Studio, the events detected commonly in the NY-series Controller and NJ/NX-series Controller are explained as the events detected in the NJ/NX-series Controller.

Therefore, it is necessary to interpret the displayed contents when your use an NY-series Controller. Note the following conditions.

- You cannot connect a CJ-series Unit with NY-series Controllers. In the instructions, skip items related to CJ-series Units.
- In explanation of the errors, replace the term *CPU Unit* with *NY-series Controller* or *NY-series Industrial PC*.
- NY-series Controllers have no SD Memory Card slots. Instead, they provide the Virtual SD Memory Card function that uses the Windows shared folder.
 - Therefore, replace the term SD Memory Card with Virtual SD Memory Card.
 - Refer to the NY-series Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Setup User's Manual (Cat. No. W568) for details on the Virtual SD Memory Card function.
- NY-series Controllers do not have the SD PWR LED and SD BUSY LED indicators. In the instructions, skip items related to the SD PWR LED and SD BUSY LED indicators.
- NY-series Controllers do not have the RUN LED, ERR LED, and LINK/ACT LED indicators for EtherCAT. Skip the items that describe EtherCAT's RUN LED, ERR LED, and LINK/ACT LED.
- Replace the NJ/NX-series manuals with the NY-series manuals in the Reference column.

15-3-1 Interpreting Error Descriptions

The contents of the error tables are described below.

Item	Description
Event code	An error (event) detected in the NJ/NY-series CPU unit is given.*1
	The codes are given in eight hexadecimal digits.
Event name	The name of the event is given.
Description	A short description of the error is given.
Assumed cause	The assumed cause of the error is given.

Item	Description
Level	The level of influence on control is given.
	The abbreviations have the following meanings.
	Maj: Major fault level
	Prt: Partial fault level
	Min: Minor fault level
	Obs: Observation information
	Info: Information
	The symbols have the following meanings.
	O: Level defined by the system
	⊙: Level that can be changed by the user*2
Reference	Shows the number of the manual that describes the detail of the relevant error (event).
	The manual name that corresponds to the manual number is given before each error table.

^{*1.} When the CPU unit with the event detected is limited, its version is indicated in parentheses () of the event code column.

15-3-2 Error Lists

CNC Function Errors

The list below shows the errors related to common part of the CNC Function Module, CNC motor, and CNC coordinate system.

				Level					
Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
47810000 hex	CNC Parameter Setting Invalid	A fatal error was detected during setting of the CNC Function Module.	The system failed to transfer the CNC parameter setting. Otherwise, an error occurred in the software.	0					page 15-36
17800000 hex	CNC Pa- rameter Set- ting Error	The CNC parameters that were saved in non-volatile memory are missing.	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted or communications with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected while downloading the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure		0				page 15-37
17810000 hex	Absolute Encoder Home Offset Read Error	The absolute encoder current position that is retained during power interruptions was lost.	When the retained variables are backed up with a battery, this event indicates that the life of the battery in the CPU Unit has expired. Backup memory failure		0				page 15-38

^{*2.} This symbol appears only for events for which the user can change the event level.

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
17820000 hex	CNC Motor Compensa- tion Table Read Error	The CNC motor compensation table that was saved in non-volatile memory is missing.	The power supply to the Controller was interrupted or communications with the Sysmac Studio were disconnected while downloading the CNC parameter settings or clearing memory. Non-volatile memory failure		0				page 15-39
37800000 hex	Required Process Da- ta Object Not Set	The object that is required for the assigned axis type in the CNC motor parameter settings is not allocated to PDO.	 The required PDOs are not mapped when the assigned axis type in the CNC motor parameter settings is set to a positioning axis or spindle axis. Non-volatile memory failure 		0				page 15-40
47800000 hex	CNC Initialization Error	A fatal error occurred in the system and prevented initialization of the CNC Function Module.	Hardware has failed.		0				page 15-41
77800000 hex	CNC Control Period Ex- ceeded	Processing for the primary periodic task was not finished within two control periods.	The processing load in the primary periodic task is too heavy.		0				page 15-41
37810000 hex	Process Da- ta Object Setting Missing	The PDO mapping is not correct.	 The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. 			0			page 15-42
56000000 hex	Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion	The CNC coordinate system specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.	CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to the instruction.			0			page 15-42
56010000 hex	Deceleration Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Deceleration input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-43
56020000 hex	Jerk Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Jerk input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-43

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
56030000 hex	CNC Instruction Reexecution Disabled	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed.	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed ed.			0			page 15-44
56040000 hex	CNC Multi- execution Disabled	Multiple functions that cannot be exe- cuted simultaneous- ly were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system).	Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was Executing (Executing) or Hold (Holding).			0			page 15-45
56050000 hex	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Speci- fied	The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the LogicalMotorNo input variable to the CNC instruction is not assigned.	The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruction was specified, and the instruction was executed.			0			page 15-46
56060000 hex	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Out of Range	The parameter specified for the LogicalMotorNo input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-46
56070000 hex	Target Position Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. Or, there was an overflow/underflow in the target position.			0			page 15-47
56080000 hex	Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF	An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.	An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_Home-WithParameter instruction for an axis for which EtherCAT process data communications are not established.			0			page 15-48
56090000 hex	Target Velocity Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Velocity input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-49

Event Code Event Name		Description	Assumed Cause		ı				
	Event Name			M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
560A0000 hex	Accelera- tion/Deceler- ation Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Acceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-49
560B0000 hex	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-50
560C0000 hex	Immediate Stop Instruc- tion Execut- ed	An Immediate Stop (CNC_CoordImmediateStop) instruction was executed.	An Immediate Stop instruction was executed.			0			page 15-50
560D0000 hex	Parameter Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the ParameterNumber input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-51
560E0000 hex	CNC Parameter Setting Read/ Write Setting Value Out of Range	The parameter specified for the SettingValue in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable.			0			page 15-51
560F0000 hex	CNC Parameter Setting Read/ Write Target Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Target in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable.			0			page 15-52
56100000 hex	Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home.	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home.			0			page 15-52
56110000 hex	Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the HomingParameter in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable.			0			page 15-53

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
56120000 hex	M Code Number Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MCodeNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-54
56130000 hex	CNC Instruction Reexecution Disabled (CNC Coordinate System Specification)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This in-out variable cannot be changed when reexecuting an instruction.)	A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.			0			page 15-54
56140000 hex	CNC Instruction Resecution Disabled (Logical CNC Motor Number)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the LogicalMotorNo input variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input variable cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.			0			page 15-55
56150000 hex	Illegal NC Program	An error was detected in the NC program transferred from Sysmac Studio.	NC program transfer processing failed.			0			page 15-55
56160000 hex	Cycle Start Multi-execu- tion Disa- bled	A cycle start was executed multiple times for the same target (CNC coordinate system).	A cycle start was executed while the CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving).			0			page 15-56
56170000 hex	Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF	A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.	A cycle start was executed for the CNC motor for which Servo is turned OFF.			0			page 15-56

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
56180000 hex	Illegal NC Program Number Specifica- tion	The NC program specified for ProgramNo in the ControlInputs in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is not loaded.	A cycle start was executed after an unloaded NC program is specified for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction.			0			page 15-57
56190000 hex	Illegal Back Trace Speci- fication	A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the ControlInputs in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.	A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the ControlInputs in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.			0			page 15-57
56250000 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Speci- fication	The CNC motor specified for the Target in-out variable to a CNC instruction is not exist.	A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.			0			page 15-58
56260000 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Com- pensation Table Speci- fication	The CNC motor compensation table specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is not exist.	A CNC motor compensation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.			0			page 15-58
56290000 hex	NC Program Capacity Ex- ceeded	Loading failed be- cause the NC pro- gram downloaded from Sysmac Studio exceeded the maxi- mum capacity.	The NC program over the maximum capacity was downloaded from Sysmac Studio.			0			page 15-59
562A0000 hex	Skew Control Mode Out of Range	The parameter specified for the SkewMode input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-59
562B0000 hex	Offset Value Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the OffsetValue input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.			0			page 15-60

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
67800000 hex	Immediate Stop Input	The immediate stop input turned ON.	 An immediate stop input signal was detected. The immediate stop input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the immediate stop input is wrong. 			0			page 15-60
67810000 hex	Positive Limit Input Detected	The positive limit input turned ON.	 A positive limit input signal was detected. The positive limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the positive limit input is wrong. 			0			page 15-61
67820000 hex	Negative Limit Input Detected	The negative limit input turned ON.	 A negative limit input signal was detected. The negative limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the negative limit input is wrong. 			0			page 15-62
67830000 hex	Target Position Positive Software Limit Exceeded	The specified position exceeds the positive software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the positive software limit. The first position is beyond the positive software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the software limit was executed. 			0			page 15-63
67840000 hex	Target Position Negative Software Limit Exceeded	The specified position exceeds the negative software limit.	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the negative software limit. The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the software limit was executed.			0			page 15-64
67850000 hex	Command Position Overflow/ Underflow	Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/overflow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/overflow in the command position.	One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow. • A positioning instruction. • A continuous control instruction in the underflow/overflow direction. • An instruction for which the direction is not specified (syncing).			0			page 15-65

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
67860000 hex	Positive Limit Input	An instruction was executed for a motion in the positive direction when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .	An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .			0			page 15-66
67870000 hex	Negative Limit Input	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .			0			page 15-67
67880000 hex	Positive Software Limit Ex- ceeded	The position exceeded the positive software limit while the CNC motor is in motion.	The position exceeded the positive software limit.			0			page 15-67
67890000 hex	Negative Software Limit Ex- ceeded	The position exceeded the negative software limit while the CNC motor is in motion.	The position exceeded the negative software limit.			0			page 15-68
678A0000 hex	In-position Check Time Exceeded	The in-position check was not completed within the monitoring time.	Time is required to complete positioning.			0			page 15-68
678B0000 hex	Following Error Limit Exceeded	The error between the command current position and actual current value exceeded the Following Error Over Value.	The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command.			0			page 15-69
67910000 hex	Illegal Following Error	The difference between the command position and the actual current position exceeds the range of 30-bit data when converted to pulses.	The command current position was restricted so that the velocity of the CNC motor would not exceed the maximum velocity for the specified travel distance. The CNC motor positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command.			0			page 15-69

				Level					
Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
67920000 hex	Absolute Encoder Current Po- sition Calcu- lation Failed	It was not possible to correctly restore the current position from the absolute encoder information that was saved when power was interrupted.	The position to restore when converted to pulses exceeded the range of signed 40-bit data.			0			page 15-70
67930000 hex	Home Undefined during Coordinated Motion	Home of the CNC motor became undefined while the status of CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving).	 The command position or actual position overflowed or underflowed for a CNC motor while the status of CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving) and the home definition was lost. A slave communications error occurred in the CNC motor and the home become undefined while the status of CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving). A slave for a logical axis left the network or was disabled and home became undefined while the status of CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing) (Executing), MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving). 			0			page 15-71
67940000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Software Limit Exceeded	The first position exceeds the positive software limit.	The command current position of the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the positive software limit.			0			page 15-72
67950000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Neg- ative Soft- ware Limit Exceeded	The first position exceeds the negative software limit.	The command current position of the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the negative software limit.			0			page 15-72

Event Code		Description	Assumed Cause		l				
	Event Name			M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
67960000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Com- mand Posi- tion Over- flow/Under- flow	The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow.	The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow.			0			page 15-73
67970000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Positive Limit Input	A cycle start was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .	A cycle start was executed when the positive limit input was ON.			0			page 15-73
67980000 hex	Cycle Start Specified during Neg- ative Limit Input	A cycle start was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .	A cycle start was executed when the negative limit input was ON.			0			page 15-74
67990000 hex	NC Program Execution Error	An error was detected while the NC program is running.	An error was detected while the NC program is running. Refer to error codes in the following attached information for details on errors.			0			page 15-75
679B0000 hex	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded	The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value.	The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following performance of the slave axis.			0			page 15-76
77820000 hex	CNC Coordinate System Composition CNC Motor Error	An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system.	An error occurred for a composition CNC motor in a CNC coordinate system while it is moving.			0			page 15-77
77830000 hex	CNC Com- mon Error Occurrence	A CNC common error occurred.	Partial fault level CNC common error occurred.			0			page 15-77
77840000 hex	Servo Main Circuits OFF	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF.	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was <i>OFF</i> .			0			page 15-78
77850000 hex	Servo Main Circuit Pow- er OFF	The main circuit power of the Servo Drive turned OFF while the Servo was ON.	The main circuit power of the Servo Drive was interrupted while the Servo was ON.			0			page 15-78

				Level					
Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
77860000 hex	Slave Error Detected	An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor.	An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor.			0			page 15-79
77880000 hex	Slave Disconnection during Servo ON	An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is al- located to the CNC motor was discon- nected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON.	An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON.			0			page 15-79
77890000 hex	Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected	The limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction was detected during a homing operation.	The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn. The location of the homing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty.			0			page 15-80
778A0000 hex	Homing Direction Limit Input Detected	The limit signal in the homing direction was detected during a homing operation.	The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn. The location of the homing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty.			0			page 15-81
778B0000 hex	Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Directions	The limit signals in both directions were detected during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the limit signal is incorrect. The limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the limit signal is not correct. The limit sensor failed. 			0			page 15-82

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
778C0000 hex	Home Proximity/ Homing Opposite Direction Limit Input Detected	The home proximity input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. 			0			page 15-83
778D0000 hex	Home Proximity/ Homing Direction Limit Input Detected	The home proximity input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct. The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. 			0			page 15-84
778E0000 hex	Home Input/ Homing Op- posite Direc- tion Limit In- put Detect- ed	The home input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home input signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not correct. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. 			0			page 15-85
778F0000 hex	Home Input/ Homing Di- rection Limit Input De- tected	The home input and the limit signal in the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.	 The wiring of the home input signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not correct. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed. 			0			page 15-86

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
77900000 hex	Invalid Home Input Mask Dis- tance	The setting of the home input mask distance is not suitable for the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWith-Parameter instruction.	The set value of the home input mask distance when the operating mode of the MC_Home instruction is set to Proximity Reverse Turn/Home Input Mask Distance is insufficient to decelerate from the homing velocity to the homing approach velocity.			0			page 15-87
77910000 hex	No Home Input	There was no home signal input during the homing operation. Or, a limit signal was detected before there was a home input.	 There was no home signal input during the homing operation. A limit signal was detected before there was a home input. 			0			page 15-88
77920000 hex	No Home Proximity In- put	There was no home proximity signal input during the homing operation.	There was no home proximity signal input during the homing operation when a home proximity input signal was specified.			0			page 15-88
87800000 hex	EtherCAT Slave Com- munications Error	A communications error occurred for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to a CNC motor.	A communications error occurred for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to a CNC motor.			0			page 15-89
561D0000 hex	SD Memory Card Access Failure	SD Memory Card access failed when an instruction was executed.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. 				0		page 15-89
561E0000 hex	File Does Not Exist	The file specified for an instruction does not exist.	The specified file does not exist.				0		page 15-90
561F0000 hex	Illegal Load NC Program Number Specifica- tion	Loading failed because an attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified.	An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified.				0		page 15-90
56200000 hex	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.				0		page 15-91

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
56210000 hex	File or Di- rectory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	The file name or directory name that was specified for the instruction to create is too long.				0		page 15-91
56220000 hex	SD Memory Card Access Failed	SD Memory Card access failed.	The SD Memory Card is damaged.The SD Memory Card slot is broken.				0		page 15-92
56230000 hex	Load NC Program Capacity Ex- ceeded	Loading failed be- cause an attempt was made to load the NC program over the maximum capacity.	An attempt was made to load the NC program over the maximum capacity.				0		page 15-92
56240000 hex	Number of NC Program Exceeded	Loading failed be- cause an attempt was made to load NC programs over the maximum num- ber of NC programs.	A new NC program was loaded while the number of loaded NC programs reaches the maximum.				0		page 15-93
56280000 hex	Illegal Load NC Program	An error was detected in the loaded NC program.	A syntax error was detected in the NC program you made an attempt to load.				0		page 15-94
678C0000 hex	Following Error Warn- ing	The following error exceeded the Following Error Warning Value.	The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command.				0		page 15-95
678D0000 hex	Command Position Overflow	The number of pulses for the command position overflowed.	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the upper limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).				0		page 15-95
678E0000 hex	Command Position Un- derflow	The number of pulses for the command position exceeded the valid range. (It underflowed.)	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the lower limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).				0		page 15-96

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
678F0000 hex	Actual Position Over- flow	The number of pulses for the actual position overflowed.	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the upper limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).				0		page 15-96
67900000 hex	Actual Position Underflow	The number of pulses for the actual position underflowed.	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the lower limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).				0		page 15-97
679A0000 hex	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Warning	The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value.	The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following performance of the slave axis.				0		page 15-97
77810000 hex	CNC Plan- ner Service Period Ex- ceeded	CNC planner service processing was not finished within two periods.	The processing load of the NC program in a period of the CNC planner service is too heavy.				0		page 15-98
77870000 hex	Slave Observation Detected	A warning was detected for an Ether-CAT slave or NX Unit.	A warning was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to a CNC motor.				0		page 15-98
97810000 hex	Software Limit Path Limited	The path exceeded the software limit was specified during Executing (Executing). Therefore, the path was limited within the software limit range.	The path exceeded the software limit was specified during Executing (Executing).				0		page 15-99

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
97830000 hex	Velocity Control Command Value Satu- rated	The velocity control command value for the servo drive is saturated.	The output value for Feedback loop calculation exceeded the Maximum Velocity for the CNC motor parameter setting, or the positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command. The commanded master axis rotation rate (S) or master axis velocity override factor exceeded the Maximum Velocity for the CNC motor parameter setting.				0		page 15-100
97800000 hex	Slave Error Code Re- port	The error code was reported by the slave when a <i>Slave Error Detected</i> error occurred.	The error code was reported by the slave when a <i>Slave Error Detected</i> error (77860000 hex) occurred.					0	page 15-101
97820000 hex	CNC Function System Information	This event provides internal information from the CNC Function Module.	This event provides internal information from the CNC Function Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event.					0	page 15-101

CNC Instruction Errors

This section shows lists of errors (events) that may occur in CNC instructions.

The lower four digits of the event code represents the error code for the instruction. For descriptions of an error code, refer to the description of the corresponding event code. For example, when the error code of the target instruction is 16#3781, refer to the explanation of event code, 54013781 hex.

				Level					
Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
54013781 hex	Process Da- ta Object Setting Missing	The PDO mapping is not correct.	 The PDOs that are required for the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. 				0		page 15-102

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
54015600 hex	Illegal CNC Coordinate System Specifica- tion	The CNC coordinate system specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction does not exist.	CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable to the instruction.				0		page 15-103
54015601 hex	Deceleration Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Deceleration input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-103
54015602 hex	Jerk Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Jerk</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-104
54015603 hex	CNC In- struction Re- execution Disabled	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed.	A CNC instruction that cannot be re-executed was re-executed ed.				0		page 15-105
54015604 hex	CNC Multi- execution Disabled	Multiple functions that cannot be exe- cuted simultaneous- ly were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system).	Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system). The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was Executing (Executing) or Hold (Holding).				0		page 15-106
54015605 hex	Unassigned Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Speci- fied	The CNC motor of the parameter specified for the LogicalMotorNo input variable to the CNC instruction is not assigned.	The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruction was specified, and the instruction was executed.				0		page 15-107
54015606 hex	Logical CNC Motor Num- ber Out of Range	The parameter specified for the LogicalMotorNo input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-108
54015607 hex	Target Position Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable. Or, there was an overflow/underflow in the target position.				0		page 15-108

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
54015608 hex	Impossible CNC Motor Operation Specified when the Servo is OFF	An operation in- struction was exe- cuted for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.	 An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF. Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_Home-WithParameter instruction for an axis for which EtherCAT process data communications are not established. 				0		page 15-109
54015609 hex	Target Ve- locity Set- ting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Velocity input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-110
5401560A hex	Accelera- tion/Deceler- ation Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>Acceleration</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-110
5401560B hex	Travel Mode Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MoveMode</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-111
5401560D hex	Parameter Selection Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>ParameterNumber</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-111
5401560E hex	CNC Parameter Setting Read/ Write Setting Value Out of Range	The parameter specified for the SettingValue in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable.				0		page 15-112
5401560F hex	CNC Pa- rameter Set- ting Read/ Write Target Out of Range	The parameter specified for the Target in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable.				0		page 15-113

				Level					
Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
54015611 hex	Homing Parameter Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the HomingParameter in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable.				0		page 15-113
54015612 hex	M Code Number Out of Range	The parameter specified for the <i>MCodeNo</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-114
54015613 hex	CNC Instruction Resexecution Disabled (CNC Coordinate System Specification)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the Coord in-out variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This in-out variable cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.				0		page 15-115
54015614 hex	CNC Instruction Reexecution Disabled (Logical CNC Motor Number)	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the LogicalMotorNo input variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input variable cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)	A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.				0		page 15-116
5401561D hex	SD Memory Card Access Failure	SD Memory Card access failed when an instruction was executed.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card is damaged. The SD Memory Card slot is broken. 				0		page 15-117
5401561E hex	File Does Not Exist	The file specified for an instruction does not exist.	The specified file does not exist.				0		page 15-118
5401561F hex	Illegal Load NC Program Number Specifica- tion	Loading failed be- cause an attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid pro- gram number speci- fied.	An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified.				0		page 15-118

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
54015620 hex	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.				0		page 15-119
54015621 hex	File or Di- rectory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	The file name or directory name that was specified for the instruction to create is too long.				0		page 15-120
54015622 hex	SD Memory Card Access Failed	SD Memory Card access failed.	The SD Memory Card is damaged.The SD Memory Card slot is broken.				0		page 15-121
54015623 hex	Load NC Program Capacity Ex- ceeded	Loading failed be- cause an attempt was made to load the NC program over the maximum capacity.	An attempt was made to load the NC program over the maximum capacity.				0		page 15-122
54015624 hex	Number of NC Program Exceeded	Loading failed be- cause an attempt was made to load NC programs over the maximum num- ber of NC programs.	A new NC program was loaded while the number of loaded NC programs reaches the maximum.				0		page 15-123
54015625 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Speci- fication	The CNC motor specified for the Target in-out variable to a CNC instruction is not exist.	A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.				0		page 15-124
54015626 hex	Illegal CNC Motor Com- pensation Table Speci- fication	The CNC motor compensation table specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to a CNC instruction is not exist.	A CNC motor compensation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.				0		page 15-124
54015628 hex	Illegal Load NC Program	An error was detected in the loaded NC program.	A syntax error was detected in the NC program you made an attempt to load.				0		page 15-125
5401562A hex	Skew Control Mode Out of Range	The parameter specified for the SkewMode input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-126

				Level					
Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause	M aj	P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
5401562B hex	Offset Value Setting Out of Range	The parameter specified for the OffsetValue input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.				0		page 15-126
54016783 hex	Target Position Positive Software Limit Exceeded	The specified position exceeds the positive software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the positive software limit. The first position is beyond the positive software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the software limit was executed. 				0		page 15-127
54016784 hex	Target Position Negative Software Limit Exceeded	The specified position exceeds the negative software limit.	 The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the negative software limit. The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the software limit was executed. 				0		page 15-128
54016785 hex	Command Position Overflow/ Underflow	Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/overflow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/overflow in the command position.	One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow. • A positioning instruction. • A continuous control instruction in the underflow/overflow direction. • An instruction for which the direction is not specified (syncing).				0		page 15-129
54016786 hex	Positive Limit Input	An instruction was executed for a motion in the positive direction when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .	An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .				0		page 15-130

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Event Code	Event Name	Description	Assumed Cause		P rt	M in	O b s	In fo	Refer- ence
54016787 hex	Negative Limit Input	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .				0		page 15-131
54017784 hex	Servo Main Circuits OFF	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was OFF.	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was <i>OFF</i> .				0		page 15-132

15-4 Error Descriptions

This section describes the information that is given for individual errors.

15-4-1 How to Check Error Contents

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

Event name	Gives the name	of the error.		Event code	Gives the code o	f the error.		
Meaning	Gives a short des	scription of the erro	or.					
Source	Gives the source	of the error.	Source details	Gives details on the source of the error.	Detection tim- ing	Tells when the error is detected.		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Level affected by control*1	Recovery method	Recovery meth- od*2	Log category Type of stored log*3			
Effects	User program	User program execution status*4	Operation	Provides special results from the e	ecial information on the operation that the error.			
LED/Status	built-in EtherNet/	This status can be checked using the built-in EtherCAT port LED or Industrial PC Support Utility of the built-in EtherNet/IP port. Indicator status is given only for errors in the EtherCAT Master Function Module and the EtherNet/IP Function Module.						
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- ble		• •	s, and meanings for d by the error, or the	•	-			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Lists the possible	causes, correctio	ns, and preventive	measures for the	error.			
Attached in- formation	This is the attach	This is the attached information that is displayed by the Sysmac Studio or an HMI.*5						
Precautions/ Remarks			and supplemental covery method, op					

- *1. One of the following:
 - · Major fault: Major fault level
 - · Partial fault: Partial fault level
 - Minor fault: Minor fault level
 - Observation
 - Information
- *2. After the correction is performed, one of the following methods is used to reset the Controller error state:
 - · Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed.
 - Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after the cause of the error is removed.
 - Turn-on again: After the cause was remedied, turn the controller on again to return to the normal state.
 - Controller reset: Normal status is restored when the Controller is reset after the cause of the error is removed.
 - Depends on cause: The recovery method depends on the cause of the error.
- *3. One of the following:
 - · System: System event log
 - · Access: Access event log
- *4. One of the following:
 - Continues: Execution of the user program will continue.
 - · Stops: Execution of the user program stops.

- Starts: Execution of the user program starts.
- *5. Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* or *NY-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W564)* for the applicable range of the HMI Troubleshooter.

15-4-2 Error Descriptions

CNC Function Errors

This section describes the meanings of the errors related to common parts of the CNC Function Module, CNC motor, and CNC coordinate system.

Event name	CNC Parameter	Setting Invalid		Event code	47810000 hex		
Meaning	A fatal error was	detected during se	etting of the CNC F	unction Module.			
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Major fault	Recovery Cycle the power supply.		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Stops.	Operation		sible to perform CN	NC motor control.	
0 11 11	M. C.L.		D. C. C.	The Controller wi			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The system failed to transfer the CNC parameter setting. Otherwise, an error occurred in the software.		the Controller wit ation from an SD If this error recurs	form a Clear All in from the Sys- sfer the project to the a restore oper- Memory Card. Is after you took tion, contact your	None		
Attached in-	Attached informa	tion 1: System info	ormation				
formation Precautions/	None						
	None						
Remarks							

Event name	CNC Parameter	Sotting Error		Event code	17800000 hex		
Source	CNC Function M	eters that were sav	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply or re- set the Control- ler.	Log category System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be poss	sible to perform CN	NC motor control.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Oc-		
bles					currence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	The power supply to the Control-		Download the CNC parameters		Do not turn OFF	the power supply	
	ler was interrupted or communica-		from the Sysmac Studio.		during save proc	•	
	tions with the Sy				CNC parameters.		
	were disconnect						
	loading the CNC	-					
	tings or clearing		16.0	5	<u> </u>		
	Non-volatile men	nory failure	If the error occur		None		
			above correction	•			
			non-volatile memory has failed. After you replace the CPU Unit,				
			download all sett				
				eter Settings from			
			the Sysmac Studio.				
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Absolute Encode	er Home Offset Re	ad Error	Event code	17810000 hex		
Meaning	The absolute end	coder current posit	tion that is retained	during power inte	erruptions was lost		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be pos	sible to perform CN	NC motor control.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	When the retained variables are backed up with a battery, this event indicates that the life of the battery in the CPU Unit has expired.		Replace the Batt Unit, reset the er homing to define	ror, and perform	When the retained variables and backed up with a battery, period cally replace the battery in the CPU Unit. For the Battery life, refer to the NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual (Cat. No. W500).		
	Backup memory	Backup memory failure		If the error occurs even after the above correction is performed, CPU Unit backup memory failed. Replace the CPU Unit and perform homing to define home.			
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

F	ONO Matair Carre		I F	Event code	47000000 l		
Event name		pensation Table R			17820000 hex		
Meaning		compensation tabl					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply or re- set the Control- ler.	Log category System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be poss	sible to perform CN	NC motor control.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Oc-		
bles					currence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The power supply to the Control-		Download the CNC parameters		Do not turn OFF	the power supply	
	ler was interrupted or communica-		from the Sysmac Studio.		during save proc	•	
	tions with the Sy				CNC parameters.		
	were disconnect						
	loading the CNC	-					
	tings or clearing memory.		If the error occurs even after the		Name		
	Non-volatile men	nory failure	above correction		None		
				•			
				non-volatile memory has failed. After you replace the CPU Unit,			
			download all sett				
			the CNC Parameter Settings from				
			the Sysmac Stud	io.			
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Required Proces	s Data Object Not	Set	Event code	37800000 hex			
Meaning	The object that is to PDO.	required for the a	ssigned axis type	in the CNC motor	parameter settings	s is not allocated		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply or re- set the Control- ler.	Log category System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	It will not be poss	sible to perform CN	NC motor control.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.PFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Oc-		
bles					currence Prevention			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Correction				
correction	The required PDOs are not map-		Map the PDOs th	nat are required	Map the PDOs th	nat are required		
	ped when the as	-	for the relevant assigned axis type. If the error occurs even after the None		for the assigned axis type to be used.			
	in the CNC moto	•						
	tings is set to a pspindle axis.	ositioning axis or						
	Non-volatile men	nory failure						
			above correction					
			non-volatile memory has failed.					
			After you replace					
				download all settings including				
			the CNC Parameter Settings from the Sysmac Studio.					
Attached in-	None		the Systhac Stuc	iio.				
formation	INOTIC							
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	CNC Initialization	Error		Event code	47800000 hex			
Meaning	A fatal error occu	rred in the system	and prevented ini	tialization of the C	NC Function Modu	ıle.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ssible to perform CNC motor control. ssible to execute CNC motor control			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Hardware has fai	led.	Replace the CPU	J Unit.	None			
Attached in- formation	None	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	CNC Control Per	riod Exceeded		Event code	77800000 hex		
Meaning	Processing for th	e primary periodi	c task was not finis	hed within two con	trol periods.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Partial fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation is not possible for all the CNC coordin systems. CNC coordinate systems in motion sto immediately.				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.PFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Partial Fault Oc-		
bles					currence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The processing load in the primary periodic task is too heavy.		in the primary pe the control period is long enough n ation problems.	d to a value that ot to cause opereriod in the <i>Task</i>	mary periodic task so that they perform only the processes required in the specified period. O set the period of the primary per		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

	1				i			
Event name	Process Data Ob	ject Setting Missir	ng	Event code	37810000 hex			
Meaning	The PDO mappir	ng is not correct.						
Source	CNC Function Mo	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not dinate systems.	possible for the rel	evant CNC coor-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].N	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	-		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	the CNC instruction are not mapped. The relevant instruction was executed for a device that does not have an object that supports the instruction. Some device relevant instruction Refer to the vice, check instruction rect the proported instruction.		Map the PDOs the for the instruction		Map the PDOs the for the instruction	· ·		
			Some devices do relevant instruction. Refer to the man vice, check to se instruction is sup rect the program ported instruction ed.	on. ual for the de- e if the relevant ported, and cor-	Refer to the manual for the device and write the program so that unsupported instructions are not executed.			
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							
Event name	Illogal CNC Coor	dinate System Sp	acification	Event code	56000000 hex			
	-				to a CNC instruction does not exist.			
Meaning Source	CNC Function Me		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim-	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common M	linor Fault Occur-		
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention			
correction	CNC coordinate system does not exist for the variable specified for the Coord in-out variable to the in-		Correct the instruction so that the variable exists for the CNC coordinate system that was specified for the instruction.		Specify a variable that exists when specifying a variable for an input parameter to an instruction.			
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Deceleration Set	ting Out of Range		Event code	56010000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the De	<i>celeration</i> input va	riable to a CNC in	struction is out of r	ange.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not executed. The rele- nate system immediately stops		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	parameter ex-	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the in-		
	ceeded the valid	range of the in-	valid range of the	e input variable is	struction so that the valid range of		
	put variable.		not exceeded for the relevant in-		the input variable is not exceed-		
			struction.		ed.		
Attached in-	None						
formation							
Precautions/	None			·	·		
Remarks							

Event name	Jerk Setting Out of Range			Event code	56020000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the <i>Jei</i>	rk input variable to	a CNC instruction	is out of range.		
Source	CNC Function M	CNC Function Module		CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].N	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached in-	None						
formation							
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	CNC Instruction	Re-execution Disa	abled	Event code	56030000 hex		
Meaning			e-executed was re-		- COCCOCCO NEX		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common/CNC coordinate system	Detection timing	At instruction re-execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not executed. The relenate system immediately stops		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence		
	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active BOOL			CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction		tted was re-executed. Execute in change to output vari		rect the program so that the ecute input variable does not nge to TRUE until the Busy but variable from the instrucchanges to FALSE.		When using instructions that cannot be re-executed, include a condition for the <i>Execute</i> input variable so that it does not change to TRUE unless the <i>Busy</i> output variable for the previous instruction is FALSE. Or, stop the instruction before executing it again.	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	CNC Multi-execu	tion Disabled		Event code	56040000 hex	
Meaning	Multiple functions nate system).	s that cannot be ex	xecuted simultaned	ously were execute	ed for the same tar	get (CNC coordi-
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common/CNC coordinate sys- tem	Detection timing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not exec	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence	
	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		
correction	Multiple functions that cannot be executed simultaneously were executed for the same target (CNC coordinate system).		Check the specifications of multi- execution of instructions for this instruction and correct the pro- gram so that instructions that can-		Check the specifications for multi- execution of instructions for the instruction and do not execute in- structions that cannot be execut-	
	The CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction was executed when any of CNC coordinate system was Executing (Executing) or Hold (Holding).		not be executed are not executed		ed at the same ti	me.
Attached in- formation	None				,	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name						
	Unassigned Logi	cal CNC Motor Nu	ımber Specified	Event code	56050000 hex	
Meaning	The CNC motor of not assigned.	of the parameter s	pecified for the <i>Lo</i>	gicalMotorNo inpu	t variable to the CN	NC instruction is
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not exec nate system imme	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	-
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is not assigned to the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the CNC instruction was specified, and the instruction was executed.		Correct the parameter so that the specified value does not exceed the range of the logical CNC motor number for which the CNC motor is assigned to the LogicalMotorNo input variable to the instruction.		Specify the appropriate parameter so that the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable to the instruction does not exceed the range of Positioning Axis Assignment or Spindle Axis Assignment in the CNC coordinate system parameter settings.	
Attached in-	None		1			
formation						
Precautions	None					
Remarks						
Remarks						
Remarks Event name	Logical CNC Mot	or Number Out of	Range	Event code	56060000 hex	
	_		Range gicalMotorNo input			of range.
Event name	_	pecified for the Lo				of range. At instruction execution
Event name Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Lo	gicalMotorNo input	t variable to a CNC	Detection tim-	At instruction
Event name Meaning Source Error attrib-	The parameter s	pecified for the <i>Lo</i> odule	gicalMotorNo input Source details	t variable to a CNC CNC coordinate system Error reset The relevant inst	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution System uted. The rele-
Event name Meaning Source Error attributes	The parameter s CNC Function M Level	pecified for the <i>Lo</i> odule Minor fault	Source details Recovery	t variable to a CNC CNC coordinate system Error reset The relevant inst vant CNC coordi	Detection is out Detection timing Log category ruction is not exec	At instruction execution System uted. The rele-
Event name Meaning Source Error attributes Effects	The parameter s CNC Function M Level User program	pecified for the <i>Lo</i> odule Minor fault Continues.	Source details Recovery Operation	t variable to a CNC CNC coordinate system Error reset The relevant inst vant CNC coordi	Detection is out Detection timing Log category ruction is not execute the system imme	At instruction execution System uted. The relediately stops System Minor
Event name Meaning Source Error attributes Effects System-defined variables Cause and	The parameter s CNC Function M Level User program Variable	pecified for the <i>Lo</i> odule Minor fault Continues. MFaultLvl.Active	Source details Recovery Operation Data type	t variable to a CNC CNC coordinate system Error reset The relevant inst vant CNC coordi	Detection is out Detection timing Log category ruction is not executate system imme Name CNC Coordinate	At instruction execution System uted. The relediately stops System Minor
Event name Meaning Source Error attributes Effects System-defined variables	The parameter s CNC Function M Level User program Variable _CNC_Coord[*].f	Minor fault Continues. MFaultLvl.Active parameter ex-	Source details Recovery Operation Data type BOOL	t variable to a CNC CNC coordinate system Error reset The relevant inst vant CNC coordiwhile moving.	Detection is out Detection timing Log category ruction is not executate system imme Name CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	At instruction execution System uted. The relediately stops System Minor ameter to the inthe valid range of
Event name Meaning Source Error attributes Effects System-defined variables Cause and	The parameter s CNC Function M Level User program Variable _CNC_Coord[*].I Assumed cause Instruction input ceeded the valid	Minor fault Continues. MFaultLvl.Active parameter ex-	GicalMotorNo input Source details Recovery Operation Data type BOOL Correction Correct the parary valid range of the not exceeded for	t variable to a CNC CNC coordinate system Error reset The relevant inst vant CNC coordiwhile moving.	Detection is out Detection timing Log category ruction is not executate system imme Name CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence Prevention Set the input parastruction so that the input variable	At instruction execution System uted. The relediately stops System Minor ameter to the inthe valid range of

		··· 0 / 15			500700001		
Event name	Target Position S	etting Out of Rang	je	Event code 56070000 hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Po	<i>sition</i> input variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is out of range) .	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At instruction	
			nate system	ing	execution		
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
utes							
Effects	or program of the contract of		The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted. The rele-		
				vant CNC coordi	nate system imme	diately stops	
		while moving.		while moving.			
System-de-	em-de- Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	aultLvl.Active BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor		
bles					Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input	parameter ex-	Correct the parar	meter so that the	Set the input parameter to the in-		
	ceeded the valid range of the in-		valid range of the input variable is		struction so that the valid range of		
	put variable. Or, there was an		not exceeded for the relevant in-		the input variable is not exceed-		
	overflow/underflow in the target		struction.		ed.		
	position.						
Attached in-	None						
formation							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Impossible CNC the Servo is OFF	Motor Operation S	Specified when	Event code	56080000 hex	
Meaning	An operation inst	truction was execu	ted for the CNC m	otor for which the	Servo is OFF.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not exec	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].l	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL	CNC Coordinate System M Fault Occurrence		-
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	the Servo is OFF Home was prese CNC_Home or C Parameter instru for which EtherC communications lished.	C motor for which t with the NC_HomeWith- ction for an axis AT process data are not estab-	Correction Correct the program so that the instruction is executed after the Servo is turned ON. If the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) system-defined variable for the EtherCAT master of the master axis is FALSE, remove the cause and execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home after _EC_PDSlavTbl changes to TRUE.		Prevention Make sure to execute the operation instruction after the Servo is turned ON. If you execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home immediately after you turn ON the power supply to the Controller, download data, reset a slave communications error, disconnect the slave, reconnect the slave, or disable or enable the slave, write the program to make sure that the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) system-defined variable for the EtherCAT master is TRUE before you execute CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter.	
Attached in- formation	Allached informa	ition 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	mere me error occ	urreu	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Target Velocity S	etting Out of Rang	je	Event code 56090000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ve	locity input variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is out of range).
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CIVO_COOID[].WI ADILLYI.ACIIVC		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Acceleration/Dec	Acceleration/Deceleration Setting Out of Range			560A0000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ac	<i>celeration</i> input va	riable to a CNC ins	struction is out of r	ange.
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instruction is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].N	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	ceeded the valid range of the in-		valid range of the	meter so that the e input variable is r the relevant in- Set the input parameter to struction so that the valid the input variable is not execute.		the valid range of
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Travel Mode Sele	ection Out of Rang	ie	Event code	560B0000 hex	
Meaning			oveMode input vari	able to a CNC inst	truction is out of ra	nge.
Source	CNC Function M		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not exect nate system imme	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	•
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	e input variable is	Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed.	the valid range of
Attached in- formation	None	lone				
Precautions/ Remarks	None					
Event name	Immediate Stop I	Stop Instruction Executed Event code 560C0000 hex				
Meaning	An Immediate St	op (CNC_CoordIm	nmediateStop) inst	ruction was execu	ted.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	stops according	NC coordinate system immediately to the setting of the Immediate p Method parameter when it is mov-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	,
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction	Correction Prevention		
correction	An Immediate Stowas executed.	op instruction				
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Parameter Selection Out of Range Eve			Event code	560D0000 hex	
Meaning			rameterNumber in			out of range.
Source	CNC Function M	<u>'</u>	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim-	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MF	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common M	linor Fault Occur-
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	e input variable is	Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed.	the valid range of
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					
Event name	CNC Parameter Out of Range	Setting Read/Write	Setting Value Event code		560E0000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Se	ttingValue in-out v	ariable to a CNC in	nstruction is out of	range.
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MF	aultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Common M	linor Fault Occur-
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the inout variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Error attributes Effects User program Continues. Operation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving System-defined variables Cause and correction A ssumed cause Correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information Attached information Minor fault Recovery Error reset Log category System CNC coordinate System immediately stops while moving Name CNC coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred							
Source CNC Function Module Source details CNC common Detection timing At instruction execution Error attributes Level Minor fault Recovery Error reset Log category System	Event name		Setting Read/Write	e Target Out of	Event code	560F0000 hex	
Error attributes Level Minor fault Recovery Error reset Log category System	Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the <i>Tai</i>	<i>rget</i> in-out variable	to a CNC instruct	ion is out of range.	
### Continues Co	Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common		
System-defined variable		Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Cause and correction Assumed cause Correction Assumed cause Correction Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the inout variable. Attached information Precautions/ Remarks Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home Event code A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined noring. Source CNC Common Minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Correction Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. Source Event name Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home Event code Source details CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Source CNC Function Module Source details CNC coordinate system ing Error attributes Effects User program Continues. Operation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving System-defined variables CNC Coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Assumed cause Correction Acycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system of all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Attached information CNC coordinate system including the positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred	Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.
Cause and correction Remarks Cause and correction Assumed cause Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. Attached information Precautions/ Remarks Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home Remarks Event name Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. CNC Function Module CNC Function Module CNC Function Module CNC coordinate system Correction Feror attributes Correction CNC coordinate System Correction CNC coordinate system Correction CNC coordinate system Correction CNC coordinate system CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. CNC function Module CNC function Module CNC coordinate system Correction CNC coordinate system Correction CNC coordinate system Correction CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. CNC coordinate system Correction CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred	System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the inout variable. Attached information Precautions/ Remarks Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home Event code S6100000 hex		_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL			linor Fault Occur-
ceeded the valid range of the inout variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction. Attached information Precautions/ Remarks None Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home Meaning A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. CNC Function Module Source details CNC coordinate system ing Error attributes Effects User program Continues. Concause and correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC correction CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined nate system ing At Cycle Start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving System-defined variables Cause and correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC correction CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving System-defined variables Cause and correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC correction CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred	Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
Formation Precautions/ Remarks None	correction	ceeded the valid		valid range of the	e in-out variable	struction so that the in-out variable	the valid range of
Event name Cycle Start Error with Undefined Home Event code 56100000 hex		None					
A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Source details CNC coordinate system Detection timate system At Cycle Start		None					
A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Source details CNC coordinate system Detection timate system At Cycle Start							
Source CNC Function Module Source details CNC coordinate system CNC	Event name	Cycle Start Error	with Undefined Ho	ome	Event code	56100000 hex	
Error attributes Effects User program Continues. Operation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving System-defined variables Cause and correction A ssumed cause A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information Intervalse ystem ing Coperation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving Name CNC coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence Correction Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred	Meaning	1	executed for a CN	NC coordinate syst	tem including the p	oositioning axis wit	n no defined
Effects User program Continues. Operation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant CNC coordinate system immediately stops while moving stops while moving system-defined variables Cause and correction CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active bles BOOL CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence Cause and correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Attached information Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred	Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details			At Cycle Start
System-de- fined varia- bles Cause and correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information Cyariable CNC Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active BOOL CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence Correction Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Correction Assumed cause Correction Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Attached information CNC coordinate system Minor Fault Occurrence Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start.		Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active BOOL CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation			
Cause and correction A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information CNC motor number where the error occurred CNC coordinate system including the cycle start. Correction Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. CNC coordinate system minor Fault Occurrence Prevention	System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
A cycle start was executed for a CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start.		_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL			•
CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no defined home. Attached information CNC coordinate system including for all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. For all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. For all positioning axes before executing the cycle start. For all positioning axes before executing the cycle start.	Cause and	Assumed cause	.	Correction		Prevention	
formation	correction	CNC coordinate system including the positioning axis with no de-		Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before ex-		Perform homing to define home for all positioning axes before ex-	
Procautions/ None		Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	curred	
Remarks None	Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Homing Paramet	er Setting Out of F	Panga	Event code	56110000 hex				
	-								
Meaning			<i>mingParameter</i> in						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At instruction			
		I	_	nate system	ing	execution			
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System			
utes									
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not exec				
					nate system imme	diately stops			
				while moving.					
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate	•			
bles					Fault Occurrence	9			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention				
correction	Instruction input parameter ex-		Correct the parar	Correct the parameter so that the		Set the input parameter to the in-			
	ceeded the valid range of the in-		valid range of the in-out variable		struction so that the valid range of				
	out variable.	out variable.		is not exceeded for the relevant		the in-out variable is not exceed-			
			instruction.		ed.				
Attached in-	Attached informa	ition 1: Error Detai	ls						
formation		•	Home Input Signa	•	•	•			
			out of range, 5: Op						
		•	Limit Input out of r						
	''		Homing Acceleration		•				
	I -	range, 13: Absolute Encoder Home Offset out of range, 14: Homing Holding Time out of range, 15: Homing							
	Compensation Value out of range, 16: Homing Compensation Velocity out of range, 100: Home Input Mask Distance exceeded 40-bit range when converted to pulses, 102: Homing Compensation Value exceeded								
		•	ses, 104: Home O		• .				
		•	6: Homing Velocity		• (•			
	l '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ity, 108: Homing A		-				
	1		sation Velocity was	•		-			
	•	• .	m acceleration rat		,	, ,			
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

Event name	M Code Number	Out of Range		Event code	56120000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the MC	CodeNo input varia	ble to a CNC instr	uction is out of rar	nge.
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		uction is not executed. The rele- nate system immediately stops	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	-
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	e input variable is	Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed.	the valid range of
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					
Event name	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disa dinate System Specification)		bled (CNC Coor-	oled (CNC Coor- Event code 56130000 hex		
Meaning	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>Coord</i> in-out variable when re-executing a CNC struction. (This in-out variable cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)					cuting a CNC in-
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction re-execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction is not exec	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.		Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant in-out variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-executed.		Check the manual to see if each in-out variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by re-execution. Write the program so that the input parameters for any in-out variable that cannot be changed do not change upon re-execution.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	CNC Instruction Re-execution Disabled (Logical CNC Motor Number)			Event code	56140000 hex		
Meaning	An attempt was made to change the parameter for the <i>LogicalMotorNo</i> input variable when re-executing a CNC instruction. (This input variable cannot be changed when re-executing an instruction.)				•		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction re-execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instruction is not e vant CNC coordinate system in while moving.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvI.Active	aultLvl.Active BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.		variable does not	the relevant input input variable to the rele		the relevant CNC e changed by re- the program so cameters for any at cannot be	
Attached in-	None						
formation							
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Illegal NC Program Event code			56150000 hex		
Meaning	An error was detected in the NC program transferred from Sysmac Studio.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply or re- set the Control- ler.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	NC program tran failed.	sfer processing	Download the NC program from Sysmac Studio again. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, contact your OMRON representative.		None	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Cycle Start Multi-	execution Disable	Event code 56160000				
Meaning	A cycle start was	executed multiple	times for the same target (CNC coordinate system).				
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At Cycle Start	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		The cycle start is not executed. The relevant coordinate system immediately stops while m		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL			CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A cycle start was executed while the CNC coordinate system is Ex- ecuting (Executing), MovingOn- Hold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving).		A cycle start cannot be executed multiple times. Correct the program so that a cycle start is not executed while the CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOn-Hold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving).		A cycle start cannot be executed multiple times. Write the program so that a cycle start is not executed while the CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOn-Hold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving).		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						
Event name	Impossible CNC Motor Cycle Start Specified when the Servo is OFF Event code 56170000 hex						
Meaning	A cycle start was OFF.	executed for a CN	NC coordinate syst	tem including the 0	CNC motor for whi	ch the Servo is	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim-	At Cycle Start	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	1	not executed. The m immediately sto		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence				
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A cycle start was CNC motor for w turned OFF.	executed for the hich Servo is	Correct the program so that a cycle start is executed after the Servo is turned ON.		Execute a cycle start after the Servo is turned ON.		
	Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred						
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	Illori T. Logical Civ					

Event name	Illegal NC Program Number Specification			Event code	56180000 hex		
Meaning	The NC program specified for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is not loaded.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At Cycle Start	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.				not executed. The relevant CNC n immediately stops while moving.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].l	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A cycle start was executed after an unloaded NC program is specified for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction.		Transfer the relevance Strong Sysmac Strong Sysmac Strong	_LoadProgram- load the rele-	Specify the NC program transfer- red by Sysmac Studio or the NC program loaded from the SD Memory Card with the CNC_LoadProgramFile instruc- tion for <i>ProgramNo</i> in the ControlInputs in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruc- tion.		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	e Illegal Back Trace Specification Eve			Event code	56190000 hex	
Meaning	A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the ControlInputs in-out variable to the CNC CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule			Detection tim- ing	At Cycle Start
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant Cl coordinate system immediately stops while move		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A cycle start was executed when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the ControlInputs inout variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.		Correct the program so that a cycle start is not executed when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while <i>BackTrace</i> in the <i>ControlInputs</i> in-out variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.		Do not execute the cycle start when the CNC coordinate system is Standby (Standby) while BackTrace in the ControlInputs inout variable to the CNC_CoordControl instruction is set to TRUE.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	· ·			Event code	56250000 hex		
Meaning	The CNC motor s	specified for the <i>Ta</i>	arget in-out variable	e to a CNC instruc	tion is not exist.		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not executed.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type				
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFa	aultLvl.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A CNC motor does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.		Correct the instruction so that the variable exists for the CNC motor that was specified for the instruction.		Specify a variable that exists when specifying a variable for an input parameter to an instruction.		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						
Event name	Illegal CNC Motor Compensation Table Specifica- tion Event code 56260000 hex						
Meaning	The CNC motor of	compensation tabl	e specified for the	Target input varial	ole to a CNC instru	uction is not exist.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Active BOOL CNC Common Minor Fault O				linor Fault Occur-		
Cause and	and Assumed cause Correction Prevention						
correction	does not exist for the variable vari specified for the <i>Target</i> input varicom		variable exists fo compensation tal	orrect the instruction so that the ariable exists for the CNC motor ompensation table that was pecified for the instruction. Specify a variable that when specifying a variable that was input parameter to an opening the control of the instruction.		a variable for an	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	NC Program Cap	acity Exceeded		Event code	56290000 hex				
Meaning	Loading failed be ty.	Loading failed because the NC program downloaded from Sysmac Studio exceeded the maximum capacity.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, or when down- loading			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply or re- set the Control- ler.	Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.					
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.MFa	_CNC_COM.MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Minor Fault Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention				
correction	The NC program over the maximum capacity was downloaded from Sysmac Studio.		Correct the program so that the NC program downloaded from Sysmac Studio does not exceed the maximum capacity.		Write the program so that the NC program downloaded from Sysmac Studio does not exceed the maximum capacity.				
Attached in- formation	None			-	,				
Precautions/ Remarks	None								

Event name	Skew Control Mo	ode Out of Range		Event code	562A0000 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Sk	ewMode input vari	able to a CNC inst	ruction is out of ra	nge.
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Stops.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Offset Value Sett	ing Out of Range		Event code	562B0000 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Off	fse <i>tValu</i> e input var	iable to a CNC ins	truction is out of ra	ange.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Stops.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input ceeded the valid put variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	e input variable is	struction so that	Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						
Event name	Immediate Stop	Innut		Event code	67800000 hex		
Meaning		top input turned O	N	Event code	07800000 flex		
Source	CNC Function M		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim-	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	stops according	C coordinate system immediately to the setting of the Immediate Method parameter when it is mov-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An immediate stop input signal was detected.		Turn OFF the immediate stop input signal.		(The goal is to detect the immediate stop input. Preventative measures are not required.)		
	The immediate stop input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the immediate stop input is wrong.		If the error occurs even when the immediate stop input signal is OFF, correct the immediate stop signal connection and logic setting for the immediate stop input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Make sure that the stop signal connecting for the imput are correct. Check the logic sthe CNC motor put the slave settings	ection and logic mediate stop in- settings both in parameters and i	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	You must turn Of	F the immediate s	stop input signal be	efore you reset the	e error.		

Event name	Positive Limit Inp	out Detected		Event code	67810000 hex	
Meaning	The positive limit	input turned ON.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Recovery Error reset		System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	stops according	C coordinate syste to the setting of the rameter when it is	e Limit Input
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].N	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A positive limit input signal was detected.		Reset the error and move the axis back in the negative direction before it exceeds the limit in the positive direction. Find the reason the limit was exceeded and make suitable corrections.		The goal is to detect the positive limit input. Preventative measures are not required. However, be sure not to exceed the positive limit input when making programs.	
	The positive limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the positive limit input is wrong.		If a positive limit input signal does not occur, correct the connection of the positive limit signal and the logic setting for the positive limit input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Make sure that the positive limit signal connection and logic setting for the positive limit input are correct. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.	
Attached in- formation	None				1	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Negative Limit In	put Detected		Event code	67820000 hex	
Meaning	The negative lim	it input turned ON.				
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	stops according	C coordinate syste to the setting of the rameter when it is	e Limit Input
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].N	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A negative limit input signal was detected.		back in the positive direction be- fore it exceeds the limit in the negative direction. limit input. F are not required sure not to e		are not required. sure not to excee limit input when r	ntative measures However, be ed the negative
	The negative limit input signal is not connected correctly or the logic setting for the negative limit input is wrong.		If a negative limit input signal does not occur, correct the connection of the negative limit signal and the logic setting for the negative limit input. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		Make sure that the negative limit signal connection and logic setting for the negative limit input are correct. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.	
Attached in-	None		<u> </u>			
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

-	T (5 ::: 5	0 % 1		E	070000001			
Event name	larget Position P	ositive Software L	imit Exceeded	Event code	67830000 hex			
Meaning	The specified po	The specified position exceeds the positive software limit.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation			ruction is not executed. The relenate system immediately stops		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction is beyond the positive software limit.		Correct the parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction so that it is within the positive software limit.		Set the parameter specified for the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction so that it is within the positive software limit.			
	The first position is beyond the positive software limit and an instruction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the software limit was executed.		Correct the program so that the travel direction for the instruction is towards the positive software limit.		If the first position is beyond the positive software limit, write the program so that the travel direction is in the direction of the positive software limit.			
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	curred			
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Target Position N	legative Software	Limit Exceeded	Event code	67840000 hex	
Meaning	The specified pos	sition exceeds the	negative software	limit.		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At instruction
				nate system	ing	execution
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
utes						
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted. The rele-
					nate system imme	diately stops
				while moving.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor	
bles					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The parameter specified for the		Correct the parameter specified		Set the parameter specified for	
	Position input variable to the in-		for the <i>Position</i> input variable to		the <i>Position</i> input variable to the	
	struction is beyor	nd the negative	the instruction so that it is within		instruction so that it is within the	
	software limit.		the negative soft	ware limit.	negative software limit.	
	The first position	•	Correct the progr	am so that the	If the first position	•
	negative software		travel direction for	or the instruction	negative software	
	struction that spe		is towards the ne	gative software	program so that	
	the opposite dire		limit.			ction of the nega-
	ware limit was ex				tive software limi	<u>t.</u>
Attached in-	Attached informa	ition 1: Logical CN	IC motor number w	here the error occ	curred	
formation						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Command Position	on Overflow/Unde	rflow	Event code	67850000 hex			
Meaning			derflow/overflow d			ne direction is not		
	specified was ex	ecuted when there	was an underflow	/overflow in the co	mmand position.			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At instruction		
				nate system	ing	execution		
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
utes								
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted. The rele-		
				vant CNC coordinate system immediately stops				
				while moving.		, , ,		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	_0110_0001d[].Wii dditEVII/ (011/0		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor			
bles					Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	One of the follow	ing was execut-	Execute an error	reset and then	Make sure that o	verflow or under-		
	ed when there wa	as a command	clear the overflow or underflow state by executing homing.		flow does not occur.			
	position overflow	/underflow.						
	A positioning in	nstruction.	g					
	A continuous of	control instruction						
	in the underflo	w/overflow direc-						
	tion.							
	An instruction	for which the di-						
	rection is not s	pecified (sync-						
	ing).							
Attached in-	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred			
formation		-						
Precautions/	None							

Event name	Positive Limit Inp	out		Event code	67860000 hex	
Meaning	An instruction wa	s executed for a n	notion in the positiv	ve direction when	the positive limit in	put was <i>ON</i> .
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At instruction
				nate system	ing	execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvI.Active	BOOL	BOOL		System Minor
Cause and	Assumed cause	.	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .		logic setting for the input, and the extions for the start correct any mistal Check the logic s	ery operation in ction. If this error eck the connecte limit signal, the ne positive limit ecution condicommand, and akes.	the execute cond struction. Check the logic s	e positive limit n, the logic set- ve limit input, and ditions for the in- settings both in parameters and in
Attached in-	Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occur				urred	
formation						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Negative Limit In	put		Event code	67870000 hex	
Meaning	An instruction for	a motion in the ne	egative direction w	as executed when	the negative limit	input was <i>ON</i> .
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction is not exec	uted.
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].N	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	-
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .		Execute an error reset and then perform a recovery operation in the positive direction. If this error occurs again, check the connection of the negative limit signal, the logic setting for the negative limit input, and the execution conditions for the start command, and correct any mistakes. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.			e negative limit n, the logic set- tive limit input, conditions for the settings both in parameters and in
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred	
Precautions/	None					
Remarks	110110					

Event name	Positive Software	e Limit Exceeded		Event code	67880000 hex			
Meaning	The position exce	The position exceeded the positive software limit while the CNC motor is in motion.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Follows the setting of the Software Limit Functi Selection.		Limit Function		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The position exceeded the positive software limit.		Find the reason that the software limit was exceeded and make suitable corrections.		(The goal is to enable detecting the software limits when they are exceeded due to unanticipated causes. Preventative measures are not required.)			
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	Whenever you cl	Whenever you change the positive software limit setting, make sure that the new setting is safe.						

Event name	Negative Softwar	re Limit Exceeded		Event code	67890000 hex			
Meaning	The position exce	eeded the negative	e software limit wh	ile the CNC motor	is in motion.			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Follows the setting Selection.	ng of the Software	Limit Function		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The position exceeded the negative software limit.		Find the reason t limit was exceed suitable correction	ed and make	(The goal is to end the software limit exceeded due to causes. Preventare not required.	ts when they are unanticipated ative measures		
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	Whenever you ch	Whenever you change the negative software limit setting, make sure that the new setting is safe.						
_								
Event name	In-position Check			Event code	678A0000 hex			
Meaning	·		pleted within the m					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN stops while movi	C coordinate syste	em immediately		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Time is required to complete positioning.		Determine the cause of the slow positioning and remove the cause of the error. Or, adjust the Servo Drive or adjust the In-position Check Time or In-position Range. Increase the loop gain if you adjust the Servo Drive. However, make sure that you keep the loop gain low enough so that the control does not oscillate.		Remove the cause of poor following performance or oscillation/vibration in the positioning operation as much as possible.			
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Following Error Limit Exceeded			Event code	678B0000 hex			
Meaning	The error between the command current position and actual current value exceeded the Following Error Over Value.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant CN0 stops while moving		C coordinate system immediately ng.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command.		Remove the cause of poor following performance in the positioning operation. Or increase the Following Error Over Value within the range that will not create problems.			se of poor follow- in the positioning t you can.		
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Illegal Following Error			Event code	67910000 hex		
Meaning	The difference be		and position and th	e actual current po	osition exceeds the	e range of 30-bit	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the OFF.	e relevant CNC mo	otor is turned	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	!	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The command current position was restricted so that the velocity of the CNC motor would not exceed the maximum velocity for the specified travel distance.		Correct the program or correct the electronic gear ratio so that the CNC motor does not exceed the maximum velocity.		Write the program or set the electronic gear ratio so that the CNC motor does not exceed the maximum velocity.		
	The CNC motor p	positioning oper-	Remove the cause of poor follow-		Remove the cause of poor follow-		
	ation has poor following perform- ance and the actual motion is slower than the command.		ing performance in the CNC motor positioning operation.		ing performance in the CNC motor positioning operation as best you can.		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Absolute Encode Failed	r Current Position	Calculation	Event code	67920000 hex		
Meaning	It was not possible to correctly restore the current position from the absolute encoder information that was saved when power was interrupted.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	At power ON, at Controller reset, when down- loading, or when starting Servo ON sta- tus	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Operation is not p		possible for relevant CNC motors.		
System-de-			Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles			BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The position to restore when converted to pulses exceeded the range of signed 40-bit data.		Reset the error and perform homing. Perform homing near the position where the absolute encoder is set up so that the position to restore does not exceed the range of signed 40-bit data.		tion to restore do the range of sign Also, do not exec CNC_Power (Po struction or cycle	rameters related orm homing near re the absolute o so that the posities not exceed ed 40-bit data. Cute the wer Servo) interest the power supposed reposition exceed exceed ed 40-bit data.	
Attached in- formation	None		1		1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Home Undefined during Coordinated Motion Event code 67930000 hex						
Meaning			ndefined while the			Executing (Eye-	
Meaning			peration While Hold		•		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	During instruc-	
				nate system	ing	tion execution	
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
utes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		C coordinate syste	m immediately	
				stops while movi			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate	-	
bles					Fault Occurrence	9	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The command position or actual		Correct the progr			m so that the axis	
	position overflowed or under-		axis operates wit		1 -	anges that do not	
	flowed for a CNC motor while the status of CNC coordinate system is Executing (Executing), MovingOnHold (Manual Operation While Holding), or Moving (Moving) and the home definition was		do not cause ove		cause overflows		
			flows in the command position or actual position.		the command position or actual		
					position.		
	lost.	o domination was					
	A slave commun	ications error oc-	Correct the slave communications		None		
	curred in the CN	C motor and the	error and define home.				
	home become ur	ndefined while					
	the status of CN0	C coordinate sys-					
	1	(Executing), Mo-					
	vingOnHold (Mar						
	While Holding), c	or Moving (Mov-					
	ing).		0 111 11		5 ();		
	A slave for a logi		Connect the disc		Do not disconne		
	network or was d		abled slave to the	_	slave of the logic		
	the status of CN(and define nome		is Executing (Exe	•	
	tem is Executing	•			gOnHold (Manua	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	vingOnHold (Mar				While Holding), o		
	While Holding), c	•			ing).	3 (
	ing).	- `					
Attached in-	None		•		•		
formation							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Attached information Precautions/ Remarks		ition 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred		
formation	Attached informa	ition 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred		
		ition 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred		
	Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred						
	positioning rotational axis in the CNC coordinate system is out of range of the negative software limit.		the software limit returns in the range of the software limit.		tioning cartesian axis or position- ing rotational axis in the CNC co- ordinate system is in the range of the software limit.		
	the positioning ca		-	NC motor outside	start is executed		
correction	The command cu			and perform hom-	Write the program	-	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
				coordinate system	m immediately sto	ps while moving.	
utes Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is	not executed. The	l e relevant CNC	
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
	SING FUNCTION		Jourso actails	nate system	ing	, it Oyolo Otali	
Source	CNC Function M		Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim- At Cycle Start		
Meaning	it Exceeded The first position	eveneds the ness	itive software limit.				
Event name		ified during Negat	ive Software Lim-	Event code	67950000 hex		
Remarks							
Precautions/	None						
formation	, and the first in the first indicate the first of the origination						
Attached in-	it. Attached informa	t. the software limit. Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred					
		tive software lim-			ordinate system	•	
	CNC coordinate system is out of		range of the soft		ing rotational axis	s in the CNC co-	
	the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis in the		the software limit		tioning cartesian	•	
correction	The command cu			and perform hom- NC motor outside	Write the prograr start is executed		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
bles	_5110_50014[].1	VII GUILLVI.AOLIVE	DOOL		Fault Occurrence	•	
System-de- fined varia-			Data type BOOL		Name CNC Coordinate	System Minor	
				coordinate system	m immediately sto	ps while moving.	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The cycle start is	not executed. The	L e relevant CNC	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
				nate system	ing	,	
Source	CNC Function M	•	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At Cycle Start	
Meaning	Exceeded The first position	exceeds the posit	ive software limit				
	Cycle Start Specified during Positiv		e Software Limit	Event code 67940000 hex			

Event name	Cycle Start Specified during Command Position Overflow/Underflow			Event code	67960000 hex		
Meaning	The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim-	At Cycle Start	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation			not executed. The relevant CNC m immediately stops while moving	
System-de-	Variable _CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type	•	Name		
fined varia- bles			BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	,	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The cycle start was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow.		Execute an error reset and then clear the overflow or underflow state by executing homing.		Make sure that overflow or under flow does not occur.		
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	-		curred		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						
Event name	Cycle Start Spec	ified during Positiv	re Limit Input	Event code	67970000 hex		
Meaning		executed when the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ut was ON.			
Source	CNC Function M		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim-	At Cycle Start	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues. Operation The cycle start is not executed. The relevant Cl				s not executed. The	e relevant CNC	

	-)					
Meaning	A cycle start was	executed when the	ne positive limit inp	ut was <i>ON</i> .		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At Cycle Start
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	1 -	not executed. The	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate Fault Occurrence	•
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A cycle start was executed when the positive limit input was ON.		Execute an error perform a recove the negative dire occurs again, che tion of the positive the logic setting filimit input, and cotakes. Check the logic setting the CNC motor puthe slave settings.	ery operation in ction. If this error eck the connecte limit signal and for the positive prrect any missettings both in parameters and in	Check to make s problems with the signal connection setting for the po Check the logic s the CNC motor p the slave settings	e positive limit n and the logic sitive limit input. settings both in arameters and ir
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	tion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w	here the error occ	urred	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Cycle Start Spec	ified during Negat	ive Limit Input	Event code	67980000 hex	
Meaning	A cycle start was	executed when the	ne negative limit in	out was <i>ON</i> .		
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	At Cycle Start
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	1	not executed. The m immediately sto	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate	System Minor
bles					Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A cycle start was executed when		Execute an error reset and then		Check to make sure there are no	
	the negative limit	t input was <i>ON</i> .	perform a recovery operation in		problems with the negative limit	
			the positive direc		signal connection and the logic	
			occurs again, che		setting for the negative limit input.	
			tion of the negati	•	Check the logic s	•
			and the logic sett	•	the CNC motor parameters and in	
			tive limit input, ar mistakes.	nd correct any	the slave settings	5.
			Check the logic s	ettings both in		
				•		
			the slave settings	the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.		
Attached in-	Attached informa	ntion 1: Logical CN	C motor number w		urred	
formation		Č				
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	NC Program Exe	NC Program Execution Error			67990000 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	ected while the NC	C program is runnir	ng.			
Source	CNC Function M	CNC Function Module		CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	Executing (Executing)	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant CN stops while movi	NC coordinate system immediately ving.		
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].l	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An error was detected while the NC program is running. Refer to error codes in the following attached information for details on errors.		Identify the NC program error from the attached information, and take the appropriate correction for the NC program.		Check the manual for the syntax and instructions available in the NC program, and write the NC program so that no error is detected.		
	A., 1 1: 5						

Attached information

Attached information 1: Error codes caused by CNC coordinate system when you use G codes.

0: No error

An error caused by CNC coordinate system does not occur.

1: Synchronous buffer error

There is an error in synchronous variable assignment buffer.

- 3: Execution instruction error when tool radius compensation is active
 An instruction (G00, G28, G30, G31, G74, or G84) that you cannot execute was executed when tool radius compensation was active.
- 5: Illegal cancel move for tool radius compensation

Cancel move used by G02 or G03, or travel distance of cancel move is less than tool radius.

6: Illegal startup move for tool radius compensation

Startup move used by G02 or G03, or travel distance of startup move is less than tool radius.

- 7: Too many instructions to the next intersection at tool radius compensation
 - There are too many instructions to the next intersection during tool radius compensation move. (Next in-plane move cannot be detected.)
- 10: Overcut detection error at tool radius compensation

An overcut error was detected during tool radius compensation move. (Interference condition)

13: Cannot resolve overcut

Overcut used by cancel move cannot be resolved.

- 14: Cannot detect intersection of tool radius compensation
 - Intersection of compensated paths cannot be detected.
- 15: No move for tool radius compensation error

More than one compensation move is not performed between startup move and cancel move.

16: Not enough calculation time for CNC planner service

There is not enough calculation time for CNC planner service.

17: In-position check time exceeded error

CNC coordinate system is not in-position state within the specified check time.

21: Illegal feedrate specification

Feedrate (F) specified in NC program is illegal.

32: Software limit error

CNC coordinate system is stopped from exceeding software limit.

64: Illegal radius specification of circular interpolation

Radius specifications of circular interpolation on the X/Y/Z plane are illegal.

Attached information 2: Error codes that are occurred when NC program is loaded or started

0: No error

An error does not occur when NC program is loaded or started.

20: Illegal command

An illegal instruction is executed.

22: Invalid program number

The specified NC program number is not existed.

Attached information 3: Error codes that are occurred during execution of NC program

0: No error

An error does not occur during execution of NC program.

4: Illegal NC Program

NC program is stopped due to illegal syntax, instructions, or other reasons.

7: Invalid NC program number

NC program is stopped because the subprogram number that is not loaded is specified.

10: Synchronous variable buffer overflow

There is an overflow in synchronous variable assignment buffer.

Precautions/ Remarks None

Event name	Position Deviation between Axes Limit Exceeded Event code 679B0000 hex								
Meaning			ent position betwee			ntry slave axis			
ouiiiig		exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Ser- vo is ON			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Stops.					
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor				
bles						Fault Occurrence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention				
correction	The gantry slave axis is moving		Eliminate the cause of making the		Eliminate the cause of making the				
	slower than the g	· •	gantry slave axis move slower		gantry slave axis move slower				
	is due to poor fol	• .		than it should. Alternatively, increase the Position Deviation Between		much as possi-			
	ance of the slave	axis.	J ,						
			Axes Over Value						
			range that will no						
			lems.	it create prob-					
Attached in-	None		10.110.						
formation									
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

	0110 0 1: 1	NC Coordinate System Composition CNC Motor Event code 77820000 hex						
Event name		System Composit	ion CNC Motor	Event code	77820000 hex			
	Error							
Meaning	An error occurred	d for a composition	n CNC motor in a 0	CNC coordinate sy	stem.			
Source	CNC Function Me	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	Continuously		
				nate system	ing			
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
utes								
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant CN0		C coordinate syste	m immediately		
				stops while movi	ng.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].I	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate	System Minor		
bles					Fault Occurrence)		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	An error occurred	d for a composi-	Check the error	code of the CNC	None			
	tion CNC motor i	n a CNC coordi-	motor in the CNC	coordinate sys-				
	nate system while	e it is moving.	tem, and remove	the cause of the				
			error.					
Attached in-	None		•		•			
formation								
Precautions/	When a CNC mo	tor error occurs, th	ne CNC coordinate	system including	the CNC motor wi	ll not operate.		
	When a CNC motor error occurs, the CNC coordinate system including the CNC motor will not operate.							

Event name	CNC Common Error Occurrence			Event code	77830000 hex	
Meaning	A CNC common	error occurred.				
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC coordi- nate system	Detection tim- ing	Continuously
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation is not dinate systems.	tion is not possible for the relevant CNC coor systems.	
System-de-	tem-de- Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Coord[*].f	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate System Minor Fault Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Partial fault level CNC common error occurred.		Check the CNC common error that occurred and remove the cause of the error.		None	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	When a partial fa	ult level CNC com	mon error occurs,	the CNC coordina	ite system do not d	operate.

Event name	Servo Main Circu	uits OFF		Event code	77840000 hex			
Meaning			ne Servo when the			vo Drive was		
- Wearing	OFF.	nade to turn ON ti	ie del vo when the	main circuit powe		vo blive was		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC coordi-	Detection tim-	At instruction		
				nate system	ing	execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the	e relevant CNC mo	otor is turned		
				OFF. The relevar	nt CNC coordinate	system immedi-		
				ately stops while	moving.			
System-de-	Variable	Variable			Name			
fined varia-	_CNC_Coord[*].i	MFaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Coordinate	System Minor		
bles					Fault Occurrence	-		
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention			
correction	An attempt was r		Turn ON the Ser	vo after turning	Turn ON the Ser	vo after turning		
	the Servo when t		ON the main circ	_		uit power supply		
	power supply to t		of the Servo Driv		to the Servo Driv			
	was OFF.		motor where the error occurred.		to the oervo brive.			
Attached in-		ation 1: Logical CN			urred			
formation	/ ktdoriod imornio	Attached information 1: Logical CNC motor number where the error occurred						
Precautions/	None	None						
Remarks	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T							
Event name	Servo Main Circu	ıit Power OFF		Event code	77850000 hex			
Meaning	The main circuit	power of the Servo	o Drive turned OFF while the Servo was ON.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Servo is ON		
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
utes					0 0,			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the OFF.	ne relevant CNC motor is turned			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	CNC Motor[*].N	//////////////////////////////////////	BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-		
bles					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The main circuit	power of the Ser-	Turn ON the mai	n circuit power of	Turn OFF the Se	rvo, then turn		
	vo Drive was inte	errupted while the	the Servo Drive f	the Servo Drive for the axis where		cuit power of the		
	Servo was ON.		the error occurred, reset the error,		Servo Drive.			
			and then turn ON	I the Servo.				
Attached in-	None							
formation								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Slave Error Dete	cted		Event code	77860000 hex		
Meaning	An error was dete	ected for the Ether	CAT slave or NX l	 Jnit that is allocate	ed to the CNC mot	or.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The Servo for the OFF.		e relevant CNC motor is turned		
System-de-	ned variaCNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type BOOL		Name		
fined varia- bles					CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An error was detected for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor.		Check the error at the slave and check the slave error code reported in <i>Slave Error Code Report</i> (97800000 hex) and perform the required corrections.		None		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Slave Disconnection during Servo ON		NC	Event code	77880000 hex	
Meaning	An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Servo is ON
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the OFF.	e relevant CNC motor is turned	
System-de-			Data type BOOL		Name	
fined varia- bles					CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor was disconnected, replaced, or disabled while the Servo was ON.		Reconnect the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to the CNC motor to the network.		Turn OFF the Servo before you disconnect, replace, or disable a slave.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

	1				ı	
Event name	Homing Opposite	e Direction Limit In	put Detected	Event code	77890000 hex	
Meaning	The limit signal in	n the direction opp	osite to the homing	direction was det	ected during a ho	ming operation.
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details CNC motor		Detection tim-	During instruc-
					ing	tion execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stons w	I ith the stop metho	L d for the homing
2110010	Program	Continues.	Operation	execution status.	•	a for the floring
System-de-	Variable _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type		Name	
fined varia-			BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-
bles					rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The Operation Selection at Nega-		To prevent errors at the limit in-		Check to see if any of the condi-	
	tive Limit Input or Operation Se-		puts, set the Operation Selection		tions that are given as causes exist in advance.	
		ction at Positive Limit Input pa-		at Negative Limit Input and Oper-		
	rameter is set to	No reverse turn.	ation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameters to Reverse			
				turn.		
	The location of the homing input		Correct the location of the input			
	signal sensors, h		signal sensors, h			
	and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached.		and homing start position so that a limit input is not reached.			
	The input signal					
	incorrect or the s	-	Correct the wiring of the input signal sensor or replace the sensor.			
Attached in-	None					
formation						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

-	l., . B	Homing Direction Limit Input Detected Event code 778A0000 hex						
Event name		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Event code	778A0000 hex			
Meaning			tion was detected					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The axis stops wi execution status.		ith the stop metho	d for the homing		
System-de-	Variable _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles			BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input or Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameter is set to No reverse turn .		To prevent errors at the limit inputs, set the Operation Selection at Negative Limit Input and Operation Selection at Positive Limit Input parameters to Reverse turn .		Check to see if a tions that are giv ist in advance.	ny of the condi- en as causes ex-		
	The location of the homing input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position cause a limit input to be reached. The input signal sensor wiring is incorrect or the sensor is faulty.		Correct the location of the input signal sensors, homing settings, and homing start position so that a limit input is not reached. Correct the wiring of the input signal sensor or replace the sensor.					
Attached in- formation	None	,						
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Hamina Limit Inn	Homing Limit Inputs Detected in Both Directions Event code 778B0000 hex						
	<u> </u>							
Meaning	The limit signals	in both directions	were detected duri	ng a homing opera	ation.			
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The axis stops wi execution status.		ith the stop metho	d for the homing		
System-de-	Variable _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles			BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction				
correction	The wiring of the limit signal is incorrect.		Correct the wiring of the limit signal.		Check to see if any of the conditions that are given as causes exist in advance.			
	The limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the limit signal is not correct.		Correct the installation locations of the limit sensors so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at the same time.					
				Correct the contact logic (N.C./ N.O.) of the limit signal.				
	The limit sensor	failed.	Replace the limit	sensor.				
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Home Proximity/put Detected	Homing Opposite I	Direction Limit In-	Event code	778C0000 hex		
Meaning		The home proximity input and the limit signal in the direction opposite to the homing direction were detected at the same time during a homing operation.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops w execution status.	th the stop method for the homing		
System-de-	Variable _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles			BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal is incorrect.		Correct the wiring of the home proximity signal or limit signal.		Check to see if any of the conditions that are given as causes ex-		
	The home proximity sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location.		Correct the installation location of the home proximity sensor or limit sensor so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at the same time.		ist in advance.		
	The contact logic of the home proximity signal or limit signal is not correct.		Correct the contact logic (N.C./ N.O.) of the home proximity sensor or limit sensor.				
	The home proximity sensor or limit sensor failed. Replace the home proson or limit sensor.						
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Home Proximity/ tected	Homing Direction I	_imit Input De-	Event code	778D0000 hex	
Meaning	The home proxining a homing ope	nity input and the li eration.	mit signal in the h	oming direction we	ere detected at the	same time dur-
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops with the stop method for execution status.		d for the homing
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].N	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		r Fault Occur-
bles					rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The wiring of the home proximity		Correct the wiring of the home		Check to see if any of the condi-	
	signal or limit signal is incorrect.		proximity signal or limit signal.		tions that are given as causes ex-	
	The home proximity sensor or lim-		Correct the installation location of		ist in advance.	
	it sensor is instal	led in the wrong	the home proximity sensor or limit			
	location.		sensor so that they do not turn			
	The contact legis			ON at the same time.		
	The contact logic		Correct the conta	÷ ,		
	not correct.	or minic orginal is	sor or limit senso	. ,		
	The home proxin	nity sensor or lim-	Replace the hom	e proximity sen-	-	
	it sensor failed.	,	sor or limit senso			
Attached in-	None		ı		1	
formation						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Home Input/Hom Detected	ing Opposite Direc	ction Limit Input	Event code	778E0000 hex		
Meaning		and the limit signal g a homing operati	•	posite to the hom	ing direction were	detected at the	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops we execution status	th the stop method for the homing		
System-de-	Variable _CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles			BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-		
			0		rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	.	
correction	The wiring of the home input sig-		1	Correct the wiring of the home in-		ny of the condi-	
	nal or limit signal is incorrect.		put signal or limit signal.		tions that are given as causes exist in advance.		
	The home input sensor or limit		Correct the installation location of		ist in advance.		
	sensor is installed in the wrong lo-		the home input sensor or limit				
	cation.			sensor so that they do not turn			
			ON at the same time.		_		
	The contact logic		Correct the contact logic (N.C./				
	rect.	signal is not cor-	N.O.) of the home input signal or limit sensor.				
		signal output do		o input signal	-		
		The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed.		Replace the home input signal output device or limit sensor.			
Attached in-	None				1		
Attacheu III-	I						
formation							
7 1111111111111111111111111111111111111	None						

Event name	Home Input/Hom	ing Direction Limit	Input Detected	Event code	778F0000 hex	
Meaning	·	and the limit signal	· ·	ection were detecte	ed at the same tim	e during a hom-
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The axis stops wi execution status.		rith the stop metho	d for the homing
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The wiring of the home input signal or limit signal is incorrect. The home input sensor or limit sensor is installed in the wrong location. The contact logic of the home input signal or limit signal is not correct. The home input signal output device or limit sensor failed.		Correct the wiring of the home input signal or limit signal. Correct the installation location of the home input sensor or limit sensor so that they do not turn <i>ON</i> at the same time. Correct the contact logic (N.C./ N.O.) of the home input signal or limit sensor. Replace the home input signal output device or limit sensor.		Check to see if any of the conditions that are given as causes exist in advance.	
Attached in-	None		1			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Invalid Home Inp	ut Mask Distance		Event code	77900000 hex		
Meaning	The setting of the meter instruction	•	k distance is not su	uitable for the CNC	C_Home or CNC_F	HomeWithPara-	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim-	During instruc- tion execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The axis stops wi execution status.		vith the stop metho	od for the homing	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvI.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur- rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The set value of the home input mask distance when the operating mode of the MC_Home instruction is set to Proximity Reverse Turn/Home Input Mask Distance is insufficient to decelerate from the homing velocity to the homing approach velocity.		tance, homing veing approach vel settings so that to cient travel distal based on the ope tions of the CNC	Check the home input mask distance, homing velocity, and homing approach velocity. Change the settings so that they provide sufficient travel distance to decelerate based on the operating specifications of the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter in-		Check the operating specifications for the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction, then set the home input mask distance, homing velocity, and homing approach velocity so that they provide sufficient travel distance to decelerate.	
Attached in- formation	None		ı				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	No Homo Input			Event code	77010000 hov	77910000 hex		
	No Home Input			Event code				
Meaning			iring the homing of	peration. Or, a limi	t signal was detect	ted before there		
	was a home inpu			1		1		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim-	During instruc-		
					ing	tion execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The axis stops we execution status	rith the stop metho	d for the homing		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-		
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		rence Prevention			
correction				input cottings		a that the home		
	There was no ho during the homin	g operation.	Check the home and wiring and co that the home sig	orrect them so	Set the system s signal is input du operation.			
	A limit signal was		ing homing base	•	'	ne home signal is		
	there was a hom	e input.	tion specification	•	detected before	-		
			CNC Home or C		Also check to ma	· ·		
			Parameter instru	_	are no wiring pro			
			Also, set the syst	tem so that the	home input.			
			home signal is de					
			the limit signals.					
Attached in- formation	None	None						
Precautions/	None	Mono						
Remarks	None	Notice						
Remarks								
Front name	No House Dressins							
Event name	No Home Proxim	•		Event code	77920000 hex			
Meaning			al input during the			1		
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During instruc- tion execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
	Heer was suppose	Cantinua	Onevetion	The evice stone w	ith the stee wester	d for the borning		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	execution status	rith the stop metho	a for the noming		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].N	//FaultLvl.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Mino	r Fault Occur-		
bles					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction		me proximity sig-	Check the home		Set the system s			
	nal input during t		settings and wirir	-	1.	s input during the		
	ation when a hor	•	them so that the		homing operation			
	put signal was specified.		signal is input du		make sure there	-		
			based on the operation specifica-		·	e home proximity		
			tions of the CNC_Home or		innut			
			1		input.			
			CNC_HomeWith		iliput.			
			1		input.			
Attached in-	None		CNC_HomeWith		input.			
Attached in-	None		CNC_HomeWith		прис.			
			CNC_HomeWith		прис.			

Event name	EtherCAT Slave Communications Error			Event code	87800000 hex			
Meaning	A communication	A communications error occurred for the EtherCAT slave or NX Unit that is allocated to a CNC motor.						
Source	CNC Function M	on Module Source details CNC motor Detection to ing		Detection tim- ing	Continuously			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Servo for the OFF.	e relevant CNC motor is turned			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].MFaultLvl.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Minor Fault Occur-			
bles					rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	A communication	s error occurred	Check the event	Check the event log for the Ether-				
	for the EtherCAT	slave or NX Unit	CAT error that occurred. Remove					
	that is allocated t	o a CNC motor.	the cause of the error and clear					
			the relevant error	r.				
Attached in-	None							
formation								
Precautions/	Even if this error	is reset, the error	in the EtherCAT M	aster Function Mo	dule is not reset. 7	This error can be		
Remarks		etting the error in t	he EtherCAT Mast	er Function Modul	le, but the CNC mo	otor will still set in		
	Servo OFF.							

Event name	SD Memory Card Access Failure			Event code	561D0000 hex		
Meaning	SD Memory Card	d access failed wh					
Source	CNC Function Module So		Source details	Source details CNC common		At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	-		uction will end according to specifiation of the Unit is not affected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active BOOL		BOOL	CNC Common Observatio currence		bservation Oc-	
Cause and correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
	An SD Memory Card is not inserted.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		If none of the above causes applies, replace the SD Memory Card.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory Card slot is broken.		If this error recurs after you took the two actions mentioned above, replace the Controller.		None		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	File Does Not Exist			Event code	561E0000 hex	
Meaning	The file specified	for an instruction	does not exist.			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction will end according to specification of the Unit is not affected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	·	Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common C	Observation Oc-
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The specified file does not exist.		Make sure that the filename that is specified for the instruction exists. Or, modify the filename so that it matches the filename specified for the instruction.		Make sure that the is specified for the ists.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					
Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program Number S	Specification	Event code	561F0000 hex	
Meaning	Loading failed be specified.	cause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program w	vith an invalid prog	ram number
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction will end ac	• .
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An attempt was r NC program with gram number spe	an invalid pro-	Correct the parameter so that the NC program number does not exceed the specified range.		-	
Attached information	ing.) Attached informa		er with error detect of the NC program s)	•		
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Too Many Files Open			Event code	56200000 hex		
Meaning	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.						
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction will end according to specifi- ration of the Unit is not affected.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Observation Occurrence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for an instruction.		Correct the program to reduce the number of open files.		Decrease the number of files. Or, write the program so that files that no longer need to be open are closed in order to prevent too many files from being open at once.		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/	None						

Event name	File or Directory Name Is Too Long			Event code	56210000 hex		
Meaning	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.						
Source	CNC Function Module Source deta		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim-	At instruction	
					ing	execution	
Error attrib-	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
utes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end acc	cording to specifi-	
				cations. The ope	ration of the Unit is	not affected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common Observation Oc-		
bles					currence		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The file name or	The file name or directory name		Correct the program so that the		n so that the	
	that was specified for the instruc- file name or direct				1 3		
	that was specifie	d for the instruc-	file name or direc	ctory name speci-	specified file nam	nes and directory	
	that was specifie tion to create is t		file name or direct fied for the instru	ctory name speci-		,	
				ctory name speci- ction is within	specified file nam	,	
Attached in-			fied for the instru	ctory name speci- ction is within	specified file nam	,	
Attached in-	tion to create is t		fied for the instru	ctory name speci- ction is within	specified file nam	,	
7 1110101110 01 111	tion to create is t		fied for the instru	ctory name speci- ction is within	specified file nam	,	
formation	tion to create is t		fied for the instru	ctory name speci- ction is within	specified file nam	,	

Event name	SD Memory Card Access Failed			Event code	56220000 hex		
Meaning	SD Memory Card	d access failed.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	l		uction will end according to specifiation of the Unit is not affected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	·	Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active		BOOL		CNC Common C	bservation Oc-	
bles					currence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		Replace the SD I	Memory Card.	Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory ken.	Card slot is bro-		If this error recurs after you took the above correction, replace the Controller.		None	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							
Event name	Load NC Program	n Capacity Excee	ded	Event code	56230000 hex		
Meaning	Loading failed be	cause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program o	ver the maximum	capacity.	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction will end ac		
System-de-	Variable	'	Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL	• •		CNC Common Observation Occurrence	
Cause and							
correction	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
	An attempt was r		Correction Set 1: cncDelL	oadedFile to the	Prevention Set 1: cncDelL	oadedFile to the	
	An attempt was r NC program over capacity.	nade to load the	Set 1: _cncDelL DeleteFile input v relevant instruction the loaded NC pr	variable for the on, and delete	Set 1: _cncDelL DeleteFile input or relevant instructioning the setup soft gram loaded at the does not exceed	variable for the con when chang-that the NC prone same time the maximum te the program to	
Attached in-	An attempt was r	nade to load the	Set 1: _cncDelL DeleteFile input v relevant instruction	variable for the on, and delete	Set 1: _cncDelL DeleteFile input of relevant instructions the setup so gram loaded at the does not exceed capacity, and wri	variable for the con when chang-that the NC prone same time the maximum te the program to	

Event name	Number of NC Program Exceeded E			Event code	56240000 hex	
Meaning	Loading failed because an attempt was made to load NC programs over the maximum number of NC programs.					
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction will end according to specifi- ration of the Unit is not affected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active		BOOL		CNC Common Observation Occurrence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A new NC program was loaded while the number of loaded NC programs reaches the maximum.		Correct the program to reduce the number of NC programs to be loaded.		Write the program so that the program numbers of unused NC programs are reused to prevent too many NC programs from being loaded.	
Attached information	Attached information 1: Row number with error detected (Indicates the row number after parsing processing.) Attached information 2: File name of the NC program with error detected (Last 15 characters when the file name length exceeds 16 characters)					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program		Event code	56280000 hex		
Meaning	An error was dete	ected in the loaded	d NC program.				
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	Source details CNC common		At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Error reset	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ruction will end ac	• .	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_COM.Obs	sr.Active	BOOL		CNC Common C	bservation Oc-	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A syntax error was detected in the NC program you made an attempt to load.		with CNC Ope the NC progra ferred to the S The file name of the NC prog ror detected ar attached inforr sure that the s struction are co If this error rec took the above tact your OMR tive.	 Perform parsing processing with CNC Operator, and specify the NC program that was transferred to the SD Memory Card. The file name and row number of the NC program with the error detected are shown in the attached information. Make sure that the syntax and instruction are correct. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, contact your OMRON representa- 		Do not edit the file of the NC program that was parsed with CNC Operator and transferred to the SD Memory Card.	
Attached information	Attached information 1: Row number with error detected (Indicates the row number after parsing proces ing.) Attached information 2: File name of the NC program with error detected (Last 15 characters when the f name length exceeds 16 characters) Attached information 3: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Following Error V	Varning		Event code	678C0000 hex			
Meaning	The following err	The following error exceeded the Following Error Warning Value.						
Source	CNC Function M	CNC Function Module		CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply or re- set the Control- ler.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.				
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Observation Occur-			
bles						rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	The positioning operation has poor following performance and the actual motion is slower than the command.			vithin the range	Remove the causing performance operation as bes	in the positioning		
Attached in-	None							
formation								
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

Event name	Command Positi	on Overflow		Event code	678D0000 hex			
Meaning	The number of p	The number of pulses for the command position overflowed.						
Source	CNC Function M	odule			Detection tim- ing	Continuously		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is no	ot updated, but mo	otion continues.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Observation Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the upper limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).		tion does not exc number limit for t Or, change the e tio settings.	the command posi- xceed the pulse r the instruction. electronic gear ra- n the overflow, per-				
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	Command Position	on Underflow	Event code	678E0000 hex					
Meaning	The number of po	ulses for the comn	nand position exce	and position exceeded the valid range. (It underflowed.)					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is n	ot updated, but mo	otion continues.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Observence	ervation Occur-			
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention				
correction	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the lower limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).		Correct the program so that the input value for the command position does not exceed the pulse number limit for the instruction. Or, change the electronic gear ratio settings. To recover from the underflow,		the target positio and make sure the number of pulses	Check the gear ratio setting and the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted number of pulses does not exceed the specified range.			
		. ,	perform the homi	ing operation.					
Attached in- formation	None								
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									
	1								
Event name	Actual Position C	verflow		Event code	678F0000 hex				
Meaning	The number of po	ulses for the actua	l position overflow	ed.					
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is n	ot updated, but mo	otion continues.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].C	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Observation Occur- rence				
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention				
correction	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the upper limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).		Correct the program so that the target position is well within the pulse number limit so that the actual position does not exceed the pulse number limit for the instruction. Or, change the electronic gear ratio settings. To recover from the overflow, per-		Check the gear ratio setting and the target position setting value, and make sure that the converted number of pulses does not exceed the specified range. Allow some leeway.				
Attached in-	None		form the homing	орогиноп.	1				
formation	INUILE								
Precautions/	None								
Remarks									

Event name	Actual Position Underflow			Event code	67900000 hex				
Meaning	The number of p	The number of pulses for the actual position underflowed.							
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The position is no	ot updated, but mo	otion continues.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL	BOOL		CNC Motor Observation Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention				
correction	When the command position was converted to the pulse unit for the positioning cartesian axis or positioning rotational axis, the specified value exceeded the lower limit of the signed 40-bit data (signed 54-bit data for the spindle axis).		Correct the progressive target position is pulse number limitual position does pulse number limition. Or, change to gear ratio setting. To recover from the perform the homitions.	well within the acts not exceed the lit for the instructhe electronic s. he underflow,	atio setting and n setting value, nat the converted s does not ex- ed range. Allow				
Attached in-	None								
formation									
Precautions/ Remarks	None								

Event name	Position Deviatio	n between Axes L	imit Warning	Event code	679A0000 hex			
Meaning	The deviation of the feedback current position between the gantry master axis and the gantry slave axis exceeded the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value.							
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Servo is ON		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Observation Occur- rence			
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Correction				
correction	The gantry slave axis is moving slower than the gantry master axis due to poor following performance of the slave axis.		gantry slave axis than it should. Alternatively, inco Position Deviati Axes Warning V	Alternatively, increase the Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value within the range that will not create prob-		use of making the move slower much as possi-		
Attached in- formation	None							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	CNC Planner So	rvice Period Exce	eded	Event code	77810000 hex		
Meaning			as not finished with	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 4 4 4	l	
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC common	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_COM.Obsr.Active		BOOL		CNC Common C	bservation Oc-	
bles					currence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The processing le	oad of the NC	Reduce the amo	unt of processing	Set the CNC pla	nner service peri-	
	program in a peri	iod of the CNC	of the NC progra	m in a period of	od to be long end	ough to complete	
	planner service is	s too heavy.	the CNC planner		all required proce	essing.	
			1	service period to			
			a greater value w	-			
			that does not adversely affect operation. Check the CNC planner service				
			period in the Tas				
			Monitor of the S				
Attached in-	None	Vone					
formation							
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							
	l				77070001		
Event name	Slave Observation		Event code		77870000 hex		
Meaning	-		erCAT slave or NX	I			
Source	CNC Function M	odule	Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL		CNC Motor Obse	ervation Occur-	
bles					rence		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A warning was d		Check the warnir	· ·	None		
	EtherCAT slave of		EtherCAT slave a				
	allocated to a CN		cause of the war	ning.			
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	tion 1: Drive warn	ing code				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Software Limit Pa	ath Limited		Event code	97810000 hex	
Meaning		ed the software lin	•	uring Executing (E	Executing). Therefo	ore, the path was
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	During Execut- ing
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].Obsr.Active		BOOL		CNC Motor Observation Occur- rence	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		
correction	The path exceeded the software limit was specified during Executing (Executing).		the path specified gram does not ex ware limit, or cha Software Overtr Negative Softwa	Correct the NC program so that the path specified by the NC program does not exceed the software limit, or change Positive Software Overtravel Limit or Negative Software Overtravel Limit of the Limit Settings to the		ate path and soft- ed for the NC
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/	To detect a mino	r fault error, set the	e Software Overtr	avel Limit Opera	tion Control opera	ation parameter
Remarks	in the CNC coord	dinate system to 0 :	Error.			

Event name	Velocity Control (Command Value S	Saturated	Event code	97830000 hex		
Meaning	· ·		e for the servo driv		0.000000		
Source	CNC Function M		Source details	CNC motor	Detection tim- ing	Whenever Ser- vo is ON	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	_CNC_Motor[*].0	Obsr.Active	BOOL	BOOL		ervation Occur-	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The output value	for Feedback	Remove the cause of poor follow-		Remove the cause of poor follow-		
	loop calculation exceeded the Maximum Velocity for the CNC motor parameter setting, or the		ing performance in the positioning		ing performance in the positioning		
			operation.	operation.		operation as best you can.	
	lowing performar	ation has poor fol-					
	tual motion is slo						
	command.						
	The commanded master axis ro-		Check the command value of the		Check to see if any of the condi-		
	tation rate (S) or	master axis ve-	master axis rotat	ion rate (S) and		en as causes ex-	
	locity override fac	ctor exceeded	the master axis v	•	ist in advance.		
	the Maximum Ve	•		ct the program so			
	CNC motor parai	meter setting.	that the value do				
			the Maximum Ve	•			
Attached in-	None		CNC motor parai	neter setting.			
formation	None						
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Slave Error Code	Report		Event code	97800000 hex	
Meaning	The error code w	as reported by the	slave when a <i>Sla</i>	ve Error Detected	error occurred.	
Source	CNC Function Module		Source details	CNC motor	Detection timing	After Slave Error Detected error (77860000 hex)
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The error code was reported by		This error accompanies a <i>Slave</i>		None	
	the slave when a <i>Slave Error</i>		Error Detected error (77860000			
	Detected error (77860000 hex)		hex). Check the slave error code			
	occurred.		in the attached information and			
			make the required corrections.			
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ition 1: Slave error	code			
Precautions/	For the OMRON	1S-series Servo D	Prive or G5-series	Servo Drive, the e	rror code (the mair	n part of the error
Remarks	For example, if the	ne attached inform	ive is included in that ation is displayed ccurred in the Serv	as <i>FF13</i> , the error		

Event name	CNC Function Sy	stem Information		Event code	Event code 97820000 hex		
Meaning	This event provid	les internal informa	ation from the CNC	Function Module			
Source	CNC Function M	CNC Function Module		CNC common	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	This event provides internal information from the CNC Function Module. It is recorded to provide additional information for another event.		None		None		
Attached information	Attached information 1: System information Attached information 2: System information Attached information 3: System information Attached information 4: System information						
Precautions/ Remarks	None	·					

CNC Instruction Errors

This section provides a table of errors (events) that occur for CNC instructions.

The lower four digits of the event code give the error code for the instruction. For descriptions of the error codes, refer to the descriptions of the corresponding event codes. For example, if the error code of the instruction is 16#3781, refer to the description of the event with event code 54013781 hex.

Event name	Process Data Ob	ject Setting Missir	ng	Event code	54013781 hex	
Meaning	The PDO mappir	ng is not correct.				
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The PDOs that a	re required for	Map the PDOs that are required		Map the PDOs that are required	
	the CNC instruction are not mapped.		for the instruction.		for the instructions that are used.	
	The relevant inst	ruction was exe-	Some devices do	not support the	Refer to the man	ual for the device
	cuted for a devic	e that does not	relevant instruction.		and write the program so that un-	
	have an object th	nat supports the	Refer to the man		supported instructions are not executed.	
	instruction.		vice, check to se			
			instruction is sup	•		
			rect the program	•		
			ported instructions are not executed.			
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca				
formation			tion Details (Rung	Number) For a pr	ogram section, the	rung number
			n. For ST, the line i	, ,	og. a 0000011, tile	rang nambor
		•	the Instruction and	•	ce Where the Erro	r Occurred. If
	there is more tha	n one possible ins	struction, informatio	on is given on all o	f them. Nothing is	given if the in-
	struction cannot			-	-	
	Attached Informa	ation 4: Expansion	Error Code (Errorl	DEx)		
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed m	av not be cor-
	, , ,	0	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

Event name	Illegal CNC Coor	dinate System Sp	ecification	Event code	54015600 hex		
Meaning	The CNC coording	nate system specif	ied for the <i>Coord</i> i	n-out variable to a	CNC instruction d	oes not exist.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	The relevant instruction will end according to spec cations.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	CNC coordinate exist for the variathe Coord in-out struction.	•	Correct the instruction so that the variable exists for the CNC coordinate system that was specified for the instruction.		Specify a variable that exists when specifying a variable for an input parameter to an instruction.		
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	ion				
formation	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is cl	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

Event name	Deceleration Set	ting Out of Range		Event code	54015601 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the De	celeration input va	riable to a CNC in	struction is out of r	ange.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instructions.		ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		valid range of the	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.				-		

Event name	Jerk Setting Out	of Range		Event code	54015602 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the <i>Jei</i>	rk input variable to	a CNC instruction	is out of range.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instruction will end according cations.		cording to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input ceeded the valid put variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ition 1: Error Loca	tion				
formation	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	hat is displayed m	ay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

	1					
Event name	CNC Instruction	Re-execution Disa	abled	Event code	54015603 hex	
Meaning	A CNC instruction	n that cannot be r	e-executed was re-	executed.		_
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instruction will end according cations.		cording to specifi-	
System-de-	N		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A CNC instruction that cannot be		Correct the program so that the		When using instructions that can-	
	re-executed was re-executed.		Execute input variable does not change to TRUE until the Busy output variable from the instruction changes to FALSE.		not be re-executed, include a condition for the <i>Execute</i> input variable so that it does not change to TRUE unless the <i>Busy</i> output variable for the previous instruction is FALSE. Or, stop the instruction before executing it again.	
Attached in-		ation 1: Error Loca				
formation			tion Details (Rung	, .	rogram section, the	e rung number
		•	n. For ST, the line	•	\A/I th \\\	- O If
			the Instruction and struction, information			
	struction cannot	•	struction, information	on is given on all c	n them. Nothing is	given ii tile iii-
			Error Code (Error	DEx)		
Precautions/ Remarks			ror occurs, the atta	,	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-

Event name	CNC Multi-execu	ıtion Disabled		Event code	54015604 hex		
Meaning	Multiple functions nate system).	s that cannot be ex	xecuted simultaned	ously were execute	ed for the same ta	rget (CNC coordi-	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	The relevant instruction will end according to s cations.		
System-de-	Variable None		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Multiple functions that cannot be		Check the specifications of multi-		Check the specifications for multi-		
	executed simultaneously were		execution of instr	execution of instructions for this		execution of instructions for the	
	executed for the same target		instruction and correct the pro-		instruction and do not execute in-		
	(CNC coordinate system).		gram so that instructions that can-		structions that cannot be execut-		
	The CNC_LoadProgramFile in-		not be executed at the same time		ed at the same t	ime.	
	struction was executed when any		are not executed simultaneously.				
	of CNC coordinate system was						
	Executing (Executing) or Hold (Holding).						
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion				
formation			tion Details (Rung	, ,	ogram section, the	e rung number	
		_	n. For ST, the line	-			
			the Instruction and				
			struction, information	on is given on all o	t them. Nothing is	given if the in-	
	struction cannot		Error Codo /E	DEv)			
		•	Error Code (Errorl	,			
Precautions/		nanged atter an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

Event name	Unassigned Logi	cal CNC Motor Nu	ımber Specified	Event code	54015605 hex		
Meaning	The CNC motor	of the parameter s	pecified for the Lo	<i>gicalMotorNo</i> inpu	t variable to the Cl	NC instruction is	
	not assigned.						
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim-	At instruction	
					ing	execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Operation The relevant instr		cording to specifi-	
			cations.				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	None						
bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The logical CNC		Correct the parameter so that the specified value does not exceed		Specify the appropriate parameter		
	for which the CN				so that the LogicalMotorNo input		
	assigned to the L	-	the range of the	•	ne CNC not exceed the range of Positioning Axis Assignment or		
	input variable to		tor number for w				
	tion was specifie		motor is assigne				
	struction was exe	ecutea.	LogicalMotorNo	input variable to	Spindle Axis As	•	
			the instruction.		CNC coordinate system parame-		
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion		ter settings.		
formation		=	แอก tion Details (Rung	Number) For a pr	rogram coction the	rung number	
TOTTILATION			n. For ST, the line	, .	ogram section, the	rung number	
		•	the Instruction and	•	ce Where the Erro	r Occurred If	
			struction, information				
	struction cannot	•	a addon, informatio	o givoii oii ali o		9	
			Error Code (Error	IDEx)			
Precautions/			ror occurs, the atta	•	that is displayed m	av not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.	iangoa antor an or	.o. oodaro, aro dae		and to diopidy od in		

Event name	Logical CNC Mot	or Number Out of	Range	Event code	54015606 hex			
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Lo	gicalMotorNo input	<i>iicalMotorNo</i> input variable to a CNC		instruction is out of range.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end according to specifi-			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention			
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	input variable is	Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed.	the valid range of		
Attached in-		tion 1: Error Locat						
formation	from the start of the Attached Informathere is more that struction cannot	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-		
Remarks	rect.							
Event name	-	etting Out of Rang		Event code	54015607 hex			
Meaning	·		sition input variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	04:						
		Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi		
-	Variable	Continues.	Operation Data type		Name	cording to specifi		
-	Variable None	Continues.				cording to specifi		
			Data type		Name	cording to specifi		
fined varia- bles	None	parameter ex- range of the in- there was an	Data type	cations. meter so that the a input variable is	Name	ameter to the in- the valid range o		
fined varia- bles Cause and correction	Assumed cause Instruction input ceeded the valid put variable. Or, overflow/underfloposition. Attached Informatical Attached Informatical Country of the cou	parameter ex- range of the in- chere was an w in the target tion 1: Error Local tion 2: Error Local	Data type Correction Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	meter so that the e input variable is the relevant in-	Name Prevention Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed.	ameter to the in- the valid range o e is not exceed-		
fined varia- bles Cause and	Assumed cause Instruction input ceeded the valid put variable. Or, overflow/underfloposition. Attached Informator from the start of the Attached Informator there is more that struction cannot in the start of the struction cannot in the start of the struction cannot in the start of the star	parameter ex- range of the in- chere was an w in the target tion 1: Error Local tion 2: Error Local he section is given tion 3: Names of to n one possible inso	Data type Correction Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	neter so that the einput variable is the relevant in-	Name Prevention Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed. ogram section, the ce Where the Error	ameter to the inthe valid range of is not exceed-		

				·		
Event name	Impossible CNC the Servo is OFF	Motor Operation S	Specified when	Event code	54015608 hex	
Meaning	An operation inst	truction was execu	ited for the CNC m	otor for which the	Servo is OFF.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instructions.		truction will end ac	cording to specifi-
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type	•	Name	
fined varia- bles	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	An operation instruction was executed for the CNC motor for which the Servo is OFF.		Correct the programmer instruction is exercised Correct the programmer instruction is exercised.	cuted after the	Make sure to exc tion instruction a turned ON.	=
	Home was preset with the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWith-Parameter instruction for an axis for which EtherCAT process data communications are not established.		If the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) system-defined variable for the EtherCAT master of the master axis is FALSE, remove the cause and execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home after _EC_PDSlavTbl changes to TRUE.		If you execute the CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter instruction to preset home immediately after you turn ON the power supply to the Controller, download data, reset a slave communications error, disconnect the slave, reconnect the slave, or disable or enable the slave, write the program to make sure that the _EC_PDSlavTbl (Process Data Communicating Slave Table) system-defined variable for the EtherCAT master is TRUE before you execute CNC_Home or CNC_HomeWithParameter.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					
Precautions/ Remarks					that is displayed m	nay not be cor-

Event name	Target Velocity Setting Out of Range Event code		Event code	54015609 hex			
Meaning	,		ocity input variable to a CNC instructi			ion is out of range	
Source	PLC Function Mo		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim-	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Name			
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	ceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parar valid range of the not exceeded for struction.	input variable is	Set the input par struction so that the input variable ed.	the valid range of	
Attached in- formation	Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa there is more tha struction cannot I	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					
Precautions/ Remarks			ror occurs, the atta	,	hat is displayed m	ay not be cor-	
Event name	Acceleration/Dec	eleration Setting (Out of Range	Event code	5401560A hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Acc	<i>celeration</i> input val	riable to a CNC ins	struction is out of r	ange.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input p ceeded the valid put variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached information	Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa there is more tha struction cannot I Attached Informa	he section is giver tion 3: Names of t n one possible ins be identified. tion 4: Expansion	ntion Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number on. For ST, the line number is given. The Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If struction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the interior Code (ErrorIDEx)				
Precautions/	It a program is ch	ttached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx) a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be cor-					

	1						
Event name	Travel Mode Sel	ection Out of Rang	je	Event code	5401560B hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Mo	veMode input vari	able to a CNC inst	truction is out of ra	nge.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instruction will end according to cations.		cording to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		valid range of the	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion		1		
formation	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/		nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information t	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

Event name	Parameter Selec	tion Out of Range		Event code	5401560D hex		
Meaning			rameterNumber in	put variable to a C	NC instruction is o	out of range.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim-	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instruction will end according to cations.		cording to specifi-		
System-de-	N.		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		valid range of the	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.	
Attached in- formation	Attached Information the start of Attached Information there is more that struction cannot	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					
Precautions/	If a program is cl	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

Event name	CNC Parameter	Setting Read/Write	e Setting Value	Event code	5401560E hex		
	Out of Range						
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Se	ttingValue in-out v	ariable to a CNC in	nstruction is out of	range.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instruction will end according to s cations.			cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the inout variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant		Set the input parameter to the in- struction so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceed-		
			instruction.		ed.		
Attached information	Attached Information the start of the Attached Information there is more that struction cannot	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is chrect.	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-	

Event name		Setting Read/Write	e Target Out of	Event code	5401560F hex			
	Range							
Meaning	The parameter s	The parameter specified for the <i>Target</i> in-out variable to a CNC instruction is out of range.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instruction will end according to sp cations.			cording to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type				
fined varia- bles	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction		Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the inout variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded.		
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion		'			
formation	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)							
	Attacrica informe	If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be cor-						
Precautions/		-	,	,	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-		

Event name	Homing Parame	ter Setting Out of I	Range	Event code	54015611 hex	
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Ho	omingParameter in	out variable to a C	CNC instruction is	out of range.
Source	PLC Function Me	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction		
correction	Instruction input ceeded the valid out variable.	•	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the in-out variable is not exceeded.	
Attached information	Attached Information the start of Attached Information there is more that struction cannot	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)				
Precautions/		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ror occurs, the atta	•	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-
Remarks	rect.	5 2.	,		, , ,	,

Event name	M Code Number	Out of Range		Event code	54015612 hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the MC	CodeNo input varia	ble to a CNC instr	ole to a CNC instruction is out of range.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	PLC Function Module		Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User programContinues.OperationThe relevant instructions.		ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input ceeded the valid put variable.	-	Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion				
formation	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is chrect.	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information t	that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	

Event name	CNC Instruction dinate System S	Re-execution Disa	bled (CNC Coor-	Event code	54015613 hex	
Meaning		•	e parameter for th not be changed wh		iable when re-exect	cuting a CNC in-
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	truction will end ac	cording to specifi-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None	ne				
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	A parameter for an in-out variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.		Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant in-out variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-executed.		Check the manual to see if each in-out variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by re-execution. Write the program so that the input parameters for any in-out variable that cannot be changed do not change upon re-execution.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					
Precautions/ Remarks			•	,	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-

Event name	CNC Instruction CNC Motor Num	Re-execution Disa	bled (Logical	Event code	54015614 hex		
Meaning	An attempt was r	made to change th	e parameter for the	_	-	-	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim-	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	truction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A parameter for an input variable that cannot be changed for re-execution was changed.		parameter for the	Correct the program so that the parameter for the relevant input variable does not change when the relevant instruction is re-executed.		Check the manual to see if each input variable to the relevant CNC instruction can be changed by reexecution. Write the program so that the input parameters for any input variable that cannot be changed do not change upon reexecution.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is ch	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ror occurs, the atta		that is displayed m	nay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

Event name	SD Memory Care	d Access Failure		Event code	5401561D hex		
Meaning	SD Memory Care	d access failed wh	en an instruction w	n an instruction was executed.			
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery	Recovery		System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	truction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction			
correction	An SD Memory Card is not inserted.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory Card is damaged.		1 -	Replace the SD Memory Card already confirmed that it operates normally.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card or interrupt the power supply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Or, replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.	
	The SD Memory Card slot is broken.		If this error recurs after you took the two actions mentioned above, replace the Controller.		None		
Attached in- formation	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					r Occurred. If	
Precautions/ Remarks			,		that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	

Event name	File Does Not Ex	ist		Event code	5401561E hex			
Meaning	The file specified	for an instruction	does not exist.					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia-	None							
bles								
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The specified file does not exist.		is specified for the ists. Or, modify the that it matches the	Make sure that the filename that is specified for the instruction exists. Or, modify the filename so that it matches the filename specified for the instruction.		ne filename that ee instruction ex-		
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ition 1: Error Locat	tion					
formation	from the start of the Attached Information there is more that struction cannot	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information t	that is displayed m	av not be cor-		
Remarks	rect.	9	·		. ,			
Event name	Illegal Load NC F	Program Number S	Specification	Event code	5401561F hex			
Meaning	Loading failed be specified.	cause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program w	vith an invalid prog	ram number		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	.	Correction		Prevention			
	An attempt was made to load the NC program with an invalid program number specified.		Correct the parameter so that the NC program number does not exceed the specified range.		Correct the parameter so that the NC program number does not exceed the specified range.			
correction	An attempt was r	nade to load the an invalid pro-	Correct the para	nber does not ex-	NC program num	nber does not ex-		
Attached information	An attempt was r NC program with gram number spot Attached Information the start of the Attached Information there is more that struction cannot that Attached Information cannot the struction cannot the start of the struction cannot be structed to the structe	nade to load the an invalid pro- ecified. Ition 1: Error Local tion 2: Error Local the section is given ition 3: Names of the none possible inside identified. Ition 4: Expansion	Correct the param NC program num ceed the specifie	nber does not ex- d range. Number). For a proposition of the proposit	NC program num ceed the specific ogram section, the ce Where the Error f them. Nothing is	nber does not ex- ed range. e rung number r Occurred. If given if the in-		

	T 14 F7 6				540450001	
Event name	Too Many Files C	•		Event code	54015620 hex	
Meaning	The maximum nu	umber of open files	was exceeded wh	nen opening a file	for an instruction.	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The relevant instructions.		ruction will end according to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction	Correction		
correction	The maximum nu files was exceed a file for an instru	ed when opening	Correct the program to reduce the number of open files.		Decrease the number of files. Or, write the program so that files that no longer need to be open are closed in order to prevent too many files from being open at once.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					r Occurred. If
Precautions/ Remarks		nanged after an eri	•	•	hat is displayed m	ay not be cor-

Event name	File or Directory I	Name Is Too Long		Event code	54015621 hex		
Meaning	The file name or	directory name tha	at was specified fo	t was specified for an instruction is too long.			
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues. Operation The relevant instructions.		ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The file name or that was specified tion to create is to	d for the instruc-	Correct the program so that the file name or directory name specified for the instruction is within FAT16/FAT32 restrictions.		Write the program so that the specified file names and directory names are within FAT16/FAT32 restrictions.		
Attached information	Attached Information the start of the Attached Information there is more that struction cannot be attached Information there is more than struction cannot be attached Information the start of the struction cannot be attached Information the start of the start	the section is given ation 3: Names of t n one possible ins be identified.	tion tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line i the Instruction and truction, information	number is given. Instruction Instand on is given on all o	ce Where the Erro	r Occurred. If	
Precautions/ Remarks			ror occurs, the atta		that is displayed m	ay not be cor-	

Event name	SD Memory Card	d Access Failed		Event code	54015622 hex		
Meaning	SD Memory Card	d access failed.					
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim-	At instruction	
				ing	execution		
Error attrib-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
utes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
				cations.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	None						
bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The SD Memory	Card is dam-	Replace the SD Memory Card.		Do not remove the SD Memory		
	aged.					Card or interrupt the power supply	
					while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.		
					Or, replace the SD Memory Card		
					periodically according to the write		
					life of the SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory	Card slot is bro-	If this error recurs after you took		None		
	ken.		the above correc	tion, replace the			
			Controller.				
Attached in-	/	ation 1: Error Loca					
formation			tion Details (Rung	,	ogram section, the	e rung number	
		•	n. For ST, the line i	•	\A/I 4I -		
			he Instruction and				
	struction cannot	=	struction, information	on is given on all o	i them. Nothing is	given ii the in-	
			Error Code (Errorl	DEv)			
Precautions/			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		that is displayed	nov not be see	
Remarks	rect.	ianged alter an er	ror occurs, the atta	iched mormation	ırıat is displayed ff	iay not be cor-	
Remarks	Tect.						

Event name	Load NC Prograr	n Capacity Excee	ded	Event code	54015623 hex				
Meaning	Loading failed be	cause an attempt	was made to load	the NC program o	over the maximum	capacity.			
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System			
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name				
fined varia- bles	None								
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction	Correction					
correction	An attempt was made to load the		Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the		Set 1: _cncDelLoadedFile to the				
	NC program over the maximum		DeleteFile input variable for the		DeleteFile input variable for the				
	capacity.		relevant instruction, and delete		relevant instruction when chang-				
			the loaded NC program once.		ing the setup so that the NC pro-				
					gram loaded at the same time does not exceed the maximum				
					capacity, and write the program to				
					delete the loaded NC program.				
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Loca	tion		1				
formation	Attached Informa	ation 2: Error Loca	tion Details (Rung	Number). For a pr	ogram section, the	rung number			
	from the start of t	the section is give	n. For ST, the line i	number is given.					
			he Instruction and						
		there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the in-							
	struction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)								
Dun novition of		-			*h-a* i- diambar				
Precautions/ Remarks	rect.	ianged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	icned information	ınaı is dispiayed m	lay not be cor-			
I/Cilial N3	1001.								

Front name	Number of NC D	manus Everaded		Front sode	E404E004 hav		
Event name		rogram Exceeded		Event code	54015624 hex		
Meaning	Loading failed be grams.	cause an attempt	was made to load	NC programs ove	r the maximum nu	mber of NC pro-	
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level Observation		Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	INOTIC						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	A new NC program was loaded while the number of loaded NC programs reaches the maximum.			Correct the program to reduce the number of NC programs to be loaded.		Write the program so that the program numbers of unused NC programs are reused to prevent too many NC programs from being loaded.	
Attached in-		ation 1: Error Loca					
formation	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is chrect.	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ached information t	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-	

Event name	Illegal CNC Moto	r Specification		Event code	Event code 54015625 hex			
Meaning	The CNC motor s	specified for the <i>Ta</i>	<i>arget</i> in-out variabl	e to a CNC instruc	tion is not exist.			
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant instruction will end according to s cations.				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None -							
Cause and	Assumed cause (Correction		Prevention			
correction	the variable specified for the Target input variable to the in-		Correct the instruvariable exists for that was specification.	r the CNC motor	Specify a variabl when specifying input parameter			
Attached in-	Attached Informa	tion 1: Error Locat	tion					
	Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					r Occurred. If		
Precautions/	If a program is ch	f a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be cor-						
Remarks	rect.	J	,		. ,	,		
Event name	Illegal CNC Moto	r Compensation T	able Specifica-	able Specifica- Event code 54015626 hex				
Meaning	The CNC motor of	compensation tabl	e specified for the	Target input varial	ole to a CNC instru	uction is not exist.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	1	Correction		Prevention			
correction	A CNC motor compensation table does not exist for the variable specified for the <i>Target</i> input variable to the instruction.		Correct the instruvariable exists for compensation tales specified for the	r the CNC motor ble that was	Specify a variable that exists when specifying a variable for an input parameter to an instruction.			
Attached in- formation	Attached Informa from the start of t Attached Informa there is more tha struction cannot	he section is giver tion 3: Names of t n one possible ins	tion Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number n. For ST, the line number is given. the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If struction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the in-					
Precautions/			ror occurs, the atta	•	that is displayed m	nav not be cor-		
Remarks	rect.	ianged anter an en	ioi occurs, tric atte		anat is displayed II	iay not be our		

_	T						
Event name	0 0			Event code	54015628 hex		
Meaning	An error was detected in the loaded NC program.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details Instruction		Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	The relevant instruction will end according to scations.		cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A syntax error was detected in the NC program you made an attempt to load.		 Perform parsing processing with CNC Operator, and specify the NC program that was transferred to the SD Memory Card. The file name and row number of the NC program with the error detected are shown in the attached information. Make sure that the syntax and instruction are correct. If this error recurs after you took the above correction, contact your OMRON representative. 		Do not edit the file of the NC program that was parsed with CNC Operator and transferred to the SD Memory Card.		
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)					r Occurred. If	
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be correct.						

Event name	Skew Control Mode Out of Range			Event code	5401562A hex		
Meaning	The parameter specified for the SkewM		<i>ewMode</i> input vari	able to a CNC inst	ruction is out of range.		
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	nstruction will end according to speci		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached in- formation	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ror occurs, the atta	•	hat is displayed m	av not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.	9	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			,	
Event name	Offset Value Sett	ing Out of Range		Event code	5401562B hex		
Meaning	The parameter s	pecified for the Off	<i>fsetValue</i> input var	iable to a CNC ins	truction is out of ra	ange.	
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Name			
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Instruction input parameter exceeded the valid range of the input variable.		Correct the parameter so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded for the relevant instruction.		Set the input parameter to the instruction so that the valid range of the input variable is not exceeded.		
Attached in- formation	from the start of the section is given Attached Information 3: Names of there is more than one possible instruction cannot be identified.		tion Details (Rung n. For ST, the line of the Instruction and struction, information	tion Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung n		r Occurred. If	
Precautions/	Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx) If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be cor-					av not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.						

	1						
Event name	Target Position Positive Software Limit Exceeded			Event code	54016783 hex		
Meaning	The specified position exceeds the positive software limit.						
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details Instruction		Detection tim-	At instruction	
					ing	execution	
Error attrib-	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
utes							
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-	
				cations.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	None						
bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The parameter specified for the			Correct the parameter specified		Set the parameter specified for	
	Position input vai		for the <i>Position</i> ir	•	the <i>Position</i> input variable to the instruction so that it is within the		
	struction is beyor	nd the positive	the instruction so				
	software limit.		the positive softw		positive software limit.		
	The first position	•	Correct the program so that the		If the first position is beyond the		
	l '	positive software limit and an in-			positive software limit, write the		
	struction that spe			is towards the positive software		program so that the travel direc-	
	the opposite dire		limit.		tion is in the direction of the positive software limit.		
Attached in-							
formation	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number						
TOTTILATION			, -	, ,	ogram section, the	rung number	
	from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If						
	there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the in-						
	struction cannot I	=	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	g		g., -,,	
	Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/	If a program is ch	nanged after an er	ror occurs, the atta	ched information	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-	
Remarks	rect.				-		

Event name	Target Position Negative Software Limit Exceeded Event code 54016784 hex						
Meaning	The specified position exceeds the negative software limit.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues. Operation The relevant instructions.		ruction will end according to specifi-				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The parameter specified for the Position input variable to the in- struction is beyond the negative software limit. The first position is beyond the negative software limit and an in- struction that specifies motion in the opposite direction of the soft- ware limit was executed.		for the Position input variable to the instruction so that it is within the negative software limit. Correct the program so that the travel direction for the instruction is towards the negative software limit. Set the parameter specified the Position input variable to instruction so that it is negative software limit. If the first position is b negative software limit program so that the tration is in the direction tive software limit.		at it is within the elimit. In is beyond the elimit, write the the travel direction of the nega-		
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be correct.						

Event name	Command Position	on Overflow/Unde	rflow	Event code	54016785 hex			
Meaning	Positioning, an instruction in the underflow/overflow direction, or an instruction for which the direction is not specified was executed when there was an underflow/overflow in the command position.							
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	ruction will end according to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None							
Cause and	Assumed cause	•	Correction		Prevention			
correction	 One of the following was executed when there was a command position overflow/underflow. A positioning instruction. A continuous control instruction in the underflow/overflow direction. An instruction for which the direction is not specified (syncing). 				Make sure that overflow or underflow does not occur.			
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)							
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be correct.							

Event name	Positive Limit Input			Event code	54016786 hex		
Meaning	An instruction was executed for a motion in the positive direction when the positive limit input was ON.						
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end according to specifi-		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	An instruction for a motion in the positive direction was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the positive limit input was <i>ON</i> .		perform a recover the negative direction of the positive logic setting for the input, and the extions for the start correct any mistal Check the logic start content in the slave settings.	ecute an error reset and then rform a recovery operation in enegative direction. If this error curs again, check the connection of the positive limit signal, the pic setting for the positive limit out, and the execution conditions for the start command, and crect any mistakes. The eck the logic settings both in expect the settings.		Check to make sure there are no problems with the positive limit signal connection, the logic setting for the positive limit input, and the execute conditions for the instruction. Check the logic settings both in the CNC motor parameters and in the slave settings.	
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, the rung number from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error Occurred. If there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is given if the instruction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)						
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be correct.						

Event name	Negative Limit In	put		Event code	54016787 hex	
Meaning	An instruction for	a motion in the ne	egative direction w	as executed when	the negative limit	input was <i>ON</i> .
Source	PLC Function Mo	odule	Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An instruction for a motion in the negative direction was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> , or an instruction for a motion with no direction specification was executed when the negative limit input was <i>ON</i> .		the positive direct occurs again, che tion of the negati the logic setting flimit input, and the ditions for the state correct any mistal Check the logic state CNC motor puthe slave settings.	problems with the negative direction. If this error gain, check the connection enegative limit signal, setting for the negative and the execute conditions and the execute conditions the start command, and the start command, and any mistakes. The logic settings both in the motor parameters and in the size of the connection, the logic for the negative limits and the execute condition. Check the logic settings the logic settings in the size of the negative limits and the execute conditions. Check the logic settings the logic settings and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits reported in the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits reported in the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits reported in the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions. The logic settings are the negative limits and the execute conditions.		n, the logic set- tive limit input, conditions for the settings both in parameters and in
Attached information	Attached Information 1: Error Location Attached Information 2: Error Location Details (Rung Number). For a program section, th from the start of the section is given. For ST, the line number is given. Attached Information 3: Names of the Instruction and Instruction Instance Where the Error there is more than one possible instruction, information is given on all of them. Nothing is struction cannot be identified. Attached Information 4: Expansion Error Code (ErrorIDEx)			r Occurred. If		
Precautions/ Remarks	If a program is changed after an error occurs, the attached information that is displayed may not be correct.					

Event name	Servo Main Circu	uits OFF		Event code	54017784 hex	
Meaning	An attempt was i OFF.	An attempt was made to turn ON the Servo when the main circuit power supply to the Servo Drive was <i>OFF</i> .				
Source	PLC Function Module		Source details	Instruction	Detection tim- ing	At instruction execution
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation	The relevant inst cations.	ruction will end ac	cording to specifi-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	varia- None					
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	An attempt was i	made to turn ON	Turn ON the Servo after turning		Turn ON the Ser	vo after turning
	the Servo when t	the main circuit	ON the main circuit power supply		ON the main circuit power supply	
	power supply to was <i>OFF</i> .	the Servo Drive	of the Servo Drive for the CNC motor where the error occurred.		to the Servo Driv	/e.
Attached in-	Attached Informa	ation 1: Error Locat	tion			
formation	Attached Informa	ation 2: Error Locat	tion Details (Rung	Number). For a pr	ogram section, the	e rung number
		•	n. For ST, the line i	J		
			he Instruction and			
		•	truction, information	on is given on all o	f them. Nothing is	given if the in-
	struction cannot		From Code /Frank	DE _V)		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Error Code (Errorl			
Precautions/		nanged atter an er	ror occurs, the atta	iched information	that is displayed m	nay not be cor-
Remarks	rect.	rect.				



Appendices

A-1	Valid	Range of CNC Parameter Settings	A-2
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A-1 Valid Range of CNC Parameter Settings

Some real-type CNC parameters have their valid range in addition to a setting range.

The valid range is within the setting range and handled as internally effective.

If a setting value is within the setting range but outside the valid range, it is not handled as an error but corrected to a value within the valid range so that it can be used for calculation purposes.

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Coordinate System Parameters

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings	Maximum Feedrate	Positive number, 0	0.0000001 to upper limit*1	Not handled as an error. 0: Set to the upper limit defined to the left. Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit.
	Rotary Axis Velocity	Positive num- ber	0.0000001 to upper limit*1	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit.
	Dry Run Velocity	Positive num- ber	0.0000001 to upper limit*1	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. Larger than the upper limit defined to the left: Set to the upper limit.
NC Program Default Set-	Acceleration Time	Positive number, 0	*2	
tings	Deceleration Time	Positive number, 0	*2	
	Jerk Time	Positive number, 0	*2	
Tool Compensation Settings	Tool Radius	Positive number, 0	0, or 0.0000001 to 1,000,000	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001. Larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000.

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
	Tool Length	Negative number, positive number, or 0	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001, 0, +0.0000001 to +1,000,000	Not handled as an error. The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001 of the absolute value. The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000 of the absolute value.
Work Coordinate System Settings	1st Work Coordinate System Offset 2nd Work Coordinate System Offset 3rd Work Coordinate System Offset 4th Work Coordinate System Offset 5th Work Coordinate System Offset 6th Work Coordinate System Offset System Offset System Offset	Negative number, positive number, or 0 at each of X-, Y-, Z-, A-, B-, and C-axis.	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001, 0, +0.0000001 to +1,000,000	Not handled as an error. The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001 of the absolute value. The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000 of the absolute value.
Reference Point Settings	1st Reference Point 2nd Reference Point 3rd Reference Point 4th Reference Point	Negative number, positive number, or 0 at each of X-, Y-, Z-, A-, B-, and C-axis.	-1,000,000 to -0.0000001, 0, +0.0000001 to +1,000,000	Not handled as an error. The absolute value is larger than 0 and less than 0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001 of the absolute value. The absolute value is larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000 of the absolute value.
Spindle Axis Operation Set- tings	Orientation Position Orientation Velocity	0 ≤ x < 1 Positive number	The value converted into pulses based on the setting of the motor assigned to the spindle is 60 pulses/min or	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Orientation Accelera- tion/Deceleration	Positive number, 0	more The value converted into pulses based on the setting of the motor assigned to the spindle is 0 or 0.004 to 320000000000000 pulses/s²	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² . Larger than 3200000000000 pulses/s ² : Set to 32000000000000 pulses/s ² .

^{*1.} Double the **Maximum Velocity** value among the CNC motors assigned to positioning axes in the CNC coordinate system.

^{*2.} This parameter has no valid range, but a recommended usage range.

Refer to the *NJ/NY-series G code Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 0031)*.

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Motor Parameters

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
Unit Conver- sion Settings	Travel Distance Per Work Rotation	Positive num- ber		
Operation Settings	Maximum Velocity	Positive num- ber	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Maximum Acceleration/Deceleration	Positive number, 0	The value after conversion into pulses is 0 or 0.004 to 320000000000000 pulses/s ² .	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² . Larger than 3200000000000 pulses/s ² : Set to 320000000000000 pulses/s ² .
	Rapid Feed Velocity	Positive number	Lower limit: The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more. Upper limit: Less than or equal to the maximum velocity.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min. Maximum velocity is exceeded: Set to the maximum velocity.
	Rapid Feed Accelera- tion/Deceleration	Positive number, 0	The value after conversion into pulses is 0 or 0.004 pulses/s ² or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004 pulses/s ² .
	In-position Range	Positive number, 0		
	Skip Velocity	Positive num- ber	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
Limit Settings	Positive Software Overtravel Limit	Positive num- ber		
	Negative Software Overtravel Limit	Negative num- ber		
	Following Error Over Value	Positive number, 0		
	Following Error Warn-ing Value	Positive number, 0		
Homing Set- tings	Homing Velocity	Positive num- ber	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 puls- es/min.
	Homing Approach Velocity	Positive num- ber	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
	Homing Acceleration/ Deceleration	Positive number, 0	The value after conversion into pulses is 0 or 0.004 pulses/s ² or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 0.004 pulses/s ² : Set to 0.004
	Home Input Mask Distance	Positive num- ber, 0		pulses/s ² .
	Home Offset	Positive number, negative number, or 0		
	Homing Compensation Value	Positive number, negative number, or 0		
	Homing Compensation Velocity	Positive num- ber	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
Servo Gain Settings	Position Loop Gain	0 to 3000	0, 0.01 to 3000.0	Larger than 0 and less than 0.01: Not handled as an error but set to 0.01.
	Velocity Feedforward Gain	0 to 100	0, 0.01 to 100.0	Larger than 0 and less than 0.01: Not handled as an error but set to 0.01.
Gantry Settings	Alignment Velocity	Positive number	The value after conversion into pulses is 60 pulses/min or more.	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than 60 pulses/min: Set to 60 pulses/min.
	Position Deviation Between Axes Over Value	Positive number, 0		
	Position Deviation Between Axes Warning Value	Positive number, 0		

Valid Ranges for Real-type CNC Motor Compensation Table Settings

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
Basic Settings	Compensation Scail-ing	0 to 2.0		
	Source Compensation	Positive num-	-1000000 to -0.0000001,	Not handled as an error.
	Start Position	ber, 0, or nega-	0,	The absolute value is larger
		tive number	+0.0000001 to +1000000	than 0 and less than
				0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001
				of the absolute value.
				The absolute value is larger
				than 1,000,000: Set to
				1,000,000 of the absolute val-
				ue.

Category	Real number point parameter	Setting range	Valid range	Within the setting range but outside the valid range
	Source Compensation Section Distance	Positive num- ber	+0.0000001 to +1000000	Not handled as an error. Larger than 0 and less than
				0.0000001: Set to 0.0000001.
				Larger than 1,000,000: Set to 1,000,000.

For information about the valid ranges of input variables for CNC instruction function blocks, refer to 11-1-1 Input Variables for CNC Instructions on page 11-2.

A-2 Cancellation of Digits of Real Type Data

The CNC Function Module mixes single-precision real type data and double-precision real type data for its calculation. For this reason, cancellation of digits occurs when data is converted from double-precision reals into single-precision reals.

Example:

The mantissa part of single-precision reals (REAL) is 23-bit.

The number of digits of numbers that can be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is maintained. On the other hand, information loss from overflowed lower bits occurs when a number that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is handled.

In the following program example, the Data2 value is 16777216.

Variable name	Data type
Data1	LREAL
Data2	LREAL
Data3	REAL

ST Program

Parameters

The following parameters use single-precision reals (REAL). Set the parameter by considering the following effects.

_				
	Parameter	Effect		
CI	NC Common Parameters			
	N/A			
CI	CNC Coordinate System Parameters			
	N/A			
CI	NC Motor Parameters			
	Maximum Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum velocity works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.		
	Maximum Acceleration/ Deceleration	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum acceleration works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.		
	Rapid Feed Acceleration/ Deceleration	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, the function restricted by the maximum acceleration works with a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.		

Parameter	Effect
In-position Range	 An In-position state may occur in a range different from the defined In-position due to the following two reasons: If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a use-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation. If a deviation of CNC motor (value obtained by deducting the current position from the commanded position) turns to a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part, a use-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Skip Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Positive Software Overtravel Limit	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for software limit.
Negative Software Overtravel Limit	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for software limit.
Homing Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Homing Approach Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Homing Acceleration/Deceleration	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Home Offset	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for preset.
Homing Compensation Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
Position Loop Gain	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-defined value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for position loop gain.
Velocity Feedforward Gain	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-defined value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for velocity feedforward gain.
Alignment Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is set in Sysmac Studio a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.
IC Motor Compensation Table I	Parameters
N/A	

Retained Variables

The following retained variables use single-precision reals (REAL).

Parameter	Effect
CNC Motor Retained Variables	

Parameter	Effect
Absolute Encoder Home Offset	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is restored to the ABS current position, it is restored with the value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.
Gantry Offset	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is restored to the gantry offset, it is restored with the value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost.



Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot execute NC programs to a coordinate system if a CNC motor that composes the coordinate system is manually operated.

In the same way, the manual operation cannot be executed during execution of the NC program except for the Hold (Holding) status.

Input Variables for CNC Instructions

To ensure visibility, double-precision reals (LREAL) data is used in PLC program. However, the following variables use single-precision reals (REAL) data for the internal use.

Input variable	Effect								
CNC_MoveJog									
Velocity	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the velocity.								
Acceleration	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the acceleration/deceleration rate.								
CNC_Move									
Velocity	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the velocity.								
Acceleration	When a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which the information is lost is used for the acceleration/deceleration rate.								
CNC_HomeWithParameter									
HomingParameter.Vel	Refer to Homing Velocity								
HomingParameter.Ap- proachVel	Refer to Homing Approach Velocity								
HomingParameter.Acc	Refer to Homing Acceleration/Deceleration								
HomingParameter.Offset	Refer to Home Offset								
HomingParameter.CompensationVel	Refer to Homing Compensation Velocity								
CNC_SpindleGo									
Velocity	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.								
CNC_CoordControl									
ControlOutputs.FeedrateVel- Factor	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.								
ControlOutputs.FeedrateVel- FactorChangeRate	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.								
CNC_GantrySkewControl									

Input variable	Effect
GantryOffset	If a value that cannot be expressed by the 23-bit mantissa part is specified, a user-set
	value from which overflowed lower bit information is lost is used for operation.

A-3 Connecting to 1S-series Servo Drives

This section describes connections to an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications.

Basically, the connections are the same as for the Motion Control Function Module.

This section, therefore, describes only the differences. For details, refer to the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507)*.

A-3-1 Wiring the Servo Drive

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-3-2 Servo Drive Settings

Assigning External Input Signals

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

Backlash Compensation

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

PDO Mapping

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

Relationships between CNC Function Module and Process Data

This function changes from the MC Function Module.

The functions of the CNC Function Module are related to the information in the process data objects. Depending on the EtherCAT slave configuration and functions that are used by the CNC Function Module, you may sometimes need to change the relationships.

To access the settings, click the **Detailed Settings** button on the **CNC Motor Basic Settings** display in Sysmac Studio.

Output Settings (Controller to Servo Drive)

The settings apply to the command data that is sent from the CNC Function Module to the Servo Drive.

The default settings in Sysmac Studio are listed in the following table. (The O mark indicates a required object for positioning axis assignment/The \triangle mark indicates a required object for spindle axis assignment)

	Function name	Process data	Description
0	△ Control Word	6040 hex-00.0	This data is used to control the status of the Servo Drive.
		(Controlword)	Set 6040 hex: Controlword.
0	Target Position	607A hex-00.0	The target position for position control. This is used by
		(Target position)	the positioning axis.
			Set 607A hex: Target position.
			It is not used by the spindle axis.
			0 is always output.
\triangle	Target Velocity	60FF hex-00.0	The target velocity for velocity control. This is used by
		(Target velocity)	the spindle axis.
			Normally set 60FF hex: Target velocity.
			It is not used by the positioning axis.
			0 is always output.
•	Target torque	6071 hex-00.0	The target torque for torque control.
		(Target torque)	This is not used by the CNC Function Module.
			0 is always output.
	Max Profile Velocity	607F hex-00.0	The velocity limit value for torque control.
		(Max profile velocity)	This is not used by the CNC Function Module.
			The maximum motor velocity is always output.
\triangle	Operation Mode	6060 hex-00.0	This data is required to change the control mode.
		(Modes of operation)	Normally set 6060 hex: Modes of operation.*1
			For the positioning axis, always CSP mode (8) is output.
			For the spindle axis, always CSV mode (9) is output.
	Positive Torque Limit Value	60E0 hex-00.0	This is the torque limit value in the positive direction.
		(Positive torque limit val-	This is not used by the CNC Function Module.
		ue)	3000 is always output.
	Negative Torque Limit Value	60E1 hex-00.0	This is the torque limit value in the negative direction.
		(Negative torque limit val-	This is not used by the CNC Function Module.
		ue)	3000 is always output.
	Touch Probe Function	60B8 hex-00.0	This data is used to control the touch probe function.
		(Touch probe function)	It is required for the touch probe functions such as the
			CNC_Home instruction, CNC_HomeWithParameter in-
			struction, and G31 (Skip Function).
			Normally set 60B8 hex: Touch probe function.

^{*1.} If you set **6060 hex: Modes of operation**, also set **6061 hex: Modes of operation display**. Normal operation is not possible if only one of these two is set.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the settings, make sure that the desired operations are performed for the CNC Function Module and process data settings.
- If you are not using an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications, always set the Modes of Operation (6060 hex).

Input Settings (Servo Drive to Controller)

This is the status data settings from the Servo Drive to the CNC Function Module.

The default settings in Sysmac Studio are listed in the following table. (The O mark indicates a required object for positioning axis assignment/The \triangle mark indicates a required object for spindle axis assignment)

Function name	Process data	Description
O △ Status Word	6041 hex-00.0	The status of the Servo Drive.
	(Statusword)	Set 6041 hex: Statusword.
O △ Position Actual Value	6064 hex-00.0	Shows the actual position.
	(Position actual value)	Set 6064 hex: Position actual value.
Actual velocity	Not set.*1	Shows the actual velocity.
		This is not used by the CNC Function Module.
Torque Actual Value	6077 hex	Shows the actual torque.
	(Torque actual value)	Normally set 6077 hex: Torque actual value.
△ Modes of Operation Display	6061 hex-00.0	Shows the operation mode.
	(Modes of operation dis-	Normally set 6061 hex: Modes of operation display . *2
	play)	
Touch probe status	60B9 hex-00.0	Shows the status of the touch probe function.
	(Touch probe status)	It is required for the touch probe functions such as the
		CNC_Home instruction, CNC_HomeWithParameter in-
		struction, and G31 (Skip Function).
		Normally set 60B9 hex: Touch probe status.
Touch probe pos1 pos value	60BA hex-00.0	The latched position for touch probe 1.
	(Touch probe pos1 pos	It is required for the touch probe functions of the
	value)	CNC_Home instruction and CNC_HomeWithParameter
		instruction.
		Normally set 60BA hex: Touch probe pos1 pos value.
Touch probe pos2 pos value	60BC hex-00.0	The latched position for touch probe 2.
	(Touch probe pos2 pos	This is required for G31 (skip function).
	value)	Normally set 60BC hex: Touch probe pos2 pos value.
Error Code	603F hex-00.0	The error code in the Servo Drive.
	(Error code)	Normally set 603F hex: Error code.

If required, map the selected process data to a PDO before setting it.

The standard setting is 606C hex-00.0 (Velocity actual value).

*2. If you set **6061 hex: Modes of operation display**, also set **6060 hex: Modes of operation**. Normal operation is not possible if only one of these two is set.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the settings, make sure that the desired operations are performed for the CNC Function Module and process data settings.
- If you are not using an OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications or G5-series Servo Drive with built-in EtherCAT communications, always set the Modes of Operation Display (6061 hex).

Digital Input Settings

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-3-3 Object Settings

Refer to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual (Cat. No. W507).

A-4 Instructions for Which Multi-execution Is Supported

Whether multi-execution of CNC instructions is supported depends on the current status of the CNC motor or CNC coordinate system, and on the type of instruction to execute. This section describes the relationships among them.

The following table gives the instructions for which multi-execution is supported and the state transitions for instructions when the instructions are executed for a positioning axis or CNC coordinate system.

The color of the cell in the table shows you if multi-execution of the instruction is supported.

White : Multi-execution of the instruction is supported.

Gray : Multi-execution of the instruction is not supported. An error will occur.

Yellow: Multi-execution of the instruction is not supported. CommandAborted changes to TRUE and execu-

tion of the instruction is disabled.

The letters in the table give the state of transition as follows.

A : StandbyB : MovingC : ExecutingD : Hold

E : MovingOnHold

F: StoppingG: ErrorStopH: CW/CCW

Operations for Positioning Axis States in CNC Coordinate System when Instructions are Executed

		;	Spindle	axis stat	e, and serv	o lock/unle	ock state	of lo	gica	l mot	or nu	ımber			
			Α			С	D	Е	F	G					
Positioni		Standby			Executing	Hold	MovingOnHold	Stopping		ErrorStop					
	Servo lock/ unlock state	Loc	k	Un- lock	Lo	ck	Un- lock			Hold		Loc k	Un- lock		
Instruction	CNC Coordi- nate System axis state	Standby	cw/c		Standby CW/CC W	Moving									
CNC_Power	(Enable = TRUE)		Α		В				D	Е	F		G		
CNC_Power FALSE)	(Enable =		Α		A or B ^{*1}				Α	Α	F		G		
CNC_MoveJ	og	В		G	G			G	Е	G	F		G		
CNC_Home (is)	В		G*2	G*2 G			G			G	G	G	F		G
CNC_Home ((Spindle axis)	В	(G		G		G	G	G	F		G		

		,	Spindle	axis stat	e, and serv	o lock/unic	ock state	of lo	ogica	l mot	or nu	ımber	
			Α			в Moving		С	D	Е	F		G
Positioning axis state			Standby			Executing	Hold	MovingOnHold	Stopping		ErrorStop		
	Servo lock/ unlock state	Loc	k	Un- lock	Lo	Lock Un- lock				Hold		Loc k	Un- lock
Instruction	CNC Coordi- nate System axis state	Standby CW/C CW			Standby CW/CC W	Moving							
CNC_HomeV (Positioning	VithParameter axis)	В		G*2	G			G	G	G	F		G
CNC_HomeV (Spindle axis	VithParameter s)	В		G		G		G	G	G	F	G	
CNC_Gantry	SkewControl*3	В		G*2		G	G		F	G			
CNC_Gantry	GantrySkewControl*4		В			G					F	G	
CNC_Move (Positioning axis)	В		G	G			G	Е	G	F	G	
CNC_Move (Spindle axis)	В	(G	G			G	G	G	F		G
CNC_SyncM	oveAbsolute	В		G		G	E	G	F		G		
CNC_Spindle	eGo	А		G	G B*5 G*5			G	D	Е	F		G
CNC_Coord	Control*6 *7	A				С	D	Е	F		G		
CNC_CoordF	Reset		Α			С	D	Е	F		A		
CNC_Coordl	-lalt		Α			G	D	D	F		G		
CNC_CoordS	Stop		F			F	F	F	F		G		
CNC_CoordI	mmdiateStop		G			G		G	G	G	G		G
CNC_Coord	CatchMCode		Α			В		С	D	Е	F		G
CNC_CoordF			Α			В		С	D	Е	F		G
ResetCNCError			Α			В		С	D	Е	F		Α
CNC_Write			Α			В		С	D	Е	F		G
CNC_Read			Α			В		С	D	Е	F		G
CNC_LoadPi	rogramFile		Α		В				D *8	*8	F	'	G

- *1. A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, B.
- *2. This instruction can be executed only in PresetMode, even when the Servo is unlocked.
- 3. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - _cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)
 - cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)
- *4. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - _cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)
 - _cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)
- *5. Multi-execution of CNC_SpindleGo instruction is not possible while the spindle axis is in Moving.
- *6. CycleStart can be accepted in Standby only if the Servo of all the CNC motors assigned to the coordinate system are locked and home is defined for all the CNC motors of positioning axes. If the conditions for the acceptance are not met, an error occurs.
- *7. CycleStart cannot be executed while CNC LoadProgramFile instruction is running.
- *8. Multi-execution of CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is not possible while an NC program is running, or in Hold.

Operations for Spindle Axis States in the CNC Coordinate System when Instructions are Executed

			Spindle axis state, and servo lock/unlock state of logical motor number																	
					Α			Н							В	F				
Spindle axis state		Standby					cw/ccw							Stopping		ErrorStop				
	Servo lock/ unlock state		ı	_oc	k		Un- lock		ı	_ocl	k		Un- lock	Loc k	Un- lock		Loc k	Un- lock		
Instruction	CNC Coordi- nate System axis state	Standby	Moving	Executing	Hold	MovingOnHold		Standby	Moving	Executing	Hold	MovingOnHold								
CNC_Power	(Enable = TRUE)				Α						Н				В	F		G		
CNC_Power (FALSE)	(Enable =				Α					Α	or I	H ^{*1}		Ac	or B ^{*2}	F		G		
CNC_MoveJo	og	Α	G	G	Α	G	G	Н	G	G	Н	G	G		G	F		G		
CNC_Home (Positioning ax-	Α	G	G	G	G	G*3	Н	G	G	G	G	G		G	F		G		
CNC_Home (Spindle axis)	В	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		G	F		G		
CNC_HomeW	/ithParameter axis)	Α	G	G	G	G	G*3	Н	G	G	G	G	G	G		G F		G F		G
CNC_HomeW (Spindle axis	/ithParameter)	В	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		F		G		
CNC_Gantry	SkewControl*4	Α	G	G	G	G	G*3	В	G	G	G	G	G*3	G F		G F			G	
CNC_Gantry	SkewControl*5	Α	G	G	G	G	Α	В	G	G	G	G	В	G F		G F			G	
CNC_Move (Fis)	Positioning ax-	Α	G	G	Α	G	G	Н	G	G	Н	G	G		G	F		G		
CNC_Move (S	Spindle axis)	В	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G		G	F		G		
CNC_SyncMo	oveAbsolute	Α	G	G	Α	G	G	Н	G	G	Н	G	G		G	F		G		
CNC_Spindle	e G o	H *6	H *6	G	H *6	H *6	G	H *6	H *6	G	H *6	H *6	G	(3* ⁶	F		G		
CNC_CoordC	Control*7 *8				Α						Н				В	F		G		
CNC_CoordF	Reset				Α						Н				В	F		A		
CNC_CoordF	lalt	Α	Α	G	Α	Α	Α	Н	Н	G	Н	Н	Н		A	F		G		
CNC_CoordS	Stop				F						F				F	F		G		
CNC_Coordli	mmdiateStop				G						G				G	G		G		
CNC_CoordC	CatchMCode				Α						Н				В	F		G		
CNC_CoordF	ResetMCode				Α						Н				В	F		G		
ResetCNCEri	ror				Α						Н				В	F		Α		
CNC_Write					Α						Н				В	F		G		
CNC_Read					Α					ı	Н		1		В	F		G		
CNC_LoadPr	ogramFile	Α	Α		A*9		Α	Н	Н		H*9		Н		В	F		G 		

^{*1.} A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, H.

^{*2.} A when the target motor is operating. Otherwise, B.

^{*3.} This instruction can be executed only in PresetMode, even when the Servo is unlocked.

^{*4.} If SkewMode is set to any of the following:

[•] _cncCalcOffset (Gantry Offset Value Calculation)

[•] _cncAlignOffset (Gantry Offset Value Adjustment)

- *5. If SkewMode is set to any of the following:
 - _cncWriteOffset (Gantry Offset Value Write)
 - _cncReadOffset (Gantry Offset Value Read)
- *6. Multi-execution of CNC_SpindleGo instruction is not possible while the spindle axis is in Moving.
- *7. CycleStart in Standby and CW/CCW can be accepted only if the Servo of all the CNC motors assigned to the coordinate system are locked and home is defined for all the CNC motors of positioning axes. If the conditions for the acceptance are not met, an error occurs.
- *8. CycleStart cannot be executed while CNC LoadProgramFile instruction is running.
- *9. Multi-execution of CNC_LoadProgramFile instruction is not possible while an NC program is running, or in Hold.

A-5 Version Information

This appendix provides information related to the upgrade of CNC version.

CNC Function

Functions That Were Changed for CNC Version 1.03

Sysmac Studio version 1.60 or higher is required to use the function changed for the CNC version 1.03.

Function	Description
Number of controlled motors	The number of controlled motors of NJ501-5300 has in-
	creased.
	For CNC version 1.02 or earlier, the total number of control
	axes of the MC function module and CNC Function Module is
	up to 16 axes, but from this version, it is increased to 32 axes.

Functions That Were Added for CNC Version 1.02

Function	Description
Added parameters to the CNC coordinate system parameters.	The Lookahead Distance and Override Method Selection were added to the CNC Coordinate System Operation Settings, and the CNC Coordinate System Extended Operation Settings were added.
Added parameters to the CNC motor parameters.	The Rapid Feed Velocity was added to the Operation Settings, and the CNC Motor Operation Extended Settings were added.
Added a variable to the CNC coordinate system variables and the CNC motor variables.	The Velocity Limit Over status was added.

CNC Instructions

The CNC instructions that are supported and their specifications depend on the CNC version. These are given in the following table.

Instruction	Name	New/ Changed	CNC version	Reference
CNC_CoordControl	CNC Coordinate System NC Control	Changed	Ver. 1.02	page 12-2
CNC_Write	Write CNC Setting	Changed	Ver. 1.02	page 13-2
CNC_Read	Read CNC Setting	Changed	Ver. 1.02	page 13-11



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acceleration control		CNC_CoordResetMCode (Reset M Code)	
Acceleration Parameters		CNC_CoordStop (CNC Coordinate System Stop)	
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В		CNC_MoveJog (Jog)	
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